COURSE CATALOG



INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION

TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE



Course Code / Course Name		CS 307 Database Systems			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Uttam Kumar			
		Hours		Component	
Credite (L.T.D)		3hrs		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:0	:1	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)		
appropriate box)	1.1 \		Salislaciory/O		
Area of Specialization (if applica	-			-4)	
(Choose by placing X in box again Theory and Systems for Comp		nore than two	areas from the lis		
A and Data	puting			Networking and Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	nine			Digital Society	
Learning				g.a. 0001019	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
	(Place Progra X X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ one from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than one Brand	ch:	
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact course cod	e/name)	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The students taking DBMS course can be employed to industries focusing on database and software development.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The students develop necessary skills to work with real time small and large databases.
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	The students can work on real time projects focusing on development and maintenance of temporal database and graphical user interface for small, medium and large enterprises through entrepreneurship/self-employability and start-ups.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Ability to deal with data plays a critical role virtually in all disciplines of Information Technology. The core course titled "Database Systems" is the first level course that builds the foundations needed for dealing with persistent data. Building upon the foundations laid in the introductory programming course, this course covers all essential topics in database management in a fast-track mode. The foundations laid in this course will serve as required pre-requisite to several elective courses in the areas of Data Science and Software Engineering (e.g., Data Modeling, GIS, Data Analytics, OOAD, and so on).

Goal of the course:

- To introduce the fundamental concepts for designing, using and implementing database systems and database applications.
- To explore the fundamentals of database design.
- To learn database system implementation techniques.

At the end of the course, the students should have knowledge and competencies in the following areas:

- Understand the principles of conceptual modeling
- Design databases
- Principles of database programming
- Knowledge of DBMS components
- Other data management technologies (e.g., data exchange, in-memory, etc.)



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the introductory concepts of database models, systems, architectures, terminology and languages.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C	5	0
CO2	Understand the entity-relationship modelling and database design.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C, P	3	0
CO3	Draw/prepare/create UML diagrams as per the principles of conceptual DB design.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	3	2
CO4	Perform data definition and data manipulation operations using SQL.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	5	6
CO5	Understand normalisation, relational design theory, functional dependencies, and normal forms.	PO1, PSO2	U	C, P	7	0
CO6	Implement data file organisation on disk using the concepts of file structure, indexing of database and physical database design.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	10	12
C07	Understand the strategies for query processing and query optimization.	PO1, PSO4	U	С	5	0
CO8	Understand transaction processing concepts, concurrency control, and database recovery from failures.	PO1, PSO2	U	С	5	0
CO9	Implement DB applications using JDBC programming.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	Р	0	6
CO10	Implement DB application using Hibernate framework.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	Р	0	4

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

1. Information systems: Basic concepts (models, schema, data, information, knowledge), elements of information systems, overview of database systems.



- 2. Conceptual modeling: Introduction to conceptual modeling, entity relationship models, UML class diagrams.
- Relational databases: Relational data model, database design concepts, DB design via OR mapping, relational algebra, SQL tutorial, functional dependencies, overview of normal forms (till BCNF).
- 4. DBMS: Components of a DBMS, storage structures primary, clustering, secondary, multi-level, query processing overview, query transformation, query evaluation, transaction processing overview, ACID properties, concurrency control schedules, serializability, deadlocks.
- 5. Other topics (4 hours): Data warehouse and analytics.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Session 1 – Introduction to Databases: database and database users, database system concepts and architectures.

Session 2 – Conceptual Data Modeling and Database Design: data modeling using the entity-relationship (ER) model.

Session 3 – The Relational Data Model and SQL: the relational data model and relational database constraints, basic SQL, queries, triggers, views and schema modification.

Session 4 – Database Design Theory and Normalization: Basics of functional dependencies and normalization for relational databases, relational database design algorithms.

Session 5 – File structures, hashing, indexing, and physical database design: disk storage, basic file structures, hashing, and modern storage architectures. Indexing structure for files and physical database design.

Session 6 – Query Processing and Optimization: Strategies for query processing, query optimization.

Session 7 – Transaction Processing, Concurrency Control, and Recovery: introduction to transaction processing, concurrency control techniques, database recovery techniques.

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Class slides.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems; R. Elmasri and S. Navathe; Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 3. A First Course in Database System, Jeffrey D. Ullman and Jennifer Widom, Pearson Education.
- 4. An Introduction to Database Systems; Bipin Desai; Galgotia Publications (West Publishing), 1991.



- 5. Modern Database Management (Fourth Edition); F. McFadden, J. Hoffer; Benjamin/Cummings (Narosa), 1994.
- 6. An Introduction to Database Systems (Seventh Edition); C. J. Date; Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 7. Principles of Database Systems (Second Edition); J.D. Ullman; Galgotia Publishing, 1994.
- 8. Database Processing: Fundamentals, Design, Implementation (Fifth Edition); D. M. Kroenke; Prentice-Hall, 1994.
- 9. Database Systems Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan, McGrawHill.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 15%: Assignment-1
- 35%: Mid-term Exam
- 15%: Assignment-2
- 35%: End-term Exam

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapp ing
1.	To understand the introductory concepts and basic terminologies used in the database.	
2.	To understand and have a working knowledge of normalization and various normal forms with hands-on example.	

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

All deadlines are due at on the date and time indicated in LMS. The penalties for late submission are as follows:

- > 4 and < 24 hours late submission: 25% penalty
- > 24 and < 48 hours late submissions: 50% penalty
- > 48 hours late submissions: 75% penalty

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name	CS 303 / Software Engineering				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. B. Tha	Prof. B. Thangaraju			
	F	lours	Component		
	3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	0		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
	2		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:0	:1	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against	X	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applicable)					
(Choose by placing X in box against not	more than two	areas from the lis	<i>t</i>)		
X Theory and Systems for Computing			Networking and		
A and Data			Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning			Digital Society		
VLSI Systems	-		Cyber Security		
General Elective			, · · · · · · ·		
Course Category Select	e X appropriate amme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie t one from the X appropriately Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ely. More than one Branc Branc ty following:) ces Elective	h:		
	HSS/M General				
Course Pre-Requisites (When NONE		te exact course code	aname)		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	This course will help the students to prepare for their future careers as software engineers.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Developing skills on Software Engineering is very much required for the development of any software project.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Software engineering is an engineered discipline focused on production of software products, delivered on time and within a set budget as per client requirements. This course is intended to provide foundational knowledge in the area of Software Engineering and help them to understand critical concepts encountered while dealing with complex software projects. The course will cover both process and technical aspects of software engineering and will form the basis for further specialized courses (ex: Software Production Engineering) in this area. This course will help the students can prepare for their future careers as software engineers. Lab sessions ensure that students will get hands-on experiences on the entire software development life cycle and workflow of the software process.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand software engineering principle and existing software process models.	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	4	0
CO2	Implement Agile methods of software development with Scrum framework.	PO1, PO3 PSO1	Ар	Ρ	4	4
CO3	Develop software requirement specification (SRS) documents for a given project using software requirement engineering principles.	PO1, PS01	Ар	Ρ	4	4
CO4	Implement function oriented software design and data flow diagrams for a given specification.	PO1, PO3, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	3	2
CO5	Design UML diagrams including use case, class, sequence and activity diagrams.	PO1, PO3, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	6	6
CO6	Implement software project management including project scheduling, software size metrics and cost estimation methods.	PO1, PO11, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	7	6
C07	Prepare software documentation following coding standards.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	2	2
CO8	Understand user Interface design and software aging.	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	2	0
CO9	Understand software risk management including types of risk, risk analysis, risk monitoring and risk exposure.	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	4	0
CO10	Perform software testing including types of testing, cyclomatic complexity, creation of test cases and test suites.	PO1, PO3, PSO1, PSO3	Ар	C,P	9	6
	TOTAL				45	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- 1. This course will cover the following topics:
- 2. Introduction to software Engineering
- 3. Software Development Life Cycle
- 4. Agile methods for development
- 5. Requirements and Requirement Engineering
- 6. Software Requirements: Analysis and Specification
- 7. Function-Oriented Software Design
- 8. Understanding Unified Modelling Language
- 9. Software Project Management
- 10. Coding Standards and Documentation
- 11. User Interface (UI) Design
- 12. Risk Management
- 13. Software Testing
- 14. Software Aging

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Introduction to software Engineering
 Introduction to A Typical Software Project
 Program Vs Software Product
Factors Contributing to Software Crisis
The rise and fall of Netscape
Software Development Life Cycle
Software Process Models
Linear Sequential Model

	बानमुत्तमम्
	Linear sequential model
	Prototyping model
	 Rapid application development model
	 Evolutionary software process models:
	 – Incremental model
	 – Spiral model
	 – Concurrent development model
	 Component based development
	Model based development
2	
	Agile methods for development
	Characteristics of agile processes
	Agile methods: Goals
	Some existing agile methods
	• Extreme Programming (XP)
	• Scrum
	Crystal methodologies
	Feature driven development
	Rational Unified Process (RUP)
3	Adaptive software development
3	Requirements and Requirement Engineering
	 Reasons for project failure
	 Reasons for project success
	 Introduction to requirements
	 Defining requirements engineering
	 Requirements and quality
	Requirements and lifecycle
	 Requirements tracing
	 Requirements and modeling
	Requirements and testing
	A GENERIC PROCESS for Requirements Engineering
	Generic process
	 Input requirements and derived requirements
	 Acceptance criteria and qualification strategy
	Generic process information model
	 Information model - using UML
4	
	Software Requirements: Analysis and Specification
	 Functional and Non-Functional Requirements
	 Requirements Analysis and Specification
	Requirements Gathering



	Analysis of the Gathered Requirements
	Inconsistent Requirement
	Incomplete Requirement
	 Software Requirements Specification
	SRS Document
	 Properties of a Good SRS Document
	Non-Functional Requirements
	 Organization of the SRS Document
	 Examples of Bad SRS Documents
	 Representation of complex processing logic
5	
	Function-Oriented Software Design
	 Structured Analysis/Structured Design
	Data Flow Diagrams
	Structured Design
	Basic Building Blocks of Structure Chart
6-7	
	Understanding Unified Modelling Language
	Roots of UML
	Evolution of UML
	Main UML specification documents
	Structure and Behavior
	Main diagrams
	Use case diagram
	Class diagram
	Sequence diagram
	Activity diagram
8-9	
	Software Project Management
	Time-scale Charts
	• PERT vs. Time-scale chart
	Earned Value Management
	Project Scope and Risk
	Project Approaches to Remember
	Responsibility of project managers
	Organization of SPMP Document
	Estimation
	Project planning
	Software Cost Components
	Software Pricing Factors
	• Four Common (subjective) estimation models
	• Top-down and bottom-up estimation



	Criteria for a Good Estimation Model
	Software Cost Estimation
	 Factors affecting Productivity
	Software Size Metrics
	Function Point Analysis
	Estimation using COCOMO
10	
	Coding Standards and Documentation
	 Important design considerations
	Coding Phase
	Coding Standards
	 Code inspection and code walk throughs
	 Coding Standards and Guidelines
	 Representative Coding Standards
	Software Documentation
	 Internal / External Documentation
	Textual Documents
10	
	User Interface (UI) Design
	The Success of Products
	Characteristics of Good UIs
	 Principles of User Interface Design
	 Mode-Based versus Modeless Interface
	GUI Vs Text-Based User Interface
	Types of User Interfaces
	 Advantages and Disadvantages of User Interface Styles
11	
	Risk Management
	Reactive vs. Proactive Risk Strategies
	Risk Management Process
	Risk Identification
	Risk Types
	Risk Analysis
	Risk Planning
	Risk Monitoring
10.11	Risk Exposure
12-14	
	Software Testing
	Verification versus Validation
	Unit testing
	Integration testing
	System Testing



	जानमुत्तमम्
	Big Bang Integration Testing
	 Bottom-up Integration Testing
	 Top-down Integration Testing
	Mixed Integration Testing
	 Phased vs. Incremental Integration Testing
	Alpha Testing
	Beta Testing
	Acceptance Testing
	Overview of Testing Activities
	 Test cases and Test suites
	Design of Test Cases
	Black Box Testing Techniques
	 Coverage-Based Testing Versus Fault-Based Testing
	White Box Testing Techniques
	Path Coverage based Testing
	Control Flow Graph
	McCabe's Cyclomatic Metric
	Cyclomatic complexity
	Derivation of Test Cases
	Stress Testing
	Volume Testing
	Configuration Testing
	Compatibility Testing
	Recovery Testing
	Maintenance Testing
	Documentation tests
	Usability tests
	Environmental test
	Regression Testing
	Test Summary Report
15	
	Software Aging
	The Causes of Software Aging
	The Cost of Software Failure
	Reducing the Cost of SW Aging
	Design for Success
	Design for Change
	Keeping Records (Documentation)
	Why is Software Aging Inevitable?
	Software Geriatrics
	Planning Ahead



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

1. Software Engineering - A Practitioner's Approach by Roger S. Pressman and Bruce R. Maxim, Eighth edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2015.

2. Schaum's Outlines, Problems of Software Engineering by David Gustafson, McGRAW-HILL, 2002.



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Software Engineering Exam (3 credit)	Marks (%)
Pre Mid Term Exam -Quiz1	10
Mid Term Exam	30
Pre End Term Exam -Quiz2	10
End Term Exam	40
Attendance	10
Total	100

Software Engineering Lab Evaluation (1 credit)	Marks (%)
Lab Assignments Submission	100

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Lab Assignments	CO3 to CO8 & CO12

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:



- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of Lab Assignments

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission A penalty of 10% of the Lab assignment will be paid for late submission.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS 513 Software Systems - Enterprise Software Development			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Chandrashekar Ramanathan			
		Hours		Component	
Credits (L:T:P)		2		Lecture $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$	
		0		Tutorial $(1hr = 1 credit)$	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		0		Practical ($2hrs = 1$ credit)	
		L:T:P = 2:0:	:0	Total Credits = 2	
Grading Scheme		X	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against					
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Ur	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applicabl		_			
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from the li		
X Theory and Systems for Compu and Data	ting			Networking and Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	ine			Digital Society	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Course Category	Progra X X X X X Select	iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socier one from the f X appropriate Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ollowing: /y) es Elective	nch:	
Course Pre-Requisites	<i>(Where</i> None	e applicable, s	tate exact course	e code/name)	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course focuses on full-stack application development. This approach to software development is followed extensively by the industry and hence enhances employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	This course provides skills in Javascript, SQL, Twitter Bootstrap, jQuery, REST, AngularJS
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Two major components of CS513 Software Systems are a) System Software and b) Enterprise Software Development. The "System Software" module covers the rudiments of Operating Systems. This module is on Enterprise Software Development. As part of this module, students will get to understand what Enterprise Software is and how it is different from other software. The course will give exposure to the students to different architectural considerations for addressing the complexities associated with Enterprise Software. The course provides an in-depth insight into three-tier architecture and the software programming elements of developing software applications using three-tier architecture. At the end of this course, students are expected to have sufficient proficiency and skills in implementing the front-end, middleware and backend components of enterprise software.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

Id	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Differentiate between design and architecture	P03	U	С	3	
CO2	Explain the different options for implementing services in service-oriented-architecture	PO3	U	С	3	
CO3	Define all the terms in the terminology associated with object-oriented programming	P03	R	F	2	
CO4	Design components of n-tier architecture for a given application requirements	P03	Ар	Р	2	



CO5	Design and implement relational database schema using conceptual modeling	P03	Ap	Р	5	
CO6	Design web application for a given n-tier architecture	PO1, P03	Ap	Р	5	
CO7	Explain different components of mobile application development	P03	U	С	2	
CO8	Develop specific web application front end using Javascript, Twitter Bootstrap, jQuery, REST, AngularJS for solving specific problems.	PO1, P03	Ap	Р	4	
CO9	Develop web application backed using REST services and SQL	PO1, PO3	Ар	Р	4	
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide topic-wise list]

Topic 1: Fundamentals of Object-oriented Analysis and Design

- Design vs Architecture
- OO concepts
- Unified Modeling Language (UML)

Topic 2: Software Architectures

- Understanding large scale systems n-Tier architectures.
- Understanding quality attributes of architectures

Topic 3: Database application development

- Database Design through Conceptual Modeling
- Database Implementation through SQL
- Database Programming through Hibernate

Topic 4: Web application development

 MVC for Web - Twitter Bootstrap (rendering view), jQuery, Ajax (from jQuery) and servlets (controller), REST service, back-end model - MySql, Java programming and concepts of key value pair (like mongo DB – implemented using MySql)

Topic 5: Mobile application development

- Connectivity, security, online/offline modes, integration of sensors, location services, responsiveness.
- AngularJS and related frameworks

Instruction Schedule [Provide session-wise schedule]



S.		
No.	Date	Торіс
1	Session 1	Introduction
2	Session 2	Handson - Environment setup
3	Session 3	Enterprise Software Elements
4	Session 4	Database Design
5	Session 5	Handson - Frontend development
6	Session 6	HOLIDAY
7	Session 7	OR Mapping
8	Session 8	Handson - SQL
9	Session 9	N-Tier Architecture
10	Session 10	Handson - OR Mapping with hibernate
11	Session 11	Service Oriented Architecture
12	Session 12	Handson - REST services
13	Session 13	Deployment Architecture
14	Session 14	Software Testing
15	Session 15	Handson - Full-stack Integration
16	Session 16	Handson - Basic Devops

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Software Architecture in Practice by Bass and Clements, Addison Wesley.
- 2. Ajax https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f46WEeM8HTA
- 3. REST Services https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xkKcdK1u95s
- 4. Jquery Tutorial https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8mwKq7_JIS8

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

25%: Tests / assignments 40%: Project 35%: End-Term Exam

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappin g
1	Database Design using Conceptual Modeling	CO5



2		C04,
		C05,
	Develop a web application use the principles of full-stack software	CO6,
	development	CO8
3	Write a program to implement CRUD operations using JDBC	C05
4	Write a program to implement CRUD operations using Hibernate	C05

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission Late submission will be handled as noted in the respective assignment problem statements.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS 816 Software Production Engineering			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. B. Thangaraju			
		Hours		Component	
		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		0		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Futorial : Fractical)		0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applic	able)		,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
(Choose by placing X in box again	-	nore than two	areas from the list	()	
Theory and Systems for Con				Networking and	
and Data	-			Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Ma	chine			Digital Society	
Learning					
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
X General Elective					
Programme / Branch			• •	grammes / branch(es):	
	•	11 1	ely. More than one Branc	2	
	Progra		Dranc	<i>n</i> .	
		iMTech			
	X	M.Tech			
		M.Sc.			
	X	CSE			
	X	ECE			
		Digital Socie			
Course Category		one from the f			
	(Place)	X appropriately			
		Basic Scienc	es		
		CSE Core			
	X	ECE Core			
		CSE Branch			
	X	ECE Branch			
			Science and Skills		
		HSS/M			
		General			
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, star	te exact course code	/name)	
	NONE				
			and Linux System Pr	rogram knowledge would be	
	preferal	preferable.			



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Engineers trained on DevOps are sought for. This course provides a strong foundation for the same.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Developing skills on DevOps methods of software development is very much required for the software project development.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

The traditional Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) has various barriers between business, developers, testing, quality assurance team and Operation teams, which causes lot of delay in delivering software to the end user. The implementation of agile methodologies has removed barriers between different teams in development and target to achieve continuous delivery and limited to only with development team. To remove the barrier between Dev and Ops and integration between all the stages with automation and achieve Continuous deployment -DevOps process is the only solution. The Software Production Engineering course teaches you DevOps based Software Development Method from ground zero. You will get familiar with the choices of DevOps process types, concepts of Continuous Integration, Configuration Management, Continuous Deployment and Continuous Monitoring.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand DevOps method of software development including DevOps barriers, types of DevOps models and automation tools.	PO1, PSO1	U	F,C	5	0
CO2	Implement continuous integration of software development life cycle (CI/CD pipeline) including git repository, build and test stages with Jenkins tool.	PO1, PO5, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	10	0



CO3	Perform configuration management to configure the deployment servers with Ansible tool.	PO1, PO5 PSO1	Ар	Ρ	12	0
CO4	Implement continuous deployment of incremental changes of software products to the end user with Rundeck tool.	PO1, PO5, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	9	0
CO5	Perform Continuous monitoring of the deployment servers with ELK stack, generate status reports and send notification to the concerned person if it encounters any issue.	PO1, PO5, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	9	0
	TOTAL				45	0

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

This course will cover the following topics:

- 1. Introduction to Software Production Engineering
- 2. Continuous Integration
- 3. Configuration Management
- 4. Continuous Deployment
- 5. Continuous Monitoring

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Topics
1-3	1. Introduction to Software Production Engineering
	✓ Business Agility
	✓ Challenges to Achieve Business Agility
	✓ Components of Software Delivery
	✓ Traditional Vs Agile Vs DevOps
	✓ DevOps Basics
	✓ DevOps Software Development Model
	✓ Components of Software Delivery
	✓ Popular Misconceptions about DevOps
	✓ DevOps Barriers and Solutions
	✓ Various DevOps types
	✓ DevOps – Dev's Perspective
	✓ DevOps – Ops's Perspective
	✓ DevOps – Org's Perspective
	✓ DevOps Tools
	✓ Future of DevOps
4-6	2. Continuous Integration
	✓ Introduction on Continuous Integration
	✓ Continuous Integration Principles
	✓ Continuous Integration Components
	✓ Source Control Management -GIT
	✓ Build Automation
	✓ Types of Testing
	\checkmark Test Automation
	✓ Artifact Repository
	✓ Benefits of Continuous Integration
	✓ Continuous Delivery
	✓ Continuous Delivery Vs Continuous Deployment
	✓ Introducing Jenkins
	✓ Jenkins Server Various Configuration Options
	✓ Build your code
	✓ Automate Artifcatory Deployment
	✓ Implement Continuous Delivery



	जानमुत्तमम्
	✓ Notifications
7-10	3. Configuration Management
	✓ Importance of Configuration Management
	✓ Infrastructure as a Code (IaC)
	✓ Types of Approaches to IaC – Functional and Procedural
	✓ Methods of IaC – Push and Pull
	✓ IaC – Automation
	✓ Configuration Management Tools Vs Platform
	✓ The Evolution of Chef
	✓ Chef Architecture
11-12	4. Continuous Deployment
	✓ Importance of Continuous Deployment
	✓ Who Needs Continuous Deployment
	✓ Who doesn't Need Continuous Deployment
	✓ Continuous Delivery Vs Continuous Deployment
	✓ Myths on Continuous Deployment
	✓ Traditional Deployment Automation Tools
	✓ Key Functions of Deployment Automation Tools
	✓ Continuous Deployment Enablers
	✓ Evolution of Infra Path
	✓ Infra -on premises or Cloud
	✓ Infra – Physical Server/VM/Container
	✓ Blue-Green Deployment Method -Reduce Downtime and Increase High Availability
	✓ Rundeck Automation Tools
13-15	5. Continuous Monitoring
	✓ Importance of Continuous Monitoring
	✓ Monitoring Computing Resources
	✓ Balancing System Load
	✓ Various Sources of log Messages
	✓ Platform for log Messages Handling
	✓ Data Science Methodology
	✓ Analysis of Log Messages
	✓ Choices of Tools to Monitor
	✓ Enable Continuous Monitoring
	✓ Notifications

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- The DevOps Handbook by Gene Kim et al., IT Revolution Press, 2016
 Site Reliability Engineering by Betsy Beyer et al., O'Reilly Publisher, 2016

3. DevOps - A Software Architect's Perspective by Len Bass, Ingo Weber and Liming Zhu, Addison-Wesley, 2015.



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Software Production Engineering	Marks (%)
Mid Term Exam	20
Mini Project	20
End Term Exam	20
Final Project	30
Attendance	10
Total	100

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Project: Implement DevOps method of Software product development with open source automation tools.	CO2 to CO5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of projects

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

A penalty of 10% of the Lab assignment/ project marks will be paid for late submission.



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Nar	CS 201 Discrete Mathematics						
Course Instructor Name(s	ASHISH CHOUDHURY						
		Hours			Comp	onent	
Credite (L.T.D)					Lecture (1hr =	1 credit)	
· · ·	Credits (L:T:P)				Tutorial (1hr =	1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Praction	cal)				Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfaat	on /l In	acticfactory (C		
appropriate box)			Salisiaci	ory/or	satisfactory (S	/	
Area of Specialization (if a		•					
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from	the list			
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and		
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hino				Communication Digital Society		
Learning					Digital Society		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to	o the follow	ing pro	grammes / brand	ch(es):	
		X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra	mme: Branch:					
	Х	iMTech		Х	CSE		
		M.Tech			ECE		
		M.Sc.			Digital Society		
Course Category		one from the f					
	(Place)	Place X appropriately)					
		Basic Scienc					
	X	CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch Elective ECE Branch Elective					
		Engineering					
		HSS/M	Science an)		
		General					
Course Pre-Requisites No		oplicable					



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course enables the students to abstract computing problems, solve the problems, apply formal proof techniques and explain their reasoning clearly.
Focus on skill development	No	
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

Discrete Mathematics is one of the fundamental subjects in computer science and it constitutes a core course for any undergraduate and postgraduate degree program in the computer science. Discrete mathematics is the study of mathematical structures that are discrete in the sense that they assume only distinct, separate values, rather than in a range of values. It deals with the mathematical objects that are widely used in all the fields of computer science, including but not limited to programming languages, data structures and algorithms, cryptography, operating systems, compilers, computer networks, artificial intelligence, image processing, computer vision, natural language processing and machine learning. The subject enables the students to formulate problems precisely, solve the problems, apply formal proof techniques and explain their reasoning clearly.

This course is offered every year during the Aug-Nov semester and it serves as a pre-requisite for the following elective courses:

- Cryptographic Engineering
- Foundations of Cryptography
- Graph Theory

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand propositional and predicate logic, rules of inferences, logical identities, satisfiability/unsatisfiability and tautology	PO1, PSO1, PSO4	U	С	3	2
CO2	Understand proof mechanisms including direct methods, indirect methods, resolution-refutation and induction	PO1, PSO1, PSO4	U	С, Р	6	2
CO3	Compute the number of relations (reflexive, symmetric, asymmetric, antisymmetric, partial orderings) and functions (injective, surjective, bijective)	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	Ар	C, P	9	5
CO4	Determine whether a given infinite set is countable or uncountable using Cantor's diagonalization technique	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	Ар	C, P	6	3
CO5	Understand elementary counting techniques including sum-rule, product-rule, permutations, combinations and pigeon-hole principle	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	U	С	3	2
CO6	Solve the recurrence relations for advanced counting problems including Catalan numbers and Stirling numbers	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	Ар	С, Р	6	4
CO7	Understand the basic properties of graphs including degree-sequence, vertex-connectivity, edge-connectivity, vertex-chromatic and edge- chromatic number	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	U	С	3	2
CO8	Determine whether a given graph is Eulerian/Hamiltonian	PO1, PSO4	Ар	С, Р	3	1
				Total	39	21

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- Logic: Proposition and Predicate Logic, Introduction to proof techniques
- Set theory, relations and functions
- Cardinality theory, countable and uncountable sets, Cantor's diagonalization, uncomputable functions.
- Combinatorics Part I: permutations, combinations, sum rule, product rule, pigeon-hole principle, Ramsey numbers.
- Combinatorics Part II: Combinatorial proofs, Catalan numbers, counting using recursion, principal of inclusion-exclusion
- Graph theory: basic definitions, Euler's theorem, bipartite graphs and matching, Hall's marriage theorem, vertex-connectivity, edge-connectivity, Euler graphs and Hamiltonian graphs, various characterizations, vertex and edge coloring



Instruction Schedule

IU	CO/Competencies
IU1	Translate a given set of statements into predicates and derive valid logical conclusions
IU2	Prove whether a given theorem is correct using proof mechanisms including direct proofs, indirect proofs and proofs by induction
IU3	Determine whether a given relation is an equivalence relation, partial ordering or complete ordering
IU4	Calculate the number of injective, surjective and bijective functions
IU5	Differentiate between a countable and uncountable set
IU6	Apply Cantor's diagonalization argument on a given set to check if it is countable or uncountable
IU7	Calculate the number of ways of solving a given task using product rule, sum rule, and pigeon-hole principle
IU8	Prove combinatorial identities using combinatorial proof methods
IU9	Calculate the number of ways of solving a given task by formulating a recurrence equation and deriving its closed-form formula
IU10	Show the equivalence between the number of ways of solving a given task and Catalan numbers
IU11	Calculate the vertex-connectivity, edge-connectivity, vertex-chromatic and edge- chromatic number of a given graph
IU12	Determine the degree-sequence of a given graph

IU stands for instruction unit

Learning Resources

- 1. Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, Kenneth Rosen, 7th edition (main textbook)
- 2. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, Ralph Grimaldi, 5th edition
- 3. Elements of Discrete Mathematics, C. L. Liu, 4th edition
- 4. Discrete Mathematics, Norman Biggs, 2nd edition

Assessment Plan

- 2 Mid-term exams, best of the two considered: 40%
- 2 End-term exams, best of the two considered: 60%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]



S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project/exams	CO Mapping
		CO1 –
1	Mid-term exam 1	CO4
		CO5 –
2	Mid-term exam 2:	CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	CS 511 Algorithms			
Course Instructor Name(s)	Dr. Muralidhara V N			
		Hours		Component
Credite (L.T.D)		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutonar : Tractical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		X	4-point scale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)
Area of Specialization (if applica				
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the lis	
X Theory and Systems for Com	puting			Networking and
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hino			Communication
Learning	nine			Digital Society
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security
X General Elective				
· ·		-		
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ one from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core ECE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than one Brance brance ty collowing:) es Elective	h:
Course Pre-Requisites	Program Basic trees,	Where applicable, state exact course code/name) Programming in C/C++, Java and Python. Basic Data Structures like Arrays, stacks, queues, linked lists, rees, binary trees and travels methods, binary heaps, hashing and graph representation.		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Most of the interviews during
		placements will have questions on
Direct focus on employability		Algorithms.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Programming
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills	Yes	Problem Solving Skills
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Data Structures and Algorithms are often considered as the foundation of computer science. With advancements in the computer science field, more and more data is generated, this course provides basic tools and techniques to design efficient algorithms to process this data.

This course will covered some of the advanced data structures like Fibonacci Heaps, Treaps, AVL and red black trees. It covers the algorithms design techniques like Divide and Conquer, Greedy algorithms and Dynamic Programming. It also covers Graph algorithms including shortest path problem and Minimum Spanning tree and Network flows.

The students also learn to use the concepts learnt in the course , to solve computing problems in any programming language of their choice .



Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Determine the efficiency of algorithms.	PO4	Ар	C,P	6	2
CO2	Understand the characteristics of data structures including Binomial and Fibonacci Heaps, Balanced Binary Search trees, Union-Find.	PO4	U	C,P	9	2
CO3	Choose appropriate Algorithmic design paradigm including Divide and conquer, Dynamic Programming, greedy algorithms.	PO4	E	C,P	9	3
CO4	Understand the graph traversal algorithms DFS and BFS, algorithms for Shortest path problem and minimum spanning trees and Network Flows.	PO4	U	C,P	9	2
CO5	Choose appropriate data structures to design efficient algorithms to solve computing problems.	PO4	E	C,P	6	3
CO6	Design and implement efficient algorithms in any programming language.	PO4	С	C,P	6	3
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)



Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- Algorithmic analysis : Revive of Asymptotic notations for algorithms, recurrence tree methods, complexity classes
- Abstract Data Structures: Binomial and Fibonacci Heaps, Balanced Binary Search Trees, AVL Trees and Red Black Trees and their applications
- Algorithmic paradigms: Divide and conquer, Dynamic Programming, greedy algorithms including metroid's:
- Graph Algorithms: Graph traversals: DFS and BFS, shortest path problem and the spanning tree problems. Network Flow and applications.
- Randomized Algorithms: Las Vegas and Monte Carlo paradigms, some example randomized algorithms.

Instruction Schedule

- Algorithmic analysis : Revive of Asymptotic notations for algorithms, recurrence tree methods, complexity classes (3 weeks)
- Abstract Data Structures: Binomial and Fibonacci Heaps, Balanced Binary Search Trees, AVL Trees and Red Black Trees and their applications (3 weeks)
- Algorithmic paradigms: Divide and conquer, Dynamic Programming, greedy algorithms including metroid's: (4 weeks)
- Graph Algorithms: Graph traversals: DFS and BFS, shortest path problem and the spanning tree problems. Network Flow and applications. (4 Weeks)
- Randomized Algorithms: Las Vegas and Monte Carlo paradigms, some example randomized algorithms. (1 week)

Learning Resources

Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Leiserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, MIT Press, 3rd Edition 2009.

Assessment Plan

Theory : Mid Term - 20% End Term- 20% Test 1- 10 % Test 2 - 10% MCQ 1- 10 % MCQ 2- 10 % Programming Test 1 -10% Programming Test 2 -10%



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Designing Efficient algorithms.	CO1,CO5,CO6
2	Applications of Binary Trees, Heaps and BBST	CO1,CO2,CO5,CO6
3	Applications Dynamic Programming and Greedy	CO1,CO3,CO5,CO6
	Algorithms	
4	Applications of Graph Algorithms	CO1,CO4,CO5,CO6

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

No Penalty for one week late, 100% penalty after that.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	ne	Interface Design for Diverse Populations				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Muralidhar	Koteshwa	ar	-	
		Hours			Compo	onent
Credits (L:T:P)					Lecture (1hr = 1	,
					Tutorial (1hr = 1	,
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Practical (2hrs =	= 1 credit)
	L:T:P = 3:0	:1		Total Credits =		
Grading Scheme		X	4-point so	ale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			-	-		
appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Unsa			nsatisfactory (S/	X)
Area of Specialization (if a						
(Choose by placing X in box a	gainst r	not more than	two areas	from	the list)	
Theory and Systems for Com	nputing				Networking and	
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hino			-	Communication Digital Society	
Learning				X	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch	e is restricted to	o the followi	na pr	ogrammes / brancl	h(es):	
r regramme / Branon		X appropria				()
		amme:		Bran	2,	
		iMTech			CSE	
		M.Tech			ECE	
	Х	M.Sc.		Х	Digital Society	
Course Category		one from the f				
	(Place	X appropriate				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch Elective ECE Branch Elective				
	Х	Engineering HSS/M	Science and		5	
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	e applicable, si	tate exact co	ourse	code/name)	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		Equips students to design technology interfaces for diverse set of users
Focus on skill development		Teaches students to map user needs
Focus on entrepreneurship		Expose students to design principles and thinking needed to covert ideas into inclusive technologies
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course deals with User Interface design specifically in the context of ICT applications. ICT applications that are rolled out online have a unique challenge of being accessible to wide cross sections of the population involving diversity in language, literacy levels, technology availability and cultural preferences. The course would focus on generic principles of UI design (learnability, visibility, error prevention, efficiency, and graphic design), key technologies that are in vogue and policy aspects relating accessibility. All this will be discussed in relation to the human capabilities (including perception, motor skills, color vision, attention, and human error) that motivate the need for effective UI design.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand role of effective UI in the success of an ICT program	PO1, PO5	Un	С	6	
CO2	Understand tradeoffs in UI design – heavy vs thin UI, functional vs aesthetic, design thinking vs ease of implementation, accessibility vs comprehensiveness, text based vs text free, etc.	PO4, PO5	Un	F,C	9	2



	गानगुरानन्					
CO3	Understand what constitutes good UI design – color schemes, choice of appropriate themes, visual branding, principles of navigation, etc.	PO3, PO5	Un	F,C	9	2
CO4	Apply methods to validate the effectiveness of a UI, experiment design, field studies, metrics to evaluate UI, etc	PO1, PO3, PO5	Ар	F, C	6	2
CO5	Evaluate different technology options available to a UI designer and supporting tools	PO1,PO4	An	F, C	3	
CO6	Adopt and integrate tool kits for implementations across multiple interface options	PO4, PO5	An	F,C	6	2
CO7	Analyse policy issues relating to accessibility and possible technology solutions	PO3, PO5	An	F,C	4	
CO8	Create low-fidelity prototypes that can be demonstrated quickly	PO4	Ар		2	7
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction to the course
- Principles of UX Design
- Principles of Usability
- Usability Testing
- Accessibility Testing
- Data collection methods to understand the 'audience' towards a better UI design
- Methods to validate the effectiveness of a UI, experiment design, field studies, metrics to evaluate UI, etc.
- Data Visualization
- Prototype Building

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]



Module 1: Introduction, Principles of Design

Week 1: Introduction to the course Week 1 and Week 2: Principles of UX Design Week 3: Principles of Usability

Module 2: Usability and Accessibility Testing

Week 5- Week 6: Usability Testing Week 7-Week 8: Accessibility Testing

Module 3: Experiment design, field studies, metrics to evaluate UI

Week 9- Week 12: Data collection methods to understand the 'audience' towards a better UI design and Methods to validate the effectiveness of a UI, etc. Week 13: Data Visualization

Module 4: Prototyping

Week 14- Week 15: Student Presentations

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Mullet, Kevin, and Darrell Sano. Designing Visual Interfaces: Communication Oriented Techniques. Prentice Hall, 1994. ISBN: 9780133033892.
- Baecker, Ronald M., Jonathan Grudin, et al. Readings in Human-Computer Interaction: Toward the Year 2000. 2nd ed. Morgan Kaufmann, 1995. ISBN: 9781558602465. [Preview with Google Books]
- Raskin, Jef. The Humane Interface: New Directions for Designing Interactive Systems. Addison-Wesley Professional, 2000. ISBN: 9780201379372. [Preview with Google Books]
- Jhonson, Jeff. GUI Bloopers: Don'ts and Do's for Software Developers and Web Designers (Interactive Technologies). Morgan Kaufmann, 2000. ISBN: 9781558605824. [Preview with Google Books]
- Card, Stuart K., Thomas P. Moran, and Allen Newell, eds. The Psychology of Human-Computer Interaction. Lawrence Erlbaum, 1983. ISBN: 9780898592436. [Preview with Google Books]

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- Mini-assignments --- 20%
- Quizzes 15%
- Case Study 20%



• Project – 45%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Mini-assignments	CO2, 4, 6,
2.	Quizzes	CO 1,2, 3, 5, 7
3	Case Study	CO 4, 5, 6, 7, 8
4	Project	CO 2, 4, 5, 6, 7,8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students will not be allowed to submit their essays or other assignments later than the deadline other than for valid medical or other emergencies.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Students may follow any recognized citation standard such as APA, or Chicago, as long as they do so consistently.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



This course has a zero-tolerance policy towards plagiarism. Every time you plagiarize (even if you argue that it is merely quoting someone without citing them), and starting from the first such instance, you will receive a zero for that assignment. Please clear any citation queries you may have ahead of time.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

All readings and grading comments are made available in a digital format that is accessible for visually challenged students. Other accommodations will be as per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Na	ne	DT105 Quantitative Methods				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Mandar Kul	karni			
		Hours			Comp	
Credits (LT:P)		3		Lecture (1hr = 7		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practic				Tutorial (1hr = 7	1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fraction				Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credits =	= 3	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (/	4,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/Ur	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)
Area of Specialization (if a	pplica	ble)				
(Choose by placing X in box agai	nst not n	nore than two	areas from	the lis	<i>t</i>)	
Theory and Systems for Com				Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	nine	X			Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch	Course	is restricted to	o the follow	ina pro	ogrammes / branc	h(es):
Flogramme / Branch		X appropriate		• •	-	
	Progra	11 1		Branc	• •	
		iMTech			CSE]
		M.Tech			ECE	
	Х	M.Sc.		Х	Digital Society	
Course Category	Select	one from the f	ollowing:			
0,	(Place 2	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch				
		ECE Branch				
		Engineering	Science an	d Skills	3	
	Х	HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact cour	se code	e/name)	
·						



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Familiarity with sampling methods and statistical techniques useful in quantitatively analyzing data and drawing inferences.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

The course will provide students an overview of their statistical foundations. It will equip students with methods pertaining to collecting and describing quantitative data including sampling methods and measures of location (central tendency), dispersion and distribution. The course will also train students in using appropriate analytical methods including linear regression models and inferential procedures as part of analyzing quantitative data. In addition to learning about these descriptive and inferential statistical methods and models of quantitative research conceptually, the students will be given computer-based exercises to perform quantitative analysis.

Course Outcomes and Competencies



	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand methods of quantitative research and processes pertaining to data analysis to be able to conduct research in an organized manner.	PO1	U	C	9
CO2	Understand quantitative techniques and the theories underpinning them to be able to perform data collection, description, analysis and interpretation.	PO1	U	C	9
CO3	Understand basic and intermediate level statistical methods and their application.	PO1	U	С	9
CO4	Apply various quantitative methods using MS-Excel and other computer-based statistical software.	PO1	Ар	Р	9
CO5	Design and execute research projects involving data collection (either primary and/or secondary) and analysis using appropriate quantitative techniques	PO1, PO2	С	P,M	9
Total Number of Hours					

Course Content

- 1. Introduction: Course overview. Fundamentals of quantitative research methodology. Introduction to the key issues of research process including the significance of social research, data collection, processing and analysis, methodology, and the key principles of scientific investigation.
- 2. Probability Theory: Introduction to Sample Space and Events. Probability Law Interpretation of probability, Axioms of probability, Conditional probability, Random variables, Prior/Posterior probability.
- 3. Statistical and Distribution Theory: Discrete random variables —Basic concepts, Probability Mass Functions. Continuous random variables Basic concepts, Probability Density Functions. Introduction to Cumulative Distribution Functions. The Binomial distribution, the Poisson distribution, Conditional distributions, the Normal distribution and related distributions.
- 4. Sampling and Sampling Distributions: Introduction to Sampling and Sampling distributions, Basic Experimental designs including experimental validity and types of variables, Sample size and Standard error.
- 5. Inferential Statistics: Understanding statistical significance. Key types of statistical inference Point estimation, Hypothesis testing, and Set estimation. Discussion of Known/Unknown variances. One-sample/two-sample tests t-Tests, Analysis of variance and covariance.



- 6. Basic Statistical Analysis: Quantification of population attributes including descriptive statistics and Graphical representation. Univariate Analysis Marginals, Measures of central tendency and variability, and Grouping and recoding data. Bivariate Analysis Cross-Tabulation and Chi-square, Measures of Association (Correlation). The Plug-in estimates.
- 7. Multivariate Analysis: Simple Linear Regression including regression line, method of least squares, regression model and diagnostics. Limited Dependent Variable Models Logit and Probit models.
- 8. Limit Theorems: Introduction to the Weak Law of Large Numbers, Convergence in Probability, The Central Limit Theorem, The Strong Law of Large Numbers.

Instruction Schedule

<u>Week 1:</u> Introduction <u>Week 2-3:</u> Probability Theory <u>Week 4-5</u>: Statistical and Distribution Theory <u>Week 6-7:</u> Sampling and Sampling Distributions <u>Week 8-9:</u> Inferential Statistics <u>Week 10-12:</u> Basic Statistical Analysis <u>Week 13-14:</u> Multivariate Analysis, <u>Week 15:</u> Limit Theorems

Learning Resources

- Levin, R. I., and Rubin, D. S. (1995). Statistics for Management, Sixth Edition. New Delhi, India: Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited. ISBN: 81-203-0893-X.
- Trosset, M. W. (2009). An Introduction to Statistical Inference and Its Application with R. Chapman and Hall/CRC. ISBN-13: 978-1584889472; ISBN-10: 1584889470.
- Vanderstoep, S. W., and Johnston, D. D. (2009). Research Methods for Everyday Life: Blending Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass, A Wiley Imprint. ISBN: 978-0-470-34353-1.
- Gray, P. S., Williamson, J. B., Karp, D. A., and Dalphin, J. R. (2007). The Research Imagination: An Introduction to Qualitative and Quantitative Methods. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press. ISBN-13: 978-0-521-70555-4; ISBN-10: 0-521-70555-X.
- Bertsekas, D. P., and Tsitsiklis, J. N. (2002). Introduction to Probability. Massachusetts, USA: Athena Scientific. ISBN: 1-886529-40-X.

Assessment Plan

The proposed weightage for various components is as follows:

- Assignments: 20%
- Quizzes: 10%
- Project: 30%
- Mid-term and End-term exams: 40%



Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Group Project	CO3, CO4, CO5

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Late submission will generally not be entertained unless with prior approval of the Course Instructor.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per Institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

As per APA Citation Format (see <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/ref</u> erence_list_electronic_sources.html for more details)

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per Institute policy

Accommodation of Persons with Disabilities

As per Institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		Human Computer Interaction				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Linus Kendall				
		ŀ	lours	Component		
		36		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		9		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
		30		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 2:1	:1	Total Credits = 60		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	e (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory (S / X)		
<i>appropriate box)</i> Area of Specialization (if applic	oblo)		Salislacioly	Unsatisfactory (37 X)		
(Choose by placing X in box agai	•	nore than two	areas from the	list)		
Theory and Systems for Com			areas from me	Networking and		
and Data	-p3			Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine		×	Digital Society		
Learning				-		
VLSI Systems			_	Cyber Security		
General Elective						
Course Category		iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie one from the f <i>X appropriately</i> Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M	ty ollowing:) es Elective	nch:		
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	te exact course co	ode/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Interaction Design is taught in the course which is commonly desired skills by employers
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course teaches skills of evaluating and designing technology
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	The course teaches how to identify opportunities for and consequently design innovative technologies, in a similar way to how start-ups create technology
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Presentation skills and communication of design research

Course Context and Overview

The course is intended as a basic introduction to human computer interaction (HCI) for students with interdisciplinary backgrounds. It teaches the basic concerns, practices and methods of HCI, placing them in relation to other parts of their curriculum. It should provide students with understanding of a variety of methods, practices and principles in HCI. It should equip them to participate or even run a design project. The intended learning outcomes are:

Human Computer Interaction (HCI) is a wide-ranging, interdisciplinary field drawing on a wide variety of other fields such as computer science, design, media studies, cognitive science, sociology and psychology. Having initially been concerned with how computing systems could be designed to be efficient and easy to use, the field now engages with a wide range of issues. These include, for example, ways in which interactive systems and their design can create enjoyment and pleasure or be part of social and political change. As computing has become ubiquitous, so has HCI and its practices. Therefore, HCI practitioners increasingly find themselves at the forefront of studying broader concerns about interactions between humans and technology, then applying these understandings by translating them into design.

Design is central to HCI and accordingly in this course the design process is in focus. It is through design – methods and approaches to creating new forms of technology – that HCI can transform, for example, social concerns or personal needs into new technologies and associated practices. During the course, students will broadly be following the structure of a design project. Throughout the design project's different phases, students will engage with a wide variety of theory and methods of HCI. The focus will lie on screen based interfaces – but students will also consider other interaction modalities such as wearables or voice based interfaces. The primary design approach students will take focuses on human centered and participatory approaches. Increasingly, these approaches have been recognized as crucial for technology interventions to be able to serve the needs of its users.



This course provides a foundation relevant to any student who will take part in technology design or implementation. While design is often thought of as part of specialized practice of consultancies or internal design teams, in this course students will consider how design is part of any project that involves digital technologies. The methods and approaches taught can be used regardless of whether as part of a formal design process, or informally used in a technology implementation project.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)	Pract ical(H rs)
CO1	Apply appropriate methods to study a specific user group or usage situation	PO1	Ap ply ing		6		6
CO2	Formulate and communicate design opportunities, constraints and requirements from such a study	PO2 ,PO 3, PO4	Ap ply ing		3	1.5	6
CO3	Design and critically evaluate different solutions to a design problem, drawing on HCI theory and practice, experience of the problem domain and user studies	PO1 ,PO 3, PO4	Ap ply ing		1.5	2	6
CO4	Manifest designs through appropriate use of low and high-fidelity prototypes	PO4	Ap ply ing		4.5	2	6
CO5	Evaluate prototypes and designs	PO3 ,PO 4,P O5	Ev alu ati ng		3	2	6
CO6	Discuss the theoretical underpinnings of human computer interaction and their relevance to a given design task		Cr eat ing		3		
CO7	Identify broadly applicable design principles to a given design task in relevant domains	PO3 ,PO 4	Ap ply ing		4.5		
CO8	Locate design activities in relation to other parts of software development and implementation practice		Un der sta ndi ng		3		
CO9	Appreciate how socioeconomic concerns can be translated into practice through HCI via choice of method as well as designs	PO3 ,PO 4,P O5	Ev alu ati ng		3	1.5	



CO10	Appreciate how HCI and design itself is a	PO5	Εv	1.5		
	political act, and engages with the broader		alu			
	political economy		ati			
			ng		-	
	Total			36	9	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- 1. What is usability, interaction design and user research.
- 2. User research methods.
- 3. Analysis and presentation of user research findings.
- 4. Interaction paradigms, interaction styles, user interface types
- 5. Prototyping
- 6. Evaluation of user interfaces and prototypes.
- 7. Visual design & design toolkits
- 8. Sociotechnical system design.
- 9. Accessibility.
- 10. The organisational context of design.
- 11. Participatory design.
- 12. The political role of design.

Instruction Schedule

- 1. Introduction to the course, welcome
- 2. Structure of the course + Intro to Evaluation
- 3. Introduction to human centered design, user studies and user research methods. Difference between design research and design practice. Introduction to the project, forming project groups.
- 4. Methods for studying users and their context
- 5. Contextual Inquiry
- 6. Methods III
- 7. Analysing HCI data Coding, Themes, Affinity diagramming
- 8. Analysing HCI data Scenarios, personas, storyboards
- 9. Affinity diagramming workshop
- 10. From user research to design concepts, workshops and ideation
- 11. Inspirations Cards workshop
- 12. Theories of HCI Cognitive & Psychological aspects, Behavioural & Social aspects
- 13. Interface types and interaction paradigms, what kind of interfaces are we designing, modalities, affordances



- 14. Modalities 1: Desktop software, interaction styles
- 15. Modalities 2: Websites, information architecture, card sort
- 16. Modalities 3: Smartphone apps, touch screen interfaces, wire frames
- 17. What's prototyping? What's evaluation? Why do we prototype?
- 18. Prototyping Types of prototypes, high and low fidelity prototypes.
- 19. Design principles and heuristics, what is "good" design?
- 20. Evaluation methods Think aloud, cognitive walk-throughs
- 21. Evaluation methods Heuristic evaluation, Experimental evaluation, A+B testing
- 22. Visual Design & Design toolkits, Design software. Information Design
- 23. Accessibility
- 24. Social context of design theories of social systems, activity design
- 25. Design, designers and designing in an organisational context
- 26. Advanced approaches to design Participatory, Critical Design, Living Labs
- 27. Design as Inclusion / Exclusion / Design as as politics

Learning Resources

The primary textbook for the course will be the Encyclopedia of Human Computer Interaction, freely available https://www.interaction-design.org/literature/book/the-encyclopedia-of-human-computer-interaction-2nd-ed.

Other material will be articles for reading before each lecture, academic articles and excerpts from textbooks. Additionally, videos and other material will be assigned to lectures as required.

Assessment Plan

- 5% Class attendance
- 15% Mid-term written paper and presentation 1000 word hand in plus oral presentation on topic covered in the first half of the course.
- 45% Group activities and workshops participation in workshops and activities throughout each stage of the design process.
- 35% Project, presentation and written hand in final project assignment conducted throughout the course, completion of evaluated prototype, write-up and presentation of project. Each person needs to attend at least one of the other group's presentations.

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Midterm presentation & paper on a theoretical subject within HCI	CO6
2	HCI project conducted throughout the course	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO 5,CO7



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of written design materials
- Manual evaluation of presentations by students

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

As per institute policy

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DT 109 Research Methods				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Preeti Mudl	iar and Bala	ji Pa	Irthasarathy	
		F	lours		Component	
		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)		1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits =		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point sca	ale (<i>i</i>	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			-	•		
appropriate box)			Satisfactor	y/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if application	-					
(Choose by placing X in box agair		nore than two	areas from th	ie lis		
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and	
and Data			-		Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Х	Digital Society	
Learning			-		Cubor Socurity	
VLSI Systems General Elective			-		Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie one from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core ECE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than B ty following:) ses Elective		h:	
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	te exact course	e code	?/name)	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	YES	The course teaches students the importance of scientific research and the different methodologies that contribute to the production of research knowledge. It also teaches them different methods of data collection.
Focus on skill development	YES	Students learn a variety of quantitative methodologies such as chi square , ANOVA statistical tests and formulating survey studies and qualitative and ethnographic data collection methods such as field observations to interviews
Focus on entrepreneurship	YES	The course emphasizes primary quantitative and qualitative data collection skills that contribute to various phases of technology development, evaluation, and design.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	YES	Students learn to read and evaluate scientific research arguments. They also learn to analyze quantitative and qualitative data and write and publish their own research papers.

Course Context and Overview

This course will provide an overview of the philosophical foundations of social science research methods. It will serve as a holistic introduction to modes of explanation and traditions of social inquiry that contribute to conceptual and methodological building blocks in the conduct of research. It will offer students a preliminary footing to appreciate the quantitative and qualitative traditions of research methods by assessing the strengths and limitations of each of the methods, the conditions under which each of the methods is used, the generalizability and purpose of each of the methods, as well as the ethical implications of doing research.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	ज्ञानमुत्तसम् Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the different philosophies and traditions of research methodologies	P01, P02	U	С	3	1
CO2	Learn about the nature and application of qualitative research methods to research	PO1, PO2	U, App	С	1	1
CO3	Learn to conceptualize and formulate research design, sampling, and research questions	PO1, PO2	App, An, Ev, Cr	С	3	1
CO4	Learn and apply ethical principles of conducting research including informed consent and ethical data collection practices	PO1, PO2, PO3	U, App	C,P	3	1
CO5	Learn about qualitative data collection procedures such as field observations,formulating interview questions and conducting in-depth interviews, content analysis, discourse analysis. Learn about quantitative procedures such as sampling methods, confidence interval in statistics, survey methods, experimental design, ANOVA tests	PO1, PO2	U, App	C, P	13	4
CO6	Apply research design and data collection skills by undertaking a research study	PO1, PO2	App, An,	P, M	13	4
CO7	Learn to analyse quantitative and qualitative data and write a mini research paper	PO1, PO2	U, App, An, Ev, C	C, P	6	2
CO8	Understand the publication process in academic research	PO1, PO2	U	С	3	1
Total Hours)/PSO: Programma Outcomes / Programma Stracific Outcomes				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Module 1: (CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4) Seven lectures and one presentation session

Introduction to research philosophies and methodologies Formulating research questions Sampling Ethics and informed consent



Module 2: (CO5, CO6) Seven lectures and one discussion session

Field observations Interviews Online observations and interviewing

Module 3: (CO4, CO5, CO6) Five lectures

Survey methods Experimental design Content Analysis and Discourse Analysis

Module 4: (CO6, CO7, CO8) Six lectures and three discussion sessions

Chi square and ANOVA Data analysis Writing Publishing

Instruction Schedule



Module 1: Philosophy of science

- Knowledge and Explanations
- Causality and Inferences

Module 2: Sampling

Module 3: Quantitative traditions

- Social statistics
- Survey methods
- Experimental design

Module 4: Qualitative traditions

- Fieldwork
- Observations
- Interviews

Module 5: Research Design

Module 6: Research Ethics

Module 7: Other Contexts

- Content Analysis
- Discourse Analysis

Module 8: Transcribing and analysing Data Writing and presenting research



1.

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Readings for the course draw from various papers and books. These resources are made available to the students through the LMS portal. Some of the suggested readings for the course are mentioned below:

- 1. The following is a list of required references:
- 2. Geertz, Clifford (1973). The Interpretation of Cultures. New York: Basic Books Inc.
- 3. Hine, Christine (2005) Virtual Methods: Issues in Social Science Research on the Internet. Oxford; New York: Berg.
- 4. Jones, Steve (1999) Doing Internet Research: Critical Issues and Methods for Examining the Net. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- 5. Markham, Annette and Nancy Baym. (2009) Internet Inquiry: Conversations about Method. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- 6. Miles, M. B., & Huberman, A. M. (1994). Qualitative data analysis: An expanded sourcebook. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- 7. Wolcott, H. F. (2002). Sneaky kid and its aftermath: Ethics and intimacy in fieldwork. Walnut Creek, CA: Alta Mira Press.
- 8. Wolcott, H. F. (1994). Transforming qualitative data: Description, analysis, and interpretation. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- 9. Warren, C.A.B. & Karner, Tracy X. (2005). Discovering qualitative methods: Field research, interviews, and analysis. CA: Roxbury Publishing Company.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 1. Class participation: 5%
- 2. Sampling exercise: 10%
- 3. Research Design: 15%
- 4. Survey project: 10%
- 5. Observation and Interview exercises: 15%
- 6. Project presentations: 15%
- 7. Final paper: 30%



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappi
		ng
1.	Class Participation: Participation in class is determined by engagement with	CO 1-
	the lectures and readings by asking questions and concerns	CO8
2.	Sampling exercise: Draw a sampling plan based on the given scenario and	CO3
	goals	
3.		CO1,
	Research Design: Write a research design for a project that you will work on	CO2,
	through the semester	CO3
4.		CO4,
	Survey project: Conduct a survey for your research project	CO5
5.		CO4,
	Observation and Interview exercises: Engage in field observation and	CO5,
	conduct interviews in keeping with the research design	CO6,
6.		CO7,
	Project presentations: Oral presentations to the class on research findings	CO8
7.	Final paper: Written research paper presenting findings of the research	CO7,
	project	CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students are required to adhere to deadlines. Extensions are granted for exceptional circumstances when ever warranted.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Citations will be accepted in any recognized style (APA, MLA, Chicago, ACM etc). The Purdue Writing Lab is a handy resource to check your citation and reference format. <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/purdue_owl.html</u>

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

Plagiarism is a serious misdemeanor in the research community. The class discusses plagiarism and its consequences through the course. Attribution of ideas and scholarship is a critical research practice. There will be zero tolerance for plagiarism and will result in zero grade on the assignment. In addition, regular IIIT-Bangalore policies on plagiarism will be enforced.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

Students requiring special accommodations owing to any special needs will be served to the best of the instructor's abilities and in keeping with institute policy. In the past, students with visual challenges have taken the course and the instructor is familiar with their needs. Students are encouraged to discuss their specific accessibility challenges with the instructor.



Course Code / Course Name		DT 113 Qualitative Research Methods					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Preeti Mudli	ar				
		H	lours		Component		
		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutonal : Practical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits =		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	e (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			Catiata atam	/1.1.4	a = t = f = a + a = t = (0, 1, 1)		
appropriate box)			Satisfactory	/Un	satisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applica	-						
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the	list			
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and		
and Data	1.2		_	_	Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			x	Digital Society		
Learning VLSI Systems			-	_	Cyber Security		
General Elective			-	_			
General Liective							
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ one from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than of Brown brollowing:) ees Elective		h:		
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	te exact course c	ode.	/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	YES	The course teaches students the importance of scientific research and the different methodologies that contribute to the production of research knowledge. It also teaches them different methods of data collection.
Focus on skill development	YES	Students learn a variety of qualitative and ethnographic data collection methods ranging from field observations, interviews, authoethnography, and digital data collection methods
Focus on entrepreneurship	YES	The course emphasizes primary qualitative data collection skills that contribute to various phases of technology development, evaluation, and design.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	YES	Students learn to read and evaluate scientific research arguments. They also learn to analyze qualitative data and write and publish their own research papers.

Course Context and Overview

This course will introduce the students to the major forms of qualitative research methods. The course will train students to analyze the ethical implications, the strengths and limitations of each of the methods, the conditions under which each of the methods is used, as well as the generalizability and purpose of each of the methods. In addition to learning about specific methods such as observations and interview techniques the students will be trained in analyzing and presenting the different forms of data collected through these methods.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the different philosophies and traditions of research methodologies	PO1, PO2	U	С	3	1
CO2	Learn about the nature and application of qualitative research methods to research	PO1, PO2	U, App	С	1	1



	ज्ञानमुत्तमम्					
CO3	Learn to conceptualize and formulate research design, sampling, and research questions	PO1, PO2	App, An, Ev, Cr	С	3	1
CO4	Learn and apply ethical principles of conducting research including informed consent and ethical data collection practices	PO1, PO2, PO3	U, App	C,P	3	1
CO5	Learn about qualitative data collection procedures such as field observations, photographing the field, formulating interview questions and conducting in- depth interviews, autoethnography, photo elicitation, diary studies, cultural probes, mapping and sketching	PO1, PO2	U, App	C, P	13	4
CO6	Apply research design and data collection skills by undertaking a research study	PO1, PO2	App, An,	P, M	13	4
CO7	Learn to analyse qualitative data and write a qualitative research paper	PO1, PO2	U, App, An, Ev, C	C, P	6	2
CO8	Understand the publication process in academic research	PO1, PO2	U	С	3	1
Total Hours					45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Module 1: (CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4) Seven lectures and one presentation session

Introduction to research philosophies and methodologies Formulating research questions Sampling Ethics and informed consent

Module 2: (CO5, CO6) Seven lectures and one discussion session

Field observations Interviews Online observations and interviewing

Module 3: (CO4, CO5, CO6) Five lectures

Additional qualitative data collection methods Researcher positionality and reflexivity



Module 4: (CO6, CO7, CO8) Six lectures and three discussion sessions Data analysis Writing Publishing

Instruction Schedule

Module I

- 1. Introduction Why methods matter
- 2. Research philosophies
- 3. On the Continuum of Qualitative-Quantitative-Mixed Methods Research
- 4. Asking Research Questions
- 5. Sampling
- 6. Sampling exercises
- 7. Ethics and Informed Consent

Module II

- 8. Getting to the Field
- 9. Field Entree and Staying There
- 10. Observations
- 11. Photographing the field
- 12. Qualitative Interviews Formulating Questions
- 13. Conducting Interviews
- 14. Online Interviewing
- 15. Mid-semester discussion and review

Module III

- 16. Subjectivity, Reflexivity, and Representation
- 17. Qualitative readings of Quantitative Data
- 18. Autoethnography
- 19. Getting creative: Activities and participant self-expression-based methods



20. Content Analysis

Module IV

- 21. Assessing validity and reliability
- 22. Data Analysis Transcription and constant comparative analysis
- 23. Data Analysis Formulating axes and categories
- 24. Data Analysis Exercises
- 25. Writing research papers
- 26. Research publishing
- 27. Presentations and discussions

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Readings for the course draw from various papers and books. These resources are made available to the students through the LMS portal. Some of the suggested readings for the course are mentioned below:

- 1. Kuhn, Thomas S. 1962. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions. University of Chicago press.
- 2. Silverman, David. 2017. Chapter 2. "What you can and can't do with qualitative research" In Doing Qualitative Research. 5th Edition. Sage.
- 3. Agee, Jane. 2009. "Developing qualitative research questions: a reflective process." *International journal of qualitative studies in education* 22.4. 431-447
- 4. Corbin, J. and Strauss, A. 2008. Chapter 7. "Theoretical Sampling". In Basics of Qualitative Research. pp. 143-148. Sage Publications.
- 5. Silverman, David. 2013. Chapter 4. Ethical Research. In Doing Qualitative Research. Fourth edition. Sage Publications.
- 6. Burrell, Jenna. 2009. The Field Site as a Network: A Strategy for Locating Ethnographic Research. *Field Methods.*
- Clifford, James. 1997. Spatial practices: Fieldwork, Travel, and the Disciplining of Anthropology. Anthropological locations: Boundaries and grounds of a field science, 185-222. In Gupta, A., & Ferguson, J. (Eds.) Anthropological locations: Boundaries and grounds of a field science. Univ of California Press.
- Lofland, John., Snow, David., Anderson, Leon., Lofland, Lyn. 2006. Chapter 3. Getting In (pp. 33-53). In Analyzing Social Settings. A Guide to Qualitative Observation and Analysis. Wadsworth, Cengage Learning.
- 9. Wolfinger, N. H. 2002. On writing fieldnotes: collection strategies and background expectancies. Qualitative research, 2(1), 85-93.



- 10. Becker, H. S. 1958. Problems of inference and proof in participant observation. American sociological review, 23(6), 652-660.
- 11. Pink, Sarah. 2013. Introduction, Chapter 1 and Chapter 2. (pp. 1 46). In Doing Visual Ethnography. Sage Publications.
- 12. Becker, Howard, and Geer, Blanche. 1957. Participant observation and interviewing: A comparison. *Human organization* 16, no. 3 (1957): 28-32.
- 13. Weiss, Robert S.1995. Chapters 3, 4, and 5. *Learning From Strangers: The Art and Method of Qualitative Interview Studies*. Simon and Schuster.
- 14. Kvale, Steinar. 2006. Dominance through Interviews and Dialogues. *Qualitative Inquiry* 12, no. 3: 480-500.
- 15. Chen, Julienne, and Pearlyn Neo. "Texting the waters: An assessment of focus groups conducted via the WhatsApp smartphone messaging application." *Methodological Innovations* 12, no. 3 (2019): 2059799119884276.
- 16. Bott, Esther. 2010. Favourites and Others: Reflexivity and the Shaping of Subjectivities and Data in Qualitative Research. *Qualitative Research*. 10, no. 2 (2010): 159-173.
- 17. Erete, Sheena, Aarti Israni, and Tawanna Dillahunt. 2018. An Intersectional Approach to Designing in the Margins. *Interactions* 25, no. 3: 66-69.
- D'Ignazio, Catherine, and Lauren F. Klein. 2020. Chapter 3. On Rational, Scientific, Objective Viewpoints from Mythical, Imaginary, Impossible Standpoints. Pp. 73-96. *Data feminism*. MIT Press, 2020.
- 19. Crawford, Kate., Gray, Mary., & Miltner, Kate. 2014. Critiquing Big Data: Politics, ethics, epistemology. International Journal of Communication, 8(10).
- 20. Ellis, Carolyn, Tony E. Adams, and Arthur P. Bochner. 2011. Autoethnography: an overview. *Historical social research/Historische sozialforschung* : 273-290.
- 21. Harper, Douglas. 2002. Talking about pictures: A case for photo elicitation. Visual studies, 17(1), 13-26.
- Krippendorff, Klaus. 1989. Content analysis. In E. Barnouw, G. Gerbner, W. Schramm, T. L. Worth, & L. Gross (Eds.), International encyclopedia of communication (Vol. 1, pp. 403-407). New York, NY: Oxford University Press.
- 23. Whittemore, Robin, Susan K. Chase, and Carol Lynn Mandle. 2001. Validity in Qualitative Research. *Qualitative Health Research*. 11, no. 4: 522-537.
- 24. Miles, Huberman, and Saldana. Chapter 11. Drawing and Verifying Conclusions. Pp. 275 322.
- 25. Charmaz, Kathy. 2014. Chapter 5 and 6. Constructing Grounded Theory: A Practical Guide through Qualitative Analysis. Sage.



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 1. Class participation: 5%
- 2. Sampling exercise: 10%
- 3. Research Design: 15%
- 4. Positionality and reflexivity statement: 10%
- 5. Observation and Interview exercises: 15%
- 6. Project presentations: 15%
- 7. Final paper: 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S.	Focus of Assignment / Project	
No.		
1.	. Class Participation: Participation in class is determined by engagement with	
	the lectures and readings by asking questions and concerns	
2.	Sampling exercise: Draw a sampling plan based on the given scenario and goals	
3.		CO1,
	Research Design: Write a research design for a project that you will work on	CO2,
	through the semester	CO3
4.	Positionality and reflexivity statement: Reflect on your positionality as a	CO4,
	researcher and how it affects your data collection process	CO5
5.		CO4,
	Observation and Interview exercises: Engage in field observation and	CO5,
	conduct interviews in keeping with the research design	CO6,
6.		CO7,
	Project presentations: Oral presentations to the class on research findings	CO8
7.	Final paper: Written research paper presenting findings of the research	CO7,
	project	CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission



Students are required to adhere to deadlines. Extensions are granted for exceptional circumstances when ever warranted.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Citations will be accepted in any recognized style (APA, MLA, Chicago, ACM etc). The Purdue Writing Lab is a handy resource to check your citation and reference format. <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/purdue_owl.html</u>

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

Plagiarism is a serious misdemeanor in the research community. The class discusses plagiarism and its consequences through the course. Attribution of ideas and scholarship is a critical research practice. There will be zero tolerance for plagiarism and will result in zero grade on the assignment. In addition, regular IIIT-Bangalore policies on plagiarism will be enforced.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

Students requiring special accommodations owing to any special needs will be served to the best of the instructor's abilities and in keeping with institute policy. In the past, students with visual challenges have taken the course and the instructor is familiar with their needs. Students are encouraged to discuss their specific accessibility challenges with the instructor.



Course Code / Course Nar	ne	DT201 Engineering and Management of Large Digital					
		Systems					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Amit Prakash						
		Hours				onent	
Credits (LT:P)		3			Lecture $(1hr = 1)$,	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practic	cal)	1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
	<i></i> ,			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		X	4-point s	cale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/Ur	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)	
Area of Specialization (if a	polica	ble)					
(Choose by placing X in box again			areas from	the lis	<i>t</i>)		
Theory and Systems for Corr			5		Networking and		
and Data					Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	hine			X	Digital Society		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch	Course	is restricted to	a the follow	ing pro	ogrammes / branc	h(es):	
Frogramme / Branch			X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra	11 1					
		iMTech			CSE	1	
		M.Tech			ECE		
	Х	M.Sc.		Х	Digital Society		
Course Category	Select	one from the f	ollowing:				
	(Place)	X appropriately)				
		Basic Scienc	es				
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
	CSE Branch Elective						
		ECE Branch					
	Engineering	Science an	d Skills	6			
		HSS/M					
	Х	General					
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact cour	se code	e/name)		
		_					



Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Trains students to model complex social contexts; useful in drafting RFPs and high-
Direct focus on employability		level design documents
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

A recent research study by University of Oxford and McKinsey & Company reveals that 71% of large IT projects face cost overruns and 33% are more than 50% over budget; they are also found to deliver 56% less value than predicted. This is often a result of inconsistencies in managing the design and deployment processes in these projects and it is this that the proposed course will be concerned with. Projects that deploy digital technologies for addressing the needs of large and diverse population groups are often found to exhibit properties of complex systems and this course will introduce the students to different elements of complexity inherent in such systems. It also intends to use conceptual frameworks and practices involved in the engineering and management of IT projects drawn largely from theoretical positions developed in the discipline of systems engineering related largely to requirements specification, system architecture and design processes. Students will also be introduced to different systems thinking methodologies that have been found useful in resolving various aspects of the aforesaid complexity.

Course Outcomes and Competencies



Course Content

I. Background: Revisiting (traditional) software engineering and project management

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand constituents of complexity in social and socio-technical contexts, including heterogeneity, hierarchy, near-decomposability, redundancy, self-adaptation and emergence.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO2	Understand the nature of complex social problems, especially wicked problems and messy situations as opposed to tame and benign problems.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO3	Understand the significance of diverse perspectives while framing engineering and management challenges and approaches, particularly those related to requirements engineering and project management in large/complex IT projects.	PO3	U	C	6	2
CO4	Understand fundamentals of systems thinking approaches and their applications.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO5	Identify different components of a social/ socio- technical system and their inter-relationships.	PO3	Ар	Р	6	2
CO6	Apply systems thinking concepts, in general, and soft systems methodology, in particular, to model social/socio-technical complexity.	PO4	Ар	Р	6	2
C07	Draft requirement specifications and high-level system design documents that can lead into RFPs in case of external procurement.	PO1, PO2, PO4	С	P,M	9	3
	Total Number of Hours				45	15

approaches

II. Complexity, social problems and the nature of inquiry

III. Systems approaches; socio-technical systems

IV. Soft systems methodology

V. Group Project; Drafting of an RFP/high-level design document for a social change process involving digital technologies

Instruction Schedule

<u>Week 1 & 2</u>

- Introduction and Overview of the Course
- Bergman, M., King, J. L., & Lyytinen, K. (2002). Large-scale requirements analysis revisited: the need for understanding the political ecology of requirements engineering. *Requirements Engineering*, *7*(3), 152-171.
- Boehm, B.W. and Ross, R. (1989). Theory-W software project management: principles and examples. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 15(7), 902-916.



• Atkinson, R. (1999). Project management: cost, time and quality, two best guesses and a phenomenon, it's time to accept other success criteria. *International journal of project management*, *17*(6), 337-342.

Week 3 & 4

- Koskela, L. J., & Howell, G. (2002). The underlying theory of project management is obsolete. In *Proceedings of the PMI Research Conference* (pp. 293-302). PMI.
- Boehm, B. (2006, May). A view of 20th and 21st century software engineering. In *Proceedings of the 28th International Conference on Software Engineering* (pp. 12-29). ACM.
- Boehm, B. (2006). Some future trends and implications for systems and software engineering processes. *Systems Engineering*, *9*(1), 1-19.

Week 5

- Simon, H. A. (1962). The architecture of complexity, *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society*, Vol. 106, No. 6. (Dec. 12, 1962), pp. 467-482.
- Tan, J., Wen, H.J. & Awad, N. (2005). Healthcare and services delivery systems as complex adaptive systems. *Communications of the ACM*, Vol. 48 No. 5, pp. 36-44.

Week 6

- Dent, E. B. (1999). Complexity science: A worldview shift. *Emergence*, 1(4), 5-19.
- Heylighen, F., Cilliers, P., & Gershenson, C. (2006). Complexity and philosophy. *arXiv* preprint cs/0604072.
- Vincent, R. (2012). Insights from complexity theory for the evaluation of development action: Recognizing the two faces of complexity. *IKM Working Paper No. 14*, IKM Emergent Research Programme, European Association of Development Research and Training Institutes (EADI), Germany. <u>www.eadi.org</u>

Week 7 & 8

- Rittel, H. & Webber. M.(1984). Planning problems are wicked problems. *Developments in Design Methodology. New York: John Wiley & Sons*, 135-144.
- Head, B. W. (2008). Wicked problems in public policy. *Public Policy*, Vol. 3 No. 2, pp. 101-118
- livari, J., Hirschheim, R., & Klein, H. K. (1998). A paradigmatic analysis contrasting information systems development approaches and methodologies. *Information Systems Research*, *9*(2), 164-193.
- Hirschheim, R., & Klein, H. K. (1989). Four paradigms of information systems development. *Communications of the ACM*, *32*(10), 1199-1216.

<u>Week 9</u>

- Mingers, J., & White, L. (2010). A review of the recent contribution of systems thinking to operational research and management science. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 207(3), 1147-1161.
- Mumford, E. (2000). A socio-technical approach to systems design. *Requirements Engineering, 5:* 125-133



• Mumford, E. (2006). The story of socio-technical design: reflections on its successes, failures and potential. *Information Systems Journal, 16: 317-342*

Week 10 &11

- Reynolds, M (2011). Bells that still can ring: systems thinking in practice. In: Tait, Andrew and Richardson, Kurt eds. *Moving Forward with Complexity: Proceedings of the 1st International Workshop on Complex Systems Thinking and Real World Applications.* Litchfield Park, AZ: Emergent Publications, 327–349.
- Reynolds, M., & Holwell, S. (2010). Introducing systems approaches. In *Systems* approaches to managing change: A practical guide (pp. 1-23). Springer London.
- Pisano, U. (2012). Resilience and Sustainable Development: Theory of resilience, systems thinking and adaptive governance. *European Sustainable Development Network (ESDN)*, 26, 50.

Week 12 & 13

- Checkland, P. (1985). Achieving'desirable and feasible'change: an application of soft systems methodology. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 821-831.
- Checkland, P., & Poulter, J. (2010). Soft systems methodology. In *Systems approaches to managing change: A practical guide* (pp. 191-242). Springer London.
- Checkland, P. (2000). Soft systems methodology: a thirty year retrospective. *Systems Research and Behavioral Science*, *17*, S11-S58.
- Rose, J., & Haynes, M. (1999). A soft systems approach to the evaluation of complex interventions in the public sector. *Journal of Applied Management Studies*, 8(2), 1-19.

Week 14 & 15

Project activities; fieldwork; review; drafting of a RFP/high-level design document

Learning Resources

Please see the Instruction Schedule section above

Assessment Plan

Students will be assessed based on their participation in class discussions, submission of written assignments and class presentations and performance in mid-term and end-term assessments. The proposed weightage for various components is as follows:

- Class participation: 10%
- Class presentation: 10%
- Quizzes: 20%
- Group Project (drafting a design specifications/RFP document for a social change using



digital technologies): 35%

• End-term exam: 25%

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Group Project	CO2, CO5, CO6, CO7

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Late submission will generally not be entertained unless with prior approval of the Course Instructor.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per Institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

As per APA Citation Format (see <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/ref</u> <u>erence_list_electronic_sources.html</u> for more details)

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per Institute policy

Accommodation of Persons with Disabilities

As per Institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	DT 203: Information and Communication Technology Policy and Regulation					
Course Instructor Name(s)	V Sridhar					
	1	Hours	Component			
		45	Lecture $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$			
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		15	Tutorial $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$			
(Lecture : Tutoriar : Fractical)			Practical ($2hrs = 1$ credit)			
	L:T:P = 45:	15:0	Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against	X	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)				
appropriate box)		satisfactory (S / X)				
Area of Specialization (if applicable) (Choose by placing X in box against not a	more than two	areas from the li	st)			
Theory and Systems for Computing and Data			Networking and Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning		X	Digital Society			
VLSI Systems			Cyber Security			
General Elective						

Programme / Branch	Course is restricted to the following programmes (branch(as))					
r rogramme / Branch	Course is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):					
	(Place X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Programme: Branch:					
	iMTech					
	M.Tech					
	X M.Sc.					
	CSE					
	ECE					
	X Digital Society					
Course Category	Select one from the following:					
	(Place X appropriately)					
	Basic Sciences					
	CSE Core					
	ECE Core					
	CSE Branch Elective					
	ECE Branch Elective					
	Engineering Science and Skills					
	X HSS/M					
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name)					
	None					



Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills	Yes	Provides students an appreciation of the socio- technical challenges posed by the behavior of individuals, firms and governments in the ICT industry and the associated regulations and policies to govern them in the positive
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		directions.

Course Context and Overview

There is a paradigm shift in the ICT industry today due to convergence in various technologies and services, the ubiquity of the Internet, the emergence of app economy, the pervasiveness of social media and peer-to-peer networking, the intelligence of terminal devices and applications, and the voluminous data that is being collected by networks and networking firms. These pose challenges in the areas of privacy, security, market power, pricing, interconnection, radio spectrum management, industry structure and Intellectual Property Rights. This course provides the theoretical and policy base for analyzing these issues. It is the objective of the course to expose students of technology to various socio-economic challenges such as mentioned above in te ICT sector and corresponding policy and regulatory guidelines for encouraging positive effects of innovation at the same time mitigating the negative effects, if any.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

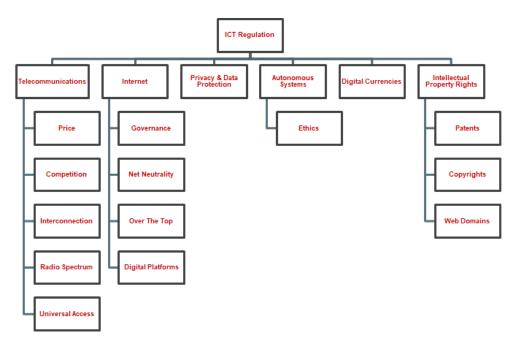
	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand theories of economic regulation and principles of price, competition, interconnection, universal access and net neutrality regulation as applicable to the Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) sector	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, An	F, C, P	9	3
CO2	Analyze the radio spectrum regulation for mobile services industry across countries	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, E	F,C,P	9	3



	सागगुरागगु					
CO3	Understand the administrative functioning and governance of the Internet	PO3, PO4	U	F,C,P	3	1
CO4	Analyze the principles of Over The Top regulation as applicable to digital firms in different countries	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, E	F,C,P	9	3
CO5	Understand the application of privacy and ethical principles as applicable to digital firms across countries	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, E	F,C,P	9	3
CO6	Understand the principles of intellectual property rights and the corresponding regulations in different countries	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, E	F,C,P	3	1
C07	Understand the properties and functioning of digital currencies and the corresponding regulatory approaches governing the same	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, E	F,C,P	3	1
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

Telecommunications Regulation

- 1. Theory and principles of regulation
- 2. Regulatory institutions and processes
- 3. Competition regulation: monopoly and oligopoly structures, market dominance, antitrust
- 4. Price regulation: ex-ante and ex-poste, tariff regulation: ceiling and floor; predatory pricing, tying
- 5. Interconnection regulation: mobile termination, international settlements



- 6. Universal service regulation: definition of universal service, universal service levies, funding options, types of schemes
- 7. Scarce resource regulation: spectrum allocation and assignment, pricing and methodology of assignment. Optimal use and flexible use of radio spectrum, spectrum fragmentation vs. consolidation
- 8. Open access regulation

Internet Policy and Regulation

- 1. Infrastructure Commons and Economics
- 2. Internet governance: multi-stake holder community model
- 3. Regulation and governance of Domain Name Systems
- 4. Quality of Service/ Experience regulation of data services
- 5. Net Neutrality Regulation
- 6. Cyber and Information security policies
- 7. Content regulation: Digital TV, Internet

Regulation of the App Economy

- 1. Over-The-Top services and the associated "light touch" regulation
- 2. E-Commerce taxonomy: Associated regulations
- 3. Sharing and Peer-to-Peer economy and associated regulations
- 4. Regulatory arbitrage versus social benefits
- 5. Implications for tax, investment, privacy, and labour policies
- 6. Policies on start-ups across countries and best practices
- 7. Privacy and data protection principles and associated regulation
- 8. General Data Protection Regulation of the European Union, Indian Personal Data Protection Bill and their impacts
- 9. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Language: Ethics and Standards

Intellectual Property Laws and Regulation

- 1. Intellectual Property Rights: patents, copyright, trademark. Trade secret, domain names
- 2. Cross licensing, pooling, trolls
- 3. Standard Essential Patents and FRAND conditions
- 4. Patent Law: cross country comparison
- 5. Open source versus proprietary software

Digital Finance Regulation

- 1. Taxonomy of digital finance: Digital currency, wallets, Fintech, payment gateways, crypto currencies
- 2. Properties and functions of money: comparison of crypto currency and Gold against money
- 3. Regulatory issues in Crypto currencies

Instruction Schedule

Week	Торіс
1	Q1) Why regulation is required in the ICT sector? When, how and who will regulate?
	Why regulate telecom and ICT markets? What is the need to regulate? – market structure, externalities, rival and excludability of goods and services; when to regulate? – ex-ante/ ex-poste How to regulate – licensing as a method; taxonomy of licenses; regulatory processes and institutions.
	Readings:
	Chapter -1: Why regulate the ICT sector? In Sridhar (2019).
2	Q2) Why was that landline considered as a "natural monopoly"? How should natural monopolies be regulated?



	जानमुत्तमम्
	Competition Regulation: taxonomy of markets, monopoly: super normal profits, landline as a natural monopoly, regulation of monopolies and oligopolies, cartelization and collusion, Network effects and associated market power, market power assessment, anti-trust regulation
	Readings:
	Section 1.2.7 "Competition Regulation" in Sridhar (2019).
	Discussion paper:
	[1] Arnbak, J. (2000). Regulation for next-generation technologies and markets. Telecommunications Policy, 24(6-7), 477-487.
3	Price Regulation: Price squeeze, predatory pricing, taxonomy of bundling, associated regulatory interventions.
	Q3) Why are handsets and apps bundled in some markets? Can the regulation allow bundling?
	Readings:
	Section 1.2.8 "Price Regulation" in Sridhar (2019).
	Chapter 2. "What is the effect of bundling in Telecom". In Sridhar (2019)
	Discussion paper:
	[2] Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI). (2019). Consultation Paper on Tariff Issues of Telecom Services.
4	Universal Access Regulation : Theories of universal access, universal service obligation fund and associated policies, method of funding universal access, BharathNet and its implications for rural broadband access, Open Access regulation and its implications
	Q4) What are the methods to provide universal service?
	Readings:
	Section 1.2.9 "Universal Service Regulation" in Sridhar (2019).
	Discussion paper:
	[3] Preeti Mudliar. (2020). A Reality Check on India's Search for Digital Utopia
5	Interconnection Regulation: taxonomy of interconnection charges, mobile termination charges: domestic and international, associated regulations, international settlement charges, effect of Over The Top (OTT) apps on termination charges,
	Q5) How should International Termination Charges (ITC) be regulated and what are the effects of the same? Should the Mobile Termination Charges be regulated in view of emerging Internet Telephony type services being offered?
	Readings Chapter 3 on "Interconnection Regulation" in Sridhar (2019).
	Discussion video:
	[4] Discussion on recent reduction in Mobile Termination Charges by TRAI: Interview with Former Chairman of TRAI, Dr. R.S. Sharma, Available at: https://www.youtube.com/watch?y=AxORXXT8Ct0&t=864s
6-7	Spectrum Regulation: rival/non-rival, excludable/ non-excludable nature of licensed and unlicensed spectrum, India's spectrum policies, liberalized and un-liberalized spectrum, property rights management: spectrum trading, sharing, and leasing
	Q6) What should be the policy makers' approach to scarce resource allocation (such as radio spectrum assignment for mobile services)?

	лантани
	Readings
	Chapter 4 on "Spectrum Regulation" in Sridhar (2019).
	Discussion paper:
	[3] Discussion on 5G spectrum allocation in India & Indonesia
8	Regulatory Impact Assessment: The framework for RIA; example cases Internet policy and regulation: infrastructure commons and public good nature of Internet, domain name and IP
9	system governance and regulation, Internet governance: from US to global stakeholder community, Internationalized Domain Names (IDNs)
	Q8) Who governs the Internet? Is the new form of multi-stakeholder model of Internet governance encourage plurality of views or increase administrative and bureaucratic overhead?
	Readings:
	Sridhar, V. (2019). Chapter 6: Who Governs the Internet. In Emerging ICT Polices and Regulations: Roadmap to Digital EconomiesDiscussion Paper:
	Discussion paper:
	[6] Internationalized Domain Names. Chapter 6.6 of Sridhar (2019).
10	Net Neutrality Regulation: Taxonomy of Net Neutrality, cases on Net Neutrality, Voice over IP
	Q9) What are the nuances of Net Neutrality? What should be the regulatory directives when Net Neutrality rules are breached?
	Readings:
	Sridhar, V. (2019). Chapter 7: What are the nuances of Net Neutrality?
	Discussion paper:
	[7] Sridhar, V. (February 2019). Net Neutrality: Contradicting postures in the U.S. and India. CUTS International Washington DC Centre Policy Note #8.
11	Regulation of OTT communication and broadcasting services : Definition and Characteristics of OTT services, Taxonomy of OTT services, substitutability with TSP and broadcast services, Regulatory issues – emergency services, Unsolicited Commercial Communication, universal service obligation, mandatory channel provisioning in broadcasting
	Q10) Should OTT services be regulated? Should there be level playing field between telecom operators and OTT service providers?
	Readings:
	Sridhar, V. (2019). Chapter 11. Over The Top (OTT) Services – Should they be regulated much like Telecom Services?
	Discussion Papers
	[8] Australia New Media Act: https://www.cnbc.com/2021/02/25/australia-passes-its-news-media-bargaining- code.html
12	Regulation of Digital Platforms : Taxonomy of digital platforms, characteristics of two-sided markets, regulatory issues in digital two-sided platforms, use cases from: transportation, and e-commerce
	Readings:
I	



	<u>चानमुत्तमम्</u>
	Sridhar, V. Chapter 10. Should digital platforms be regulated? If so, why?
	Discussion Papers
	[9] How home sharing platforms such as Airbnb are doing self-regulation in Covid times?
13-15	Privacy Laws and Regulations: Taxonomy of privacy, cases of privacy violations, associated laws and regulations, global data protection acts, General Data Protection Regulation, implications for OTTs, national identities and associated privacy regulations
	Q) What is the trade-off between convenience and privacy? Should regulators intervene or leave it to parties to decide?
	Readings:
	Daniel J. Solove, A Taxonomy of Privacy, 154 U. Pa. L. Rev. 477 (2006).
	Sridhar, V. Chapter 12. What are the privacy issues over data collected by the Internet and telecom firms?
	Discussion Papers:
	[10] Kalman, L. (2019). New European data privacy and cyber security laws: one year later. Communications of the ACM, 62(4), 38-38.
13-15	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Language: Impact on public policy:
	Q) Should AI/ML based technology services be regulated? What are the trade-offs between innovation and ethics?
	AI for all principles, Challenges in adopting Autonomous systems, Trustworthy AI, Ethical principles for building AI systems, Standardization efforts, Public policy and regulatory challenges in the context of AI and autonomous systems
	Discussion Paper:
	[14] Monroe, D. (2018). AI, explain yourself. Communications of the ACM, 61(11), 11-13.
13-15	IP laws and regulation: patents, copyrights, copylefts, trademarks, trade secrets, patent filing and administration of patents, patent trolls, litigation, NPEs, patent cross licensing, software patents, Standard Essential Patents and FRAND, design and utility patents, cases in software patents and arbitrations, Copyrights of APIs
	Q) Should the IP Policies encourage patenting? How can market power of patent holder be regulated? Should software programs to be allowed to be patented? What should be the policies regarding SEPs? Readings:
	Readings:
	Sridhar (2019). Chapter 5: Intellectual Property or Creative Commons?
	Discussion Paper:
10.1-	[11] Samuelson, P. (2019). API copyrights revisited. Communications of the ACM, 62(7), 20-22.
13-15	Digital Finance regulation:
	Q) Should digital currencies be regulated? What is the regulatory trade-offs between digital finance and financial security and liability?
	taxonomy of digital finance, monetary policies and digital cash economy, crypto currencies and associated policies, Bitcoin exchanges
	Discussion papers:
	[12] Kirkpatrick, K. (2019). Regulating information technology.Communications of the ACM. 62(12). 19-21.



	[13] Prayogo, G. (2018). Bitcoin, regulation and the importance of national legal reform. Asian Journal of
	Law and Jurisprudence, 1(1), 1-9.
13-15	Cyber Security Regulation:
	Q) What are cyber crime? How should laws and regulations be framed to prevent cyber crime and terrorism?
	Taxonomy of cyber crime and cyber terrorism, different clauses of IT Act 2000, International treaties for cyber
	terrorism

Learning Resources

Text Book

Sridhar, V. (2019). Emerging ICT Polices and Regulations: Roadmap to Digital Economies. Springer Nature.

Reference Books

- 1. **[VS]** Sridhar, V. (2012). Telecom Revolution in India: Technology, Regulation and Policy. New Delhi, India: Oxford University Press, ISBN-13: 978-0-19-807553-0; ISBN-10: 0-19-807553-7.
- 2. **[PS]** Prasad, R., and Sridhar, V. (2014). The Dynamics of Spectrum Management: Legacy, Technology, and Economics. Oxford University Press, ISBN-13: 978-0-19-809978-9; ISBN-10: 0-19-809978-9.
- 3. [NW] Nuechterlein, J., & Weiser, P. (2005). "Digital Crossroads". Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- 4. **[LP]** Lehr, W.H., and Pupillo, L.M. (2009). Internet Policy and Economics: Challenges and Perspectives (Edited), Springer, ISBN: 978-1-4419-0037-1.
- 5. **[LM]** Liebowitz, S.J., and Margolis, S.E. (1999). Winners, Losers & Microsoft: Competition and Antitrust in High Technology, ISBN: 0-945999-80-1.
- 6. **[VHV]** Viscusi, W.K., Harrington, J.E., and Vernon, J.M. (2005). Economics of Regulation and Antitrust. MIT Press. ISBN: 0-262-22075-X.
- 7. **[GP]** Guellec, D., and Potterie, B. (2012). The Economics of the European Patent System. Oxford University Press. ISBN: 978-0-19-929206-6.
- 8. [Infodev] Telecommunications Regulation Handbook. (Ed.) Colin Blackman and Lara Srivastava.
- 9. [CDL] Chuen, David Lee. (2015). Handbook of Digital Currency. Academic Press.
- 10. Selected papers from Communications of the CACM, Review of Network Economics, and Telecommunications Policy will be given for class discussions.

Assessment Plan

Component	Marks
In-class attendance and off-line video viewing	10%
>90%: 10%; 85-90%: 7.5%; 80-85%: 5%; 75-80%-2.5%; <75%: 0%	
Discussion Paper Presentation	20% (2×10%)
Quizzes	15% (3×5%)
Group Project: Regulatory Impact Assessment	15%
Interim deliverable: 5%	
Final deliverable: 10%	
Mid Term Exam	20%
End Term Exam	20%



Total

100%

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Discussion Papers presented by groups of students to help anchor the concepts more firmly, student groups will be assigned papers of contemporary regulatory issues. Groups will present a critical review of the issues discussed in the paper	PO3, PO5
2	Groups of students work on a regulatory problem and propose a Regulatory Impact Assessment .	PO3, PO5

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- 1. Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- 2. Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not Applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

One make-up quiz is given to accommodate anyone who missed one of the quizzes due to unavoidable circumstances. There are no make-ups for mid or end term exams.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	DT 205 Technology in Development						
Course Instructor Name(s)	Janaki Srini						
		Hours			Component		
	3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)	1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Practical)	(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scal	e (A,	A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against							
appropriate box)			Satisfactory	/Uns	satisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if application	-						
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from th	ie lis			
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and		
and Data			-		Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Х	Digital Society		
			_		Cubor Security		
VLSI Systems General Elective			-		Cyber Security		
General Elective			_				
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie one from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than B by ty collowing:) ees Elective		:h:		
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact course	code	e/name)		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Teaches students how social divides shape the heterogeneous consequences of a technology initiative, and sensitises them to the importance of factoring this into the design, deployment and use of digital technologies for diverse populations
Focus on skill development	Yes	Teaches critical thinking and analytical skills
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Highlights cases of development-focussed entrepreneurial ventures; teaches how to analyse the challenges and promise of such ventures
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Trains students in reading, writing and skills of constructing an evidence-based argument about the working of a technology initiative

Course Context and Overview

This course explores how the digital space shapes a multiplicity of social, economic, political and cultural inequalities in contemporary society. It will focus on two dimensions of such divides in the digital era: first, how classical inequalities and debates about them are reproduced in the digital space and, second, how the digital space might open up opportunities to challenge these divides. We will use the example of development theory and practice to introduce students to such divides and to understand how they have been conceptualized and addressed over time in the context of 'developing' countries. An important goal of the course will be to offer students the opportunity to think more critically about the possibilities and limits of ICT for Development (ICTD) projects.

'Development' has come to stand in for a variety of social, economic and political transformations in the past century, with its meaning and goals being redefined many times in that period. Our first step in this course will be to distinguish between the various senses of 'development' that prevail. We will trace the interplay of these different histories and meanings of development to understand why trajectories of social change have diverged dramatically in different geographies and times. Throughout, our focus will be on the central role accorded to technology in these theories and processes of social change. Subsequent modules will focus more narrowly on the contemporary production, deployment and use of novel digital technologies against the backdrop of this relationship between distinct senses of development. They will draw on examples of digital technology use in the domains of health, education, agriculture, governance and political advocacy in parts of Asia, South America and Africa. Our examples help us understand how the many kinds of development we studied shape digital spaces and, in so doing, open up possibilities for that space to be leveraged both to reinforce and to challenge existing inequalities and divides in different geographies.

In keeping with the larger goals of the Digital Society and other Masters programmes at IIITB, the lectures and assignments of the course are structured so as to encourage students to understand the socioeconomic, cultural, and political factors that shape the implications of technology deployment in a development context and for various marginalised populations. They also encourage students to carry out



independent secondary research of significant depth on a given geography, sector and ICTD initiative. Throughout, the course provides opportunities to students to apply their understanding of social divides to the reproduction and contestation of social divides in the design, deployment and use of digital technologies.

This course will be a foundation for students planning to take courses on e-governance, AI ethics or Social Media that examine technology use in the context of marginalised communities.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the types of social and digital divides and their roots in gender, class, caste, race, and region.	PO3	R, U	С	7.5	
CO2	Understand the evolution of development theories and their critiques, including contemporary debates on development metrics and goals,	PO3, PO5	R, U, An	F, C	9	3
CO3	Understand the role of technology in achieving developmental goals	PO3, PO5	R, U, An	F, C	3	
CO4	Understand the vision, ICT infrastructure and ICT policy environment that were developed and deployed in different parts of the globe since the 2000s	PO3	U, Ap, An, E	F, C	4.5	2
CO5	Understand the innovations in ICT that were developed and deployed in different parts of the globe since 2000 in education, healthcare, agriculture, finance, and governance,	PO3	U, Ap, An, E	F, C	7.5	2



CO6	Understand the innovations in ICT that were developed and deployed in different parts of the globe since 2000 in livelihood-related activities,	PO3	U, Ap, An, E	F, C	8.5	2
CO7	Analyze how social divides are reproduced and contested in the design, deployment, and use of digital technologies	PO3, PO4	Ap, E	С	2.5	5
CO8	Conduct secondary research of significant depth on the development trajectory of a given low-income geography, a sector (such as education, agriculture, finance, governance) in that region and an ICTD initiative in that sector and geography	PO1, PO2	Ap, An, C	C, MC	2.5	5
					45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Module 1 (towards CO1, CO8): **Divides, Digital and Social** (4 lectures, 1 essay discussion session) • Theories of information society and digital divides

• Introduction to studying divides using the example of development theory and practice

Module 2 (towards CO2, CO3, CO7, CO8): Theories and critiques of Development (8 lectures, 1 essay discussion session)

• Overview of the multiple meanings and goals of 'development' and how these have been contested by various actors at different points in history

- Differentiating between 'little d' and 'Big D' development, and how they shape each other
- Classical theories explaining capitalism (little d development) and the role of technology in each
- Outlining the eras of interventional Development since WWII (Big D development) and the role of technology in each: Modernization approach, Dependency Theory, Washington Consensus and the Neo-Liberal Turn, Post-Development Critiques
- Insights from history and a framework to study digital technologies in development: o identifying role of state vs. market
 - o understanding efficiency vs. equity implications of various development models and metrics o learning to see role of structures and agency in how technological initiatives work

Module 3 (towards CO4, CO5, CO6. CO7, CO8): **ICT for D** (9 lectures, 1 essay discussion session) • The role of devices, points of access and standards in ICTD interventions



· Cases of ICT deployment in education, finance, health, agriculture

• Analysing what is assumed and obscured, role of state and market, of structure and agency in each case

Module 4 (towards CO7, CO7, CO8): ICTs in 'little d' development (4 lectures, 1 essay discussion session)

• The commoditization of land, labour and knowledge as part of the capitalist development of ICT industries

• Dissent in the digital era

Module 5 (towards CO1): Wrap-up (1 lecture)

• Bring together threads from earlier modules to discuss alternative ways of thinking about the use of ICTs in the current conjecture of d/Development

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Module 1

Session 1 Introduction to class

Session 2 Is the World Flat in the Age of Information?

Session 3 Living in an Information Society

Session 4 Theories of Digital Divides

Session 5 Discussion of Essay Rationale in class

Module 2

Session 6 The Many Definitions of Development

Session 7 Theories of Capitalist development I

Session 8 Theories of Capitalist development II

Session 9 Modernization and Dependency Schools of Development

Session 10 Challenges to the modernization approach (1970s)

Submission of Essay 1

Session 11Structural Adjustment and the Washington Consensus (1980s)

Session 12 Discussion of Essay 2 plan in class

Session 13 Post Development: Participatory and Sustainable Development?

Session 14 Post Development (contd.): Development through Markets?

MID-TERM: Submission of Essay 2

Module 3

Session 15 The Vision for ICTD in the 2000s Session 16 ICT Infrastructures – Devices, Connectivity, Access and Algorithms Session 17 ICT Policy Environment – Standards, Regulation and Ethics Session 18 ICTs in Literacy, Education, and Learning Session 19 ICTs in Finance Session 20 Discussion of Essay 3 plan in class Session 21 ICTs in Agriculture Session 22 ICTs in Health, Nutrition and Disability Session 23 ICTs in Governance and Social Protection Session 24 What is Assumed and What is Obscured in ICTD interventions Module 4 Session 25 Discussing Essay 3 outline Session 26 Real Estate in a Virtual World? Session 27 Digital Labour Session 28 Knowledge in the Age of Information Session 29 Digital Counter Movements? Module 5



Session 30 Beyond Empowerment and Instrumental Use?

END TERM: Submission of Essay 3

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] There is no single prescribed textbook for this course. Students will rely on lecture notes and assigned readings (excerpted from books or articles, a few of which are mentioned below). These will be made available on the institute LMS.

• Bhatia, A and Bhabha, J. 2017. "India's Aadhaar scheme and the promise of inclusive social protection." *Oxford Development Studies* Vol. 45 (1), pp. 64-79.

• Bonilla, Yarimar, and Jonathan Rosa. 2015. "# Ferguson: Digital protest, hashtag ethnography, and the racial politics of social media in the United States." *American Ethnologist* 42, no. 1: 4-17.

• Chan, Jenny, Ngai Pun, and Mark Selden. 2013. "The politics of global production: Apple, Foxconn and China's new working class." *New Technology, Work and Employment* 28, no. 2: 100-115.

• Easterly, William R. 2002. The Elusive Quest for Growth: Economists' Adventures and Misadventures in the Tropics. Reprint edition. Cambridge, Mass.: The MIT Press.

• Escobar, Arturo. 1995. "Imagining a Post-Development Era." In *Power of Development* edited by J. Crush. London: Routledge.

• Eubanks, Virginia. 2018. "A Child Abuse Prediction Model Fails Poor Families" *WIRED*, January 15. Evans, Peter. 2010. "Is it labor's turn to globalize? Twenty-first century opportunities and strategic responses." *Global Labour Journal* 1, no. 3.

• Francis, E., Blumenstock, J., & Robinson, J. (2017). "Digital Credit: A Snapshot of the Current Landscape and Open Research Questions." *Working Paper 516*, The Bureau for Research and Economic Analysis of Development.

• Frank, Andre Gunder. 1966 'The Development of Underdevelopment,' Monthly Review (18): pp. 17-31.

• Gandhi, Rikin; Rajesh Veeraraghavan; Kentaro Toyama, and Vanaja Ramprasad. 2007. "Digital Green: Participatory video for agricultural extension." In *IEEE Proceedings of Information and Communication Technologies and Development*, 2007: 1-10.

•Jensen, Robert. 2007. "The Digital Provide: Information (Technology), Market Performance, and Welfare in the South Indian Fisheries Sector." *The Quarterly Journal of Economics* 122 (3): 879–924.

• Jessop, Bob. 2007. Knowledge as a fictitious commodity: Insights and limits of a Polanyian perspective. In *Reading Karl Polanyi for the twenty-first century: Market economy as political project*. Palgrave, Basingstoke, pp. 115-134.

• Morawczynski, O. 2009. "Exploring the usage and impact of "transformational" mobile financial services: the case of M-PESA in Kenya." *Journal of Eastern African Studies* 3(3): 509-525

• Upadhya, Carol. 2007. "Employment, Exclusion and 'Merit' in the Indian IT Industry." *Economic and Political Weekly*, pp. 1863-1868.

• Vie, Stephanie. 2014. "In defense of "slacktivism": The Human Rights Campaign Facebook logo as digital activism." *First Monday* 19, no. 4.

• W. W. Rostow, 1960. *The Stages of Economic Growth: A Non-Communist Manifesto.* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

• Warschauer, Mark and Morgan Ames. 2010. "Can One Laptop Per Child Save the

• Webster, Frank. 2006. Theories of the Information Society. London; New York: Routledge. inclusive social protection." Oxford Development Studies Vol. 45 (1), pp. 64-79. World's Poor?" *Journal of International Affairs* 64(1)

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Assessment criteria:



- 1. Class participation 5%
- 2. Reading responses 10%
- 3. Leading class 10%
- 4. Essays (3) 75%
 - a. Examining a chosen country's development models 15%
 - b. Examining the development planning and priorities of a specific sector in that country- 25%
 - c. Examining an ICT initiative targeted at above sector in chosen country 35%

The evaluation criteria for each essay will be based on:

- Depth of country research
- Argument and linking to readings/concepts from class
- Clarity and structure in your writing

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
	Class participation : Throughout the semester, in lecture-based and discussion sessions. Your participation grade will be based on the extent to which you engage with the material and in our discussions in class - you will find it very hard to do either if you have not read the material for class.	CO1-CO6
	Leading class: Once or twice in the semester (depending on class size)	CO4, CO5, CO6
	You will be required to make a 15-minute presentation to the class at least once in the semester. Your presentation will be evaluated for its ability to summarize the main arguments of the readings assigned for that session and to raise questions.	
	Reading responses: 10 reading responses to be submitted through semester	CO3-CO6
	You are required to post your reading responses (150 – 250 words) by midnight the day prior to the session whose readings you are responding to. Individual responses will not be graded (but if you don't submit, that will reflect in your grade). You will be graded overall for your ability to engage with, connect and challenge the concepts introduced in your readings.	
	Module 2: You will respond to the readings assigned for a class session and post responses for all 8 lecture-based sessions in the module. Module 3 and 4: Reading responses for these modules will be Module-level i.e., you will be expected to respond to one question that we pose in each module. You may use readings from any one class from that module to answer that question.	
	Essays: 3 essays in the semester	CO7, CO8
	You will be required to write a sequence of three essays for this course. The essays will build on each other, and you will engage with them through the semester. Closer	



to the submission date of the essays, there will be an in-class discussion session where you will be required to discuss your essay plan with your classmates in groups.

You will pick a country that the World Bank currently lists as low or low-middle income and that is of interest to you. In your first essay, you will trace the history of development in that country since the early 20th century, paralleling the theories and histories we will discuss in class. For the second essay, you will pick a domain that has been the target of Development activity in that country (eg., governance, health, education) and trace its history, again paralleling class discussions. For your final essay, you will build on your previous essays and once again leverage discussions in class to analyse an ICT-based project currently underway in the country and domain you picked. In each case, you will use your essay to engage with the arguments of a relevant reading from class.

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided an opportunity to view their graded essays over email or in person. They will also have an opportunity to view other components of their score and enquire about them.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students will not be allowed to submit their essays or other assignments later than the deadline other than for valid medical reasons.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Students may follow any recognized citation standard such as APA, or Chicago, as long as they do so consistently.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



This class has a zero-tolerance policy towards plagiarism. Every time you plagiarize (even if you argue that it is merely quoting someone without citing them), and starting from the first such instance, you will receive a zero for that assignment. Please clear any citation queries you may have ahead of time

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

All readings and grading comments are made available in a digital format that is accessible for visually challenged students. Other accommodations will be as per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name	DT 301: Information Management				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. Uttam Kumar				
		H	lours	Component	
		3hrs	Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against					
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	-				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from the lis		
X Theory and Systems for Com	nputing			Networking and	
and Data				Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine			Digital Society	
				Cyber Security	
VLSI Systems General Elective				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X Select	X appropriate	ly. More than one Brand		
Course Pre-Requisites (Where None		CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M General			



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The students taking the Information Management course can be employed in industries focusing on database and report.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The students develop necessary skills to work with real time small and large databases.
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Information Management is an area of study that deals with different aspects dealing with digital information. The specific topics of relevance to this course are information modeling, information storage and retrieval. After they complete this course, the students should be able to pursue next level courses in the areas of software application development, data analysis, information architecture and so on.

Goal of the course:

- To introduce the fundamental concepts for designing, using and implementing database systems and database applications.
- To explore the fundamentals of database design.
- To learn database systems implementation techniques.

At the end of the course, the students should have knowledge and competencies in the following areas:

- Understand the principles of conceptual modeling.
- Design databases.
- Principles of database programming.
- Knowledge of DBMS components.
- Other data management technologies (e.g., data exchange, in-memory, etc.).

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the introductory concepts of database models, systems, architectures, terminology and languages.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C	5	0
CO2	Understand the entity-relationship modelling and database design.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C, P	3	0
CO3	Draw/prepare/create UML diagrams as per the principles of conceptual DB design.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	3	2
CO4	Perform data definition and data manipulation operations using SQL.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	5	6
CO5	Implement information management use cases in spreadsheet software	PO1, PSO2	Ар	Ρ	0	6

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Module 1: Introduction to Information Systems (3 hours)

- What is an information system
- Different types of information systems
- Components of an enterprise information system
- Elements of deployment architecture

Module 2: Data models (3 hours)

- Introduction database systems
- Types of data
- Role of data models in organizing and managing data
- Conceptual modeling using ER and UML

Module 3: Relational database design and implementation (9 hours)

- Relational data model
- Relational database design
- Data processing with SQL
- Case study of relational database design

Module 3: Database Management Systems (3 hours)

- Introduction to computer storage architectures
- Components of a DBMS



Module 5: Information Reporting (3 hours)

- Types of reports
- Report generation using reporting tools
- Data visualization

Module 6: Overview of other information models (3 hours)

- Introduction to XML
- Organizing information in spreadsheets
- Introduction to Big Data

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Date	Торіс
Session 1	Information Management
Session 2	Information Life Cycle
Session 3	Intro to database management
Session 4	DB design
Session 5	DB design
Session 6	Exam
Session 7	OR Mapping
Session 8	Introduction to DBMS
Session 9	Introduction to DBMS
Session 10	SQL Hands On
Session 11	Storage technologies and Excel Reporting
Session 12	Use of XML for information management
Session 13	XML Validation

Learning Resources

[Mention textbooks, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Fundamentals of Database Systems, R. Elmasri, and S. Navathe, Benjamin Cummings.
- Other white papers and reading material to be given as needed

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Final grade will be based on weights given below:



Assignment --- 20% Mid-Term exam --- 40% End-sem exam --- 40%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapp
о.		ing
1.	Design conceptual database schema for a given application.	CO3
2.	Write SQL queries for fetching data from relational databases	CO4
3		

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

All deadlines are due on the date and time indicated in LMS. The penalties for late submission are as follows:

- > 4 and < 24 hours late submission: 25% penalty
- > 24 and < 48 hours late submissions: 50% penalty
- > 48 hours late submissions: 75% penalty

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If the course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]



Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name		DT 308: Quantitative Data Analysis for Public Policy (QDAPP)				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Amit Prakash & V Sridhar				
		I	Hours	Component		
			3	Lecture $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)			1	Tutorial $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$		
(Lecture : Futoriar : Fracticar)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)			
Area of Specialization (if applicable (<i>Choose by placing X in box agai</i>		nore than two	areas from the lis	<i>t</i>)		
Theory and Systems for Compute and Data	ting			Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning			X	Digital Society		
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security		
General Elective						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
C C		se is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):				
	ace X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra	imme:	Branc	h:		

	(Place X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra	imme:	Branch:		
		iMTech			
		M.Tech			
	Х	M.Sc.			
		CSE			
		ECE			
	X	Digital Society			
Course Category		one from the follow X appropriately)	ing:		
		Basic Sciences			
		CSE Core			
		ECE Core			
		CSE Branch Elec	tive		
		ECE Branch Elec	tive		
		Engineering Scien	nce and Skills		
	Х	HSS/M			
		General			
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, state ex	xact course code/name)		
	None				



Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Provides students expertise in applying data analysis tools and techniques for prescribing public policy solutions.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

As data from various facets of life ranging from individuals, communities, societies, industry and government become ubiquitous and available, careful analysis of such data Is becoming relevant. At the same time, regulators and policy makers are also using data from various sources to make informed decisions on important regulatory and policy issues. It is in this context that this course lays the foundation of data analysis for public policy. The course covers various techniques and methodologies in data life cycle including capturing and collecting data, transforming data for public consumption, and analyzing data. Further the course will also involve tools and methodologies on using data for public policy decisions in the area of Information and Communication Technologies.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

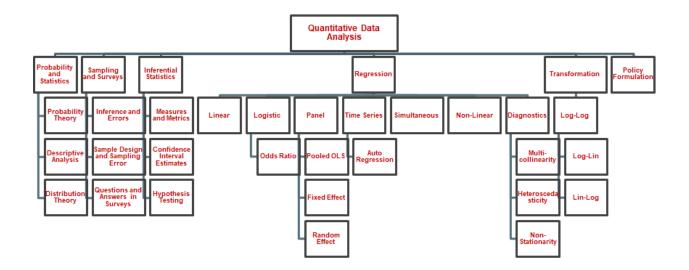
	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand basics of probability theory, descriptive analysis and distribution theory	PO2	U	С, Р	9	3
CO2	Understand basics of survey design, inferences and errors in surveys and survey instruments	PO2	U	C,P	6	2
CO3	Familiarity with some public survey datasets (NSSO, NFHS) and their relationship with state policies	PO2	U	C,P	3	1
CO4	Understand different statistical measures to infer patterns in underlying data	PO2	An	С, Р	6	2
CO5	Construct and test hypothesis relevant to public policy questions using the associated data sets	PO2	An	С, Р	6	2

	Hh
जानमन्त्र	FD

		etter a					
C	06	Apply appropriate regression methodologies (linear, logistic,	PO2	An	С, Р	15	5
		panel, time series), functional transformations (log-log, log-lin,					
		lin-log) and regression diagnostics to infer correlations between					
		different variables of interest in the underlying data sets					
		Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course



Course Content

- 1. Probability and Statistics
- 2. Sampling and Surveys
- 3. Introduction to Public Datasets and Policy Dimensions
- 4. Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association
- 5. Data Analysis: Linear Regression
- 6. Functional Transformation
- 7. Logistic Binomial Regression
- 8. Regression diagnostics
- 9. Time series regression
- 10. Panel data regression



Instruction Schedule

 policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of 	Week	Topics
 Probability theory overview - Probability law— Interpretation of probability, Axioms of probability, Conditional probability, Prior/Posterior probability Descriptive analysis - Units of analysis and variables, Level of measurement, Frequency distribution and graphical representation, Central tendency, Dispersion, Distributional shape Distribution theory - Discrete and Continuous random variables, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution 4.5 Sampling and Surveys [AP] Inference and Errors in Surveys: Constructs, measurement, response, observational gap, measurement error, processing error, sampling error etc. Target Population and Sampling Frames: Coverage properties of sampling frames, common target populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxo		
 Conditional probability, Prior/Posterior probability Descriptive analysis – Units of analysis and variables, Level of measurement, Frequency distribution and graphical representation, Central tendency, Dispersion, Distributional shape Distribution theory – Discrete and Continuous random variables, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution 4,5 Sampling and Surveys [AP] Inference and Errors in Surveys: Constructs, measurement, response, observational gap, measurement error, processing error, sampling error etc. Target Population and Sampling Frames: Coverage properties of sampling frames, common target populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and po	1,2,3	Probability and Statistics [AP]
 and graphical representation, Central tendency, Dispersion, Distributional shape Distribution theory – Discrete and Continuous random variables, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution 4,5 Sampling and Surveys [AP] Inference and Errors in Surveys: Constructs, measurement, response, observational gap, measurement error, processing error, sampling error etc. Target Population and Sampling Frames: Coverage properties of sampling frames, common target populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs, Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		
distribution 4,5 Sampling and Surveys [AP] Inference and Errors in Surveys: Constructs, measurement, response, observational gap, measurement error, processing error, sampling error etc. Target Population and Sampling Frames: Coverage properties of sampling frames, common target populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions 6 Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVA; ANOVA, MANCOVA, Onnibus and post-		
 Inference and Errors in Surveys: Constructs, measurement, response, observational gap, measurement error, processing error, sampling error etc. Target Population and Sampling Frames: Coverage properties of sampling frames, common target populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		
 error, processing error, sampling error etc. Target Population and Sampling Frames: Coverage properties of sampling frames, common target populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions 6 Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 	4,5	Sampling and Surveys [AP]
 populations and their frame issues, coverage error Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions 6 Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANCOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		
Questions and Answers in Surveys: Cognitive processes in answering questions, problems associated with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions 6 Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post-		
 with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good questions Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP] NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		Sample Design and Sampling Error: Simple random sampling, cluster sampling, stratified sampling
 NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		with encoding, misinterpretation, judgement etc. in answering questions, guidelines for writing good
 policy briefs based on these datasets 7-9 Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS] Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 	6	Introduction to Public Data Sets and Policy Dimensions [AP]
 Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels, Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		NSSO, NFHS datasets on employment, household expenditure, healthcare etc. and research reports and policy briefs based on these datasets
 Need for experiment design, comparison of experiments and sampling, taxonomy of Design of Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 	7-9	Inferential Statistics, Experimental Design and Measures of Association [VS]
 Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of RCT designs., Randomized Block Design. Matched Pair Design Hypothesis testing, One-sample/Two-sample tests: z-test, Student's T-test, comparison of means of control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two-way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post- 		Point estimation, Sampling versus population, Confidence intervals/levels,
control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two- way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post-		Experiments (DoE), Full and Fractional Factorial Design, Randomized Control Tests (RCTs), Types of
		control and treatment groups, within group and across group means, testing for means, one and two- way ANOVA tests, taxonomy of ANOVAs: ANCOVA, MANOVA, MANCOVA, Omnibus and post-
10-11 Data Analysis: Linear Regression [VS]	10-11	Data Analysis: Linear Regression [VS]



	ज्ञानमुरामम्
	Simple linear regression using OLS, parameter estimation, parameter confidence intervals and hypothesis testing, test for model fit, dummy variable regression for categorical variables, Type I and
	Type II errors and implications
	Functional Transformation: Log-Log, Lin-Log and Log-Lin regression models and estimator interpretations
12	Logistic Binomial Regression : logistic function, relation to classification, odd's ratio, interpretation of estimators
13	Regression diagnostics : Multicollinearity: Variance Inflation Factor test, Heteroscedasticity: Breusch Pagan and White'sTest; tests and corrections for the same;
14	Time series regression: tests for stationarity: Unit Root Test, test for auto and serial correlation: Durbin Watson test, Auto Regressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) models, estimation of p and q using Auto Correlation and Partial Auto Correlation Functions
15	Panel data regression : Pooled OLS, Fixed Effect and Random Effect models, test for model fit, Hausman Test for FEM vs. REM

Learning Resources

- 1. Amemiya, T. (1994). Introduction to statistics and econometrics. Harvard University Press.
- 2. Fung, B. C., Wang, K., Fu, A. W. C., & Philip, S. Y. (2010). Introduction to privacypreserving data publishing: Concepts and techniques. Chapman and Hall/CRC.
- 3. Groves, R. M., Fowler Jr, F. J., Couper, M. P., Lepkowski, J. M., Singer, E., & Tourangeau, R. (2011). Survey methodology. John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Gujarati, D. (2012). Econometrics by example. Macmillan.
- 5. Hanneman, R. A., Kposowa, A. J., and Riddle, M. D. (2013), Basic statistics for social research. John Wiley & Sons, San Francisco.
- 6. James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T., & Tibshirani, R. (2013). An introduction to statistical *learning* (Vol. 112, p. 18). New York: Springer.
- 7. Levin R., and Rubin, D. (1998). Statistics for management (7th Edition), Pearson.
- 8. R-Tutorial on Elementary Statistics. Available at: <u>http://www.r-tutor.com/elementary-statistics</u>

Assessment Plan

Component	Marks
Quizzes/ Assignments: 6 @ 10 marks for each	60%
Group Project:	
Stage 1 – Data Exploration	10%
Stage 2 – Data analysis	10%
Final Project Report	20%
Project Total	40%
Total	100%

Assignments / Projects



S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Groups of students work on data set Assignments and analyze them using techniques that they have learnt in the	PO3, PO5
	course.	
2	Student groups are assigned a semester long project that	PO3, PO5
	involves collection of data and building statistical models to	
	analyze the same; test stated hypothesis and prescribe policy	
	solutions for overcoming any challenges and short comings.	

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- 1. Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- 2. Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not Applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

One make-up quiz is given to accommodate anyone who missed one of the quizzes due to unavoidable circumstances. There are no make-ups for mid or end term exams.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs/Persons with Disabilities (PwDs)

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	DT 102/ Digital Components of a Connected Society					
Course Instructor Name(s)	T K Srikanth					
		Hours			Component	
		4			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 4:0	:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		X	4-point sca	ale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ry/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	•					
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from ti	he lis		
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and	
and Data	hin o	-			Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	nine			Х	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
(Place		e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es): A Appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra			Branc	cn:	
		iMTech				
	V	M.Tech				
	X	M.Sc.				
		CSE				
	V	ECE				
	X	Digital Socie				
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately				
	(Tuce)	Basic Scienc				
		CSE Core	63			
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch Elective				
		ECE Branch Elective				
		Engineering		Skill	<u> </u>	
	Х	HSS/M		OKI	<u> </u>	
		General			——	
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where None	applicable, stat	te exact course	e code	e/name)	
	1,0110					



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	×	Course provides an understanding of the components and their significance in a digital web-based application or service. Students would, for instance, be prepared for jobs that involve requirements definition or authoring request-for-proposals.
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	×	Students write reports and make presentations as part of their assignments.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course is intended to provide students with an understanding of the fundamentals of digital technologies and the key building blocks of digital solutions. The course will discuss how computers work, basics of data representation, structure and working of large communication networks, the internet, cloud, and web applications, and examples of how these combine and scale to enable complex digital solutions and services. We will also discuss the evolution and impact of selected technologies, as well as issues such as privacy and security related to these solutions.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Determine the hardware specifications of a computer for a given scenario	PO4	U	F, C, C&S	6	
CO2	Understand how the performance of computing systems are evolving	PO4, PO5	U	F, C, PC	8	
CO3	Understand the role of the Operating System in a computing system	PO4, PO5	U	F, C, C&S	16	
CO4	Understand the basic performance parameters of present digital communication networks	PO4,, PO5	U	F, C, C&S	3	
CO5	Understand the role of the main protocols of the 4- layer internet architecture	PO4,, PO5	U	F, C, PC	9	



CO6	Understand how security and privacy requirements of internet communications is taken care of	PO4,, PO5	U	F, C	4	
CO7	Understand the functionality and performance requirements of the key architectural components, including web servers, databases, client programs, of typical internet-based digital platforms and services	PO4, PO5	U	F, C, P, C&S	8	
CO8	Determine the performance of a web service for its usability and accessibility	PO2, PO4, PO5	Ар	F, C, C&S	6	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Module 1: Computers and computing

- Key enablers of the digital world: Universal digital representation, universal digital processor, universal digital communication, and universal digital data.
- Computing machines and Computer Architecture: The von Neumann architecture. Evolution of processors and Moore's Law. Hardware abstractions. Memory hierarchy, cache, and operations. Performance improvements through parallelism, levels of parallelism.

Module 2: Operating Systems, Virtualization and Languages

• Abstractions provided by the OS. Virtualization of CPU's and other resources. Processes and virtual processors. Concurrency, synchronization and semaphores. Scheduling schemes, fairness and mutual exclusion with performance. Virtual memory. Reliable storage. Overview of programming languages and programming paradigms.

Module 3: Communication - The Internet

- Performance characteristics of networks bandwidth, latency, jitter, quality. Typical bandwidth and latency for a range of technologies. Types and scale of networks.
- Top-down view of the internet. Principle of layering and the 4-layer internet architecture. The end-to-end principle and building up reliability in end-to-end communication. Network delays, flow control and congestion control.
- Application layer protocols. Stateless protocols and client-server architecture over TCP.

Module 4: Internet and Security

- Evolution of security in the internet from a "group of mutually trusting users". Types of attacks.
- Requirements of secure communication. Message integrity and endpoint authentication.



- Cryptography. Common encryption mechanisms, symmetric keys, public key cryptography, hash functions. Message Authentication codes and digital signatures. SSL and HTTPS.
- Tracking on the internet, privacy and protection of information.

Module 5: Internet-based Applications and Services

- Cloud and "X-as-a-service".
- Architecture of internet-based digital platforms and services.
- Scale, security and performance.
- Usability and Accessibility of applications and services

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Topics	СО
1	Intro: Universal digital representation, universal digital processor, universal digital communication, and universal digital data	C01
	Number representation: evolution of number systems across civilizations. Decimal and binary systems	
	Computing: Turing Test and Church hypothesis	
2	Computing machines and Computer Architecture: The von Neumann architecture. Evolution of processors and Moore's Law.	C02
	Memory - role and hierarchy and operations	
3	Parallelism as a means of speed up Pipelining and other hardware techniques	C02
4	OS overview. Abstractions, virtualization.	C03
5	CPU Scheduling	C03
6	Concurrency and shared resources	C03
7	Languages and compilers	C03
10	Networks - general characteristics	C04, C05
	Internet - 4 layer architecture	



	સાયનું હાયનું હાય ગુ	0.05
11	Internet Protocols - general principles	C05
	Application Layer	
12	TCP/IP End-to-end principle, Flow control, congestion	C05
	Packets and packet switching, IP layer, Little's law	
13	Security, Cryptography- usage in the internet Privacy issues - data and internet Personal Identifiable Information, locational privacy	C06
14	Usability, Accessibility	C08
15	Architecture and components of large internet-based systems	C07

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Books and online resources:

- 1. Kernighan, Brian, D is for Digital. Kindle edition
- 2. John L. Hennessy, David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture A Quantitative Approach. (Selected sections and Appendices A to K)
- 3. Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces, <u>Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau</u> and <u>Andrea C.</u> <u>Arpaci-Dusseau</u>. <u>www.ostep.org</u>
- 4. <u>James F. Kurose</u>, <u>Keith W. Ross</u>, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach (selected sections)

Wikipedia pages are in general a good source of overview information, and, in many cases, provide sufficient detail for purposes of this course!

Papers and other reading material will be added during the course and will be listed in LMS.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

The course includes assignments that are intended to help explore different aspects of the design and usage of these digital components. Typically, these involve analysing sub-systems of a larger modern digital application, with a presentation and/or report as the deliverables. In addition, there will be a number of reading assignments as preparation for discussions in class. Some assignments are individual activities and others are done in teams. A mid-term and final exam are part of the assessment.



Regular attendance and participation in class discussions is expected, and will influence the grades.

Grading: The weightage of the assignments and exams, as a percentage of the final grade are:

Assignments: 3 x 15% each =	- 45%
Mid-term exam:	25%
Final exam:	25%
Class participation:	5%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
Detailing specifications of a desktop/laptop for an identified set of use-cases	C01, C02, C03
Studying aspects of performance, security and privacy, or usability and accessibility of a web application	CO5, CO6, CO8
High-level logical design of an internet-based application	CO4, CO7
	Detailing specifications of a desktop/laptop for an identified set of use-cases Studying aspects of performance, security and privacy, or usability and accessibility of a web application High-level logical design of an internet-based

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given As per institute policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DT 107/ Application Development for a Connected Society					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Jaya Sreevalsan Nair (jnair@iiitb.ac.in)					
			lours	Component			
		2			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture: Tutorial: Practical)					Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture: Tutonal: Practical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 2:0	:0		Total Credits = 2		
Grading Scheme	Х	4-point sca	ale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X against			•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ry/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applica	-	at mara than	two oroco	from	the list		
(Choose by placing X in box age Theory and Systems for Comp		lot more than	two areas	ITOIT	Networking and		
and Data	Juling				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	nine			V	Digital Society		
Learning				Х	<u> </u>		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
	(Place Progra	X appropriat amme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ	tely. More th				
		one from the f					
	riace	X appropriate					
		CSE Core	63				
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch	Elective				
		ECE Branch					
	Х	Engineering		Skill	s		
		HSS/M					
		General					
Course Prerequisites (Where None		e applicable, si	tate exact co	urse	code/name)		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Students learn to develop websites and web applications as assignments, which are important for industrial opportunities
Focus on skill development	Yes	Students use MySQL and phpMyAdmin workbenches, XAMPP development tool, and WordPress CMS tool in assignments, which builds skills in using these tools
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	-
Provides value-added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Students conduct research and write essays on the state-of-the-art in web applications used for public use; present the websites and web applications they create; publish some of their creations online.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide an introduction to the course]

This course introduces students to the theory and practice of tools for a connected society. This entails developing web applications using Javascript, Java, HTML/CSS/PHP. The course guides students through the design and development of internet-based applications using common architecture elements and design patterns, and popular open-source frameworks and libraries. The course also discusses relevant aspects of design thinking and human-computer interaction (HCI) required for tool development.

The outcome of this course is to extend the knowledge and practice of creating web applications, and optionally, mobile applications, in students. The course is delivered as per the requirements of a graduate-level course. Hence, while there are introductory lectures for new topics, the course is predominantly student-driven to build or improve their experience in creating web applications. The skills include design, programming, and presentation skills, where the latter includes an oral presentation, writing, and demonstration by the students. Given the varied background of students from technology as well as social sciences, this course encourages students to learn to use tools and/or program based on their programming competency. The goal of this course is to inform the students to identify and use tools appropriate for specific skill levels and application requirements.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Design websites for public use with a given set of specifications using HTML and CSS templates.	PO1, PO4	Ар	C, P, C&S, PC	8	0
CO2	Analyze existing web applications for public use in terms of usability and identify good features and pitfalls, which are to be incorporated when developing one's own applications	PO1, PO3, PO5	Ар	C, P, C&S, PC	8	0
CO3	Design web applications for public use with a given set of specifications by integrating tools/frameworks (MySQL and phpMyAdmin workbenches), content management system (WordPress), and HTML forms.	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4	С	C, P, C&S, PC	12	0
CO4	Understand the role and impact of web applications in society in specific domains including healthcare, education, mobility.	PO2, PO3	U	C, C&S, PC	2	0
	30	0				

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Module 1: Introduction - Web application architecture and design, the internals of a complex web application, societal applications	Module 2: Web Engineering - Levels of web engineering and skills, server- client architecture
Module 3: User Study - Web application architecture and design, the internals of a complex web application, societal applications	Module 4: Application Design - Requirement engineering, planning, tool integration, demonstration, presentation, evaluation
Module 5: Programming -	Module 6: Practical Knowledge -



HTML, CSS, PHP, MySQL, introduction to frontend and backend development, data visualization using Javascript/Python, multimedia embeddings

Website design, website deployment, content management systems

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

S. No.	Торіс	Hours	СО
1.	Introduction - web application architecture design	3	CO1
2.	Web Engineering	3	CO1
3.	User Study - user requirements, function and form, a critique of existing applications for the public use, usability	8	CO2, CO4
4.	Application design - requirement engineering, planning, tool integration, demonstration, presentation, evaluation	6	CO2, CO3
5.	Programming - Introduction to frontend and backend development, HTML, CSS, PHP, MySQL, data visualization using Javascript and Python, multimedia embeddings, website design	7	CO1, CO3
6.	Content management system	2	CO3
7.	Website deployment	1	CO3
	Total	30	

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Lecture notes and reading materials provided in class.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

For each module:

- Mid-tem exam as design document for course project -- 10%
- Class presentations (2 for assignments, 2 for course project) -- 20%
- Technical reports (2 essays) -- 20%
- Homework assignments (4 assignments) -- 20%



• Course project -- 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Homework-assignment-1: Website development	CO1
2.	Homework-assignment-2: Critique an existing societal web application	CO2
3.	Homework-assignment-3: Data visualization module added to Homework-assignment-1	CO1, CO3
4.	Homework-assignment-4: Add HTML forms and database integration to Homework-assignment-1 or build a small web application using WordPress	CO3
5.	An essay or a technical report on the impact and use cases of existing applications in a specific domain, including education, healthcare, mobility.	CO4
6.	An essay or a technical report on the advancement of technology in web applications	CO4
7.	Course project on designing, implementing, and optionally deploying a societal web application	CO3

The assignment description with all logistics will be provided to the students on LMS. "*Start early and finish on time*" is the guiding principle for all assignments in this course.

All assignments and the course project shall be submitted on LMS.

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Homework-assignment-1, 3, and 4 are graded based on a working implementation of a website or web application. Bonus points are awarded for integrating tools or learning new programming constructs.
- Homework-assignment-2 is graded based on the choice of an existing societal web application and different criteria used for critiquing the same.
- Essays are graded based on the research conducted for their content, content itself, style of technical writing including in-place citations and bibliography, use of images, and grammar.
- Mid-term assessment is for the course project design document which contains problem statement, solution design, initial research on tools used for integration, usability design, Gantt chart for implementation in the second half of the semester.
- Course project assessment involves working implementation, tools evaluation, usability testing, and grading of written documents, namely software documentation, and user manual. Deployment gets bonus points.
- Class presentations are graded based on the quality of presentation and demonstration of websites and web applications by walking through all features, design choices, and usability.



Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Late submissions allowed only with the instructor's permission for lapses owing to medical and personal emergencies.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

As per institute policy

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

This course has zero-tolerance for cheating and plagiarism. Any violation may result in an F grade and further disciplinary action may be initiated as per the Institute's policies. Ignorance of what constitutes cheating and plagiarism is not an excuse! If you have any doubts, contact your instructor. All material that will be used for the assessment of the student's performance shall be original work.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DT204 Soc	ial Complexity a	and Systems Thinking
Course Instructor Name(s)		Amit Prakas	sh	
		ŀ	lours	Component
Credite (L.T.D)		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutonai : Flactical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactorv/U	Insatisfactory (S / X)
Area of Specialization (if applica	ble)			
(Choose by placing X in box again	st not n	nore than two	areas from the li	st)
Theory and Systems for Com	outing			Networking and
and Data				Communication
Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	nine		X	Digital Society
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security
General Elective				
Programme / Branch	(Place Progra X X	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie	ly. More than on Bran	
Course Category		one from the t		
	(Place 2	X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M General	Elective	 Is
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, sta	te exact course coo	le/name)



Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Trains students to model complex social contexts; useful in drafting RFPs and high-
Direct focus on employability		level design documents
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication,		
etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Inconsistencies in managing the design and deployment processes in many social projects, especially those that seek to leverage the potential of digital technologies, lead to various issues not only with respect to time and cost overruns but also in terms of their missing critical considerations and viewpoints while setting desired objectives. Projects that deploy digital technologies for addressing the needs of large and diverse population groups are often found to exhibit properties of complex systems and, using their examples, this course introduces the students to different elements of complexity inherent in social and socio-technical systems.

Students will be introduced to different systems thinking methodologies that have been found useful in resolving various aspects of the aforesaid complexity. This will then be used to provide insights into a few relevant methodologies considered useful to model and manage such systems. Conceptual frameworks and practices involved in the engineering and management of IT projects drawn largely from theoretical positions developed in the discipline of systems engineering, related largely to requirements specification, system architecture and design processes are also introduced to students to enable them to work on a high-level design specifications/Request for Proposal (RFP) document for initiatives that seek to bring a desired set of changes in complex social situations using digital technologies.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	РО	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand constituents of complexity in social and socio-technical contexts, including heterogeneity, hierarchy, near-decomposability, redundancy, self-adaptation and emergence.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO2	Understand the nature of complex social problems, especially wicked problems and messy situations as opposed to tame and benign problems.	PO3	U	С	6	2



CO3	Understand the significance of diverse perspectives	PO3	U	С	6	2
003	Understand the significance of diverse perspectives while framing engineering and management challenges and approaches, particularly those related to requirements engineering and project management in large/complex IT projects.	FU3	0	C	0	
CO4	Understand fundamentals of systems thinking approaches and their applications.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO5	Identify different components of a social/ socio- technical system and their inter-relationships.	PO3	Ар	Р	6	2
CO6	Apply systems thinking concepts, in general, and soft systems methodology, in particular, to model social/socio-technical complexity.	PO4	Ар	Р	6	2
C07	Draft requirement specifications and high-level system design documents that can lead into RFPs in case of external procurement.				9	3
	Total Number of Hours					

Course Content

I. Background: Revisiting (traditional) software engineering and project management approaches

II. Complexity, social problems and the nature of inquiry

III. Systems approaches; socio-technical systems

IV. Soft systems methodology

V. Group Project; Drafting of an RFP/high-level design document for a social change process involving digital technologies

Instruction Schedule

<u>Week 1 & 2</u>

- Introduction and Overview of the Course
- Bergman, M., King, J. L., & Lyytinen, K. (2002). Large-scale requirements analysis revisited: the need for understanding the political ecology of requirements engineering. *Requirements Engineering*, 7(3), 152-171.
- Boehm, B.W. and Ross, R. (1989). Theory-W software project management: principles and examples. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 15(7), 902-916.
- Atkinson, R. (1999). Project management: cost, time and quality, two best guesses and a phenomenon, it's time to accept other success criteria. *International journal of project management*, *17*(6), 337-342.

<u>Week 3 & 4</u>

- Koskela, L. J., & Howell, G. (2002). The underlying theory of project management is obsolete. In *Proceedings of the PMI Research Conference* (pp. 293-302). PMI.
- PMI (2017). Agile Practice Guide. Project Management Institute, Inc. USA.
- Boehm, B. (2006, May). A view of 20th and 21st century software engineering. In *Proceedings* of the 28th International Conference on Software Engineering (pp. 12-29). ACM.



• Boehm, B. (2006). Some future trends and implications for systems and software engineering processes. *Systems Engineering*, *9*(1), 1-19.

Week 5

- Simon, H. A. (1962). The architecture of complexity, *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society*, Vol. 106, No. 6. (Dec. 12, 1962), pp. 467-482.
- Tan, J., Wen, H.J. & Awad, N. (2005). Healthcare and services delivery systems as complex adaptive systems. *Communications of the ACM*, Vol. 48 No. 5, pp. 36-44.

Week 6

- Dent, E. B. (1999). Complexity science: A worldview shift. *Emergence*, 1(4), 5-19.
- Heylighen, F., Cilliers, P., & Gershenson, C. (2006). Complexity and philosophy. arXiv preprint cs/0604072.
- Vincent, R. (2012). Insights from complexity theory for the evaluation of development action: Recognizing the two faces of complexity. *IKM Working Paper No. 14*, IKM Emergent Research Programme, European Association of Development Research and Training Institutes (EADI), Germany. <u>www.eadi.org</u>

<u>Week 7 & 8</u>

- Rittel, H. & Webber. M.(1984). Planning problems are wicked problems. *Developments in Design Methodology. New York: John Wiley & Sons*, 135-144.
- Head, B. W. (2008). Wicked problems in public policy. *Public Policy*, Vol. 3 No. 2, pp. 101-118
- livari, J., Hirschheim, R., & Klein, H. K. (1998). A paradigmatic analysis contrasting information systems development approaches and methodologies. *Information Systems Research*, *9*(2), 164-193.
- Hirschheim, R., & Klein, H. K. (1989). Four paradigms of information systems development. *Communications of the ACM*, *32*(10), 1199-1216.

<u>Week 9</u>

- Mingers, J., & White, L. (2010). A review of the recent contribution of systems thinking to operational research and management science. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 207(3), 1147-1161.
- Mumford, E. (2000). A socio-technical approach to systems design. *Requirements Engineering*, *5:* 125-133
- Mumford, E. (2006). The story of socio-technical design: reflections on its successes, failures and potential. *Information Systems Journal, 16: 317-342*

Week 10 &11

- Reynolds, M (2011). Bells that still can ring: systems thinking in practice. In: Tait, Andrew and Richardson, Kurt eds. *Moving Forward with Complexity: Proceedings of the 1st International Workshop on Complex Systems Thinking and Real World Applications*. Litchfield Park, AZ: Emergent Publications, 327–349.
- Reynolds, M., & Holwell, S. (2010). Introducing systems approaches. In Systems approaches to managing change: A practical guide (pp. 1-23). Springer London.



• Pisano, U. (2012). Resilience and Sustainable Development: Theory of resilience, systems thinking and adaptive governance. *European Sustainable Development Network (ESDN)*, 26, 50.

Week 12 & 13

- Checkland, P. (1985). Achieving'desirable and feasible'change: an application of soft systems methodology. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 821-831.
- Checkland, P., & Poulter, J. (2010). Soft systems methodology. In Systems approaches to managing change: A practical guide (pp. 191-242). Springer London.
- Checkland, P. (2000). Soft systems methodology: a thirty year retrospective. *Systems Research and Behavioral Science*, *17*, S11-S58.
- Rose, J., & Haynes, M. (1999). A soft systems approach to the evaluation of complex interventions in the public sector. *Journal of Applied Management Studies*, *8*(2), 1-19.

Week 14 & 15

Project activities; fieldwork; review; drafting of a RFP/high-level design document

Learning Resources

Please see the Instruction Schedule section above

Assessment Plan

Students will be assessed based on their participation in class discussions, submission of written assignments and class presentations and performance in mid-term and end-term assessments. The proposed weightage for various components is as follows:

- Class participation: 10%
- Class presentations: 20%
- Assignments (includes mid-term/end-term assessments): 40%
- Group Project (drafting a design specifications/RFP document for a social change using digital technologies): 30%

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Assignment 1	CO1, CO2
2	Assignment 2 (mid-term)	CO1, CO2, CO3
3	Assignment 3 (end-term)	CO4, CO5
4	Group Project	CO2, CO5, CO6, CO7



Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Late submission will generally not be entertained unless with prior approval of the Course Instructor.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per Institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

As per APA Citation Format (see <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/ref</u> erence_list_electronic_sources.html for more details)

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per Institute policy

Accommodation of Persons with Disabilities

As per Institute policy



EC 202 Electronic Devices and Circuits

Course Code / Course Nam	ne	EC 202 Electronic devices and circuits - Theory			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Madhav Ra	o, Chetan Parik	ch	
		H	lours	Com	ponent
Credits (L:T:P)		3		Lecture (1hr =	= 1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practic) (Ic		0	Tutorial (1hr =	= 1 credit)
			0	Practical (2hr	<i>'</i>
		L:T:P = 3:0	:0	Total Credits	5 = 3
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C	C+,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfactory/L	Insatisfactory (S	S / X)
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/C		57 ()
Area of Specialization (if a			<i>c</i> 1 1	`	
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the li		d
Theory and Systems for Comp and Data	puting			Networking an Communicatio	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	hine			Digital Society	
Learning				J	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	/
General Elective					
3		X appropriate	o the following pi ly. More than on Bran	• ·	nch(es):
	X	iMTech		CSE	
	~	M.Tech		ECE	
		M.Sc.		Digital Society	/
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately,			<u></u>
		Basic Scienc	es		
		CSE Core			
	Х	ECE Core			
		CSE Branch			
		ECE Branch			
			Science and Skil	IS	
		HSS/M			
		General			
Course Pre-Requisites	None				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The basic circuit and systems knowledge and interfacing is useful for employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The troubleshooting and selection of components for designing circuits and systems is a useful skill development.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	Although no direct focus, the course empowers students to realize systems for different applications with limited knowledge.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	The project component in the course allows students to work in team and present progress and technical report.

Course Context and Overview

The goal of this course is to learn to analyze and design analog circuits with diodes and transistors, and design a small analog system, such as a Buck Converter, a low-dropout regulator, analog filter, etc.

Diode characteristics. Diode circuits: Clipper circuits, rectifiers – half wave, full wave, with capacitor. Bipolar junction transistors (BJTs): Characteristics, modes of operation, dc analysis of simple circuits, bias stability. AC analysis of BJT amplifier circuits. BJT amplifier configurations: common-emitter, common-base, common-collector, other. Design of a high-performance amplifier. Frequency response of BJT amplifiers. Stability and compensation of amplifiers.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Analyse simple diode circuits, including clipping circuits and various types of rectifiers.	PSO1, PO3	U, Ap, An	C, P, PC	8	0
CO2	Analyse simple bipolar junction transistor (BJT) circuits under dc and small-signal ac conditions.	PSO1, PO3	U, Ap, An	C, P, PC	10	0
CO3	Identify and analyse basic BJT amplifier configurations: common-emitter, common-base, and common-collector.	PSO1, PO3	U, Ap, An	C, P, PC	7	0



CO4	Design BJT amplifiers to meet a given set of specifications.	PSO1, PO3	U, Ap, An, C	C, P, FDP, PC, D	3	0
CO5	Perform low-frequency and high-frequency analyses of BJT amplifiers, and draw their Bode plots	PSO1, PO5,	U, Ap, An	C, P, PC	5	0
CO6	Analyse the frequency stability of amplifier circuits, and do simple frequency compensation	PSO1, PO5	U, Ap, An	C, P, PC	2	0
CO7	Design a simple analog system, such as a Buck Converter, or an analog filter, etc.	PSO1, PO5, PO3	U, Ap, An	C, P, M, FDP, PC, D	8	0

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Торіс	No. of hours
Diode physics and characteristics	4
Diode circuits – clipping circuits, rectifiers	4
Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) characteristics and modes of operation	5
BJT dc circuit analysis	5
Bias stability	2
BJT small-signal approximation and small-signal circuit analysis	2
BJT amplifier configurations: CE, CB, CC, others	3
BJT amplifier design	3
Frequency response of BJT amplifiers	5
Stability and compensation of BJT amplifiers	2
Design of a small analog system	8
TOTAL hours	42



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

1. A.S. Sedra and K.C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, 7th edition, Oxford, 2017.

2. R.C. Jaeger and T.N. Blalock, Microelectronic Circuit Design, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill, 2015.

3. M.H. Rashid, Microelectronic Circuits: Analysis and Design, 2nd edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Midterm exam-30% Final exam-30% Assignments and Quizzes-40%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Design of a high performance bipolar transistor amplifier	CO4
2	Design of a complete analog system, such as a Buck converter	C07

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

• Manual evaluation of circuit analysis and design problems

Students are provided the opportunity to view the evaluations done either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Late submissions are not accepted

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	Principles of Communication Systems- Course and Lab (EC-303 and EC-303P)					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. Priyanka Das and Prof. Jyotsna Bapat				at
		Hours		Component		
Credits (L:T:P)		45+30 = 75		Lecture (3hrs = 3 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)			Tutorial (0hr =	,	
	oury				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:0	:1		Total Credits	= 4
Grading Scheme		х	4-point s	cale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C-	⊦,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	orv/Ur	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)
<i>appropriate box)</i> Area of Specialization (if application)						, ,
(Choose by placing X in box agai			areas from	the lis	<i>t</i>)	
Theory and Systems for Con			areas from		Networking and	
and Data				Х	Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine				Digital Society	
Learning VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective					Cyber Security	
	Course	is restricted to	o tho follow	ing pro	ogrammes / bran	ch(oc):
Programme / Branch		X appropriate				511(65).
	Progra		<i>iyi 11010 ili</i>	Branc	•	
	X	iMTech			CSE	
		M.Tech		Х	ECE	
		M.Sc.			Digital Society	
Course Category		one from the f	-			
	(Place .	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc CSE Core	es			
	Х	ECE Core				
	~	CSE Branch	Elective			
		ECE Branch				
		Engineering		d Skills	6	
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact cour	se code	e/name)	
		s and System				
	-	-				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The conceptual understanding of this course helps the students to get jobs in information technology and communication system design industry
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course content and assignments develop the student skills in applications of analog and digital communication systems
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

- Course category: Engineering Science
- Offered in Fall semester
- Aim of the course: Communication systems are basic workhorses behind the information age. This course aims to introduce the underlying principles behind the design and analysis of communication systems. The labs will be conducted using Matlab and FM radio experiments will be conducted using Raspberry Pi.
- **Course Overview**: Digital communication is the inevitable design choice in modern systems. Design examples will be taken from the most prevalent communication systems today: cell phones, Wi-Fi, radio and TV broadcasting, satellites, and computer networks. Key components of the communication system designer's toolbox are mathematical modeling and signal processing. Beginning with various basic tools such as Fourier Series/Transform and complex baseband representations of passband signals, the course will cover several important analog communication techniques for Amplitude Modulation, Frequency Modulation, and Phase Modulation. It will also cover superhet receiver and the core concept of phase-locked loop (PLL) and its applications in system design.

The later part of the course is focused on digital modulation techniques such as ASK, QAM, PSK, and orthogonal modulation. Nyquist criterion for avoiding intersymbol interference will also be dealt with in the course. Thereafter, the course will cover review of probability, random variables, and random processes with the application in noise modelling. These techniques will then be used in analyzing digital communication performance metric such as bit error probability.

The associated labs are divided into Software based (Matlab) and Hardware based (Raspberry Pi).



- Courses to which this course is prerequisite:
 - Digital Communication (EC-306)
 - Wireless Communication (NC-827)
- The importance of the course to the profession: Progress in telecommunications over the past two decades has been nothing short of revolutionary, with communications taken for granted in modern society. There is therefore a persistent need for engineers who are well-versed in the principles of communication systems. These principles apply to communication between points in space, as well as communication between points in time (i.e, storage). Digital systems are fast replacing analog systems in both domains. The course also provides a review or introduction to communication systems for practitioners, easing the path to pursue research in modern wireless communication in either industry or academia.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand high-level description of analog and digital communication systems	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	3	0
CO2	Understand the characteristics of baseband and passband signals, and the systems that shape them through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	6	4
CO3	Understand amplitude modulation methods including DSB-SC, AM, SSB, VSB, and demodulation methods including coherent demodulation and envelope detection through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	6	6
CO4	Understand angle modulation and demodulation principles, the functionality of superhet receiver, and phase-locked loop	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	9	0
C05	Design frequency modulator/demodulator system that resists jamming using Raspberry Pi hardware	PO1/PSO2	Ар	С, Р	0	8
CO6	Determine the bandwidth requirements for transmissions through band-limited channels using Nyquist criterion for ISI avoidance	PO1/PSO2	Ар	С	6	0
C07	Model noise in a communication channel as a Gaussian random process	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	6	0
CO8	Design optimal detector/matched-filter at communication receiver for minimizing symbol error probability through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	Ар	С, Р	3	6
C09	Compute bit error rate for binary signalling schemes under AWGN with and without carrier phase uncertainty through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	Ар	C, P	6	6



Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Lab (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of Lab session (where applicable)

Course Competencies:

- Understand basic building block of an analog/digital communication system
- Conduct analysis of baseband signals in time and frequency domain, and use Matlab for signal processing
- Understand complex-baseband representation of passband signals
- Understand the role of modulation index in amplitude demodulation by envelope detection and compute power efficiency
- Determine bandwidth requirements for amplitude modulation methods including DSB-SC, AM, SSB, VSB from frequency spectra
- Understand SSB modulation using the Hilbert transform of the message
- Understand phase and frequency modulation principles and their equivalence
- Compute maximum frequency deviation and modulation index for angle modulation
- Understand limiter-discriminator demodulation operation for FM
- Determine frequency spectra for FM signal and compute bandwidth
- Understanding the impact of modulation index, SNR on FM transmission using Raspberry Pi
- Implement frequency modulator/demodulator system that resists jamming using Raspberry Pi
- Understand the functionality and applications of PLL and analyze steady state phase error
- Demonstrate the role of pulse modulation in ISI avoidance
- Understand Gaussian random variables/vectors/random process and its application in noise modeling
- Establish the basic framework for hypothesis testing to be used in demodulation and symbol detection under AWGN
- Derive the ML and MAP decision rules and understand their physical significance
- Analyze and compare symbol error probability expressions for binary signaling schemes
- Derive union bound of error probability that provide quick insights into power-bandwidth tradeoffs for M-ary signaling schemes
- Show the impact of carrier phase uncertainty in optimal demodulation through Matlab simulations

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content [Provide list-wise topics]



Section 1: Introduction and background

- High-level description of analog and digital communication systems
- Review of signals and systems, Fourier Series/Transform, Properties, Autocorrelation, Energy Spectral Density, Parseval's Theorem
- Complex baseband representation of passband signals

Section 2: Analog communcation techniques

- Amplitude modulation/demodulation schemes, including DSB-SC, AM, SSB, VSB
- Angle modulation/demodulation schemes, such as commercial FM, as well as PM
- Superheterodyne receiver working principle and image frequency calculation
- Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)-mathematical model, analysis, and applications

Section 3: Digital modulation

- Power spectral density of a linearly modulated signal
- Nyquist sampling theorem and sinc pulse
- Nyquist criterion for ISI avoidance
- Bandwidth efficiency computation

Section 4: Probability and random process

- Basics concepts of probability and random variables: conditional probability, MAP principle, Baye's theorem
- Gaussian random variables, joint Gaussianity
- Random process and Gaussian random process
- Noise modeling

Section 5: Optimal demodulation

- Hypothesis testing, ML and MAP decision rules
- Signal-space concepts and its application in hypothesis testing
- Geometry of ML decision rule, decision regions
- Correlator/matched filter-based optimal receiver design
- Bit error rate analysis for ML decision rule with binary signaling
- Union bound of error probability for M-ary signaling



Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Schedule	Course (EC-303) Topic	Exam
Week 1	Introduction to communication systems	
Week 2	Review of signal and systems, Fourier Transform and Fourier Series	
Week 3	Complex Baseband representation of passband signals	Quiz-1
Week 4	Amplitude modulation/demodulation schemes: DSB-SC, conventional AM	
Week 5	Single-sideband modulation and vestigial-sideband modulation, and demodulations	
Week 6	Frequency and phase modulation/demodulation, Frequency spectra for narrow-band and wide-band FM	Quiz-2
Week 7	Bandwidth requirements for angle modulated signals, Carson's formula, superhet receiver working principle	
Week 8	Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)-mathematical model, analysis, and applications	Mid-term
Week 9	Digital modulation techniques: ASK, PSK, FSK, pulse modulation	
Week 10	Nyquist criterion for ISI avoidance, bandwidth efficiency	
Week 11	Review of probability and random variables	
Week 12	Gaussian random process, noise modeling	Quiz-3
Week 13	Hypothesis testing problem, ML, and MAP decision rules	
Week 14	Optimum demodulation under AWGN, signal-space concept	
Week 15	Bit error rate analysis, union bound with M-ary schemes	End-term

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

<u>Text book</u>

 Upamanyu Madhow, "Introduction to Communication Systems", Cambridge University Press

Reference Books



- Taub and Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems", McGrawHill
- Simon Haykin, "Communication Systems", Wiley, 5th Edition
- B.P. Lathi and Z. Ding, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems", Oxford University Press, 4th Edition

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Course: Quiz (25%), Mid-term (30%), End-term (35%), and Class Participation (10%) *Lab:* Weekly assignments: 65%, Project: 30%, Class Participation: 5%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Introduction to Matlab using basic signal processing operations	CO2
2	Design of matched-filter communication receiver using Matlab	CO8
3	Demonstrate the impact of carrier phase uncertainty on reconstructed signal using Matlab	CO9
4	Demonstrate amplitude modulation and envelope detection operations using Matlab	CO3
5	Build FM Transmitter using Raspberry Pi hardware	CO5
6	Understand the impact of modulation index, SNR on FM transmission using Raspberry Pi hardware	CO5
7	Design an FM modulator/demodulator system that resists jamming using Raspberry Pi hardware	CO5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

Student is allowed to submit within 1 day after deadline. Exceptions are made if prior permission is taken.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Appropriate citation of references as per the standard IEEE format is mandatory in assignments and course project.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

[State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	е	EC304 Digi	tal Signal Proc	essing
Course Instructor Name(s)		Dinesh Bab	u J	
		F	lours	Component
		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
Credits (L:T:P)		0		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practica	ai)	0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)
		L:T:P = Tot		Total Credits = 3
Grading Scheme		х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)		-	Satisfactory/L	Jnsatisfactory (S / X)
Area of Specialization (if ap	oplica	ble)		
(Choose by placing X in box agains			areas from the la	ist)
Theory and Systems for Comp and Data				Networking and Communication
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	nine			Digital Society
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security
General Elective				
	x	iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie		
		one from the t		
	(Place .	<u>X appropriately</u>		
		Basic Science CSE Core	es	
	х	ECE Core		
		CSE Branch	Elective	
		ECE Branch		
		Engineering	Science and Sk	s
		HSS/M		
		General		
Course Pre-Requisites	ESS 10.	3 - Signals and	Systems	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course. [NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes/ No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Apply signal processing to real-world problems
Focus on skill development	Yes	Ability to analyse signals and model real world problems
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Students write project reports and also work in groups

Course Context and Overview

This course follows up on the Signals and Systems course, which dealt with definition of signals, LTI systems and several transforms such as Fourier, Laplace and z-transforms. In this course, the focus is on Discrete Fourier transform which forms the basis for Fast Fourier Transform, and show the computational reduction in FFT versus DFT $[O(N^2) vs O(NlogN)]$. We solve numerical problems. Then the need for filters is introduced followed by FIR vs IIR filter design. In particular Window-based FIR filter design (Rectangular vs Hamming vs Kaiser Window) is discussed and problems solved. Finally, Butterworth IIR filter design is discussed. The course also builds the hands-on skills of the students using MATLAB. Students work with real world signals e.g speech and music signals and also filter them followed by extraction of spectral information and even classify them (using some of the principles they learn in the Machine Learning course offered in the same semester).

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[*Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.*]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	
----	----------------	---------	----	----	----------------	--



CO1	जावमृत्तमम् Understand Continuous Time and Discrete Time	PO1,	U	F, C	3
	Fourier Transforms/Series - CTFS, CTFT, DTFT,	PSO3			
	DTFS, DFT of signals				
CO2	Compute Fast Fourier Transform(FFT)	PO1,	Ар	C,P	9
	numerically using Decimation-in-Time technique	PSO3			
CO3	Understand the concepts of Finite Impulse	PO1,	U	F, C	9
	Response (FIR) and Infinite Impulse Response	PSO3			
	(IIR) filters				
CO4	Design FIR filters (rectangular, Hamming and	PO 1 ,	Ар	С, Р,	6
	Kaiser Window) as per given filter specifications	PSO3		C&S	
CO5	Design Butterworth IIR filters as per given filter	PO1,	Ар	С, Р,	6
	specifications	PSO3		C&S	
CO6	Write MATLAB programs to process real world	PO 1 ,	Ар	C, P	12
	signals, compute spectra and make simple	РО5,			
	inferences	PSO3			
					45

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Topic 1: Applications of Signal Processing Topic 2: Revision of Fourier Transforms till Discrete Fourier Transform Topic 3: Topic 2: DFT to FFT [O(N^2) vs O(NlogN)] Topic 4: FIR Filter Design (Rectangular vs Hamming vs Kaiser Window) Topic 5: IIR Filter Design (Butterworth IIR filter) Topic 6: Real world Signals and Signal Processing applications

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule] W1: Applications of Signal Processing W2: Revision of Fourier Transforms till Discrete Fourier Transform W3,4: Topic 2: DFT to FFT [O(N^2) vs O(NlogN)]



W5,6,7: FIR Filter Design (Rectangular vs Hamming vs Kaiser Window)
W8: Hands on assignment
W9,10,11: IIR Filter Design (Butterworth IIR filter)
W12,13,14: Real world Signals and Signal Processing applications

Learning Resources

Orfanidis, Sophocles J. Introduction to signal processing. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1995.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Application report (10%)	CO6
2	Handwritten notes of Youtube lectures (10%)	CO1
3	Speech and Music signal analysis (25%)	CO6
4	FFT (10%)	CO2
5	FIR (10%)	CO3, CO4
6	IIR (10%)	CO3, CO5
7	Signal analysis using mobile phone sensors (25%)	CO6

Evaluation Procedures

Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Answer sheets will be shared after evaluation (offline evaluation), and overall score will be uploaded on LMS and score on sub-rubrics will be shared if students asks for it (online evaluation).

Late Assignment Submission Policy

One or two days delay with permission is fine, after that 20% negative marks will be imposed for a week delay (again with permission). Delayed submission without permission will incur 50% reduction in marks.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs



Course Code / Course Name		Digital Communication Course and Lab				
		(EC-306 and EC-306P)				
Course Instructor Name(s	Prof. Priyanka Das and Prof. Arti Yardi					
			lours			onent
Credits (L:T:P)		45+30 = 75			Lecture (3hrs =	,
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)				Tutorial (0hr =	/
	,	L.T.D. 2.0	.4		Practical (2hrs	,
Ore dire a Cele erre		L:T:P = 3:0			Total Credits =	
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		X	4-point sc	ale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)
appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ry/Uı	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)
Area of Specialization (if a	solida	ble)				
(Choose by placing X in box agai			areas from t	he lis	rt)	
Theory and Systems for Con				х	Networking and	
and Data	hin o	-		~	Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	nine				Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):				
	(Place	X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra				ch:	_
	X	iMTech		CSE	_	
		M.Tech X		ECE	_	
	Calast	M.Sc.	- 11		Digital Society	
Course Category		<u>one</u> from the following: X appropriately)				
	(1 1400 1	Basic Sciences				
		CSE Core				
	Х	ECE Core				
		CSE Branch Elective				
		ECE Branch Elective				
		Engineering Science and Skills				
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	e exact cours	e code	e/name)	
Dringi		1 6	• ,•		(F.C. 202)	
Princi		ples of comm	unication s	yster	ns (EC-303)	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The conceptual understanding of this course helps the students to get jobs in information technology and communication system design industry
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course content and assignments develop the student skills in applications of advanced digital communication systems
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

- Course category: Engineering Science
- Offered in Spring semester
- Aim of the course: The primary goal of the course is to provide the student an in-depth understanding of the principles, techniques, trade-offs, and fundamental limits in modern digital communication systems. This course introduces the fundamentals of digital signaling, information theory and coding, digital transmission and reception, and the spread-spectrum modulation. The lab assignments should be conducted in Matlab.
- **Course Overview:** This course is a sequel to Principles of Communication Systems (EC-303) course and covers fundamental concepts of modern digital communication systems. The mathematical background necessary to understand communication theory often intimidates the undergraduate students. The purpose of this course is to provide such a lecture style exposition to provide an accessible, yet rigorous, introduction to the subject of digital communication with its practical applications. Beginning with Nyquist sampling theorem, pulse code modulation, and delta modulation, the course will introduce the foundation of information theory, source coding, and source compression algorithms. It will cover several channel coding schemes such as linear block codes, cyclic codes, and convolution code in detail. The later part of the course is focused on optimal receiver design for additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channels and their error rate performance considering digital modulation techniques such as Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM), M-ary Phase Shift Keying (MPSK). Spread-spectrum techniques will be dealt with in the course with focus on its anti-jamming property. Finally, the course will treat communication through fading channels, including the characterization of fading channels and the key important parameters: path loss, shadowing, multipath effect, coherence time, coherence bandwidth,



and Doppler spread. Link budget analyses for wireline and radio communication systems will also be treated.

- Courses to which this course is prerequisite:
 - Wireless Communication (NC-827)
- The importance of the course to the profession: The field of digital communication has evolved rapidly in the past few decades, with commercial applications proliferating in wireline communication networks (e.g., digital subscriber loop, cable, fiber optics), wireless communication (e.g., cell phones and wireless local area networks), and storage media (e.g., compact discs, hard drives). After course completion, the students should be well equipped for research or cutting-edge development in communication systems in either industry or academia. Specifically,
 - There are myriads of job opportunities in the manufacturing industry and service establishments such as broadcasting, data communication, entertainment, consulting, research and development including system support.
 - The students might get a chance to work in multimedia service organizations that are engaged in real-time information transfer via video conferencing/internet broadcasting.
 - Scope to work in different sectors such as Defence, DRDO, ISRO, Civil Aviation, Indian Telephone Industries, Development Centers in various states, NPL, A.I.R, Post and Telegraph Department, Railways, Software Engineering/IT, Hardware Manufacturing, VLSI Design, Telecommunication, Power Sector, Television Industry, Research & Development, and Home Appliances.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand signal processing steps to transfer digital data from a source to its destination through a communication channel	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	2	0
CO2	Understand PCM, DPCM, and DM principles for analog to digital data conversion	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F	3	0
CO3	Apply source encoding/decoding algorithms for digital data transfer through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	Ар	C, F, P	4	6
CO4	Understand the impact of channel encoding/decoding schemes including linear block codes, cyclic, and convolutional codes on output bit error probability through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	U	C, F, P	12	6
CO5	Design optimal receiver structure using coherent detection for AWGN channel by employing signal-space concept	PO1/PSO2	Ар	C, F	3	0



CO6	Understand the role of digital modulation techniques including ASK, PSK, FSK, MQAM on symbol error probability through simulations using Matlab	PO1 /PSO2	U	C, F	6	4
C07	Understand spread spectrum modulation principles including DS-SS and FH-SS and its impact on channel jamming through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	Ар	C, F	6	6
CO8	Model wireless time-varying channel and its impact on received signal quality through simulations using Matlab	PO1/PSO2	Ар	C, F	9	8

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Lab (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of Lab session (where applicable)

Course Competencies:

- Understand the detailed signal processing steps for digital data transfer through a channel
- Apply PCM principle to evaluate signal-to-quantization noise ratio
- Understand lossless data compression algorithms including Huffman coding and Lampel-Ziv coding and compute source encoding efficiency
- Demonstrate lossy source compression schemes for digital audio signal transmission via BSC through Matlab simulations
- Understand channel encoding/decoding schemes including linear block codes, cyclic codes, and convolutional codes, and demonstrate their impact on output bit error probability through Matlab simulations
- Understand matched-filter/correlator-based receiver employing coherent detection for ASK, MPSK, MFSK, and MQAM signaling schemes and appreciate the need for carrier and symbol synchronization
- Analyze exact SEP for BFSK, BPSK, QPSK, PAM, and MQAM schemes, and also obtain SEP union bound for MPSK and MFSK schemes to gain insights into the system performance
- Understand power-bandwidth tradeoffs and practical applications for various M-ary signaling schemes
- Understand the role of PN sequence in spectrum spreading including DS-SS and FH-SS principles
- Understand anti-jamming property, processing gain, and CDMA application of spread-spectrum
- Model wireless fading channel and understand its impact on received signal-to-noise ratio
- Compute cell coverage area and outage probability under pathloss and shadowing effect
- Calculate coherence time and coherence bandwidth and classify the type of small-scale fading
- Perform link budget analysis for wireline and wireless channels with practical examples

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content [Provide list-wise topics]

Section 1: Introduction and background



- High-level description of digital communication systems
- Digital versus analog performance criteria
- Review of white Gaussian noise
- Power spectral density and bandwidth computation

Section 2: Source coding

- Pulse-code modulation
- Differential pulse-code modulation and delta modulation
- Entropy, source coding theorem
- Lossless data compression algorithms: Huffman coding, Lampel-Ziv coding

Section 3: Channel coding

- Discrete memoryless channel
- Channel capacity
- Channel coding theorem
- Linear block codes
- Cyclic codes
- Convolutional codes and Viterbi decoding algorithm

Section 4: Bandpass modulation and demodulation

- Geometric representation of signals using signal-space concept
- Optimal receivers using coherent detection
- Digital bandpass modulation techniques: ASK, PSK, FSK, QAM
- Symbol and bit error probability analysis
- Bandwidth efficiency

Section 5: Spread-spectrum techniques

- Benefits of spread-spectrum systems
- Direct-sequence spread-spectrum
- Frequency hopping spread-spectrum
- Anti-jamming characteristics of spread-spectrum and CDMA

Section 6: Wireless channel model

- Path loss and lognormal shadowing effect
- Transmit and receive signal models employing ray tracing
- Outage probability and cell coverage area calculation



- Small scale fading, multipath effect, channel coherence bandwidth
- Time varying channel, Doppler effect, channel coherence time
- Link budget analysis

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Schedule	Торіс	Exam
Week 1	Introduction to digital communication systems	
Week 2	PCM, DPCM, and DM	
Week 3	Source coding theorem, Lossless data compression algorithms: Huffman coding, Lampel-Ziv coding	Quiz-1
Week 4	Channel capacity and channel coding theorem	
Week 5	Linear block codes	
Week 6	Cyclic codes	Quiz-2
Week 7	Convolution codes and Viterbi Algorithm	
Week 8	Geometric representation of signals in signal-space, Optimal receivers using coherent detection	Mid-term
Week 9	Digital modulation techniques: ASK, PSK, FSK, QAM	
Week 10	Error probability analysis, bandwidth efficiency	
Week 11	Spread-spectrum techniques, Direct-sequence spread-spectrum	Quiz-3
Week 12	Frequency hopping spread-spectrum, anti-jamming	
Week 13	Wireless channel: free-space path loss and simplified path loss models	
Week 14	Lognormal shadowing, outage probability, cell coverage area	
Week 15	Small-scale fading, Doppler effect, link budget analysis	End-term

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Text Books

- 1. Bernard Sklar and Pabitra Kumar Ray, "Digital Communication", Pearson Education
- 2. Simon Haykin, "Digital communication systems", Wiley Edition



Reference Books

- 1. John G Proakis and Masoud Salehi, "Digital Communications", McGraw Hill
- 2. Andrea Goldsmith, "Wireless Communication", Cambridge University Press
- 3. Upamanyu Madhow, "Fundamentals of Digital Communication", Cambridge University Press

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Course: Quiz (25%), Mid-term (30%), End-term (35%), and Class Participation (10%) *Lab:* Weekly assignments: 65%, Project: 30%, Class Participation: 5%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Compress audio signal using FFT, DCT, and LPC-based source compression algorithms through Matlab simulations	CO3
2	Apply combined source and channel coding schemes for digital audio transmission through a BSC channel using Matlab	
3	Understand the role of digital modulation techniques including BPSK, BFSK, MPSK on symbol error probability through simulations using Matlab	CO6
4	Demonstrate DS-SS system and find probability of error under the presence of jamming signal using Matlab	CO7
5	Demonstrate FH-SS system with BPSK modulator and show its impact on jamming resistance using Matlab	CO7
6	Demonstrate the combined effect of path loss and shadowing phenomena on outage probability through Matlab simulations	CO8
7	Demonstrate the impact of empirical path loss and 3GPP path loss models on received signal power through Matlab simulations	CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- · Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

Student is allowed to submit within 1 day after deadline. Exceptions are made if prior permission is taken.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Appropriate citation of references as per the standard IEEE format is mandatory in assignments and course project.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

[State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Name	VL 506 / System Software			
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. B. Thangaraju			
	Hours		Component	
Credite (L.T.D)	3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	0		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
	0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 2:0	:0	Total Credits = 2	
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against	X	4-point scale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Un	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applicable)				
(Choose by placing X in box against not	more than two	areas from the list	·)	
X Theory and Systems for Computing			Networking and	
and Data	_		Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Machine			Digital Society	
Learning	-			
VLSI Systems General Elective	-		Cyber Security	
General Elective				
Course Category Select x x	X appropriate amme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie one from the f X appropriately Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M General	ly. More than one Brance Brance International ty following:) es Elective		
	••		mowledge of operating systems.	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Engineers trained on Linux System Programming are sought for. This course provides a strong foundation for the same.
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication,		
etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

System Software course covers all the fundamentals of Operating Systems including Linux Kernel subsystems and Inter Process Communication Mechanisms. Lab session focused on Linux System Programming.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the importance of operating systems, kernel subsystems, types of kernel used for GPOS, embedded and real time systems.	PO1, PSO1	R	F,C	1	0
CO2	Managing files and file locking synchronization mechanisms using file related system calls.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	Р	5	0
CO3	Implement process scheduling policy and signaling mechanisms for real time and non-real time processes.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	C,P	5	0
CO4	Understand soft real time features as per POSIX standards.	PO1, PSO1	U	F,C	1	0
CO5	Perform Linux Inter Process communication mechanisms including pipe, FIFO, message queues, shared memory and socket programming.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	Ρ	12	0
	TOTAL				24	0

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)



Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

This course will cover the following topics:

- 1. Computer Architecture
- 2. Kernel Architecture
- 3. System Internals
- 4. Inter Process Communication Mechanisms
- 4. Implementation of Soft Real Time Systems

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Topics
1	Computer Architecture
	a. Basic structure of computer hardware and software
	b. Process, Memory and I/O systems: CPU, RAM, Virtual Memory, I/O devices
	c. Types of System - Server, Desktop, Embedded and Real Time
	d. Operating System Vs Kernel
2	Kernel Architecture
	a. Kernel Subsystems (computing resource management)
	b. Types of Kernel: Monolithic, Micro and Hybrid Architecture
	c. Monolithic - Server and Desktop
	d. Microkernel - Embedded and Real Time systems
	e. Hybrid - Handle both RT and Non-RT tasks
3-4	System Internals: Implementation of - process, file, memory and signal management
5-7	Inter Process Communication Mechanisms - pipe, FIFO, message Q, shared memory,
	semaphore and socket programming
8	Implementation of Soft Real Time Systems - as per POSIX standard
	Application Program Vs Kernel Module

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] 1. Operating System Concepts by Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Eighth edition, John Wiley & Sons. Inc, 2009.

2. Linux System Programming by Robert Love, O'Reilly Media, 2013.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]



System Software (2 credit)	Marks (%)
Mid Term Exam	50
Lab Exercises	20
Mini Project	30
Total	100

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1		CO2,
	64 Lab exercises on Linux System Programming	CO3,
		CO5
2	Project: Design and Development of online ticket booking system.	CO2,
	Use: only UNIX system calls.	CO5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of programming questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission A penalty of 10% of the Lab assignment/ project marks will be paid for late submission.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Nar	ne	EC201P Basic Electronics Laboratory					
Course Instructor Name(s)						
		F	lours		Comp	onent	
Cradita (L.T.D)				Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)				Tutorial (1hr = 7	1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Praction	4			Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 0:0	:4		Total Credits = 2			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A	А,А-,В+,В,В-,C+	,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	orv/Ur	satisfactory (S	/ X)	
appropriate box)	nnling	hla)	••••••				
Area of Specialization (if a		•		41 1:	4)		
(Choose by placing X in box again Theory and Systems for Com		nore than two	areas from	the list	Networking and		
and Data	iputing				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine				Digital Society		
Learning							
VLSI Systems		Cyber			Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch				•	grammes / branc	h(es):	
		X appropriate	ly. More th	an one	is okay)		
	Progra			h:	_		
	Х	iMTech			CSE		
		M.Tech X ECE			-		
		M.Sc.			Digital Society		
Course Category		one from the f					
	(Place)	e X appropriately) Basic Sciences					
		CSE Core	65				
	X	ECE Core					
	~	CSE Branch Elective					
		ECE Branch					
		Engineering		d Skills	3		
		HSS/M			·		
		General					
	/11/1	1. 11		7			
Course Pre-Requisites	(where	applicable, stat	e exact cour	se code	/name)		
	Digital	gital Design					

Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The basic embedded systems and interfacing is useful for employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The troubleshooting and selection of components for designing circuits and system is a useful skill development.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	Although no direct focus, the course empowers students to realize systems for different applications with limited knowledge.
	Yes	The project component in the course allows
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		students to work in team and present progress and technical report.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The objective of this course is to introduce electronics laboratory skills to the students.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand and test the laboratory instruments including Oscilloscope, Function generators, Power supply, and Multimeter.	PSO1, PO1, PO12	U	Р	8	
CO2	Design RC based first order filter circuits on breadboard and determine the frequency response of the same using Multisim tool.	PSO1, PO2, PO3, PO5	Ap, An	C&S, PC	8	
CO3	Verify digital logic gates using IC chips, and realize the combinational digital circuit for a given logical function.	PSO1	Ap, E	Р	8	
CO4	Realize a state machine for a vending machine design using flipflops and LEDs.	PSO1	Ар	C, PC, C&S	10	
CO5	Implement an embedded systems project using microcontrollers, sensors, and actuators.	PSO1, P013, PO11, PO9, PO8, PO7, PO5, PO3	Ар	C, F	8	
CO6						
C07						
CO8						



CO9			
CO10			

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

NA

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

The laboratory content should cover experiments on the following topics:

1. Instruments: digital multimeter, Oscilloscope, Signal generator, Breadboard.

2. I-V characteristics of linear passive components and their combinations, Charging and discharging of Capacitor circuits.

3. Experiments on filter circuits (Low pass, high pass, bandpass, notch) consisting of combination of R, L and C circuits.

4. I-V characteristics of Diodes, Rectifier circuits using diodes, clipper and clamper circuits, LEDs.

5. Operation of DC motors, servo motors, and Opamp based amplifiers.

6. Verify digital logic gates and combinational circuits using IC chips.

7. Develop sequential circuits using digital gates.

8. Finite state machine examples such as vending machine, traffic light controller and realization of the same using digital logic gates.

9. Introduction of Atmega 16 bit microcontroller and applications of microcontrollers such as reading temperature sensor, driving LEDs, driving servo and DC motors.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Lab1 - Breadboard, Arduino Programming, & Basic Resistor-LED circuit

Lab2 - NAND, NOR Logic gates with LEDs and Arduino

Lab3 - Combinational Logic gates, and 3:8 decoder, using Arduino

Lab4 - Seven-segment-display using Arduino

Lab5 - Flipflops (D, JK) and clock gating using Arduino

Lab6 - Counter with Arduino

Lab7 - Transient Analysis, Voltage-divider circuits, Capacitor Charging and discharging circuits, RC Integrator and Differentiator circuits. Usage of Multisim for verifying the experimental results on Simulation tool.

Lab8 - RC circuit as filters: Low Pass and High Pass filters

Lab9 - Shift register with Arduino

Lab10 - State machines with Arduino

Lab11 - Analog components such as sensors, servo motors, DC motor with transistor and Arduino.

Lab12 - Opamp based inverting and non-inverting amplifier circuits



Lab13A: Project Progress Discussion Lab13B: Project Demonstration

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] 1. Student manual for the Art of electronics - Thomas Hayes and Paul Horowitz 2. The art of electronics - Paul Horowitz and Winfield Hill

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Midterm exam-30% Final exam-30% Quizzes-10% Assignments-10% Project-20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappin g
1	Lab report on exploring instruments	CO1
2	Lab report on filter circuits experimented in the lab	CO2
3	Assignment to design vending machine / washing machine state machines	CO4
4	Implement an embedded systems project using microcontrollers, sensors, and actuators.	CO5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission



Unless medically approved excuse, all late submissions are not considered for grading.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]



Course Code / Course Name	EC202P Ele	EC202P Electronics devices and circuit laboratory					
Course Instructor Name(s)							
	ŀ	lours		Comp	onent		
Credite (L.T.D)				Lecture (1hr = 1	1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)				Tutorial (1hr = 2	1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	2			Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 0:0	:2		Total Credits = 1			
Grading Scheme	X	4-point so	cale (A	A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against		•					
appropriate box)		Satisfacto	ory/Un	satisfactory (S	(X)		
Area of Specialization (if appl	•						
(Choose by placing X in box against n	ot more than two	areas from	the list				
Theory and Systems for Computin	ng			Networking and			
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Machine				Communication Digital Society			
Learning				Digital Society			
VLSI Systems	-			Cyber Security			
General Elective				- , ,			
	urse is restricted t	o the followi	na pro	grammes / branc	h(es):		
	ace X appropriate						
	gramme:						
	K iMTech			CSE			
	M.Tech		Х	ECE			
	M.Sc.			Digital Society			
	ect <u>one</u> from the t						
(Pla	ice X appropriately						
	Basic Science	es					
	CSE Core						
	ECE Core						
	CSE Branch						
	ECE Branch						
	Engineering HSS/M	Science and		<u>;</u>			
	General						
Course Pre-Requisites (Wh	nere applicable, sta	te exact cours	se code	/name)			
EC	201 and EC201P	Basic Electi	ronics	Theory and Labo	ratory		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The basic circuit and systems knowledge and interfacing is useful for employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The troubleshooting and selection of components for designing circuits and systems is a useful skill development.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	Although no direct focus, the course empowers students to realize systems for different applications with limited knowledge.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	The project component in the course allows students to work in team and present progress and technical report.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The objective of the course is to provide students an understanding of circuits consisting of various discrete devices including diodes, zener, opamps and BJT transistors.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Implement opamp based active filters on breadboard and verify the same on Multisim.	PSO1, PO12, PO5	U, C, Ap	С, Р	6	0
CO2	Understand opamp based active rectifier circuits on breadboard and verify the same on Multisim.	PS01, PO12, PO5	U, Ap, C	С, Р	4	0
CO3	Understand three stage BJT amplifier circuit for a specified gain, input, output impedance, and frequency response on Breadboard and Multisim.	PS01, PO5	U, Ap, C, E	C, P, PS, C&S	6	0
CO4	Demonstrate a Timer based project showcasing the ability to autonomously sense and actuate without using microcontroller.	PSO1, PO13, PO11, PO9, PO8, PO7, PO2, PO3	U, Ap, E, C	C&S, PC	5	0
CO5						



CO6			
CO7			
CO8			
CO9			
CO10			

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional) $_{\rm NA}$

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

The course content covers the following topics:

BJT DC characteristics, Various biasing of BJT circuits including emitter-follower circuit, amplifier circuit, current gain, push-pull configurations, and BJT as a switch.

Opamp based active rectifier, filters, differentiator, integrator, clipper, and clamper circuits. Timer based mono-stable, and multi-stable-vibrator circuit, and zener diodes based regulator circuits is also included.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]
Lab1: Diodes, Rectifiers, and Zener diodes as regulator.
Lab2: Opamp based differentiator, Integrator Circuits.
Lab3: Opamp based Clamper, Clipper Circuits.
Lab4: BJT DC Characteristics.
Lab5: Designing BJT amplifier circuits
Lab6: Timer 555 chip and generating signals.
Lab7: BJT follower circuits.
Lab8: Project progress discussion.
Lab9: BJT Frequency response.
Lab10: Pushpull configuration circuits.
Lab11: Project demonstration.

Learning Resources

[*Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course*] 1. Student manual for the Art of electronics - Thomas Hayes and Paul Horowitz

2. The art of electronics - Paul Horowitz and Winfield Hill



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Midterm exam-30% Final exam-30% Quizzes-20% Assignments-10% Project-10%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapp ing
1	Lab report on BJT amplifier design.	CO3
2		CO2,
	Lab report on Opamp based filter and rectifier circuits.	CO1
3	Assignment on generating a ramp signal using Timer 555 chip	CO4
4	Demonstrate a Timer based project showcasing the ability to autonomously sense and actuate without using microcontroller.	CO4

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission Unless medically approved excuse, all late submissions are not considered for grading.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]



Course Code / Course Name	ne EC302 Microprocessors and Microcontrollers					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Vinod Vee	Vinod Veera Reddy				
		Hours		Component		
Cradita (L.T.D)	3		Lectu	re (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)	.n		Tutori	al (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical	2		Practi	cal (2hrs = 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:	D:1	Total	Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme	4	4-point scal	e (A,A-,B+	-,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)		Satisfactory	/Unsatisfa	ctory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if app	nlicabla)			,		
(Choose by placing X in box against		areas from the	list)			
Theory and Systems for Compu		r ureus from the		rking and		
and Data				unication		
Artificial Intelligence and Machir	ne			Society		
Learning				-		
X VLSI Systems			Cyber	Security		
General Elective						
		e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):				
		e X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Programme:	Br	anch:			
	X iMTech		CSE			
	M.Tech		X ECE			
	M.Sc.		Digital	Society		
		one from the following:				
	Place X appropriatel Basic Scien					
	CSE Core	665				
	X ECE Core					
	CSE Branch	Elective				
	ECE Branch					
		Science and S	kills			
	HSS/M					
	General					
Course Pro-Poquisites	Where applicable, sta	ate exact course	rode/name)			
	Digital Logic basic					
	ignal Logio Subic	e, programmi	.9 500100			

Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Engineers trained on Embedded systems are sought for. This course provides strong foundation for the same.
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Microcontrollers and microprocessors are at the heart of all embedded systems that enable building all electronic devices. This course enables the students to familiarize themselves with the functioning of microprocessors and microcontrollers within an embedded system.

In this course, we study all the building blocks that constitute a microcontroller choosing 8051 as the microcontroller for this study. We also learn how instructions provided to the controller translate into action. We then look into more recent ATMEGA328p microcontroller which is in the heart of Arduino boards. The capabilities of this controller are discussed in detail before we discuss ARM architecture. We confine ourselves for ARM Cortex M3 microprocessor within this course.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the architecture and functioning of Intel 8051 microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	U	C, P	10	
	CO1-C1: Understand the core, interrupt handing and instruction set architecture of Intel 8051 microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	U	С, Р	5	
	CO1-C2: Understand the ports and peripherals of 8051 microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	U	С, Р	5	
CO2	Write assembly language programs to solve simple problems with Intel 8051 microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	Ар	F, C	5	25
CO3	Understand the architecture and functioning of ATMEGA328p microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	15	
	CO3-C1: Understanding the core, interrupt handling and memory of the AMTEGA328p microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	8	
	CO3-C2: Understanding the ports and peripherals of the AMTEGA328p microcontroller	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	7	



CO4	Design embedded system to address real-life problems	PO1,	Ар	C,	5	5
	using Intel 8051 or ATMEGA328p	PSO1		Р		
CO5	Understand the architecture and functioning of ARM	PO1,	U	F,	10	
	Cortex M microprocessor	PSO1		С		
	CO5-C1: Understanding the architecture, interrupt and exception handling of ARM Cortex M microprocessor	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	8	
	CO5-C2: Understanding the input-output interfacing with external peripherals	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	2	
	Total Hours				45	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- 1. Prerequisites
- 2. 8051 microcontroller (8-bit)
 - a. Pin description & Architecture
 - b. Instruction set architecture and Assembly Instructions
 - c. Ports and Peripherals
 - i. Serial Communication
 - ii. Ports, Timers
 - d. Interrupts
- 3. ATMEGA328p (8-bit)
 - a. Pin description & Architecture
 - b. Registers & Instruction execution
 - c. Interrupt handling, Memory
 - d. Ports and Peripherals
- 4. ARM Cortex M (32-bit)
 - a. Cortex M architecture
 - b. Exceptions and Interrupt architecture
 - c. Input-Output interfacing

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi and Janice Gillispie Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems".
- 2. ATMEGA328p datasheet.
- 3. Muhammad Tahir and Kashif Javed, "ARM Microprocessor Systems: Cortex-M architecture, Programming, and Interfacing".

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assessment type	Percentage distribution
Assignment 1	10
Quiz 1	10
Mid-semester exam	30
Assignment 2	10
End-semester exam	35
Class participation	5

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapp ing
1	Interface an external peripheral with 8051 microcontroller. Program the	CO2,
	controller to acquire data and process the same	CO4
2	Students learn to employ ATMEGA328p and its internal peripherals for the	CO5,
	application specified.	CO6
3	Student presentation as part of class participation on various building blocks of	CO7
	ARM microprocessor	

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

A penalty of 10% of the assignment marks will be paid for late submission.



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Na	EC 305 Cor	ntrol Syste	ems					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Sachit Rao						
		Hours			Component			
		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)	ool)		0		Tutorial (1hr = 1	credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)		0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
		L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credits = 3			
Grading Scheme		X	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	orv/Lin	satisfactory (S /	(X)		
appropriate box)			Salisiaci	.01 y/01		^)		
Area of Specialization (if a			C)			
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from	the list				
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	nputing				Networking and Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Mag	chine				Digital Society			
Learning								
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security			
General Elective								
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted t	o the follow	ing pro	grammes / branc	h(es):		
-	•	X appropriate	ely. More th	an one	is okay)			
	Progra							
	X	iMTech			CSE			
		M.Tech		X	ECE			
		M.Sc.			Digital Society			
Course Category		one from the f						
	(Flace)	ce X appropriately) Basic Sciences						
		CSE Core	63					
	x	ECE Core						
		CSE Branch						
		ECE Branch Elective						
		Engineering		d Skills				
		HSS/M			·			
	General							
Course Dre Deswieites	(Where	applicable, star	to avaat ac	rea and				
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	е елист сой	se code	/nume)			



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Design controllers for autonomous systems
Focus on skill development	Yes	Ability to model system dynamics and design controllers from first principles
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Ability to choose appropriate firmware when building new systems
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Ability to state and prove new concepts

Course Context and Overview

This course introduces the basics of feedback control systems and theory-a topic which finds application in several disciplines of engineering and other sciences. As this is an introductory course, the focus will only be on the class of linear time-invariant systems. Starting with the traditional polynomial based approaches for controller design and analysis for typical engineering systems, the course will move to modern-day techniques such as continuous time and discrete state-space methods.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Identify what parameter is to be controlled in a dynamic system and the resources available to do so.	PO1, PSO3	U	F,C	3	
CO2	Derive a mathematical model of a dynamic system based on first principles between the output variable and the control variable.	PO1, PSO3	Ар	C,P	6	
CO3	Identify the open-loop stability properties, desired transient and steady-state closed-loop specifications to select an appropriate control algorithm.	PO1, PSO3	U	F,C	12	
CO4	Implement and test the selected algorithm and fine- tune its parameters based on the desired specifications.	PO1, PSO3	Ар	C,P	12	
CO5	Learn how to use simulation tools and numerical techniques to simulate closed-loop behavior.	PO1, PSO3	Ар	C,P	12	9



Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

	Topic
1	Open/Closed-loop Systems; Common examples; Transfer function
	representations
2	Modeling of common mechanical and electrical systems; Linearisation; Block
	diagrams and reduction; Commonly-used inputs; Analysis of first and second-
	order systems
3	Steady-state errors; Introduction to PID controllers; Pole-placement; Examples
4	PID controller tuning rules; Design using Root-locus and Bode-plots
5	State-space representations; Properties of Continuous Linear Time-invariant
	systems; Examples; Review of specific topics in Linear Algebra
6	Controllability and Observability; Pole-placement design; Observers for state
	estimation; (Kalman Filter)
7	Notions of Stability; Equilibria; Lyapunov Analysis
8	Digital control; Sampling; Extension of controller design topics to the discrete
	domain

Instruction Schedule

Week	Торіс
1-2	Introduction; Open/Closed-loop Systems; Common examples; Transfer function
	representations
3-4	Modeling of common mechanical and electrical systems; Linearisation; Block
	diagrams and reduction; Commonly-used inputs; Analysis of first and second-order
	systems
5-6	Steady-state errors; Introduction to PID controllers; Pole-placement; Examples
7-9	PID controller tuning rules; Design using Root-locus and Bode-plots
10-11	State-space representations; Properties of Continuous Linear Time-invariant systems;
	Examples; Review of specific topics in Linear Algebra
12	Controllability and Observability; Pole-placement design; Observers for state
	estimation; (Kalman Filter)
13	Notions of Stability; Equilibria; Lyapunov Analysis
14-15	Digital control; Sampling; Extension of controller design topics to the discrete
	domain



Learning Resources

- Katsuhiko Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering (Fifth Edition)", Prentice-Hall
- Karl Johan Astrom and Richard M. Murray, "Feedback Systems: An Introduction for Scientists and Engineers", electronic version accessible from http://www.cds.caltech.edu/~murray/amwiki
- Charles L. Phillips and H Troy Nagle, "Digital Control System Analysis and Design (Third Edition)", Prentice-Hall
- Other curated material which will be shared on LMS

Assessment Plan

4 in-class quizzes (15%), 2 closed-book exams (80%), Involvement in tutorials (5%).

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Block diagram reduction and derivation of closed-loop systems	CO3, CO4
2	Design and simulation of PID controllers	CO3, CO5
3	Design and simulation of state-feedback controllers and observers	CO3, CO4

Evaluation Procedures

Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Answer sheets will be shared after evaluation (offline evaluation), and overall score will be uploaded on LMS and score on sub-rubrics will be shared if students asks for it (online evaluation).

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Delays acceptable with permission and valid reasons. Delayed submission without permission will incur 50% reduction in marks.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

If simulation programs are available online, they should be cited and appropriately commented to exhibit understanding of the program.



Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	ne	EC503 Digital CMOS VLSI Design					
Course Instructor Name(s)						
		Hours			Compo	nent	
Credits (L:T:P)		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Tutorial (1hr = 1	credit)	
	calj				Practical (2hrs =	1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credits =	4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,0	C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	on // Ir	natiofactory (S/	<u>v</u>)	
appropriate box)			Salislaci	ory/Or	nsatisfactory (S / 2	^)	
Area of Specialization (if a			_				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from	the lis			
Theory and Systems for Com and Data	iputing				Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine				Digital Society		
Learning					g		
X VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to	o the follow	ing pro	grammes / branch	(es):	
	(Place	X appropriate	ly. More th		•		
	Progra	imme:		Branc	h:		
		iMTech			CSE		
	X	M.Tech		Х	ECE		
		M.Sc.			Digital Society		
Course Category		one from the following: X appropriately)					
	(Flace 2	Basic Scienc					
		CSE Core	63				
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch Elective					
	Х	ECE Branch Elective					
		Engineering Science and Skills					
		HSS/M					
	General						
		applicable stat	a avaat as	na aad			
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	e exact cour	se code	(name)		
			Electronics	Theor	y and Lab, Electro	nic devices	
	rcuit lab						



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The basic CMOS transistor working and design techniques towards improving performance is highly useful for todays SoC Design employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The design techniques, and layout understanding are the skills developed in the course.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This is the first graduate level course in VLSI design. This course introduces students to CMOS circuits, develops first-order current-voltage and capacitance-voltage models for transistors, transfer characteristics of CMOS inverter, performance estimation for circuits through logical effort, combinational circuit design, and circuit families.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand NMOS and PMOS current equations and determine the relation with respect to size of transistors.	PO3	U	F	3	
CO2	Apply and observe CMOS Inverter transfer characteristics and Noise margin using current equations and compare the same using LTSpice tool.	PO3, PO1	Ар	F,C	4	4
CO3	Evaluate the propagation delay for a unit inverter and compare the same using LTSpice tool.	PO3, PO2, PO1	E	C,P	7	4
CO4	Understand the Elmore delay model and apply the same for higher order NAND and NOR gates.	PO3	U	РС, Р, F	6	
CO5	Understand the design methodology for multi stage digital circuits.	PO3, PO1	U	PC, C&S, D-I	6	



CO6	Understand different combinatorial logic families, and compare them in terms of logical effort and parasitic delay.	PO3	U	F, C	8	
C07	Apply stick diagram for higher order digital compound gates and determine the footprint.	PO3, PO2, PO1	Ар	P, PC	4	4
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

NA

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Course contents includes CMOS logic, pass transistors, Transfer characteristics of Inverter, Noise Margin, Long channel current model, short channel current model, Design of Inverter, gate capacitances, parasitic capacitances, C-V characteristics for a MOS transistor, CMOS stick diagram, and layout, CMOS Delay Estimation, Delay optimization, Elmore delay model, Linear delay model, logical effort, Design for multi-stage and compound circuits, Decoder gate level design, Combinational CMOS Logic Styles, Dynamic Combination CMOS Logic styles, Pseud NMOS, Asymmetric gates, and Domino logic. The course also includes Schematic and layout of Digital circuits using Electric tool.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]	
NMOS Transistor	2 hours
MOS Capacitor Model, Short-Channel	3 hours
Short Channel, and DC Characteristics	3 hours
Skewed Inverter, Transistor Dimensions	4 hours
CMOS Buffer, Noise Margin	5 hours
Delay	5 hours
Parasitic delay	2 hours
Logical Effort	3 hours
Electrical effort and branching	3 hours
Decoder design	2 hours
Combinational circuit families	5 hours
Stick Diagram	3 hours
Ratioed circuit	3 hours



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Neil H. E. Weste and David Harris, CMOS VLSI Design: A circuits and systems perspective, 4th edition, 2011.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Midterm exam-30% Final exam-30% Quizzes-20% Assignments-20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappi ng
1	I-V and C-V characteristics using Long channel current equations and verify the	CO1
	same in LTSpice tool.	
2	Transfer characteristics of Inverter and Transmission gate and verify the same	CO2
	in LTSpice.	
3	Optimize the performance of a digital circuit by identifying critical paths and	CO4,C
	determine the gate and transistor size.	O5
4	Draw stick diagram and layout in Electric Tool for a compound logic gate.	CO7

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission Unless medically approved excuse, all late submissions are not considered for grading.



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	me	EG 102/Data Structures and Algorithms					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Dr. Muralidh	nara V N				
			lours		Comp	onent	
Credits (L:T:P)					Lecture (1hr =		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	ool)				Tutorial (1hr =		
	calj	2			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:2		Total Credits :	= 5	
Grading Scheme	X	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)		Satisfact	ory/Un	satisfactory (S	/ X)		
Area of Specialization (if a	pplica	ble)					
(Choose by placing X in box agai			areas from	the list	•)		
Theory and Systems for Con		-		Networking and			
and Data					Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac				Digital Society			
Learning VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	r Security	
General Elective							
Programme / Branch	Course	his restricted to	o the follow	ing pro	arammes / bran	ch(es):	
Programme / Branch		e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es): 2 X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra			Branc			
	X	iMTech X		CSE	ا ٦		
		M.Tech X		Х	ECE		
		M.Sc.					
Course Category		one from the f		•			
	(Place)	X appropriately					
		Basic Scienc	es				
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch					
	X	ECE Branch		d Chille			
	Engineering HSS/M	Science an	u Skills				
	General						
]		
Course Pre-Requisites	applicable, stat		rse code	/name)			
	Progra	mming in C and	Python.				



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Most of the interviews during
Direct focus on employability		placements will have questions on DSA.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Programming
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills	Yes	Problem Solving Skills
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Data Structures and Algorithms are often considered as the foundation of computer science. With advancements in the computer science field, more and more data is generated, this course provides basic tools and techniques to design efficient algorithms to process this data.

This is a core course to the iM.Tech second semester students. The aim of the course is to provide students with a grasp of the principles of the many data structures used in modern software.

The students also learn to use the concepts of DSA in any programming language of their choice to solve computing problems.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Determine the efficiency of algorithms.	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C,P	8	3	
CO2	Understand the characteristics of data structures including arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, Heaps, Binary Search trees , hashing, graphs .	PO1, PSO4	U	C,P	10	3	
CO3	Understand algorithms for sorting and searching.	PO1, PSO4	U	C,P	7	3	
CO4	Understand the graph traversal algorithms DFS and BFS, algorithms for Shortest path problem and minimum spanning trees.	PO1, PSO4	U	C,P	10	3	
CO5	Choose appropriate data structures to design efficient algorithms to solve computing problems.	PO1, PSO4	E	C,P	10	3	
CO6	Design and implement efficient algorithms in any programming language.	PO1, PSO4	С	C,P			30
	Total				45	15	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

1. Introduction to algorithms and complexity.



- 2. Sorting: Merge, quick, radix, selection, bubble sort, insertion sort and heap sort.Lower bound for sorting.
- 3. Randomized Algorithms: Las Vegas and Monte Carlo paradigms, some example randomized algorithms
- 4. Arrays, stacks, queues and linked lists .
- 5. Dictionaries: Skip-lists, hashing, analysis of collision resolution techniques.
- 6. Binary Trees: Traversals, binary search trees, balanced binary search trees AVL and Red Black Trees.
- 7. Priority queues: binary heaps, binomial heaps and Fibonacci heaps.
- 8. Graphs:Breadth-_first search and connected components, Depth-_first search in directed and undirected graphs. Single course shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree prim's and kruskal's algorithms.

Instruction Schedule

- 1. Introduction to algorithms and complexity. (2 weeks)
- 2. Sorting: Merge, quick, radix, selection, bubble sort, insertion sort and heap sort.Lower bound for sorting. (2 weeks)
- 3. Randomized Algorithms: Las Vegas and Monte Carlo paradigms, some example randomized algorithms (1 Week)
- 4. Arrays, stacks, queues and linked lists . (1 week)
- Dictionaries: Skip-lists, hashing, analysis of collision resolution techniques. (1 week)
- 6. Binary Trees: Traversals, binary search trees, balanced binary search trees AVL and Red Black Trees. (3 weeks)
- Priority queues: binary heaps, binomial heaps and Fibonacci heaps. (2 weeks)
- Graphs:Breadth-_first search and connected components, Depth-_first search in directed and undirected graphs. Single course shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree - prim's and kruskal's algorithms. (3 week)

Learning Resources

Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Leiserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, MIT Press, 3rd Edition 2009.



Assessment Plan

Theory : Mid Term - 25% End Term- 25% Test 1- 10 % Test 2 - 10% MCQ 1- 15 % MCQ 2- 15 %

Lab

Mid Term - 25% End Term- 25% Test 1- 10 % Test 2 - 10% Assignments - 30 %

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Applications of Sorting and Searching	CO1,CO3,CO6
2	Applications of Stacks, Queues and Heaps	CO1,CO2,CO5,CO6
3	Applications of Binary Trees and BBST	CO1,CO2,CO5,CO6
4	Applications of Graph Algorithms	CO1,CO4,CO5,CO6

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

No Penalty for one week late, 100% penalty after that.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs



Course Code / Course Name	EG 301 / Operating Systems					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. B. Tha	Prof. B. Thangaraju				
	ŀ	lours	Component			
о IV (I т р)	3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)	0		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	2		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
	L:T:P = 3:0	:1	Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme	Х	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)				
(Choose by placing X against						
appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)			
Area of Specialization (if applicable)						
(Choose by placing X in box against not		areas from the lis				
X Theory and Systems for Computing			Networking and			
and Data	-		Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning			Digital Society			
VLSI Systems	-		Cyber Security			
General Elective	-					
Course Category	e X appropriate ramme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie ECE Digital Socie X appropriately Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch ENGINE	ely. More than one Brance The Brance The Bra	h:			
Course Pre-Requisites (When NON)		te exact course code	p/name)			



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Engineers trained on operating systems are sought for. This course provides strong foundation for the same.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Developing skills on Linux System Programming is very much required for the development of Embedded and Real Time Systems.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

An operating system defines an abstraction of hardware and manages computing resource sharing among the computer's users. This course covers developing key approaches to operating system design and implementation. From basic structure to synchronization, overview of monolithic, micro and hybrid kernel types, implementation of file, processes, memory organization and Network management kernel subsystems will be discussed in detail.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the importance of operating systems, kernel subsystems, types of kernel used for GPOS, embedded and real time systems.	PO1, PSO1	U	F,C	3	0
CO2	Use the existing file types including regular, directory, link, device and socket, and file systems including ext4 and XFS	PO1, PSO1	Ар	F,C ,P	4	2
CO3	Perform I/O management with file related system calls and file locking synchronization mechanism.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO4	Implement the process management including mode, space, process states, scheduling policy for real time and non real time processes.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	C, P	6	4
CO5	Implement timers, manipulation of system resources limits and implementation of Signaling mechanisms with standard and real time signals.	PO1, PSO1	Ар	F, C, P	5	4



CO6	Develop multithreaded programs by using POSIX threads.	PO3, PSO1	Ар	C, P	3	2
CO7	Understand how the OS manages the physical memory.	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C, P	3	0
CO8	Implement the inter process communication mechanisms including the unnamed pipe and named pipe (FIFO).	PO1, PO3, PSO1	Ар	F, C, P	6	4
CO9	Perform System V IPC mechanisms including Message Queue, Shared Memory and Semaphore.	PO3, PSO1	Ар	C, P	6	8
CO10	Implement socket programming to communicate between two different systems through a concurrent server.	PO3, PSO1	Ар	C, P	3	4
	TOTAL				45	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

This course will cover the following topics:

- 1. OS Introduction
- 2. File Management
- 3. I/O Handling
- 4. File Locking
- 5. Process Management
- 6. Daemon Process
- 7. Timers, Resource Limits and Log Messages
- 8. POSIX Thread Basics
- 9. Signaling Mechanisms
- 10. Memory Management
- 11. Primitive Inter Process Communications
- 12. System V IPC
- 13. Socket Programming

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Topics
1	1. OS Introduction
	a. Features



	b. Layered Approach
	c. Kernel Functionality
	d. Different types of Kernel –Monolithic, Micro and Hybrid
	e. Booting Procedure
2	2. File Management
	a. File Tree Structure
	b. File Types
	c. File System
	d. Ext4/XFS
	e. Device Special Files
	f. procfs
	g. Buffer Cache
3	3. I/O Handling
	a. overview
	b. fd table
	c. System Calls
	d. Opening a file
	e. Duplicating a file descriptor
	f. Random Access
	g. File control
	h. Get file status
	i. Select system call
4	4. File Locking
	a. Types of file locking
	b. flock structure
	c. Pseudo Code for write lock
5-6	5. Process Management
	a. mode and space
	b. Context switch
	c. Per process objects
	d. Execution Context
	e. Process structure
	f. Process states
	g. Process scheduling
	h. Process Creation - fork
	i. execl family of Library functions
7	6. Daemon Process
	a. Characteristics
	b. Example Program
8	7. Timers, Resource Limits and Log Messages
	a. Time Zone
	b. Alarm
	c. Interval Timers
	d. Set and Get Timers
	e. Time Stamp Counter
	f. Hard and Soft Resource Limits
	g. Set and Get Limits
	h. syslog
9	8. POSIX Thread Basics
	a. overview



	आ गगुरागग्
	b. User Level Thread
	c. Kernel Level Thread
	d. Example Program
10	9. Signaling Mechanisms
	a. Introduction
	b. Signal Vs Interrupt
	c. Receiving a signal
	d. Handling a signal
	e. signal () system call
	f. kill () system call
	g. sigaction () system call
11	10. Memory Management
	a. Virtual memory
	b. Paging
	c. memory mapping
	d. Demand paging
	e. mm data structure
12	11. Primitive Inter Process Communications
	a. pipe
	b. popen, pread, pwrite
	c. FIFO
	d. Process Tracing
13-14	12. System V IPC
	a. Introduction
	b. message Queues
	c. Shared Memory
	d. Semaphore
15	13. Socket Programming
	a. Connection Oriented
	b. Concurrent and Iterative Server

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] 1. Operating System Concepts by Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Eighth edition, John Wiley & Sons. Inc, 2009.

2. Linux System Programming by Robert Love, O'Reilly Media, 2013.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

OS Theory Exam (3 credit)	Marks (%)
Pre Mid Term Exam -Quiz1	10



Mid Term Exam	30
Pre End Term Exam -Quiz2	10
End Term Exam	40
Attendance	10
Total	100

OS Lab Evaluation (1 credit)	Marks (%)
Hands-on List 1	25
Hands-on List 2	25
Mini Project	40
Attendance	10
Total	100

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	64 Lab exercises on Linux System Programming	CO2 to CO10
2	Project: Design and Development of online banking management system. Use: only system calls, file locking, semaphore, multithreaded and socket programming.	CO3, CO6,CO9 , CO10

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]



The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of programming questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission A penalty of 10% of the Lab assignment/ project marks will be paid for late submission.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	EG 101/ Computer Networks					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. Amrita Mishra					
	Hours			Component		
	3/week			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)	1/week			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	0			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:1					
Grading Scheme	Х	4-point s	cale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
	against		Satisfact	on//L	$p_{0} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right)$	
appropriate box)	- 1. 1 - \		Salislaci	ory/O	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic		none the an true	ano aa fuom	41 1:		
(Choose by placing X in box agai Theory and Systems for Con		nore than two	areas from	the us		
and Data	iputing			Х	Networking and Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and M	lachine				Digital Society	
Learning					2.g.ul coolory	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Course Category	Progra X X X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ one from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M	ty iollowing:) ees Elective Elective	Brand	ch:	
Course Pre-Requisites	applicable, stat	te exact cour	se cod	e/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	The conceptual understanding of this course helps the students to procure jobs in the Information Technology industry
Direct focus on employability		
	Yes	The course content and assignments help develop student's skills with respect to
Focus on skill development		applications of Computer Networks.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The main aim of this course is to make the students familiarise and understand how the heterogenous networks are interconnected in practice and digital information flows from the source to the destination. Further, this course delves into various protocols involved in successful transmission of packets from one end of the globe to the other end via the internet. Towards this end, various network applications and their underlying protocols are discussed. Basics of socket programming enables students to understand the connection between application layer to transport layer for reliable delivery of data. State-of-the-art congestion and flow control algorithms for flow of information over the internet are also taught. Existing routing algorithms concepts for information flow are covered along with the medium access control protocols. Finally, how information moves step by step across various layers of the internet protocol stack to reach the final destination is summarized.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand digital information flow from source to destination over computer networks	PO1/ PSO2	U	F, C	4	1
CO2	Understand the network protocol stacks in Internet	PO1/PSO2	U	F, C	5	



						1
CO3	Understand the functioning of web browsing, FTP, e- mail and real-time network applications	PO1/PSO2	U	F, C	8	2
CO4	Determine the appropriate routing protocols for efficient routing for given topological conditions and router abilities	PO1/PSO2	Ар	F,C ,P	8	2
CO5	Understand role of flow control and congestion control algorithms to avoid congestion over the Internet.	PO1/PSO2	U	F, C, P	8	2
CO6	Understand IPV4 and IPV6 packet formats and their the differences.	PO1/PSO2	U	F, C, P	4	1
C07	Determine the appropriate medium access control protocol to avoid collision of packets during transmission in a given medium.	PO1/PSO2	Ар	F,C ,P	8	2

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Motivation of networking and communication in IT applications, Topologies and need for different topologies, Circuit switching and packet switching
- Need for Protocols, Networking parlance, Protocol Stack Basic Overview and Functionalities
- Application layer protocols
- Socket Programming
- Transport Layer protocols: Multiplexing and De-multiplexing of information in a node; TCP protocol: Reliable transmission algorithm, Congestion and flow control algorithms, UDP protocol,
- Network Layer protocols: Routing algorithms link state and distance vector, IP Addressing, IP mobility,
- Data link layer: Concepts of medium access control protocol, error detection and correction, frame structure

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]



Week 1 - Introduction, Motivation of networking and communication in IT applications, Topologies and need for different topologies, Circuit switching and packet switching

Week 2- Need for Protocols, Networking parlance, TCP/IP Protocol Stack – Basic Overview and Functionalities -

Week 3 - Application layer protocols: HTTP, FTP, SMTP

Week 4 – Application layer protocols (contd) DNS, Basics of Socket Programming

Week 5 – Transport Layer – Primitives, Multiplexing/Demultiplexing, UDP

Week 6 – Reliable Data Transfer (Selective Repeat, Go-Back-N), TCP – Connection, Segment Structure

Week 7 – Flow control and congestion control algorithms –

Week 8 – Network layer functionalities, Routing Algorithms – Link State (LS) and Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithms

Week 9 – IP Addressing: IPV4 and IPV6 packet formats – comparison

Weeks 10 & 11 – Intra-autonomous system routing: RIP, OSPF, Inter-autonomous system routing: BGP, Mobility at Network Layer

Week 12 – Data Link Layer Functionalities – Forwarding, Flow Control, Error Control, Medium Access Control (MAC) Protocols: Taxonomy, channel partioning, random access, taking turn

Weeks 13 & 14 - Random Access MAC protocols – Pure ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA, Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

Week 15 - With respect to all the concepts in previous classes, this week stitches all the concepts from application to data link layers to explain -- how digital information packets move from the source to the destination using internet

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Computer Networking: Top-Down Approach, by Kurose and Ross
- 2. Local Area Network, by G. Keiser
- **3.** Performance Analysis of the IEEE 802.11 Distributed Coordination Function, by G. Bianchi, IEEE Journal of Selected Areas in Communications, Vol. 18, No. 3, March 2000.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- Mid-Term (#1): 30 points
- End-Term (#1): 30 points
- Assignments (#2): 10 points
- Quizzes (#2): 10 points
- Course Project Research Oriented (#1): 10 points
- Attendance and Classroom participation: 10 points



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S N o	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappin g
1		CO1,C
	Questions related to delay calculation in practical networks; http 2.0, https, QUIC protocols; MIME format for emails; Socket Programming	O2,CO 3
2		CO4, CO5,C
	Questions related to IPV4 and IPV6 interoperability; reliable data transfer, flow and congestion control in TCP protocol	O6,CO 7
3	Course Project: Research project to perform literature survey of up to two journal papers in related and upcoming areas of computer networking	CO1- CO7

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Dates of release and submission of assignments (with a 2-week window gap) announced on the first day of commencement of lectures. Late submission of assignments shall not be considered for grading except for cases of personal/health emergencies.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]



Appropriate citation of references (text and figures) as per the standard IEEE format is mandatory in assignments and course projects. Plagiarism of any form is highly discouraged and will incur strong penalties.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Na	ESS 102 Digital Design							
Course Instructor Name(s)	Subhajit Sen						
`	,	ŀ	lours		Comp	onent		
Cradita (L.T.D)		3		Lecture (1hr = 7	1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)	ool)		1		Tutorial $(1hr = 7)$	1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)		0		Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credits =	= 3			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	orv/Ur	satisfactory (S	/ X)		
appropriate box)	nnling	hla)			······································	/		
Area of Specialization (if a (Choose by placing X in box against the context of t			aroas from	the lis	()			
Theory and Systems for Con		nore man iwo	areas from		Networking and			
and Data	iputing				Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine	•			Digital Society			
Learning								
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security			
General Elective								
					grammes / branc	h(es):		
		(Place X appropriately. More than one is okay) Programme: Branch:						
	Progra		1					
	X	iMTech		X	CSE	-		
		M.Tech		Х	ECE	-		
Octomer Octomer	Select	M.Sc.	ollowing		Digital Society			
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately						
	1 11100	Basic Scienc						
	Х	CSE Core						
	Х	ECE Core						
		CSE Branch	Elective					
		ECE Branch	Elective					
		Engineering	Science an	d Skills	;			
		HSS/M						
	General							
Course Pre-Requisites Nor								



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	No	
Focus on skill development	Yes	Students learn design using Verilog HDL
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills	No	
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

The goal of the course is three-fold: (1) to understand how numbers are represented in digital computing systems, (2) to understand the fundamentals digital hardware as implemented using CMOS VLSI technology and (3) how to apply the above in the design of combinational and sequential circuits required for computing systems. This course is a foundational course in for almost all subjects related to Computer Science and Engineering and Electronics Engineering.

The course begins with the introduction of the concept of 3-Y's (hierarchy, modularity, regularity) that is required to deal with the enormous complexity of modern digital systems. It then discusses number representations in computing (binary, octal, BCD, hexadecimal) and the 2's complement representation, addition and subtraction. In the second part the course discusses the topic of Noise Margin of logic gates and the static discipline. It then explains semiconductors, operation of diodes and MOSFET transistors leading up to the function of the inverter and NAND/NOR gates.

In the third part the course begins with combinational logic circuits and their representations as truth tables, SOP and POS equation forms. Subsequent topics covered are: Boolean logic axioms and theorems, simplification of logic expressions, Karnaugh map, glitches, delays in logic gates. Sequential circuits are discussed next: states, Moore & Mealy machines (FSM), state representation of FSM, synthesis of FSM, dynamic discipline and static timing in FSM, pipelining in sequential circuits. Subsequently we cover digital sub-systems: fast adders, multiplexers, decoders, memory sub-systems, programmable logic. About 2 lectures and 2 labs are conducted in introducing the concept of HDL programming specifically on Verilog. Finally and optionally, the SAP (Simple-As-Possible) computer is introduced to the students.

Two special approaches make this course a unique offering: (a) the use of a very well-written and comprehensive text-book (Digital Design & Comp. Architecture by Harris/Harris) and (b) the use of an online simulation tool **CircuitVerse** that allows the students to understand digital design at the logic gate level and helps them to visualize the functioning of complex combinational and sequential circuits.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the concept of 3Y in Digital Design	POI, PSOI	U, Ap	C, P	2	0
CO2	Add/subtract binary numbers using the 2's complement representation of binary numbers	POI, PSOI	U, Ap	C,P	5	Ι
CO3	Determine the representation of a decimal number in binary number system and vice-versa	POI, PSOI	Ар	C, P	5	2
CO4	Understand the concept of noise margin in logic gate interfaces	POI, PSOI	U, Ap	C, P	2	0
CO5	Draw the CMOS circuit for a given Boolean logic function	POI, PSOI	Ар	C,	5	Ι
CO6	Draw the Karnaugh map for a 4- variable Boolean logic function and determine a possible minimal logic function in POS(SOP) form	POI, PSOI	R, U , Ap, Ev	C, P	7	2
C07	Determine the static & dynamic power of a CMOS logic circuit	POI, PSOI	U, Ap	C, P	2	Ι
CO8	Understand the concepts of Moore and Mealy Finite State Machines	POI	U	C,P	2	Ι
CO9	Draw the state transition diagram from a description of FSM and use it to design the FSM sequential circuit	POI	U, Ap, An, Ev, C	C,P	8	3
CO10	Understand constructs of Verilog HDL and apply that to the description of logic circuits	POI	U,Ap	C,P	4	2



Total

42 14

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Topic	No.
	of
	hours
Introduction to digital computers and the concept of 3-Y's	2
Number Systems	4
Logic Gates & Truth Table	1
Noise Margins (Static Discipline)	2
Semiconductor Devices (Diode, MOSFET transistor)	2
CMOS Circuits	2
Power Dissipation in CMOS Circuits	2
Boolean Logic Theorems & application	3
Karnaugh Map simplification of Boolean logic functions	4
Glitches in logic circuits	1
Propagation and contamination delay	1
Sequential Circuits: states, state-transition diagrams, next-state tables	5
Dynamic Discipline (setup/hold time, clock-speed maximization, skews)	2
Pipelining	2
Verilog-HDL	2
Digital sub-systems (Fast adders, multipliers, mux/decoders, ALU, memory)	5
Programmable Logic (FPGA)	1
Simple-As-Possible (SAP) Computer	1
TOTAL hours	42



Learning Resources

1. David M. Harris, Sarah Harris, Digital Design & Computer Architecture, Elsevier, 2017.

2. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design, 5th edition, Pearson, 2013.

3. Albert Malvino, Jerald Brown, Digital Computer Electronics, 3rd Edition.

Assessment Plan

Midterm exam-20% Final exam-30% Assignments and Quizzes-50%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Determine Noise Margin of a TTL-CMOS logic interface	CO1, CO4
2	Logic simplification using Boolean Theorems	CO6
3	Logic simplification using Karnaugh Maps	CO6
4	Maximize the speed of a sequential circuit	CO9
5	Design an ice-cream vending machine	CO6, CO8,CO9

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of design problems in assignments, quizzes and exams
- Manual evaluation of Circuitverse assignments and project.

Students are provided the opportunity to view the evaluations done either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Late submissions are accepted with a penalty.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Na	Signals and systems (ESS 103)						
Course Instructor Name(s)	Neelam Sinha / Vinod reddy					
		Hours			Comp	onent	
Cradita (L.T.D)		3			Lecture (1hr =	1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)	ool)	1			Tutorial (1hr =	1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Praction				Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 4			Total Credits :	= 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/U	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)	
Area of Specialization (if a	nnlica	hle)			, (,	
(Choose by placing X in box agai		•	areas from	the lis	·+)		
Theory and Systems for Com			areas from		Networking and		
and Data	ipanig			X	Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine				Digital Society		
Learning							
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch					ogrammes / brand	ch(es):	
	•	ce X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra			Brand	r	-	
	X			CSE	-		
		M.Tech		Х	ECE	_	
		M.Sc.			Digital Society		
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately					
	(Tiuce)	Basic Scienc					
	Х	CSE Core	63				
	X	ECE Core					
		CSE Branch Elective					
		ECE Branch Elective					
		Engineering		d Skill	S		
		HSS/M					
		General					
		applicable star	to oract com	10000			
Course Pre-Requisites (W)		applicable, stat	e exact cour	se cod	e/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Basic concepts on signals and systems used across domains; solving problems through coding
Focus on skill development	Yes	Building systems to accomplish objectives such as signal de-noising, amplification
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand characteristics of signals (Differences between continuous-time and discrete complex exponentials)	PO1, PSO3	U	С	6	2
CO2	Understand characteristics of continuous-time and discrete systems	PO1, PSO3	U	С	3	1
CO3	Transform signals through folding, reversing, shifting and scaling	PO1, PSO3	Ар	С	3	1
CO4	Determine the output of an LTI system using convolutional integral, summation, and paper-pen - coding	PO1, PSO3, PO5	Ар	Ρ	9	3
CO5	Compute Fourier series/Transform (CTFS, CTFT, DTFS, DTFT, DFT) of a given signal through Paper-pen-coding and plotting Power spectrum	PO1, PSO3, PO5	Ар	C, P	9	3
CO6	Compute sampling period as required by Nyquist criterion and reconstruct signals by sinc interpolation and linear interpolation technique	PO1, PSO3	Ар	C, P	3	1



CO7	Determine Laplace transform of a given differential equation and impulse response	PO1, PSO3	Ар	C, P	5	1.5
CO8	Determine Z-Transform: Paper pen and coding exercise	PO1, PSO3,	Ap	C, P	5	1.5
					45	14

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

representation of systems, Dynamic systems attributes, causality, linearity, stability, timeinvariance; special signals, complex exponentials, singularity functions (impulse and step functions); Linear Time-Invariant Systems, differential equation representation, convolution integral; discrete form of special functions; discrete convolution and its properties; realization of LTI systems (differential and difference equations). • Fourier analysis of continuous time signals and systems, Fourier series, Fourier Transform and properties, Parsevals theorem, frequency response of LTI systems; sampling theorem. • Fourier analysis of discrete time signals & systems, Discrete-time Fourier series, Discrete-time



Fourier Transform (including DFT) and properties; frequency response of discrete time LTI systems. • Laplace Transform and its inverse, definitions, existence conditions, region of convergence and properties, applications of Laplace Transform for the analysis of continuous time LTI system (stability etc.), significance of poles and zeros. • Z-Transform and its inverse, definitions, existence, region of convergence and properties, applications of Z-Transform for the analysis of discrete time LTI systems, significance of poles and zeros.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week1 & 2: Understand difference between Data and signal – represent, classify signals

Week3 : Define a system – Properties, Identify Properties of a given system

Week4 : Transformations of Signals – Folding, Reversing, shifting

Week5,6,7 : Define output of an LTI system; Compute convolutional Integral and summation - paper pen and coding exercise

Week8: Compute Fourier series/Transform of a given signal – Paper pen and coding exercise; Plot Power spectrum

Week9: Mid Sem Exam

Week10-11: Continue with ...Compute Fourier series/Transform of a given signal – Paper pen and coding exercise; Plot Power spectrum

Week12: Compute Sampling criterion and compare different Reconstruction Techniques

Week13,14 : Compute Laplace -Transform: Paper pen



Week14,15 : Compute Z-Transform: Paper pen and coding exercise

Week16 : Buffer Time

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Signals and Systems by Oppenheim and Wilsky Problems on Signals and Systems – Schaum series

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

[Before Mid-sem] Assignment1 15%, Quiz1 10%, Mid sem 10%, Assignment 2 (Programming) 10%, Class Participation 5%

[Post Mid-sem] Assignment3 15%, Quiz2 10%, End sem 10%, Assignment 4 (Programming) 10%, Class Participation 5%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S N o	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Ma ppi ng
1	Assignment 1: Paper-pen solving of problems (Before Mid-sem) System properties, LTI system Output using convolution	CO 2, CO 4
2	Assignment 2: Programming assignment (Before Mid-sem) Plot Discrete signals, Check signal periodicity, Compute Discrete Fourier Transform and plot power spectrum	CO 1, CO 5
3	Assignment 3: Paper-pen solving of problems (After Mid-sem) Signal sampling using Nyquist criterion, Signal Reconstruction using Interpolation techniques, Compute Laplace and Z- Transform	CO 6, CO 7
4	Assignment 4: Programming assignment (After Mid-sem) Compare signal reconstruction using sinc and linear reconstruction methods; Compute Z- Transform for a given signal	CO 6, CO 7, CO 8



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Late Assignment submissions are NOT considered

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]



Course Code / Course	ESS 112/ Programming in Python					
Course Instructor Nar	ne(s)	Sujit Kumar Chakrabarti				
		ŀ	lours	Component		
Crodite (L·T·D)	Х		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)	tiaal)			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture:Tutorial:Prac	Х		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
	L:T:P =		Total Credits = 2			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A, A-, B+, B, B-, C+, C, D, F)		
(Choose by placing X again, appropriate box)	st		Satisfactory/	Unsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization	(if applica	ble)				
(Choose by placing X in box	• • •	•	areas from the	list)		
Theory and Systems fo			3	Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and	d Machine			Digital Society		
Learning VLSI Systems				Cyber Security		
General Elective			_			
		io restricted t	o the fellowing i			
Programme / Branch		e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es): <i>X appropriately. More than one is okay</i>)				
	Progra		•	nch:		
	110510	iMTech				
		M.Tech				
		M.Sc.		Digital Society		
				Digital Boolety		
Course Category	Select	one from the f	ollowing:			
	(Place 2	X appropriately)			
		Basic Scienc	es			
	X	CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch Elective				
		ECE Branch Elective				
		Engineering Science and Skills				
		HSS/M				
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	te exact course co	ode/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	
Focus on skill development	Yes	
Focus on entrepreneurship		
	Yes	Special focus is given to equip students with life- and professional-skills like
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		communication skills, teamwork, ethical conduct, problem solving skills etc.

Course Context and Overview

This course will introduce Python as a high level programming language useful in solving computing problems.

The Python part of the Programming I lab course will aim to get the students to get off the block as quickly as possible and start building programs for reasonably complex problems using the rich collection of constructs and built-in and other readily available libraries in Python. The focus will be on problem solving using Python as a tool. So the course is structured around a set of problems that are designed to introduce the students to language features in chunks till they are equipped to build a fairly non-trivial piece of code themselves.

The Python programming lab is intended to complement the C programming lab in several ways, e.g. in terms of richness of the programming constructs, use of a feature-rich IDE, and introduction to GUI programming. The idea is to give the students an opportunity to get hands-on experience with building projects that will make learning programming a fun-filled exercise.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Practical (Hrs)
CO1	Use basic constructs to implement simple programs		A	F, C, P	4	4
CO2	Design and implement programs with procedures/functions		A	F, C, P	2	2
CO3	Design and implement Python programs using		А	F, C, P, FDP, CS, PC, DI	3	3



		sti	ગામુલાગ્ય્			
	functional programming principles					
CO4	Design and implement Python programs using object oriented programming principles		A	F, C, P, FDP, CS, PC, DI	3	3
CO5	Explain basic features of programming languages and their implementation in Python		U	F, C	1	0
CO6	Participate in/contribute to group programming projects in Python		С	F, C, P, FDP, CS, PC, DI	1	5
CO7						
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- Introductory concepts -- working environment, comparison with other programming languages
- Basic syntax -- expressions, types, statements, variables, etc.
- Control constructs branches and loops
- Inbuilt containers tuples, lists, sets, maps
- Functions
- Recursion
- Exception handling
- Introduction to program design
- Introduction to functional programming -- lambda expressions, coroutines, decorators, higher order functions
- Introduction to object oriented programming -- Inheritance, polymorphism, duck typing
- GUI programming (optional)



• Project and summary

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Learning Resources

- *1.* Programming Python, 4th Edition -- Mark Lutz
- 2. Essential Python Reference, xth Edition -- David M. Beazley

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		ESS 201/ Programming II					
Course Instructor Name(s)		T. K. Srikanth (<u>tk.srikanth@iiitb.ac.in</u>)					
		Jaya Sreevalsan Nair (<u>inair@iiitb.ac.in</u>)					
		H	Hours Component				
		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutonar : Practical)		2		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
		L:T:P = 3:0	:1	Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X against				estisfactory (C / X)			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Or	nsatisfactory (S / X)			
Area of Specialization (if application (if application	-	ot more then	two oroop from	the list)			
(Choose by placing X in box age Theory and Systems for Com		lot more than	two areas ironi	Networking and			
X and Data	puting			Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Digital Society			
Learning				<u> </u>			
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security			
General Elective							
	_			·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Programme / Branch				ogrammes / branch(es):			
	•	X appropriately. More than one is okay) mme: Branch:					
	X	a <i>mme:</i> iMTech	Diano				
	^						
		M.Tech M.Sc.					
	Х	CSE					
	X	ECE					
	~	Digital Societ	ty/				
Course Category	Select	one from the f					
Course Category			X appropriately)				
	Ì	Basic Scienc					
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch Elective					
	ECE Branch Elective						
	Х	Engineering Science and Skills					
		HSS/M					
	General						
Course Prerequisites	e applicable si	tate exact course	code/name)				
Course Frerequisites							
	11 (C) and ESS112 (Python) [Previously both courses						
		combined as ESS101]					



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Students learn programming in Java and
Direct focus on employability		C++, both of which are important for industrial opportunities
	Yes	Use of Eclipse, VS Code development
Focus on skill development		tools
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills	No	
(language, writing, communication,		
etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This is a second course on programming that is expected to reinforce the concepts taught in Programming I and the Data Structures courses. This course introduces students to the theory and practice of object-oriented programming (OOP) through Java and C++. Java and C++, along with C and Python, routinely feature in the top 4 programming languages as per IEEE Spectrum language ranking in terms of the widely used languages, and in terms of employability.

Course Contents

- Object-oriented design
- Encapsulation and information-hiding
- Separation of behavior and implementation
- Classes and subclasses
- Inheritance
- Static and dynamic binding
- Polymorphism
- Generics and templates
- Containers and Collections
- Event-handling methods
- Exception handling

This course includes programming laboratory sessions.

The outcome of this course is to extend the knowledge and practice of programming complex problems using OOP. This course builds on the Programming I (ESS111 and



ESS112, previously combined as ESS101) course, where students are introduced to programming.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Object-oriented programming (OOP) paradigm, objects, and classes in Java and C++	PO1, PSO1	U	С	9	4
CO2	Write simple programs in C++ and Java	PO1, PSO1	Ар	F, C, P	5	4
CO3	Write programs employing concepts of Abstraction, modularity, access control in Java and C++	PO1, PO3, PSO1	Ар	F, C, P	7	4
CO4	Write programs employing concepts of inheritance and polymorphism in Java and C++	PO1, PO3, PSO1	Ар	F, C, P	15	8
CO5	Write programs using Generics in Java and templates in C++	PO1, PO3, PSO1	Ар	F, C, P	6	6
CO6	Write programs in Java and C++ with a focus on memory management	PO1, PO3, PSO1, PSO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	3	4
		1	1	Total	45	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

	le 2: C++ - Introduction to C++ classes
--	--------------------------------------------



 Encapsulation, modularity Objects in Java reference to objects Java Operators, Primitives, Strings, Arrays Classes in Java data members and methods Constructors and Initialization Garbage collection Encapsulation Package and Access specifiers Abstraction Association, composition, aggregation Inheritance Overloading Late binding Polymorphism upcasting and downcasting Inheritance vs Composition Abstract classes Interfaces Generics Collections Iterators Algorithms 	 OOP features SOLID principles Constructors, Destructors, Copy constructors, Manipulators, Accessors C++ classes Friends Access control Memory management References and this-pointer Operator overloading Composition Type-casting Inheritance Polymorphism Templates Abstract containers STL Function objects Generic algorithms Class and function templates Exception handling

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

S.No.	Торіс	Hours	СО			
	Java Module					
1	Introduction to Java and OOP	2	CO1			
2	Syntax, Primitives and Operators	2	CO2			



	ज्ञ(गम् _र	1	1
3	Classes, Memory Management	3	CO1, CO6
4	Encapsulation and Abstraction	3	CO3
5	Inheritance, Polymorphism,	6	CO4
6	Abstract Classes, Interfaces	3	CO4
7	Generics, Containers, Collections	3	CO5
8	Exception Handling	2	CO1
	Module (Total)	24	
	C++ Module		
1.	Introduction to C++ classes		
a.	OOP features, SOLID principles	2	CO1
b.	Constructors, Destructors, Copy constructors, Manipulators, Accessors	2	CO2
2.	C++ classes		
a.	Friends, access control	2	CO3
b.	Memory management, references, this-pointer	2	CO6
с.	Operator overloading	1	CO2
d.	Composition, type-casting	2	CO3
4.	Inheritance	3	CO4
5.	Polymorphism	3	CO4
6.	Templates		
a.	Abstract containers, STL	1	CO5
b.	Function objects, generic algorithms	1	CO5
С.	Class and function templates	1	CO5
7.	Exception handling	1	CO1



Module (Total) 21

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Lecture notes and reading materials provided in class.

- Java
 - Java: How to Program, Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel
 - Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel.
 - The Java Tutorials: Oracle Java Documentation
- C++
 - C++ annotations, B Stroustrup: https://www.stroustrup.com/books.html

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Both Java and C++ modules have equal weight across all assessment types given below:

- Weekly programming assignments (best 4 out of 5 in each part of the course) --20%
- Programming tests (better of 2 in each part of the course) -- 20%
- Final (team) assignment/mini-project -- 10%
- Written examination with theory and programming components (mid-term, end-term) -- 50%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
	Java Module	
1.	Programming assignment in C to motivate structures and classes	C01
2.	Programming assignment in Java to introduce syntax and classes	C01, C02, C03, C06
3.	Programming assignment in Java on base classes and derived classes	C01, C03, C04



ज्ञानमुरामम्						
4.	Programming assignment in Java on using generics and containers	C05				
5.	Programming assignment in Java on object-oriented event-driven programming	C01, C04				
6.	Mini-project in Java that requires application of key concepts of the course, and enabling integration across implementations that share common base classes or interfaces.	C03, C04, C05				
	C++ Module					
7,	Programming assignment in C as a warm-up	CO1				
8.	Programming assignment on introduction to C++ classes	CO2				
9.	Programming assignment on composition of C++ classes, along with use of pointers for memory management	CO2, CO6				
10.	Programming assignment on inheritance in C++, along with use of STL	CO4, CO6				
11.	Programming assignment on polymorphism in C++, along with use of STL	CO4, CO6				
12.	A mini-project on a larger problem statement with each student in a 5-member team working on different features to be implemented in a larger C++ codebase, along with integration of code as a team.	CO4, CO5, CO6				

- The assignment description with all logistics are provided to the students on LMS. "*Start early and finish on time*" is the guiding principle for all assignments in this course.
- All programming assignments and tests shall be submitted on LMS and Domjudge.

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools
- Manual evaluation of code design as per rubrics

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Late submissions allowed only with instructor's permission for lapses owing to medical and personal emergencies.



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

This course has zero-tolerance for cheating and plagiarism. Any violation may result in an F grade and further disciplinary action may be initiated as per the Institute's policies. Ignorance of what constitutes cheating and plagiarism is not an excuse! If you have any doubts, contact your instructor. All material that will be used for the assessment of the student's performance shall be original work.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		HSS 101: Economics				
Course Instructor Name(s)		V Sridhar				
		Hours		Component		
		45		Lecture $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$		
Credits (L:T:P)		15		Tutorial $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 45:15:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scal	le (A	,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			-			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory	//Un	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applicabl		-				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from th	he lis		
Theory and Systems for Compu	ting				Networking and Communication	
and Data	ina	-	-		Digital Society	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	inte			Х	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems		-	-		Cyber Security	
General Elective		-	-			
Programme / Branch Course Category	is restricted to t X appropriate iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ Digital Societ me from the fol X appropriately Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core ECE Branch E ECE Branch F Engineering S HSS/M General	ly. More than B y lowing:) s Elective Elective	n one Branc	•		
Course Pre-Requisites	applicable, stat	te exact course	e code	e/name)		



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
	Yes	Provides students an appreciation of the rational
Provides value added / life skills		economic behavior of individuals, firms and
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		governments.

Course Context and Overview

This course provides an introduction to economics – both micro and macro- to engineering and computer science students. The objective of the course is to enable the students to appreciate and understand the concepts of Economics and how they are related to our daily lives. Using a calculus and graphical approach, the course explains the theoretical principles of economics so that the students are able to understand the working of individuals, firms and government in our society. After taking the course, the students will be able to apply the principles learnt in the course to the working of the Information and Communications Technology (ICT) industry.

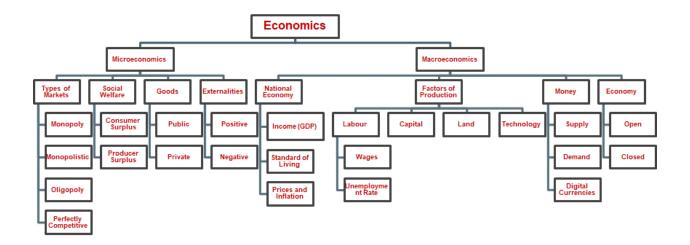
Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Analyze the functioning of different types of markets including Monopoly, Monopolistic competition, Oligopoly, and Perfect Competition and the corresponding equilibrium conditions in each market.	PO6	An	C,P	9	3
CO2	Analyze market efficiencies, consumer surplus, producer surplus and social welfare in economic markets.	PO7, PO8	An	C,P	6	2
CO3	Analyze theory of public and private goods and its implications on pricing of such goods with applications in the ICT industry	PO6	An	F, C, P	3	1
CO4	Understand theory of labour markets and associated equilibrium wages, employment and unemployment rates with applications in the ICT industry	PO6	Ар	F, C, P	9	3
CO5	Apply macroeconomics principles to estimate the welfare of countries including the determination of GDP, standard of living and unemployment rates.	PO6	An	C, P	6	2
CO6	Understand theories of money including digital currencies and the associated monetary policies on the economies of countries.	PO6	An	F, C, P	6	2
CO7	Analyze factors of production including capital, land, labour and technology and their effect on productivity and standard of living with applications in the ICT industry	PO6	An	F, C, P	6	2
	Total				45	15



Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

The **first part** of the HSS 101: Economics course, will cover **Microeconomics** in detail during the pre-midterm and early part of post-midterm session. The course will cover the following topics in depth:

- 1. How does the market work: supply, demand and equilibrium;
- 2. Consumer and producer choices: elasticities of supply and demand;
- 3. Competitive, monopolistic and oligopolistic markets and strategic behavior of firms;
- 4. Public versus private goods; common resources; externalities
- 5. Labour markets and wage determination
- 6. The theory of consumer choice
- 7. Frontiers in Microeconomics research

The **second part** of the course, will cover **Macroeconomics** during part of the post-midterm session. The course will cover the following topics in depth:

- 1. Measurement of national economy, GDP calculations;
- 2. Cost of living comparisons; measurements; price and GDP adjustors;
- 3. Productivity and growth; productivity models;
- 4. Money and Inflation
- 5. Unemployment and its impact on national economy; trade-offs between inflation and unemployment
- 6. International trade
- 7. Open economy

Instruction Schedule



Week	Topics
	Overview of Microeconomics: [Ch: 1]
1	
1	Ten principles of economics; how people make decisions; how firms behave; how the economy as a whole works; economist as a scientist and as a policy adviser; illustrations through day-to-day examples.
	Supply, Demand and Equilibrium: [Ch: 4] What is a market? What is competition; Demand curve - relationship between price and quantity demanded; Supply curve - relationship between price and quantity supplied
	Shifting along the curves and of the curves and their meaning; definition of market equilibrium
	Determination of market equilibrium; analyzing changes in equilibrium; shifts in supply/demand curves and the corresponding effects on equilibrium
2	Elasticity and its applications: [Ch:5]
	Price elasticity of demand and its determination; variety of demand curves; total revenue and the price elasticity of demand; other demand elasticities
	Price elasticity of supply and its determination; variety of supply curves; applications of supply, discussion of demand and elasticities in practice
	Consumers, producers and efficiency of markets: [Ch: 7]
	Calculation of consumer surplus, and producers surplus; effect of price on these surpluses
	evaluating market efficiency and reasons for market failures; discussion of cases
3	Firms in competitive markets: [Ch: 14]
3	r ins in competitive markets, [Cir. 14]
	What is a competitive market, profit maximization principles of firms
	marginal cost curve and firm's supply decisions, measuring profit of competitive firm, firm's short and long run decisions, shifts in demand and its impact, examples
15	Managalar (Ch. 15)
4-5	Monopoly: [Ch: 15]
	Why monopolies arise, monopoly vs. competition, monopoly's profit maximization decisions, deadweight loss, social costs of monopoly, x-inefficiency
	Price discrimination in monopoly markets, public policy towards monopolies, examples
	Monopolistic Competition: [Ch: 16]
	Competition with differentiated products, long run equilibrium, monopolistic vs. perfect competition, advertising to differentiate
6-7	Oligopoly: [Ch: 17]
	Duopoly and oligopoly markets, measure of market concentration, equilibrium for an oligopoly, prisoner's dilemma in oligopoly, cartels and collusion, Nash equilibrium
	Public policies towards oligopolies, restraints of trade and antitrust laws, controversies of antitrust policies, discussion with examples
8-9	Externalities: [Ch: 10]
	Externalities and market inefficiency, positive and negative externalities, discussion of examples
	Public goods and common resources:
	Public policies towards externalities, private solutions to externalities



	Private versus public goods, free rider problem, tragedy of the commons, positive and negative externalities, internalizing externalities, Pigovian taxes and subsidies
9-10	Factors of production: [Ch: 18]
	Production functions and marginal product of labour, shift of labour demand curve
	trade between work and leisure, equilibrium in the labour market, the other factors of production – land and capital
	Theory of consumer choice: [Ch: 21]
	Consumer preferences, indifferent curve analysis, utility theory, examples
	Frontiers in Microeconomics Research [Ch: 22]
11	Information asymmetry, Moral hazard and adverse selection problems, network effects National Economy:
11	National income, expenditure, consumption, investment, GDP calculations, real and nominal GDP
	Cost of Living:
	Cost of living calculations, Consumer Price Index, price deflators, real and nominal Interest rates
12	Productivity and Growth:
	Productivity and growth, factors of production, productivity models, government policies for improving productivity, productivity across different countries
13	Money Growth and Inflation:
	Supply and demand of money, Fisher effect, inflation, central bank policies on supply and demand for money
14	Unemployment:
	Relationship between employment and wage, reasons for unemployment, trade-off between inflation and unemployment, minimum wages, trade unions and bargaining, Philips curve, sticky price and sticky wage models Make-up Quiz
15	Open Economy:
	International trade, relationship between currency values, exchange rates, imports and exports

Learning Resources

- 1. Mankiw, G. (2012) Principles of Microeconomics (6th Edition). Cengage Learning.
- 2. Mankiw, G. (2012) Principles of Macroeconomics (6^a Edition). Cengage Learning.

Assessment Plan

Component	Marks
Microeconomics Quizzes (5×5)	25%
Macroeconomics Quizzes (5×5)	25%

जानमुत्तमम्	
Mid Term Exam in Microeconomic	25%
End Term Exam in Macroeconomics	25%
Total	100%

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
	Not Applicable	

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- 1. Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- 2. Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not Applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

One make-up quiz is given to accommodate anyone who missed one of the quizzes due to unavoidable circumstances. There are no make-ups for mid or end term exams.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		A	History of Id	leas			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Bidisha Chaudhuri					
			Hours		Component		
					Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)		Tu			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L	:T:P = 3:1:0		Total Credits =		
Grading Scheme			X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)				
(Choose by placing X against app	propriate box)		•	•			
			Salisfactory	//Uns	atisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applic			C d	1. ()			
(Choose by placing X in box again Theory and Systems for Con-		vo i	areas from the		latworking and		
Theory and Systems for Con	iputing and Data				Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Ma	chine Learning		-		Digital Society		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective			-				
Course Category	(Place X appropri Programme: X iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. X CSE X ECE Digital So Select one from th	ciet	Br	one is canch:			
	(Place X appropriat	-					
	Basic Scie		es				
	CSE Core						
	ECE Core						
	CSE Bran						
	ECE Bran						
		ng	Science and S	Skills			
	X HSS/M						
	General						
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable,	stat	e exact course o	code/n	ame)		
					_		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Introduces students to the idea of technology as part of complex social problems
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Trains students with critical thinking, analytical thinking and writing

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

History of Ideas or Intellectual History is an interdisciplinary field of studies traversing the disciplinary boundaries of philosophy, history, natural science, art and literature, political and social thought and so on. As a field it focuses on how ideas about the world, either natural or social, have originated, evolved and transformed over time. The motive for studying such a wide field is to understand how knowledge is produced and disseminated and how epistemological lenses shape the way we perceive and conceptualize the world around us. There is no single way of talking about the history of ideas. Rather, there are many ways in which this field can be approached depending on the area of focus, historical time frame, and spatial dimensions and so on.

This course is in no way an exhaustive account of history of ideas. Rather, it is a selection of intellectual trajectories and their proponents on the basis of the relevance and impact of their ideas across time and space, and their ability to permeate disciplinary boundaries and influence the overall pursuit of knowledge in the social sciences. Thus, the focus of the course remains on the economic, political and social ideas growing out of different temporal and intellectual contexts that represent different organizing principles of state and society.

The course starts with a focus on modern political, economic and sociological thought. It starts with a brief introduction to early liberal political philosophy on the nature of the modern state, society and sovereignty through the works of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau. It also examines the ideas of Adam Smith and Karl Marx and Karl Polanyi to trace the emergence of modern economic thought. It then proceeds to major epistemological traditions in classical sociological thought developed by Weber, Durkheim and Gramsci while exploring a range of

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the contemporary political, economic and social systems through the historical lens of modernity	PSO6	U	F, C	15	1
CO2	Understand the role of science and technology in modern societies	PSO6	U	F,C		
CO3	Critically evaluate modern institutions on individual freedom, relations of power and social structures	PSO 7, 8	R,U, Ap	F, C,MC		
CO4	Understand the influence of modernity on Indian state and society	PSO6	U	F,C		
CO5	Analyse the impact of modern economy and polity on challenges of development and environment	PSO6, 7, 8	U,An	F, C, MC		
CO6	Examine the relationship between modernity, technology and social issues in contemporary India	PSO6, 7,8	U, An	C, MC		
	Total					

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction to the Modernity and Enlightenment
- Introduction to Modern Political Thought
- Introduction to Modern Economic Thought
- Modernity and Culture, Society and Economy
- Introduction to Modern Sociological Thought
- Modernity and Mind
- Knowledge and Modernity
- Critiques of Modernity
- Modernity and Indian Thinkers
- Modernity and Indian Politics
- Modernity and Development in India
- Technology and Indian Modernity

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]



Week	Topics
1, 2	Introduction to the Course and Introduction to the Modernity and Enlightenment
3	Introduction to Modern Political Thought: Hobbes, Locke, Montesquieu, Rousseau
4	Introduction to Modern Economic Thought: Smith and Marx
5	Culture, Society and Economy: Gramsci and Polanyi
7	Introduction to Modern Sociological Thought: Durkheim and Weber
8	Modernity and Mind: Freud and Mead
9	Knowledge and Modernity: Sociology of Knowledge: Mannheim, Social Construction of Reality: Burger and Luckman
10	Critique of Modernity: Power/Knowledge: Foucault and Reflexive Modernity: Giddens
11,12	Modernity and Indian Thinkers: Gandhi, Tagore, Ambedkar, Nehru
13	Modernity in India Politics: State, Caste and Religion
14	Modernity and Development in India: Urbanization, Employment, Environmental
	Challenges
15	Technology and Indian Modernity

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] Bertrand Russell, History of Western Philosophy, George Allen and Unwin Ltd, 1947: 568-579, 642-665,711-727, 568-579, 642-665,711-727

Adam Smith, "Of the Division of Labour" (Chapter I, Book I) in The Wealth of Nations-1776 edited by Edwin Cannan, Bantam Books, 2003: 9-21

Karl Marx and Frederick Engels, "The Communist Manifesto-1848" in Marx/Engels Selected Works, Vol. One, Progress Publishers, 1969: Excerpts

Femia, J. V. (1987). Gramsci's political thought: hegemony, consciousness, and the revolutionary process.

Polanyi, K. The Great Transformation. New York: Farrar & Rinehart, 1944, selected pages George Ritzer, Classical Sociological Theory, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill Companies, 1996: 217-263; 183-216; 362-385

Daniel K. Lapsley and Paul C. Stey, "Id, Ego and Superego" in Encyclopedia of Human Behavior, Second Edition edited by V.S. Ramachandran, Elsevier, 2011: 1-9

Lewis Coser, Masters of Sociological Thought, Indian Edition, Rawat Publications, 1996: 429-464 Peter Berger and Thomas Luckmann, "The Foundation of Knowledge" in Everyday Life in Social Construction of Reality: A Treatise in the Sociology of Knowledge, Penguin Books, 1966: 31-62 Michael Foucault, "Introduction" in The Foucault Reader edited by Paul Rabinow, Pantheon Books, 1984: 31-75

Anthony Giddens, Chapter 1 in The Consequences of Modernity, Polity Press, 1990, 1-53 Ramachandra Guha, Makers of Modern India, Penguin Books, 2010: Excerpts

Ahmad, N. (2006). A note on Gandhi, Nation and Modernity. Social Scientist, 50-69

Jodhka, S. S. (2002). Nation and village: Images of rural India in Gandhi, Nehru and Ambedkar. Economic and Political Weekly, 3343-3353.

Gail Omvedt, "Ambedkarism: The Theory of Dalit Liberation" in Dalits and the Democratic Revolution: Dr Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India, SAGE Publications, 1994: Excerpts

Parekh, B. (1991). Nehru and the national philosophy of India. Economic and Political Weekly, 35-48.



Kaviraj, S. (2005). On the enchantment of the state: Indian thought on the role of the state in the narrative of modernity. European Journal of Sociology/Archives Européennes de Sociologie, 46(2), 263-296.

Jayal, N. G. (1994). The gentle leviathan: Welfare and the Indian state. Social Scientist, 18-26. \Box Rudolph, L. I. (1965). The modernity of tradition: The democratic incarnation of caste in India. American Political Science Review, 59(4), 975-989)

Dirks, N. B. (1992). Castes of Mind. Representations, (37), 56-78.

Mitra, S. K. (1991). Desecularising the State: religion and politics in India after independence. Comparative Studies in Society and History, 33(4), 755-777.

Pantham, T. (1997). Indian secularism and its critics: Some reflections. The Review of Politics, 59(3), 523-540.

Escobar, A. (2011). Development and the Anthropology of Modernity. The postcolonial science and technology studies reader, 269

Sen, A. (2001). "Introduction" in Development as Freedom. Oxford Paperbacks.

Basole, A. (2005). The Economics of Ahimsa: Gandhi, Kumarappa, and the Non-Modern Challenge to Economics

Bhaduri, A. (2017). A study in development by dispossession. Cambridge Journal of Economics, 42(1), 19-31.

Ramachandra Guha and Joan Martinez Aller, Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North and South, Routledge, 1997: 3-45

Baviskar, A. (1997). Ecology and development in India: A field and its future. Sociological bulletin, 46(2), 193-207.

Gandy, M. (2008). Landscapes of disaster: water, modernity, and urban fragmentation in Mumbai. Environment and planning A, 40(1), 108-130

and Indian Modernity

Arnold, D. (2013). Everyday Technology: Machines and the Making of India's Modernity. University of Chicago Press. [Selected Chapters]

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- Classroom Learning: 10%
- *Group Activity* (4*15= 60%)
- End-Term Examination: 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Classroom learning will include attendance and students'	
	engagement in the classroom discussion	
2.	This will take the form of storyboard-based group assignments.	
	Groups will be fixed throughout the semester. There will be 2	
	components for scoring:	
	Presentation (10): 10 minutes to present for each group.	
	Student groups will be presented storyboards ahead of time and	
	asked to present their ideas in class on the designated activity	
	day. These storyboards may include texts as well as audio	
	visual materials. All group members will be uniformly marked.	



-			
		Peer review Score (5): Each member of the group will give a	
		score to their team members on the basis of their engagement	
		and contribution to the group activity.	
	3.	End-Term Exam	

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy



Course	Code / Course Name	de / Course Name NC-501 / Networking and Communication					
Course	Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Debabr	ata Das and	Prof.	Jyotsna Bapat	
			ŀ	lours		Compo	nent
Credits	(I.T.D)		4		Lecture (3 hr = 3 c	redit)	
	• •		0			Tutorial (1hr = 1 c	redit)
(Lectur	(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Practical (0 hrs = 0	Ocredit)
			L:T:P = 4:0:0			Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme			Х	4-point sca	ale (A	,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,	F)
-	e by placing X against riate box)			Satisfactor	ry/Un	satisfactory (S / X)	
	f Specialization (if appli	cable)					
	by placing X in box again	-	ore than two	areas from t	the lis	<i>t</i>)	
	ory and Systems for Comput			areas from a		Networking and Co	mmunication
	l Data	0			X	U	
Arti	Artificial Intelligence and Machine					Digital Society	
	rning						
VLSI Systems						Cyber Security	
Gen	neral Elective						
Program	mme / Branch					ammes / branch(es):	
		-	X appropriatel	•			
		Progra			Branc		
			iMTech		X	CSE	
		Х	M.Tech M.Sc.		Х	ECE	
Course	Catagoni	Soloct	M.Sc. Digital Society One from the following:				
Course	Category		ace X appropriately)				
			Basic Sciences				
			CSE Core				
		Х	ECE Core				
			CSE Branch Ele	ective			
			ECE Branch Ele	ective			
			Engineering So	cience and Sk	ills		
			HSS/M				
			General				
Course Pre-Requisites (W		(Where	applicable, stat	e exact cours	se cod	e/name)	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course. [NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	<mark>Yes</mark>	The deep understanding of functioning of network stacks will help the students be eligible for employability in R&D companies.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course assignments and examinations help students to approach as well as solve computer networking problems in logical manner.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

World is moving towards more digitization. The success of digitization depends mainly on communication of digital information between human and devices, efficient storage of it and computation. With respect to above communication of digital information is one of the major requirements for dissemination of required information. However, as we know the user equipments (like, Personal computers, mobile, laptops, servers etc.), routers/switches, and medium (optical, wireless etc.) are not uniform between two users or devices. Hence, the above digital information communication has to pass through heterogeneous systems/medium making it an extremely complex system with respect to fast as well as successful transmission. With respect to above, this course reveals the complexity to the students and its solution for fast as well as reliable communication over heterogeneous network architecture, referred as Internet.

With respect to above, the course first covers, the types of network topologies possible and its properties. Which topology, one should select with respect to requirements for better performance. Secondly, it covers the application protocols and why different protocols required for various applications. In third step it teaches socket programing to make the student understand the connection between application layer to transport layer for reliable, congestion as well as flow control of information over the Internet. In fourth step, it covers the routing algorithms concepts for information. In fifth step it covers medium access control protocols and how an information moves steps by step to reach destination. During the last part of the course, it covers the channel capacity and physical medium concept for less erroneous transmission between the nodes.

The above structure of courses and mode of interactive teaching not only clears their concepts but also logical thinking for research base for the post graduate students. As the course proceeds the students are given assignments to solve critical thinking problems. Moreover, they are also taught of theoretical model and simulation of protocols along with systems understanding. These help them develop problem solving capacity as well as give them ability to recognize unnoticed problems.



The students who have taken this course have joined R&D companies in the areas of networking and communication as their understanding of the subjects along with research blend of mind. Furthermore, the students have also pursued higher studies (PhD).

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

Id	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the challenges in digital information flow over a heterogeneous computer network;	PO4			
			U	F, C	8
CO2	Analyze the interoperability between the protocols for the different layers of network stack	PO4	An	F, C, P	14
CO3	Understand the functioning of web browsing, FTP, e-mail and real time network applications	PO4	U	F, C	6
CO4	Determine the appropriate routing protocols for efficient routing for given topological conditions and router abilities	PO4	Ap	F, C, P	6
CO5	Understand role of flow control and congestion control algorithms to avoid congestion over Internet.	PO4	U	F, C, P	6
CO6	Understand the evolution of IPv6 from IPV4 for real time and non-real time communication over Internet.	PO4	U	F, P, C	6
CO7	Determine the appropriate medium access control protocol to avoid collision during transmission of information in the given medium.	PO4	Ар	F, C, P	6
CO8	Understand the functioning of Physical layer and new advances in technologies used in Physical layer.	PO4	U	F, C	8

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

• Introduction to Computer Networking and Communication → why it is important to study this with respect to larger picture of digitization?



- Types of Network Topology and each topology properties
- Application protocols
- Socket programing
- Transport Layer protocols: Multiplexing and De-multiplexing of information in a node; TCP protocol: Reliable transmission algorithm, Congestion and flow control algorithms, UDP protocol,
- Network Layer protocols: routing algorithms link state and distance vector, IP headers, IP mobility,
- Data link layer: concepts of medium access control protocol, error detection and correction, frame structure,
- Physical layer: Theoretical foundations of Digital Communication: Introduction to decision theory, AWGN channel, Bandlimited channel, colored noise channel, channel capacity for selected channel.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Lectures 1-3:

The first lecture is to make the students oriented towards the subjects to be covered in this course and why? The grading system and the books referred. Logical and physical topologies and why we need so many topologies?

Lecture 4:

Client, Server, Connection oriented and connectionless services, Layered architecture, Internet protocol layer, Concepts on – why packet switching will take over circuit switching? I leads to understand importance of Internet.

Lectures 5-8

Need of services by application layer protocols, HTTP, FTP, SMTP, DNS

Lecture 9-10

DNS, Socket concepts for TCP and UDP

Lecture 11

Relationship of transport layer with application and network layer, Multiplexing and De-multiplexing, UDP

Lecture 12-13

Why Go Back N, Selective Repeat of TCP connection invented? Channel utilization, segment structure, Lecture 14-15

Reliability in Internet,

Lecture 16-18

Flow control, and Congestion control algorithms

Lecture 19-21

Link-state routing algorithm, Distance-vector routing algorithm, fragmentation

Lecture 22-24

Intra-autonomous system routing: RIP, OSPF, Inter-autonomous system routing: BGP

Lecture 25

IPv4 and IPv6 packet format and basic differences and alignments,

Lecture 26

IP-based Mobility at network layer,



Lecture 27 -29

Error detection and correction techniques; multiple access protocols in LAN: channel portioning, taking turn

Lecture 30-32

Random Access MAC protocol in distributed system (Wired and Wireless LAN medium access Control Protocol, concepts on throughput increase and why (Pure/Slotted ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA/CD: Ethernet,) Lecture 33

Address resolution protocol

Lecture 34

With respect to all the concepts in previous classes, in these two class we stitch all the concepts from application to data link layers to explain -- how a digital information packets moves from source to destination in an internet,

Lecture 35

Software Define Network Architecture, Control plane functions, Data plane functions,

Lecture 36-37

Theoretical foundations of Digital Communication: Introduction to decision theory, AWGN channel, Bandlimited channel, colored noise channel, channel capacity for selected channel.

Lecture 38-39

Error Correcting and Detecting Codes: Block codes, cyclic block codes, convolutional codes Lecture 40

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing, MIMO systems. Typical application in 4G and 5G.

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] **1.** Computer Networking: Top Down Approach, by Kurose and Ross

- 2. Local Area Network, by G. Keiser
- **3.** Performance Analysis of the IEEE 802.11 Distributed Coordination Function, by G. Bianchi, IEEE Journal of Selected Areas in Communications, Vol. 18, No. 3, March 2000.
- 4. B. Sklar, "Digital Communications: Fundamentals and applications", Prentice Hall
- 5. J. G. Proakis and M. Salehi, "Communication Systems Engineering", Prentice Hall

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 1. Two Class Tests/Quizzes: 20%
- 2. Mid Term Exam: 30%
- 3. Assignments: 10%
- 4. Project: 10%
- 5. Final Exam: 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]



S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Why MIME format important in email protocol? (assignment)	CO1, CO2, CO3
2	Design and implementation of socket programing (project)	CO3, CO4
3	IPV4 and IPV6 header structures and how an information moves	CO6, CO7
	from IPV4 network to IPV6 network and vice versa. (Assignment)	
4	Why Go-Back-N was invented? How selective repeat works	CO5
	(Assignment)	

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

• Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Student is allowed to submit within 1 day after deadline. Exceptions are made if prior permission is taken.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	me	SM-102, M/	ATH-II				
Course Instructor Name(s	;)	Prof. Manis	Prof. Manisha Kulkarni				
		Hours		Component			
Cradita (L.T.D)		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)		1			Tutorial (1hr =	1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		0			Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3 :1	1:0		Total Credits	= 4		
Grading Scheme		x	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	⊦,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	onv/Lin	satisfactory (S	/ X)	
appropriate box)			Salisiaci	019/01	Isalisiaciory (S	/ ^)	
Area of Specialization (if a		•	C				
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from	the list			
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	nputing				Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine	-			Digital Society		
Learning					g		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective					NA		
Programme / Branch					grammes / brand	ch(es):	
	•	X appropriate	ly. More th		• •		
	Progra			Branc		7	
		iMTech		X	CSE	-	
	-	M.Tech M.Sc.		X	ECE	-	
Course Category	Select		following:		Digital Society		
Course Category		ct <u>one</u> from the following: <i>e X appropriately</i>)					
	X	Basic Scienc					
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch Elective					
		ECE Branch Elective					
		Engineering Science and Skills					
		HSS/M					
		General					
Course Pre-Requisites (When		applicable, stat	te exact cour	rse code	/name)		
•							
	1						

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Develops Analytical thinking,
Focus on entrepreneurship		
	Yes	Learn to write proofs by using proper argument, Communicate Mathematical
Provides value added / life skills		interpretation in proper language.
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

This is a first course in linear algebra. The course will cover basic concepts and techniques of linear algebra, will develop theoretical results. Proofs and consequences of results will require the use of mathematical rigor and also geometry. The course will provide insight into how linear algebra theorems and results are used in everyday life.

At the end of the course I expect students to know the following:

- Solve systems of linear equations and understand of the nature of the solutions.
- Demonstrate matrix representation of linear operator and understand that one can get all information about linear operator through study of matrices.
- Perform calculations with vectors, eigenvalues and eigenvectors in "n" dimensions.
- demonstrate an understanding of orthogonality and projection in arbitrary dimensions.
- Familiarity with ordinary differential equations which is necessary for Physics course.

Perform calculations involving Finite fields and use them comfortably in other courses.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Properties of and Operations on Matrices	PO1	U	C, P	5	2
CO2	Solve a given system of linear equations AX = B by using RREF of Matrices and Gauss-Jordan Method	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO3	Compute orthonormal basis of vector spaces using Gram-Schmidt Process, and coordinates of elements of vector space with respect to a given basis.	PO1	Ар	C, P	7	3



	err c.2.c.c.f					
CO4	Determine Matrix Representation of a linear transformation	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO5	Diagonalize a given matrix using eigen value and eigen vectors	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO6	Determine the diagonalisability of a given linear operator using the spectral theorem	PO1	Ар	C, P	7	2
CO7	Solve linear ordinary 1 st order Differential equations	PO1	Ар	C, P	4	1
CO8	Determine Orthogonal trajectories and approximate solutions using Picard's Theorem for IVP.	PO1	Ар	C, P	4	1
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Topic 1. Matrices

- Matrix operations,
- type of matrices,
- Inverse of Matrices,
- RREF,
- Rank of matrix.

Topic 2. System of Linear equations

- Solutions of the system AX=B
- Existence of solutions of the system
- Relation between rank and solutions of AX=0

Topic 3. Vector Spaces

- Basis and dimension,
- Coordinates with respect to a basis,
- Column space, Row space
- Complementary Subspaces,
- Standard inner product, Norm,
- Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization

Topic 4. Linear Transformations

- Image of a basis identifies the linear transformation,
- Range Space and Rank, Null Space and Nullity,
- Matrix Representation of a linear transformation.



Topic 5. Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors

- Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a linear operator,
- Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors,
- Characteristic Equation,
- Diagonalisability of a linear operator,
- Spectral theorem for Normal operators

Topic 6. Ordinary Differential Equations

- Introduction and Motivation to Differential Equations
- Geometrical interpretation of solution,
- Orthogonal trajectories,
- Picard's Theorem for IVP
- Euler's Method, Improved Euler's Method.

Instruction Schedule

Lecture 1, 2, 3: Matrices, Matrix Operations (Addition, Scalar Multiplication, Multiplication, Transpose, Adjoint) and their properties; Special types of matrices (null, Identity, Diagonal, Triangular, Symmetric, Skew-Symmetric, Hermitian, Skew-Hermitian, Orthogonal, Unitary, Normal), Solution of the matrix equation Ax=b, Row-reduced Echelon form, Rank of matrix

Lecture 4, 5, 6, 7 Linear system of equations, Structure of the solutions of the matrix equation Ax=b and AX= 0, Finding solutions using Gauss- Jordan elimination method, relation between rank and Number of solutions

Lecture 8, 9, 10, 11,12: Vector Spaces, Basis and dimension, Coordinates with respect to a basis, Column space, Row space, Complementary Subspaces, Standard inner product, Norm, Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization.

Lecture 13 14, 15, 16 Linear Transformations, Matrix representation of linear transformations, Rank-Nullity theorem, range space, null space, relations between two matrix representations of same linear transformation.

Lecture 17, 18, 19, 20 : Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a linear operator, Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Characteristic Equation, Similar Matrices, Condition for Diagonalisability of matrix, Schur's Lemma, Spectral theorem for Normal operators.

Lecture 21, 22, 23, 24: Introduction and Motivation to **Differential Equations**, First Order ODE, Geometrical interpretation of solution, Equations reducible to separable form, Exact Equations, integrating factor, Linear Equations, Orthogonal trajectories, Picard's Theorem for IVP (without proof) and Picard's iteration method.

Learning Resources

- Linear Algebra by K. Hoffman and R. Kunz, Prentice-Hall, 1971.
- Algebra, written by Artin,
- Modern Algebra by Herstain
- Linear Algebra and its applications by Gilbert Strang, Nelson Engineering, 2007.



- Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces by P. R. Halmos, Princeton University Press.
- Linear algebra by Helson, Holden-day, 1990.
- Lectures on Abstract Algebra, volumes by N. Jacobson, Springer.

Assessment Plan

Final grade will be based on weights given below:

20%: Quizzes 40%: Mid-Term Exam 40%: End-Term Exam

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Quiz- 1	CO1, CO2
2	Mid-Term	CO1, CO2,CO3
3	Quiz-2	CO4,
4	Quiz-3	CO5, CO6
5	End-term	CO4, CO5, CO6, CO7, Co8
6	Assignment – 1: Operations on Matrices	CO1
7	Assignment – 2: RREF of Matrix and AX=0	CO1, CO2
8	Assignment – 3: System of linear equations	CO2
9	Assignment – 4: Solutions of AX=b and AX=0\$, Vector Spaces	CO2,CO3
10	Assignment – 5: Basis of subspaces, vector spaces	CO2, CO3
11	Assignment – 6: Null space, row space, column space	CO3
12	Assignment – 7: Linear Transformation, Rank and Nullity	CO4
13	Assignment – 8: Orthogonal vectors and Orthogonal complements	CO3
14	Assignment – 9: QR- decomposition of Matrix	CO3,CO4
15	Assignment – 10: Eigen Values and Eigen vectors	CO5, CO6
16	Assignment – 11: Characteristic polynomial and diagonalization	CO6
17	Assignment – 12: Ordinary differential equations	CO7,CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Manual evaluation of descriptive questions
- Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission NA

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Name		SM-201 MA	TH-III		
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Manisha Kulkarni			
		Н	lours	Component	
		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		Х	4-point scale (/	4,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applical	-				
(Choose by placing X in box agains		nore than two	areas from the lis		
Theory and Systems for Comp	outing			Networking and	
and Data	in a			Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	line			Digital Society	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Course Category	(Place Progra X X X Select (Place 2 X	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ one from the f X appropriately, Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M General	ly. More than one Brance Brance by ollowing:) es Elective Elective Science and Skills	h:	
		applicable, stat 3, SM-201	e exact course code	?/name)	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	yes	Develops Analytical thinking
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	yes	Learn to write proofs by using proper argument, Communicate Mathematical modelling of physics problems in proper language

Course Context and Overview

In day to day life, physical, biological, or economic systems are described by means of differential equations. Our ability to predict the way in which these systems evolve or behave is determined by our ability to model these systems and find solutions of the equations explicitly or approximately. This course is a basic course which gives introduction to differential equations and topics includes mainly a variety of second order differential equations and how to find their solutions, power series solutions, Laplace transforms, Fourier series and integrals.

At the end of the course I expect students to know the following:

- What is ODE, what is meaning of a solution, what initial value problems are, and what constitutes a solution.
- Should able to classify ODEs.
- Should able to say if solutions are linearly dependent or linearly independent.
- Should be able to solve homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations, learn to solve differential equations by using power series method near ordinary point.
- Learn Frobenius method to solve differential equations near regular singular points.
- Learn trigonometric Fourier series.
- Introduction to Laplace and Fourier transformations.
- •

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Picard's theorem for existence of solutions for 2 nd order linear differential equations	PO1	Ар		6	2



	ગાનમુત્તનમ્					
CO2	Solve homogeneous and nonhomogeneous linear differential equations of second order by using method of variation of parameters and method of undetermined coefficients	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO3	Solve Euler-Cauchy homogeneous and nonhomogeneous equations	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO4	Solve 2 nd order linear differential equation using Power series method	PO1	Ар	C, P	5	2
CO5	Solve Legendre's equations	PO1	Ар	C, P	5	2
CO6	Solve Bessel's equations by using Frobenius method	PO1	Ар	C, P	5	2
CO7	Understand Fourier trigonometric series, Fourier transform and Laplace Transform	PO1	U	C, P	6	2
CO8	Understand the concept of Groups, Rings, Fields mainly Finite Fields.	PO1	U	C, P	6	1
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Topic 1. Second Order Linear differential equations, fundamental system of solutions and general solution of homogeneous equation, use of known solution to find another, Existence and uniqueness of solution of IVP,

Topic 2: Wronskian, general solution of nonhomogeneous equations, Euler-Cauchy Equation, extensions of the results to higher order linear equations.

Topic 3: Method of variation of parameters and method of undetermined coefficients.

Topic 4. Power Series Method - application to Legendre Equations, Legendre Polynomials.

Topic 5: Frobenius Method, Bessel equations, Properties of Bessel functions.

Topic 6: Sturm comparison Theorem, Sturm Liouvile BVP, Orthogonal functions.

Topic 7: Fourier Series and Integrals.

Topic 8. Basic Introduction to Laplace and Fourier Transforms (with less stress on theoretical aspects)



Topic-9: Introduction to Groups, Rings, Fields mainly Finite Fields

Instruction Schedule

Lecture 1, 2, 3 and 4: Second Order Linear differential equations, fundamental system of solutions and general solution of homogeneous equation, use of known solution to find another, Existence and uniqueness of solution of IVP,

Lecture 5, 6 and 7: Wronskian, general solution of nonhomogeneous equations, Euler-Cauchy Equation, extensions of the results to higher order linear equations.

Lecture 8, 9 and 10: Method of variation of parameters and method of undetermined coefficients and examples.

Lecture 11, 12, 13 14 and 15: Power Series Method - application to Legendre Equations, Legendre Polynomials, Rodrigues Formula, Orthogonality of Legendre's polynomials.

Lecture 16, 17 and 18: Frobenius Method, Bessel equations, Properties of Bessel Functions, Relations among Bessel's functions, Gamma function and it's properties.

Lecture 19, 20, 21and 22: Sturm comparison Theorem, Sturm Liouvile BVP, Orthogonal functions.

Lecture 23, 24: Fourier Series and Integrals.

Lectures 25 and 26: Laplace and Fourier Transforms and examples.

Lecture 27 and 28 Group, ring and Fields mainly Finite Fields

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by Erwin Kreyszig, 8th edition, Wiley,
- . Proper web notes (NPTEL notes are available)
- . Differential Equations with Applications and Historical Notes, by George F. Simmons.
- . Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, by Shepley L. Ross, 4th edition, Wiley, 1989.
- . Elements of Partial Differential Equations, by Ian Sneddon.
- . An Elementary Course in Partial Differential Equations, by Amaranath.
- Algebra by Artin

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Final grade will be based on weights given below:

20%: Quizzes 40%: Mid-Term Exam 40%: End-Term Exam



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Quiz-1	CO1,CO2
2	Mid-term-Exam	CO1,CO2, CO3, CO4
3	Quiz-2	CO7, CO8
4	Quiz-3	CO6, CO7
5	End-term Exam	CO5, CO7, CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course

- Manual evaluation of descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of MCQ questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given **As per institute policy**

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Name		SM202/Maths	4		
Course Instructor Name(s)		Dr. Amit Ch	attopadhya	ay	
		Hours			Component
		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture: Tutorial : Practical)		1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)
(Lecture: Tutorial: Practical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme	Grading Scheme			ale (A	A, A-, B+, B, B-, C+, C, D, F)
(Choose by placing X against				、 、、// 1	
appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ory/Un	satisfactory (S / X)
Area of Specialization (if applic		.1 .	C	.1 1)
(Choose by placing X in box aga		nore than two	areas from i		
Theory and Systems for Cor and Data	nputing				Networking and Communication
Artificial Intelligence and Ma	chine	-			Digital Society
Learning	-				<u> </u>
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security
General Elective					
	Progra X X X X	iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ	ty	Branch	
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately			
	X	Basic Scienc			
		CSE Core			
		ECE Core			
		CSE Branch	Elective		
		ECE Branch	Elective		
		Engineering	Science and	d Skills	
		HSS/M			
		General			
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	te exact cours	se code/	/name)
		1, Maths 2 a Algebra)	nd Maths 3	3 (und	erstanding of Calculus and



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	No	The course helps in developing basic skills for Data Analysis and Machine Learning
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course focuses on foundational mathematical skill development required for other core subjects in CSE and ECE.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The aim of this course is to provide students with the foundations of (1) probabilistic and statistical analysis and (2) complex analysis used in varied applications in engineering and science. The first part of this course concentrates on the fundamentals of probability and statistics, event spaces, and random variables. Density and distribution functions for single and multivariate random variables, expectation, variance, and covariance, the binomial, uniform, Poisson, exponential, and normal distributions, gamma beta, limit theorems, sampling distributions, understanding point and interval estimations of population parameters.

The second part of this course focuses on complex analysis. This part covers complex numbers and functions, analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, contour integrals, Cauchy theorem, Taylor's and Laurent's series, singularities, poles and Residue theorem.

Students will be given periodic problem sets which encourage them to think through concepts of the course.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Compute probabilities of events using the basic principles of probability theory.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2



CO2	Compute properties of discrete and continuous (single and multi-dimensional) random variables for well-known distributions, including Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Normal, Beta1, Beta2, Gamma and Cauchy, and for transformations.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO3	Compute expectations for single and multi- dimensional distributions, mean, variance, moments, covariance, correlation coefficients, moment generating functions, characteristic functions, regression curves, and reproductive properties of Binomial, Poisson, Normal and Gamma distributions.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO4	Understand limit theorems for a sequence of random variables, including central limit theorem, limit theorem of characteristic functions and DeMoivre-Laplace limit theorem.	PO1	U	C, P	3	1
CO5	Compute the point and interval estimation of population parameters using sample data.	PO1	Ар	C, P	3	1
CO6	Understand the properties and geometrical interpretation of complex numbers.	PO1	U	C, P	3	1
CO7	Determine analytic functions using Cauchy- Riemann Equations.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO8	Compute contour integral using Cauchy integral formula.	PO1	Ар	C, P	3	1
CO9	Compute real and improper integrals using Residue theorem.	PO1	Ар	C, P	9	3
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content [Provide list-wise topics]



Probability and Statistics:

• **The Concept of Probability:** Random Experiments, Events, Mutually Exclusive Events, Exhaustive Set of Events, Statistical Regularity, Classical and Frequency Definitions and Drawbacks.

The Axiomatic Construction: Axiomatic Definition and Deductions, Conditional Probability, Multiplication Rule, Bayes' Theorem, Independence of Events, Pairwise and Mutual Independence.

Compound or Joint Experiment: Independence of Random Experiments, Independent Trials, Bernoulli Trials, Binomial Law, Multinomial Law, Poisson Trials.

- **Probability Distributions:** Single and two-dimensional and Random Variables, Discrete Distribution-*p.m.f.*, Binomial, Poisson, Geometric Distributions; Continuous Distribution-*p.d.f.*, uniform, normal, Cauchy, Gamma, Beta1, Beta2 distributions; Conditional Distributions, Transformation of continuous random variables in two dimensions.
- Mathematical Expectation: Expectation of a Continuous Function of a Single and Twodimensional Random Variable. Properties: Mean, Variance, SD, Moments, Skewness, & Kurtosis of a Distribution; Moment Generating Function, Characteristic Function; Median, Quartiles and Mode. Covariance and Correlation Coefficients, Conditional Expectations-Regression Curves, Principle of Least Squares-Regression Lines, Reproductive Property.
- Convergence of a Sequence of Random Variables and Limit Theorems: Convergence in Probability and Convergence in Distribution, Tchebycheff's Inequality and Theorem, Bernoulli's Theorem, Law of Large Numbers. Asymptotically Normal Distribution, Limit Theorem for Characteristic Functions, Central Limit Theorem, DeMoivre Laplace Limit Theorem. Some Important Continuous Distributions: Chi-square, *t* and *F*-Distributions.
- Random Samples: Populations and samples, statistics; Distribution of the Sample; Sample Characteristics - Sample Mean, Sample Variance, Moments, Mode, Median, Quartiles, Coefficient of Skewness, Coefficient of Kurtosis.
 Sampling Distributions: Sampling distributions– sample mean, sample variance and other important statistics.
- Estimation of Parameters: Point Estimation Consistency, Unbiasedness, Minimum Variance; MLE; Interval Estimates, Approximate Confidence Interval for the Mean of a Bernoulli Random Variable.

Complex Analysis:

- **Complex Numbers:** Complex numbers, properties, Geometrical representation of complex numbers, powers and roots of complex numbers.
- **Complex Functions:** Functions of complex variables, Analytic Functions, Cauchy-Riemann Equations and Problems, Elementary Functions.
- **Contour Integration:** Contours, Contour Integration, Cauchy theorem, Cauchy Integral Formula.



• **Complex Series:** Power Series, Term by term differentiation, Taylor Series, Laurent Series, Zeros, Singularities, Poles, Essential Singularities, Residue theorem, Evaluation of Integrals.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Section/Topic	Week	CO Mapping
The Concept of Probability, The		CO1
Axiomatic Construction,	Week 1, Week 2	
Compound or Joint Experiment		
Probability Distributions	Week 3, Week 4	CO2
Mathematical Expectation	Week 5, Week 6	CO3
Convergence of a Sequence of Random		CO4
Variables and Limit Theorems	Week 7	
Random Samples, Sampling		CO4
Distributions	Week 7	
Estimation of Parameters	Week 8	CO5
Complex Numbers	Week 9	CO6
Complex Functions	Week 10, Week 11	C07
Contour Integration	Week 12,	CO8
Complex Series	Week 13, Week 14, Week 15	CO9

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Sheldon M. Ross, Fourth Edition.
- 2. Sheldon Ross, "A first course in Probability", Eighth Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Complex Analysis with Applications: Richard A. Silverman.

Reference Books:

- 4. John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications, Eighth Edition, Miller and Miller.
- 5. Complex Analysis, by Ahlfors, McGraw Hill, 1979.

6. Complex Variables and Applications, by James Brown and Ruel Churchill, McGraw Hill, 2008.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Quiz1-20%, Midterm-25%, Quiz2-20%, Endterm-25%, Class participation-10%



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Na	ne		SM 203	3 / PHYSICS 1
Course Instructor Name(s)	B. Ashok, S	. K. Malapaka	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		H	lours	Component
Credits (L:T:P)		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:0	:0	Total Credits = 3	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	e (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory (S / X)
			Area of S	pecialization (if applicable)
(Choose by placing X in box agai	nst not r	nore than two		
Theory and Systems for Con			5	Networking and
and Data				Communication
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine			Digital Society
Learning VLSI Systems			-	Cyber Security
General Elective			-	
	Course	is restricted to	the following	programmes / branch(es):
Programme / Branch			ly. More than a	
	Progra		•	inch:
		iMTech		CSE
		iM.Tech	X	ECE
		M.Sc.		Digital Society
Course Category	Select	one from the f	ollowing:	
		X appropriately)	
	X	Basic Scienc	es	
		CSE Core		
		ECE Core		
		CSE Branch		
		ECE Branch		
			Science and SI	
		HSS/M		
		General		
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact course c	ode/name)



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Problem solving skills, logical reasoning

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The Physics-1 theory course is intended to give students of the iMTech programme a basic and sound foundation in concepts of physics, predominantly covering topics in classical physics. The course is taught in their 3rd semester, and introduces topics beyond the simple Newtonian approach they are familiar with in high school. Since a knowledge of physics is useful across disciplines, this course aims to give a core competency in the very basics, so that the student can

apply what he learns in other areas like robotics or any other area requiring description of a system's dynamics or thermodynamics.

The course starts with an introduction to integral theorems and vector and operator transformations between various curvilinear coordinate systems, and an introduction to tensors and tensorial notation.

The Lagrangian formalism of classical mechanics is then introduced, starting with the principle of least action. This allows for the natural derivation of the Euler-Lagrange equations of motion.

The concepts of symmetries and associated conserved quantities are introduced. This is followed by obtaining equations of motion in a rotating frame of reference, and the concepts of pseudo or fictitious forces are introduced, with special emphasis on centrifugal and Coriolis forces. This has direct everyday applications since the earth is a rotating frame of reference, with phenomena like projectile motion, river flow, wind movement, etc., all being affected by various pseudo forces.

Rigid body motion and central force motion are then introduced to the students, and Kepler's laws of planetary motion are shown to be a consequence of these principles.

Formulation of a wave equation, description and formulation of simple harmonic motion under various damping regimes, and treatment of vibrations and waves in material media is taught. How phenomena like interference and diffraction, which are prevalent in everyday life, come about, is detailed. The course also touches upon nonlinear and chaotic behaviour, as most realistic phenomena in nature necessarily involve nonlinear dynamics.

The course next deals with the laws of thermodynamics, Maxwell's thermodynamic relations, and the various modes of heat transfer like radiation, convection and conduction. The classical laws of blackbody radiation are introduced, and their limitations discussed. These are again of practical



use in order to be able to design energy-efficient systems or to reduce over-heating in a room with electronic equipment.

The last part of the course introduces the special theory of relativity. The problem of how kinematics and dynamics changes when objects travel at speeds comparative to the speed of light is discussed and the expressions of Lorentz contraction and time dilation derived.

All of the above content in the course are accompanied with problems that students have to solve.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand transformation of vectors, differential operators and integral theorems (Gauss's, Stokes & Green's) in spherical cylindrical and curvilinear co- ordinate systems	PO1	U	F, C, P	4
CO2	Solve eqns of motion obtained from the Lagrangian formalism through the principle of least action.	PO1	Ар	F, C, P	7
CO3	Solve problems of rigid body dynamics in rotating and non-rotating frames of reference making use of Moment of Inertia tensor, Euler equations and Euler angles.	PO1	Ар	F, C, P	6
CO4	Understand motion in a central force potential & the associated conserved quantities	PO1	U	F,C,P	5
CO5	Formulate wave motion in solids, liquids and gases under strong, moderate, light & critical damping regimes.	PO1	U	F,C,P	8
CO6	Understand laws of thermodynamics and the processes of heat transfer including conduction, convection & radiation.	PO1	U	F,C,P	7
C07	Understand the Special theory of Relativity, Lorentz's transformations and Relativistic Dynamics	PO1	U	F,C,P	8
	O/DEO, Duccusante Outcomes / Duccusante Specific Out				Total hours: 45

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Introduction, revision of integral theorems: Gauss's divergence theorem, Green's theorem in the plane, Stokes' theorem. Curvilinear coordinates: vectors in curvilinear systems, arc length &



volume element; gradient, divergence & curl in curvilinear coordinates; specific examples of spherical & cylindrical coordinate systems; transformation between coordinate systems. Jacobian; manipulation of gradient, divergence, curl, laplacian operators on vectors similified using tensors & tensorial notation.

Principle of least action, Euler-Lagrange equations, generalized coordinates, generalized momenta. Lagrangian formalism. Equations of motion for a system, cyclic/ ignorable coordinates & constants of motion, Jacobi integral, symmetries & Noether's theorem. Energy & momentum conservation as consequences of homogeneity of time & space respectively; angular velocity, angular momentum conservation & isotropy of space,

Pseudo-forces, rotating frames of reference. Coriolis & centrifugal forces, effects of Coriolis force. Foucault's pendulum, precession. Rigid body motion, moment of inertia tensor, perpendicular & parallel axes theorem. Euler angles & Euler equations.

Central force motion, Kepler's laws.

Simple harmonic motion: undamped, damped, strongly damped regimes, etc. Wave motion: free vibrations of a stretched string, phase velocity, group velocity, sound waves, water waves, interference & diffraction, etc. Nonlinear behaviour, phase space, chaotic behaviour.

Thermodynamics: Maxwell's relations and applications. Clausius theorem. Laws of thermodynamics. Clausius-Clapeyron equation. Conduction, convection and radiation. Blackbody radiation, Wien's law, Stefan Boltzmann law. The problem with a classical approach to blackbody radiation. Rayleigh-Jeans law, ultraviolet catastrophe.

Special theory of Relativity: inertial frames of reference, Galilean transformations, Lorentz transformations; relativistic kinematics: Lorentz-Fitzgerald contraction, time dilation, velocity transformation; Doppler effect –non-relativistic and relativistic. Relativistic dynamics: effect on momentum and mass measurements.

Instruction Schedule

Pre Mid sem: CO 1, CO 2, CO 3, CO 4 Post Mid sem: CO 5, CO 6, CO 7 Weekly 2 classes of 1.5 hours each.

Learning Resources

- 1. D. Kleppner & R. Kolenkow, An introduction to mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill (2007)
- 2. H. C. Verma, Concepts in Physics, Vols. I & II, Bharati Bhawan (2011).
- 3. H. Goldstein, Classical Mechanics, 2nd ed., Narosa (1980).
- 4. N. C. Rana & P. S. Joag, Classical mechanics, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 5. L. Landau & E. Lifshitz, Mechanics
- 6. Zemansky & Dittmann, Thermodynamics
- 7. The Feynman Lectures in Physics, Narosa (2008).



8. Murray Spiegel, Vector Analysis & an introduction to tensor analysis, Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw-Hill (1973).

9. D. J. Griffiths, An introduction to electrodynamics (introductory chapter for discussion on gradient, divergence, curl, etc).

10. Various pedagogical papers from, e.g., The American Journal of Physics

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]
3 to 4 Assignments: 5% weightage
Pre mid term Quizzes: 2, Post mid-term quizzes: 2
3 best out of 4 quizzes: 15% weightage
Midterm : 30% weightage
End sem : 50% weightage

Grading :

For an A grade, an absolute score of 75%-80% is expected.

Other grades are set relatively based on the highest mark obtained by any student in the class and the lowest pass mark that instructor decides. In this band of marks, all the grades starting from A to D are typically spread equidistantly. Students who get lower than the set pass marks are given F grade.

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Classical mechanics, Lagrangian formulation	CO1, CO2
2.	Rotating frames of reference, rigid body & central force motion	CO3, CO4, CO5
3.	Thermodynamics	CO6
4.	Special theory of relativity	C07

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic & manual evaluation of MCQ in quizzes & exams.
- Manual evaluation of problems to be solved based on topics covered in class. Problems are given both in quizzes & exams.
- Manual evaluation of assignments.
- Evaluation based on answers to questions after student group presentations of specific pedagogical papers assigned to them in advance

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

If a paper is allotted for presentation, students are expected to cite that and other supporting papers they may refer to. Citation format expected is: Author names, Title of paper, Journal name, Journal Volume, pages (Year of publication).

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs



Course Code / Cour	se Nam	ne	Physics 2					
Course Instructor Name(s)			Shiva Kumar Malapaka & B. A. Ashok					
			I	Hours	Component			
			3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)				
	Tactic				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
			L:T:P = 3:0:	0	Total Credits = 3			
Grading Scheme	;		X	4-point scale	e (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X	agains X	t appropriate		-				
box)				Satisfactory/	(Unsatisfactory (S / X)			
Area of								
Specialization (if	F							
applicable)								
(Choose by placing X	(
in box against not								
more than two areas								
from the list) Theory and Sys	tems fo	or Computing			Networking and			
and Data		Computing			Communication			
Artificial Intellige Learning	ence an	d Machine		_	Digital Society			
VLSI Systems				-	Cyber Security			
General Electiv								
Programme /				g programmes	/ branch(es):			
Branch		X appropriate	•	•				
	Progra		B	ranch:				
	Х	iMTech						
		M.Tech						
	X	M.Sc.						
	X	ECE						
		Digital S	Society					
Course Category	Select	one from the f						
een ee en egery		K appropriately	•					
	Х	Basic Scienc	es					
		CSE Core						
		ECE Core						
		CSE Branch	Elective					
		ECE Branch	Elective					
		Engineering	Science and S	Skills				
		HSS/M						
		General						



Course Pre- Requisites	None

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Problem solving skills, Logical reasoning

Course Context and Overview

Physics 2 is a core course studied by iMTech students of ECE and CSE batches in their 4^{th} Semester.

This course contains mainly three topics (i) Electromagnetics (ii) Quantum Mechanics and (iii) Statistical Mechanics. In this half the sememster is dedicated to Electromagnetics and rest of the semster for the other two topics.

The main purpose of this course is to introduce the students to advanced topics in Physics after their initiation to high level physics through Physics -1 in the 3rd Semester.

The topics taught in Electromagnetism use the concepts of Vector calculus that the students would have already learned earlier. The emphasis is on taking the student from their known knowledge of Electricity and Magnetism; that they would have studied in 12th class; to a higher plane where they realize that these aspects infact are two sides of the same coin. Maxwell's equations which not only bridge the two phenomenon but also bring in the aspects of Radiation are taught and the idea of Electromagnetic waves is introduced towards the end of this part of the course.

With these basics in Electromagetism, students (specially from ECE stream) can appreciate topics taught in subjects like Communications, Antennas and Radar theory.

The Quantum Mechanics part of the course is designed to first set the context for the need for such a subject using the ideas in Black body radiation, then go through the various branches that developed simultaneously in this subject namely photo electric effect and compton effect, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, wave particle duality and atomic models. These topics form what we classify in this course as Old Quantum Mechanics.



New Quantum Mechanics starts with Schrodinger's Wave equation and then various solutions to the same are introduced including that of Hydrogen atom and quantum numbers and their significance discussed. Then we move to introduce postulates of Quantum mechanics, Operators, Dirac notaion, Operator algebra and end this part of the course with a basic introduction to Quantum Computing (that include superposition principle, quantum entanglement and cursory introduction to quantum gates and logic, quantum teleporting, quantum communcations and quantum cryptography).

The aim of these topics is to enthuse students to take up a quantum computing courses or motivate them to pursue research in this emerging area.

Classical statistical mechanics starts with ideas from themodynamics like entropy and move towards defining various types of ensembles and their properties. Then we derive the Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution funciton from first principles and also explain its practical application in the context of understanding properties of ideal gas and lasers.

Quantum statistical mechanics mainly deals with use of quantisation ideas in statistical mechanics. Here we first introduce the idea of distinguishability and then derive from first principles Bose-Einstein and Fermi Dirac distributions. Their applications to various fields of Physics e.g. specific heat of solids, lasers and Free electron theory and semi conductor physics are discussed at the end of this unit.

One cannot imagine today's life without electronic devices and these devices have their origins in the Free electron model and the semi conductor physics that developed based on the same. The statistical mechanics (both classical as well as quantum) are mainly aimed and introducing the students to how seemingly complex theories (or derivations) in Physics have complete day to day applications.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand vector calculus and integral theorems (Gauss divergence, Stokes and Green's)	PO1,	U	F,C, P	2
CO2	Determine the electric field due to a charge distribution in dielectric medium using Coulomb's law, Gauss Law, method of images and multipole expansion.	PO1	Ap	F,C, P	6
CO3	Determine the magnetic field in an infinite wire, quadrilateral loop and toroids using Biot-Savart's law and Ampere's Law.	PO1,	Ap	F,C, P	4
CO4	Understand the effect of Magnetisation in materials and its applications.	PO1	U	F,C. P	2
CO5	Determine Induced magnetic fields and dynamics between currents and fields.	PO1	Ap	F,C, P	4
CO6	Understand electromagnetism interms of Maxwell's Equations.	PO1	U	F, C,P	2



	सागनुरागन्				
C07	Understanding the mechanisms behind Photoelectric Effect, Compton's Effect, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle, Wave-Particle Duality and atomic models.	PO1	U	F,C, P	4
CO8	Understand Schrodinger's Equations and its application to special cases (particle in a box, hydrogen atom and simple harmonic oscillator).	PO1	U	F,C, P	6
CO9	Understand the principles of quantum computing	PO1	U	F, C	3
CO10	Understand the concepts of Phase space, ensembles, distinguishability, classical distributions and their applications	PO1	U	F,C, P	6
CO11	Understand Quantum Statistical Mechanics, distributions and Applications	PO1	U	F,C, P	6
	Total Number of Hours				45

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Review : Co-ordinate systems, Vector Calculus, Gauss, Green and Stokes theorems.

Electrostatics: flux of an electric field, Gauss's law, applications, electric potential energy, the divergence of E, Dirac delta function, conductors, capacitance & combinations of capacitors, energy density, dielectrics, dipole, dipole moment, polarization, electric field calculations of various charge configurations, Method of Images, multipole expansion etc..

Magnetostatics : Lorentz force, cyclotron frequency, magnetic force & current-carrying wires, continuity equation, Biot-Savart law & applications, Ampere's law, magnetic dipole moment, magnetic materials, diamagnets, paramagnets & ferromagnets, magnetization & magnetic susceptibility, hysteresis etc..

Electrodynamics : Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, Maxwell's equations, boundary conditions, electromagnetic waves, wave equation, energy density, potential formulation of electrodynamics -- gauge transformations, , polarization.

Old Quantum Mechanics: Black body Radiation, Need for QM, the photoelectric effect, wave-particle duality, the Compton effect; de Broglie waves, phase & group velocities; wave-function & probability; a brief discussion on interference & diffraction, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle; Thomson & Rutherford's models of the atom; atomic



spectra; Bohr's model of the atom & its explanation of spectral lines; Bohr- Sommerfeld quantization

New Quantum Mechanics : Schroedinger's equation (steady-state & time-dependent) solution for simple problems: particle in a box, tunneling through a potential barrier, simple harmonic oscillator, hydrogen atom, Quantum numbers and their interpretations, fundamental postulates of Quantum mechanics, expectation values, operators, commutator relations, Dirac Notation, Superposition principle, Entanglement, Introduction to Quantum Computing

Classical Statistical mechanics: Phase space, macrostates & microstates, entropy; distinguishable & indistinguishable particles; the most probable distribution; Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution. Application of Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution: properties of ideal gas, lasers.

Quantum Statistical mechanics: Fermi-Dirac & Bose-Einstein distributions Applications of Quantum Statistical Distributions: Specific heat of solids, Dulong-Petit law, Einstein model; lasers (comes in Unit 6 too), free electron theories, metals; solids & crystals; origin of band structure, electrical & thermal properties of solids; semiconductors.

Instruction Schedule

Pre Mid sem: CO1 to CO6 Post Mid sem: CO7 to CO11 Weekly 2 classes of 1.5 hours each.

Learning Resources

Text books : 1) Classical Electrodynamics , J. D. Jackson 2) Introduction to Electrodynamics David J Griffiths 3) Arthur Beiser, Concepts of Modern Physics, Tata McGraw Hill. 4) Mathews & Venkatesan, A textbook of quantum mechanics 5) F. Reif, Statistical Physics (Berkeley physics course vol. 5), McGraw Hill (1967) 6) C. Kittel, Solid State Physics (any of the several editions). 7) Mani & Mehta, Introduction to modern physics, Affiliated East-West Press. 8) The Feynman Lectures in Physics, Narosa (2008)

Online Resources: 1) <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/quant-ph/9809016.pdf</u> (some part of this resrouce) 2) https://www.damtp.cam.ac.uk/user/tong/statphys/sp.pdf

Assessment Plan

Pre mid term Quizzes : 3 - 10 marks each – 30 marks Midterm : 20 marks



Post mid term Quizzes: 2 - 10 marks each - 20 marks Marks for attending classes – 10 marks (if this parameter is not mandatory then these marks go into either one quiz or the End sem) End sem : 20 marks Total : 100 marks Relative Grading : Relative grades are set based on the highest mark obtained by any student in the class and the lowest pass mark that instructor decides. In this band of marks, usually all the grades starting from A to D are spread in equidistant mark bands. Students who get lower than the set pass marks are given F grade.

Assignments / Projects

Not Applicable

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping

Evaluation Procedures

The quizzes and mid sem and end sem exams usually comprise of questions (both MCQs, Descriptive questions and problems) based on the material discussed in the class. The answer scripts are evaluated manually even when the exam happens using pen& paper or an exam pad.

The answers to the question papers are usually provided just immediately after the exam is over for students's reference.

The students get an opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online in a stipulated time period. Once this review process is over, the marks and grades are freezed and are not changed.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs



Course Code / Course Name		SM103/ Mathematics 1						
Course Instructor Name(s)	Amit Chattopadhyay	Amit Chattopadhyay, Pradeesha Ashok						
		Hours				Component		
		3				Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
						Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1:0				Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		X		•		cale (A,A-,B+,B,B-		
(Choose by placing X against		^		,C+,C,D,F)				
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S /			ory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applic								
(Choose by placing X in box aga	inst not	more than two areas fro	эт	the l	-			
Theory and Systems for					N	etworking and Communication		
Computing and Data	.1.2				_			
Artificial Intelligence and Ma Learning	chine				ט	igital Society		
VLSI Systems					C	yber Security		
General Elective						yber beeding		
Programme / Branch	Cours	e is restricted to the foll	ow	ing p	rog	rammes / branch(es):		
		X appropriately. More			-	. ,		

riogramme / Branch	(Place X appropriately. M Programme:						
		X	CSE				
			ECE				
			Digital Society				
	X iMTech						
	M.Tech						
	M.Sc.						
	CSE						
	ECE						
	Digital Society						



	ज्ञाननुरानन् Octobert erro frame the faller view
Course Category	Select <u>one</u> from the following:
	(Place X appropriately)
	X Basic Sciences
	CSE Core
	ECE Core
	CSE Branch Elective
	ECE Branch Elective
	Engineering Science and Skills
	HSS/M
	General
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name)
oburse i re riequisites	

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course imparts mathematical rigour and provides a mathematical foundation for core Computer Science subjects.
Focus on skill development	No	
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills	No	

Course Context and Overview

The objective of this course is to provide the students foundational skills of real analysis and calculus. Students will also learn to express mathematical statements using propositional logic, and write formal mathematical proofs. This course is a balance between writing mathematical proofs of theorems and applying theorems for solving problems.

Students learn and apply the concepts of convergence/divergence of sequences and series, continuity, differentiability and Riemann integrability of real-valued functions of single and multiple variables, improper integrations, partial derivatives, Jacobian, Taylor's theorem, minima-maxima and double and triple integrations.

The concepts covered in this course will further be applied in for future courses in Basic Science, CSE and ECE like Machine Learning and Optimization.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the method of formal mathematical proofs using logic	PO1	U	С	5	2
CO2	Determine the convergence/divergence of sequences and series using limit theorems.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	6	2
CO3	Determine the continuity and the differentiability of a given function.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	5	2
CO4	Find the derivative of a given function if it is differentiable.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	6	2
CO5	Determine the Riemann integrability of a given class of functions.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	3	1
CO6	Compute the integral of a given function using the fundamental theorem of integral calculus.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	4	1
C07	Compute improper integrations using Beta and Gamma functions	PO1	Ар	С, Р	4	1
CO8	Compute partial derivatives, Jacobian, Taylor's series, and minima-maxima-saddles of functions of several variables.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	6	2
CO9	Compute double and triple integrals using Fubini's rule and transformation of variables.	PO1	Ар	С, Р	6	2
	Total Hours				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Introduction to Logic: Negation, Disjunction, Conjunction, Implication, Equivalence
 Proof Techniques,
 Introduction to Set Theory, Base Numbers

Introduction to Set Theory, Real Numbers.



- Sequences and Series: Limits, Limit Theorems, Infinite Series.
- **Continuous Functions:** Continuous Functions on Intervals, Monotone and Infinite Functions.
- **Differentiation:** The Derivative, The Mean Value Theorem, L'Hospital's Rules, Taylor's Theorem, Power Series, Critical points, Convexity.
- **The Riemann Integration:** Riemann Integration, Riemann Integrable Functions, The Fundamental Theorem.
- **Improper Integration:** Integration of Unbounded Functions over Bounded Intervals, Infinite Range of Integration, Beta and Gamma Functions.
- **Calculus of Several Variables:** Functions of Several Variables, Limits, Continuity, Partial Derivatives, Chain Rule, Tangent Planes and Differentials, Taylor's, Formula for Two Variables, Extreme Values and Saddle Points.
- **Parametric Equations and Polar Coordinates:** Space Coordinates, Lines and Planes, Polar Coordinates, Cylinders, Quadric Surfaces, Volume, Area, Length, Curve Tracing, Graphs of Polar Equations.
- **Multiple Integration:** Double, Triple Integrals (over Rectangular and General Regions), Jacobians, Application in Computing Area and Volume.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Learning Resources

Mention textbooks, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course

Text Books:

1. Sets, Functions, and Logic: An Introduction to Abstract Mathematics, by Keith Devlin, Third Edition (Chapman Hall/CRC Mathematics Series)

2. Introduction to Real Analysis by Robert G Bartle and Donald R Sherbet, Fourth Edition, Wiley India.

3. Mathematical Analysis by S.C. Malik and S. Arora (Fifth Edition).

Additional References:

4. Thomas Calculus by Maurice D Weir, Joel Hass and Frank R Giordano, Eleventh Edition, Pearson

5. Principles of Mathematical Analysis by Walter Rudin, Third Edition, McGraw -Hill International

Editions

6. A Course of Mathematical Analysis by Shanti Narayan.



Assessment Plan

List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)

- 1. Quiz 1: 20%
- 2. MidSem Exam: 30%
- 3. Quiz 2: 20%
- 4. Final Exam: 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1		

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Name		SM202/Maths 4					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Dr. Amit Chattopadhyay					
			lours		Component		
		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)		1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture: Tutorial : Practical)		0			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1:0			Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point so	ale (A	, A-, B+, B, B-, C+, C, D, F)		
(Choose by placing X against			0-1-6-14	· · · // 1			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)				
Area of Specialization (if applic		.1 .	C				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from t				
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	nputing				Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine	-			Digital Society		
Learning					<u> </u>		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
	Progra X X X X	iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ	ty	Branch			
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately					
	X	Basic Scienc					
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch	Elective				
		ECE Branch	Elective				
		Engineering	Science and	d Skills			
		HSS/M					
		General					
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	te exact cours	e code/	/name)		
		a 1, Maths 2 a r Algebra)	nd Maths 3	3 (und	erstanding of Calculus and		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	No	
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course focuses on foundational mathematical skill development required for other core subjects in CSE and ECE.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The aim of this course is to provide students with the foundations of (1) probabilistic and statistical analysis and (2) complex analysis used in varied applications in engineering and science. The first part of this course concentrates on the fundamentals of probability and statistics, event spaces, and random variables. Density and distribution functions for single and multivariate random variables, expectation, variance, and covariance, the binomial, uniform, Poisson, exponential, and normal distributions, gamma beta, limit theorems, sampling distributions, understanding point and interval estimations of population parameters.

The second part of this course focuses on complex analysis. This part covers complex numbers and functions, analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, contour integrals, Cauchy theorem, Taylor's and Laurent's series, singularities, poles and Residue theorem.

Students will be given periodic problem sets which encourage them to think through concepts of the course.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Compute probabilities of events using the basic principles of probability theory.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2



CO2	аплините Compute properties of discrete and continuous (single and multi-dimensional) random variables for well-known distributions, including Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Normal, Beta1, Beta2, Gamma and Cauchy, and for transformations.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO3	Compute expectations for single and multi- dimensional distributions, mean, variance, moments, covariance, correlation coefficients, moment generating functions, characteristic functions, regression curves, and reproductive properties of Binomial, Poisson, Normal and Gamma distributions.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO4	Understand limit theorems for a sequence of random variables, including central limit theorem, limit theorem of characteristic functions and DeMoivre-Laplace limit theorem.	PO1	U	C, P	3	1
CO5	Compute the point and interval estimation of population parameters using sample data.	PO1	Ар	C, P	3	1
CO6	Understand the properties and geometrical interpretation of complex numbers.	PO1	U	C, P	3	1
C07	Determine analytic functions using Cauchy- Riemann Equations.	PO1	Ар	C, P	6	2
CO8	Compute contour integral using Cauchy integral formula.	PO1	Ар	C, P	3	1
CO9	Compute real and improper integrals using Residue theorem.	PO1	Ар	C, P	9	3
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content [Provide list-wise topics]



Probability and Statistics:

• **The Concept of Probability:** Random Experiments, Events, Mutually Exclusive Events, Exhaustive Set of Events, Statistical Regularity, Classical and Frequency Definitions and Drawbacks.

The Axiomatic Construction: Axiomatic Definition and Deductions, Conditional Probability, Multiplication Rule, Bayes' Theorem, Independence of Events, Pairwise and Mutual Independence.

Compound or Joint Experiment: Independence of Random Experiments, Independent Trials, Bernoulli Trials, Binomial Law, Multinomial Law, Poisson Trials.

- **Probability Distributions:** Single and two-dimensional and Random Variables, Discrete Distribution-*p.m.f.*, Binomial, Poisson, Geometric Distributions; Continuous Distribution-*p.d.f.*, uniform, normal, Cauchy, Gamma, Beta1, Beta2 distributions; Conditional Distributions, Transformation of continuous random variables in two dimensions.
- Mathematical Expectation: Expectation of a Continuous Function of a Single and Twodimensional Random Variable. Properties: Mean, Variance, SD, Moments, Skewness, & Kurtosis of a Distribution; Moment Generating Function, Characteristic Function; Median, Quartiles and Mode. Covariance and Correlation Coefficients, Conditional Expectations-Regression Curves, Principle of Least Squares-Regression Lines, Reproductive Property.
- Convergence of a Sequence of Random Variables and Limit Theorems: Convergence in Probability and Convergence in Distribution, Tchebycheff's Inequality and Theorem, Bernoulli's Theorem, Law of Large Numbers. Asymptotically Normal Distribution, Limit Theorem for Characteristic Functions, Central Limit Theorem, DeMoivre Laplace Limit Theorem. Some Important Continuous Distributions: Chi-square, *t* and *F*-Distributions.
- **Random Samples:** Populations and samples, statistics; Distribution of the Sample; Sample Characteristics Sample Mean, Sample Variance, Moments, Mode, Median, Quartiles, Coefficient of Skewness, Coefficient of Kurtosis.

Sampling Distributions: Sampling distributions– sample mean, sample variance and other important statistics.

• Estimation of Parameters: Point Estimation – Consistency, Unbiasedness, Minimum Variance; MLE; Interval Estimates, Approximate Confidence Interval for the Mean of a Bernoulli Random Variable.

Complex Analysis:

- **Complex Numbers:** Complex numbers, properties, Geometrical representation of complex numbers, powers and roots of complex numbers.
- **Complex Functions:** Functions of complex variables, Analytic Functions, Cauchy-Riemann Equations and Problems, Elementary Functions.
- **Contour Integration:** Contours, Contour Integration, Cauchy theorem, Cauchy Integral Formula.
- **Complex Series:** Power Series, Term by term differentiation, Taylor Series, Laurent Series, Zeros, Singularities, Poles, Essential Singularities, Residue theorem, Evaluation of Integrals.



Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Section/Topic	Week	CO Mapping
The Concept of Probability, The		CO1
Axiomatic Construction,	Week 1, Week 2	
Compound or Joint Experiment		
Probability Distributions	Week 3, Week 4	CO2
Mathematical Expectation	Week 5, Week 6	CO3
Convergence of a Sequence of Random		CO4
Variables and Limit Theorems	Week 7	
Random Samples, Sampling		CO4
Distributions	Week 7	
Estimation of Parameters	Week 8	CO5
Complex Numbers	Week 9	CO6
Complex Functions	Week 10, Week 11	C07
Contour Integration	Week 12,	CO8
Complex Series	Week 13, Week 14,	CO9
	Week 15	

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Sheldon M. Ross, Fourth Edition.
- 2. Sheldon Ross, "A first course in Probability", Eighth Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Complex Analysis with Applications: Richard A. Silverman.

Reference Books:

- 4. John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications, Eighth Edition, Miller and Miller.
- 5. Complex Analysis, by Ahlfors, McGraw Hill, 1979.

6. Complex Variables and Applications, by James Brown and Ruel Churchill, McGraw Hill, 2008.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Quiz1-20%, Midterm-25%, Quiz2-20%, Endterm-25%, Class participation-10%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]



S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Name		AI 703: Geographic Information Systems (GIS)				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Uttam	· · ·			
		Hours		Component		
			3	Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)			1	Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
			0	Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfactory/I	Jnsatisfactory (S / X)		
appropriate box)	ahla)		Salislaciory/C	JISAUSIACIOLY (37 X)		
Area of Specialization (if applic (<i>Choose by placing X in box agai</i>	-	more than two	areas from the l	ist)		
Theory and Systems for Con		nore man iwo	areas from the ti	Networking and		
and Data	Pauly			Communication		
X Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Digital Society		
Learning						
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security		
General Elective						
Course Category	Progra X X X X X X Select	iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ	ollowing:			
	(Place .	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc CSE Core	62			
		ECE Core				
	Х	CSE Branch Elective				
		ECE Branch				
				lls		
	Engineering Science and Skills HSS/M					
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where		e exact course co	de/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The students taking the GIS course can be employed in academics, research organisations, NGOs, and industries focusing on research and developmental projects involving techniques for remote sensing applications including resource management, disaster mitigation, geospatial services, smart city projects, climate change, spatial database and geospatial software development.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The students develop necessary skills to understand and analyse real time small to large geo-spatial databases. They learn hands-on with GIS software, data types, data analysis strategies, algorithms and skills to generate possible results / scenarios with multi-criteria decision support system.
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	The students can work on real time projects focusing on development and maintenance of spatio-temporal database, application development, designing graphical user interface in the form of decision support system for small, medium and large enterprises through entrepreneurship/self- employability and start-ups.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course will help students understand how to obtain and analyse geospatial datasets. It introduces principles, applications, trends and pertinent research issues in GIS, including remote sensing, cartography, global positioning systems (GPS) and geospatial data analysis. Hands-on experience in solving problems with spatial analysis are provided using GIS software (specifically open source tool sets).

Goal of the course:

• To introduce the fundamental concepts of GIS, remote sensing, spatial data types, data entry and preparation, data processing systems, determining and mapping positions and maps.



- To understand the fundamentals of spatial data analysis.
- To learn basics of digital image processing and geospatial data visualisation techniques.

At the end of the course, the students should have knowledge and competencies in the following areas:

- Understand the principles of GIS.
- Understand remote sensing, sensors and platforms, panchromatic, multispectral and hyperspectral data.
- Image enhancement, interpretation and visualisation.
- Knowledge of digital image classification.
- Application of machine learning and deep learning in geospatial data analysis.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the introductory concepts of GIS, purpose of GIS, spatial data and geoinformation, spatial database, spatial data mining, applications of GIS and GIS project ideas.	PO1, PSO2, PSO3	U	F, C	9	0
CO2	Understand the geographic information and spatial data types – geographic fields and objects, boundaries, tessellations, raster and vector data, scale, resolution and temporal dimension.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C	6	0
CO3	Understand remote sensing, frequencies, wavelength, spectral bands and their features, remote sensing satellites and their characteristics.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C	6	0
CO4	Understand geometric correction aspects, image enhancement and visualisation, image interpretation and image classification.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C, P	6	0
CO5	Understand data processing systems and mapping positions – stages of spatial data handling, GIS and DBMS, data quality, accuracy and precision, latitude and longitude, spatial referencing, datums, from model to maps, map projections, measures of error, satellite based positioning - global positioning system (GPS) and differential GPS (DGPS).	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C, P	6	0
CO6	Understand spatial data analysis - data acquisition and preparation, advanced operations on continuous raster fields, classification and clustering of spatial data, automatic extraction of features, pattern analysis, data visualization, recent advances in GIS analytics and case studies.	PO1, PSO2, PSO3	U	F, C, P	5	0
CO7	Implement spatial database creation, data preparation, data analysis and results visualisation in GRASS GIS.	PO1, PO7, PSO2,	Ap, An	C, P	0	4



		PSO4				
CO8	Implement spatial data preparation, data analysis, and GIS application using QGIS.	PO1, PO7, PSO2, PSO4	Ap, An	C, P	0	3

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- 1. Introduction to GIS: What is GIS? Purpose of GIS, spatial data and geoinformation, spatial database, spatial data mining, applications of GIS.
- 2. Geographic Information and Spatial Data Types: Geographic fields and objects, boundaries, tessellations, raster and vector data, scale, resolution and temporal dimension.
- 3. Introduction to Remote Sensing: Remote sensing, frequencies, wavelength, spectral bands and their features, remote sensing satellites and their characteristics.
- 4. Introduction to Open Source GIS Packages: Demo / hands-on experience of using open source vector GIS (QGIS) and raster data analysis tools (GRASS GIS).
- 5. Data Processing Systems and Mapping Positions: Stages of spatial data handling, GIS and DBMS, data quality, accuracy and precision, latitude and longitude, spatial referencing, datums, from model to maps, map projections, measures of error, satellite based positioning global positioning system (GPS) and differential GPS (DGPS).
- 6. Spatial Data Analysis: Data acquisition and preparation, advanced operations on continuous raster fields, classification and clustering of spatial data, automatic extraction of features, pattern analysis, data visualization, recent advances in GIS analytics and case studies.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Session 1 – Introduction to GIS: Definition of GIS, spatial data, modelling, maps, spatial databases.

Session 2 – Geographic Information and Spatial Data Types: Geographic phenomenon, fields, objects, boundaries, regular and irregular tessellations, vector, topology and spatial relationships, scale and resolution, temporal dimension.



Session 3 – Data Processing System: Hardware and software trends, stages of spatial data handling, database management system.

Session 4 – Determining and Mapping Positions: Data quality, spatial referencing, satellite-based positioning.

Session 5 – Data Entry and Preparation: Spatial data input, data preparation, point data transformation, advanced operations, applications.

Session 6 – Introduction to Remote Sensing: Electromagnetic energy, sensors and platforms, active and passive sensors, spectral reflectance curve, geometric correction, image enhancement, interpretation and visualisation, image classification.

Learning Resources

[Mention textbooks, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Class slides and current Literatures.
- 2. Encyclopedia of GIS, Shashi Shekhar, Hui Xiong, Xun Zhou, Springer International Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2017, ISBN 978-3 319-17884-8
- 3. Lillesand, T.M., and Kiefer, R.W., Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 2000.
- 4. Richards, J. A., and Jia, X., Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis, Springer-Verlag: Berlin, 2006.
- 5. Schowengerdt, R. A., Remote Sensing: Models and Methods for Image Processing (2nd Ed), Academic Press, San Diego, CA, USA, 1997.
- 6. Jensen, J. R., Digital change detection. Introductory digital image processing: A remote sensing perspective, Prentice-Hall: New Jersey, 2004.
- 7. Russ, J. C., The image processing handbook, Second Edition, London, CRC Press, 1995.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 30%: Mid-term Exam
- 30%: End-term Exam
- 40%: Course Project

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappi
о.		ng
1.	To understand and have a working knowledge of the concepts, analysis, methods and applications of GIS and remote sensing data in solving real world problems with hands-on experience.	CO6



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

All deadlines are due on the date and time indicated in LMS. The penalties for late submission are as follows:

- > 4 and < 24 hours late submission: 25% penalty
- > 24 and < 48 hours late submissions: 50% penalty
- > 48 hours late submissions: 75% penalty

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If the course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name		AI 825 / Visual Recognition			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Dinesh	n Jayagopi, Prof	f. G. Viswanath	
		F	lours	Component	
		3		Lecture (3hr = 3 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Flactical)					
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			Catiofactory // Im	ratiofactor (C / X)	
appropriate box)			Salisfactory/Un	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	-		<i>c</i> 1 1,	<u>,</u>	
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from the list		
Theory and Systems for Com and Data	iputing			Networking and Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mag	hine			Digital Society	
X Learning				Digital Coolory	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Programme / Branch				grammes / branch(es):	
_	•		ly. More than one		
	Progra		Branc	h:	
	Х	iMTech			
	Х	M.Tech			
		M.Sc.			
	Х	CSE			
	Х	ECE			
		Digital Socie			
Course Category		one from the f			
	(Place)	X appropriately			
		Basic Sciences			
		CSE Core			
		ECE Core			
	X	CSE Branch			
		ECE Branch			
	-		Science and Skills	5	
		HSS/M			
		General			
Course Pre-Requisites	Mather	matics for Mac	hine Learning, Ma	chine Learning	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Practical knowledge in training vision based machine learning models is handled
Focus on skill development	Yes	Focus on pytorch based ML model training skills.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

This course involves methods to automate human visual recognition capabilities using computational techniques. The course focuses on design of systems performing fundamental visual recognition tasks like Image Classification, Object Recognition, Image captioning and Image Segmentation, primarily using deep-learning methods. The course will introduce both theory and practice of various visual recognition techniques covering both the mathematical foundations as well as various practice level considerations.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Edge detection and basic image segmentation	PO4	U	F, C	8	0
CO2	Apply edge detection and basic image segmentation on real problems	PO4	Ар	С, Р	8	0
CO3	Understand CNN and apply for object recognition and detection	PO4	U	F, C	8	0
CO4	Apply object recognition and detection on real problems	PO4	Ар	C, P	8	0
CO5	Understand theory of Recurrent Neural Networks and LSTMs	PO4	U	F, C	4	2



CO6	Solve sequence modeling problems using RNNs and LSTMs	PO4	Ар	С, Р	6	2
C07	Understand un-supervised, semi- supervised and supervised segmentation techniques	PO4	U	F, C	4	2
CO8	Solve image segmentation problem using combination of un-supervised, semi-supervised and supervised methods	PO4	Ар	C, P	6	2

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Module 1 (Traditional Visual Recognition)

Edges, Segmentation, Interest points, Bag-of-visual words, VLAD

Module 2 (Convolutional Neural Networks)

CNN as a special case of NN, Object recognition using several CNN architectures, Object detection using CNN

Module 3 (Sequence Modeling)

Recurrent Neural Networks and Applications, LSTMs & GRUs, Word Embeddings, Image Captioning Using LSTMs

Module 4 (Segmentation)

Graph Cut Based semi-supervised segmentation - Unsupervised Segmentation (SLIC, Graph method, Spectral Clustering)- Semantic Segmentation using CNNs- Mask RCNN based Instance Segmentation.

Instruction Schedule

Learning Resources



Assessment Plan

Module 1 & Module 2: Assignment 1 : 10 Marks Assignment 2 : 10 Marks Assignment 3 : 10 Marks Mini Project 1 : 20 Marks

Module3 & Module 4:

Assignment 4 : 15 Marks Mini Project 2 : 15 Marks Assignment 5 : 15 Marks

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Assignment 1	CO1, CO2
2	Assignment 2	CO1, CO2
3	Assignment 3	CO3, CO4
4	Mini project 1	CO3, CO4
5	Assignment 4	CO5
6	Mini Project 2	CO6
7	Assignment 5	CO7, CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS 302: Introduction to Automata Theory and				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Computability Shrisha Rao				
	Hours	0		Component		
	3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)	1			Tutorial (1hr = 2		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs		
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits =	,	
Grading Scheme	X	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X agains appropriate box)	t	Satisfact	ory/Un	satisfactory (S	/ X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	able)					
(Choose by placing X in box against no		areas from	the list	t)		
Theory and Systems for Computing	X			Networking	and	
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Machine	_			Communication Digital Society		
				Digital Society		
VLSI Systems						
General Elective		Cybe				
Programme / Branch Cour	se is restricted t	o the follow	ing pro	grammes / branc	h(es):	
(Place	e X appropriate	2		• •		
	ramme:		Branc		1	
X	iMTech		Х	CSE	-	
	M.Tech			ECE	-	
	M.Sc.	following		Digital Society		
	ct <u>one</u> from the e X appropriately					
	Basic Science					
X	CSE Core					
	ECE Core					
	CSE Branch	Elective				
	ECE Branch	Elective				
	Engineering	Science and	d Skills	;		
	HSS/M					
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites (Whe	re applicable, sta	te exact cour	se code	/name)		
	01: Discrete Math	nematics				



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	NO	
Focus on skill development	YES	Provides skills needed in understanding regular expression syntax, shell scripting, lexical analysis, context-free grammars, computability and undecidability
Focus on entrepreneurship	NO	
Provides value added / life skills	NO	
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course provides an introduction to a core area of theoretical computer science. It is a stream core for the computer science stream. It teaches students core concepts in theoretical computer science such as formal languages, recursion, and computability. It enables them to do further work in higher courses that call for understanding and applying these concepts. It also enables students to appreciate the formal limits of computing which are technology-independent.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata.	PO1	U	С	6	2
CO2	Work with regular expressions and languages, be able to map between NFA-DFA-RE as per Kleene's theorem.	PO1	Ар	С	6	2
CO3	Understand properties of regular and context-free languages (CFLs) and the pumping lemma for regular languages.	PO1	U	С	3	1
CO4	Construct pushdown automata (PDAs) for context- free languages, work with context-free grammars (CFGs).		Ар	C,P	6	2
CO5	Turing machines as language acceptors and recognizers; Turing machines as calculators of	PO1	U	С	6	2



	simple arithmetic functions using unary notation; Church-Turing thesis					
CO6	Halting problem for Turing machines; showing blank-tape halting problem, acceptance problem, etc., to also be undecidable using reducibility; Post's Correspondence Problem	PO1	Ар	C,P	6	2
CO7	Basics of recursion; recursive definition of addition, multiplication, exponentiation; primitive recursion	PO1	U	С	9	3
CO8	Ackermann's function shows that not every computable function is primitive recursive; partial recursive functions; equivalence between partial recursive functions and Turing computability	PO1	U	С	3	1

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

This course is divided into two main parts.

Part I: Automata Theory (covered before the midterm)

- 1. Finite Automata (FAs) as abstractions of machines that take a small number of inputs. A simple on-off switch is the simplest example; a vending machine that takes coins is a slightly more elaborate example.
- 2. Deterministic Finite Automata: formal n-tuple definition in terms of states, input alphabet, transition function, start state, accept states. Being able to draw a bubble diagram of a DFA given its n-tuple description, and vice versa. Finding DFAs that accept specific strings, and identifying what sets of strings are accepted by a given DFA.
- 3. There exist non-deterministic finite automata (NFAs). The latter are specialized also for having ε -transitions. The *n*-tuple definition of NFA, noting the changed nature of the transition function for an NFA. How the empty string ε is different from the empty set \emptyset .
- 4. Equivalence of NFAs and DFAs: NFAs are no more expressive than DFAs in terms of language coverage (every NFA has an equivalent DFA); as every DFA is also trivially an NFA, they are also no less expressive, hence the two are equivalent.
- 5. Regular Expressions: are those that can be derived from the basic elements and the operations union, concatenation, and Kleene-star. The notion of a language as an infinite set of strings over an alphabet. Regular languages are the languages that can be described by regular expressions. Kleene's Theorem shows that the regular languages, DFAs, and NFAs, are equivalent. It is easy to get an NFA for a given regular language. We can get a DFA for a given NFA, and a regular expression for a given DFA.
- 6. Properties of regular languages: these include closure under complementation. How to give a DFA that accepts the complement language, given a particular DFA/NFA.
- 7. Not all languages are regular: $\{0^n1^n \mid n \ge 0\}$ as the classical example of a language that cannot be accepted by a DFA/NFA. The Pumping Lemma for regular languages and a



sketch of its proof. Proving that $\{1^n | n \text{ is prime}\}\$ is not regular (requires complementarity and the Pumping Lemma, not easy otherwise).

- 8. Context Free Languages: Grammars and examples of abstract syntax trees for English. Meaning of ambiguity. Mention of the Chomsky hierarchy of grammars, from regular to unrestricted (Types 0 to 3). Grammars for $\{0^n1^n | n \ge 0\}$ and other context-free languages.
- 9. Pushdown automata (PDAs) for CFLs: basic structure and *n*-tuple notation. Difference between stack alphabet and input alphabet. Construction of PDAs for $\{0^n1^n \mid n \ge 0\}$ and other CFLs.
- 10. Seeing why it is not possible to construct a PDA to accept $\{0^{n}1^{n}2^{n} | n \ge 0\}$. The Pumping Lemma for CFLs. The complement of $\{0^{n}1^{n}2^{n} | n \ge 0\}$ can be generated by a CFG and accepted by a PDA, hence it is seen that the CFLs are not closed under complementation, unlike the regular languages.
- 11. Turing Machines: *n*-tuple definition. A TM can accept $\{0^n 1^n 2^n \mid n \ge 0\}$ also, hence it is seen to be strictly more powerful than a PDA. TMs as language acceptors; creating TMs for other languages.
- 12. TMs as calculators of functions, starting with simple addition, building up to multiplication and simple algebraic functions, using unary notation for numbers. Limited subtraction (bounded difference) in place of classical subtraction. Proving that a function is Turing computable means constructing a TM to compute that function given suitable inputs on its tape. The Church-Turing Thesis is that there is no automaton model more powerful than the TM; any other model of computation can only do what a TM does. Therefore, our intuitive notion of computability is considered identical to Turing computability.

Part II: Undecidability and Recursion Theory (covered after the midterm, until the final)

- 1. The set of computable functions is countable (being identical to the set of all possible TM programs), but the set of all arithmetic functions is uncountable (using a diagonalization argument), hence there must exist uncomputable functions. "Hello World" is the simplest possible program output, but a hypothetical "Hello World" tester is impossible in the most general sense, which indicates an absolute limit to software testing even for such a limited purpose as proving that an arbitrary program prints "Hello World."
- 2. The Halting Problem for Turing Machines: proof by contradiction to show that a halting tester for arbitrary TMs and inputs cannot exist. The Blank Tape Halting Problem is not solvable; showing that a blank tape halting tester can be used to generate a halting tester, therefore itself cannot exist. Generalize to the concept of reduction. The Busy Beaver machine and function. The Busy Beaver function cannot be bounded by any computable function (if it could be, then we could solve the Halting Problem), thus it rises faster than any computable function.
- 3. Proving that a state entry tester, an Accepts tester, an Accepts Nothing tester, an Accepts Everything tester, and an Equivalence tester can all be shown to be impossible using reduction. The concepts of recursively (computably) enumerable and recursive (computable) languages. Rice's Theorem: every nontrivial property of a recursively enumerable language is undecidable. Post's Correspondence Problem.
- 4. Basic recursion: formal definition as iterated successor, multiplication as recursive addition, and exponentiation as recursive multiplication.



- 5. Primitive recursive functions: defined as the family of functions built up from the zero, successor, and projection functions, using the operations of composition and primitive recursion. Proving that addition, multiplication, and exponentiation are primitive recursive. Proving that signature and zero-test are primitive recursive. Proving that limited subtraction is primitive recursive.
- 6. Proving that factorial and predicates such as odd(n), even(n), >(m,n), =(m,n) are primitive recursive. Introduction to course-of-values recursion by working on the problem of proving that the Fibonacci function given by fib(n+2) = fib(n+1) + fib(n) is primitive recursive.
- 7. A set is primitive recursive if its characteristic function is primitive recursive. Proving that the union and intersection of primitive recursive sets is also primitive recursive. Likewise, a predicate obtained by finite conjunction and disjunction of primitive recursive predicates is also primitive recursive.
- 8. Bounded operators are primitive recursive. Division in positive integers is given by two functions quotient and remainder. Proving that these are primitive recursive. Proving that div, the divisibility predicate, is primitive recursive. Proving that prime, nthPrime are both primitive recursive.
- 9. The Ackermann function; calculating the Ackermann function by hand for small values to get an idea of its growth. Stating without proof that the Ackermann function rises faster than any primitive recursive function. As the Ackermann function is itself clearly computable, this shows that there are computable functions that are not primitive recursive.
- 10. Partial functions: these are the primitive recursive functions with the µ operator, and are also the same as the Turing computable functions. Numbering the partial functions. By diagonalization, we prove that it is not possible to identify if an arbitrary partial function returns a value for an input. The characteristic function of the set of all ordered pairs of partial functions with their return values on the positive integers is not computable, and is equivalent to the Halting Problem.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

NB. This assumes that classes are on Tuesdays and Thursdays starting in the first week of August and ending in late November (as has happened in some years); the plan can be suitably modified given a different schedule.

August, 1st Tuesday: Part I, #1, #2 started August, 1st Thursday: Part I, #2 completed August, 2nd Tuesday: Part I, #3 August, 2nd Thursday: Part I, #4 August, 3rd Tuesday: Part I, #5 started August, 3rd Thursday: Part I, #5 completed August, 4th Tuesday: Part I, #6 August, 4th Thursday: Part I, #7 September, 1st Tuesday: Part I, #8

September, 1st Thursday: Part I, #9 started September, 2nd Tuesday: Part I, #9 completed, #10



September, 2nd Thursday: Part I, #10 completed September, 3rd Tuesday: Part I, #10 started September, 3rd Thursday: Part I, #11 September, 4th Tuesday: Part I, #12

October, 1st Tuesday: Part II, #1 October, 1st Thursday: Part II, #2 started October, 2nd Tuesday: Part II, #2 completed October, 3rd Tuesday: Part II, #3 started October, 3rd Thursday: Part II, #3 completed October, 4th Tuesday: Part II, #4

November, 1st Tuesday: Part II, #5 started November, 1st Thursday: Part II, #5 completed November, 2nd Tuesday: Part II, #6 November, 3rd Thursday: Part II, #7 November, 3rd Tuesday: Part II, #8 November, 3rd Thursday: Part II, #9 November: 4th Tuesday: Part II, #10

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Computability: Computable Functions, Logic, and the Foundations of Mathematics, 2nd ed., by R.L. Epstein and W.A. Carnielli. Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, ISBN 0-534-54644-7, 2000.
- Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 2nd ed., by J. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. Ullman. Addison-Wesley, ISBN 0-201-44124-1,
- 3. Introduction to the Theory of Computation, by M. Sipser. Thomson Learning, ISBN 981-240-226-8.
- Languages and Machines, 2nd ed., by T. Sudkamp. Addison-Wesley, ISBN 0-201-82136-2.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Homework Assignments and Quizzes: 40% Midterm Examination: 30% Final Examination: 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Basics, NFAs, DFAs, Kleene's Theorem	CO1, CO2



2	PDAs, pumping lemma, CLFs, CFGs	CO3, CO4
3	Turing machines and undecidability	CO5, CO6
4	Recursion theory	CO7, CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of mathematical questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students are provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Students are not permitted to submit late, except when granted leave as per the student leave policy of the Institute. The instructor reserves the right to effect a small penalty (typically 10% of the score) for unjustified late submissions.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy. Students are not permitted to share/collaborate on results.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs] As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Nam	CS 306 Programming Languages					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Sujit Kumar Chakrabarti				
		Hours		Component		
Credite (L.T.P)		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)	0		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practica	0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
		L:T:P = 3		Total Credits =		
Grading Scheme			4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if ap	oplica	ble)				
(Choose by placing X in box agains	-		areas from the lis	<i>t</i>)		
X Theory and Systems for Comp				Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	ine			Digital Society		
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security		
X General Elective						
(X appropriate	b the following pro ly. More than one Brance			
		HSS/M General) es Elective Elective Science and Skills			
		nming in Pythor res and Algorith		C, Programming II, Data		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	No	
Focus on skill development	Yes	Broader and deeper knowledge about programming languages, their design and implementation
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

This course aims to teach the following three main things:

1. Survey of programming paradigms. This section gives a broad overview of the PL landscape and develops the vocabulary to do critical comparison between programming languages based on the 'fundamental' features. We spend some time on reviewing ideas in imperative, object-oriented and logic programming.

2. Declarative programming. We learn two declarative programming paradigms: functional programming using OCaml and logic programming using Prolog.

3. Design and implementation of programming languages. We introduce concepts useful for the specification, design and implementation of programming languages. We discuss syntax and semantics. We will implement language processors (interpreters and type checkers) of several programming languages starting with very basic features (e.g. expressions) and approaching fairly sophisticated ones (e.g. higher order functions, type inferencing etc.).

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[*Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.*]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Critically analyse programming languages in terms of programming paradigm and typing		An	F	5	
CO2	Write multi-module (medium to large sizedprograms in OCaml using functional programming paradigm		Ар	Р	10	
CO3	Write moderate sized programs in Prolog using logic programming paradigm and explain their working in technical terms		Ap	Р	5	
CO4	Explain each stage in the language processing/compiling pipeline in detail with examples.		Un	С	1	



	ચાંગનુરાનન્				
CO5	Specify, design and implement lexical analysers using regular expressions and finite state automata and Lex family of tools	Cr	С	4	
CO6	Specify, design and implement syntax analysers using context free grammars and Yacc family of tools.	Cr	С	10	
CO7	Present formal operational semantics of programming languages using rules of inference and interpreters	An	С	5	
CO8					
CO9					
CO10					

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ guizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS 307: Database Systems				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Uttam Kumar				
		Hours		Component		
		3hrs		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture . Tutonal . Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:0	:1	Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against						
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if application	-					
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the lis			
X Theory and Systems for Com	puting			Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Digital Society		
Learning VLSI Systems				Cubor Socurity		
General Elective				Cyber Security		
General Elective						
Programme / Branch Course Category		ly. More than one Brand				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	Engineering HSS/M General	Science and Skill			



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The students taking the DBMS course can be employed in industries focusing on database and software development.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The students develop necessary skills to work with real time small and large databases.
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	The students can work on real time projects focusing on development and maintenance of temporal database and graphical user interface for small, medium and large enterprises through entrepreneurship/self-employability and start-ups.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Ability to deal with data plays a critical role virtually in all disciplines of Information Technology. The core course titled "Database Systems" is the first level course that builds the foundations needed for dealing with persistent data. Building upon the foundations laid in the introductory programming course, this course covers all essential topics in database management in a fast-track mode. The foundations laid in this course will serve as a required prerequisite to several elective courses in the areas of Data Science and Software Engineering (e.g., Data Modeling, GIS, Data Analytics, OOAD, and so on).

Goal of the course:

- To introduce the fundamental concepts for designing, using and implementing database systems and database applications.
- To explore the fundamentals of database design.
- To learn database system implementation techniques.

At the end of the course, the students should have knowledge and competencies in the following areas:

- Understand the principles of conceptual modeling
- Design databases
- Principles of database programming
- Knowledge of DBMS components
- Other data management technologies (e.g., data exchange, in-memory, etc.)



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the introductory concepts of database models, systems, architectures, terminology and languages.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C	5	0
CO2	Understand the entity-relationship modelling and database design.	PO1, PSO2	U	F, C, P	3	0
CO3	Draw/prepare/create UML diagrams as per the principles of conceptual DB design.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	3	2
CO4	Perform data definition and data manipulation operations using SQL.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	5	6
CO5	Understand normalisation, relational design theory, functional dependencies, and normal forms.	PO1, PSO2	U	C, P	7	0
CO6	Implement data file organisation on disk using the concepts of file structure, indexing of database and physical database design.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	C, P	10	12
C07	Understand the strategies for query processing and query optimization.	PO1, PSO4	U	С	5	0
CO8	Understand transaction processing concepts, concurrency control, and database recovery from failures.	PO1, PSO2	U	С	5	0
CO9	Implement DB applications using JDBC programming.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	Ρ	0	6
CO10	Implement DB application using Hibernate framework.	PO1, PSO2	Ар	Ρ	0	4

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

1. Information systems: Basic concepts (models, schema, data, information, knowledge), elements of information systems, overview of database systems.



- 2. Conceptual modeling: Introduction to conceptual modeling, entity relationship models, UML class diagrams.
- Relational databases: Relational data model, database design concepts, DB design via OR mapping, relational algebra, SQL tutorial, functional dependencies, overview of normal forms (till BCNF).
- 4. DBMS: Components of a DBMS, storage structures primary, clustering, secondary, multi-level, query processing overview, query transformation, query evaluation, transaction processing overview, ACID properties, concurrency control schedules, serializability, deadlocks.
- 5. Other topics (4 hours): Data warehouse and analytics.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Session 1 – Introduction to Databases: Database and database users, database system concepts and architectures.

Session 2 – Conceptual Data Modeling and Database Design: Data modeling using the entity-relationship (ER) model.

Session 3 – The Relational Data Model and SQL: The relational data model and relational database constraints, basic SQL, queries, triggers, views and schema modification.

Session 4 – Database Design Theory and Normalization: Basics of functional dependencies and normalization for relational databases, relational database design algorithms.

Session 5 – File Structures, Hashing, Indexing, and Physical Database Design: Disk storage, basic file structures, hashing, and modern storage architectures. Indexing structure for files and physical database design.

Session 6 – Query Processing and Optimization: Strategies for query processing, query optimization.

Session 7 – Transaction Processing, Concurrency Control, and Recovery: Introduction to transaction processing, concurrency control techniques, database recovery techniques.

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Class slides.
- 2. Fundamentals of Database Systems; R. Elmasri and S. Navathe; Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 3. A First Course in Database System, Jeffrey D. Ullman and Jennifer Widom, Pearson Education.
- 4. An Introduction to Database Systems; Bipin Desai; Galgotia Publications (West Publishing), 1991.



- 5. Modern Database Management (Fourth Edition); F. McFadden, J. Hoffer; Benjamin/Cummings (Narosa), 1994.
- 6. An Introduction to Database Systems (Seventh Edition); C. J. Date; Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 7. Principles of Database Systems (Second Edition); J.D. Ullman; Galgotia Publishing, 1994.
- 8. Database Processing: Fundamentals, Design, Implementation (Fifth Edition); D. M. Kroenke; Prentice-Hall, 1994.
- 9. Database Systems Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan, McGrawHill.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 15%: Assignment-1
- 35%: Mid-term Exam
- 15%: Assignment-2
- 35%: End-term Exam

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapp ing
1.	To understand the introductory concepts and basic terminologies used in the database.	CO1
2.	To understand and have a working knowledge of normalization and various normal forms with hands-on example.	CO5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

All deadlines are due on the date and time indicated in LMS. The penalties for late submission are as follows:

- > 4 and < 24 hours late submission: 25% penalty
- > 24 and < 48 hours late submissions: 50% penalty
- > 48 hours late submissions: 75% penalty

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If the course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name		CS 513 Software Systems - Enterprise Software Development				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Chandrashek	ar Ramanathan			
		I	Iours	Component		
		2		Lecture $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$		
Credits (L:T:P)		0		Tutorial $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	~	0		Practical ($2hrs = 1$ credit)		
	~	L:T:P = 2:0:	:0	Total Credits = 2		
Grading Scheme		X	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D			
(Choose by placing X against			•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applicable)						
(Choose by placing X in box against		nore than two	areas from the l			
X Theory and Systems for Computing and Data	g			Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Machine				Digital Society		
Learning	-			Digital Society		
VLSI Systems			_	Cyber Security		
General Elective			_			
General Elective						
Course Category S	Progra X X X X X elect Place	iMTech M.Tech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ Digital Societ one from the f X appropriate Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch ENGINE	ty ollowing: (y) es Elective Elective Science and Sk	nch:		
•	<i>Where</i> lone	e applicable, si	tate exact cours	e code/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course focuses on full-stack application development. This approach to software development is followed extensively by the industry and hence enhances employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	This course provides skills in Javascript, SQL, Twitter Bootstrap, jQuery, REST, AngularJS
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Two major components of CS513 Software Systems are a) System Software and b) Enterprise Software Development. The "System Software" module covers the rudiments of Operating Systems. This module is on Enterprise Software Development. As part of this module, students will get to understand what Enterprise Software is and how it is different from other software. The course will give exposure to the students to different architectural considerations for addressing the complexities associated with Enterprise Software. The course provides an in-depth insight into three-tier architecture and the software programming elements of developing software applications using three-tier architecture. At the end of this course, students are expected to have sufficient proficiency and skills in implementing the front-end, middleware and backend components of enterprise software.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

Id	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Differentiate between design and architecture	P03	U	С	3	
CO2	Explain the different options for implementing services in service-oriented-architecture	PO3	U	С	3	
CO3	Define all the terms in the terminology associated with object-oriented programming	P03	R	F	2	
CO4	Design components of n-tier architecture for a given application requirements	P03	Ар	Р	2	



CO5	Design and implement relational database schema using conceptual modeling	P03	Ap	Р	5	
CO6	Design web application for a given n-tier architecture	PO1, P03	Ap	Р	5	
CO7	Explain different components of mobile application development	P03	U	С	2	
CO8	Develop specific web application front end using Javascript, Twitter Bootstrap, jQuery, REST, AngularJS for solving specific problems.	PO1, P03	Ap	Р	4	
CO9	Develop web application backed using REST services and SQL	PO1, PO3	Ар	Р	4	
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide topic-wise list]

Topic 1: Fundamentals of Object-oriented Analysis and Design

- Design vs Architecture
- OO concepts
- Unified Modeling Language (UML)

Topic 2: Software Architectures

- Understanding large scale systems n-Tier architectures.
- Understanding quality attributes of architectures

Topic 3: Database application development

- Database Design through Conceptual Modeling
- Database Implementation through SQL
- Database Programming through Hibernate

Topic 4: Web application development

 MVC for Web - Twitter Bootstrap (rendering view), jQuery, Ajax (from jQuery) and servlets (controller), REST service, back-end model - MySql, Java programming and concepts of key value pair (like mongo DB – implemented using MySql)

Topic 5: Mobile application development

- Connectivity, security, online/offline modes, integration of sensors, location services, responsiveness.
- AngularJS and related frameworks

Instruction Schedule [Provide session-wise schedule]



S.		
No.	Date	Торіс
1	Session 1	Introduction
2	Session 2	Handson - Environment setup
3	Session 3	Enterprise Software Elements
4	Session 4	Database Design
5	Session 5	Handson - Frontend development
6	Session 6	HOLIDAY
7	Session 7	OR Mapping
8	Session 8	Handson - SQL
9	Session 9	N-Tier Architecture
10	Session 10	Handson - OR Mapping with hibernate
11	Session 11	Service Oriented Architecture
12	Session 12	Handson - REST services
13	Session 13	Deployment Architecture
14	Session 14	Software Testing
15	Session 15	Handson - Full-stack Integration
16	Session 16	Handson - Basic Devops

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Software Architecture in Practice by Bass and Clements, Addison Wesley.
- 2. Ajax https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f46WEeM8HTA
- 3. REST Services https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xkKcdK1u95s
- 4. Jquery Tutorial https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8mwKq7_JIS8

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

25%: Tests / assignments 40%: Project 35%: End-Term Exam

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappin g
1	Database Design using Conceptual Modeling	CO5



2		C04,
		C05,
	Develop a web application use the principles of full-stack software	CO6,
	development	CO8
3	Write a program to implement CRUD operations using JDBC	C05
4	Write a program to implement CRUD operations using Hibernate	C05

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission Late submission will be handled as noted in the respective assignment problem statements.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	CS 604: Artificial Intelligence						
Course Instructor Name(s	5)	Shrisha Rad	0				
		Н	lours		Component		
Credite (L.T.D)		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)		1		-	Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	(Cal)	0			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme		X	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)				
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfactor	rv/Llng	satisfactory (S / X)		
appropriate box) Area of Specialization (if applic		abla)	Cationalition	i y/ 0110			
(Choose by placing X in box aga		vo areas fro	m tha l	list)			
Theory and Systems for Con			o areas froi		letworking and		
and Data	ipanig				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Ma	chine			D	Digital Society		
X Learning VLSI Systems		-		0	Cyber Security		
General Elective		-					
Programme / Branch	Course	is restricted	to the follow	vina pr	ogrammes / branch(es):		
Course Category	Progra X X X Select	X appropriat <u>mme: Brancl</u> iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ <u>one</u> from the X appropriatel Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core	h: y ry following:	nan on	e is okay)		
	V	ECE Core					
		CSE Branch					
		ECE Branch					
		Engineering S	Science and	Skills	<u>, </u>		
		HSS/M					
		General					
Course Pre-Requisites	CS 30		ion to Auto	mata	<i>le/name)</i> Theory and Computability grade of B or better.		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	NO	
Focus on skill development	NO	
Focus on entrepreneurship	NO	
	YES	This course teaches students how to do
Provides value added / life skills		cutting-edge academic research and gain
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		an international-standard research profile.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This is a *seminar* course in artificial intelligence, with students expected to do a lot of independent reading and presentations in class. There are no conventional lectures, assignments, or examinations, but a student is required to complete a research project and to write a paper on a chosen topic. There is no specific textbook.

This course has typically been preferred by students who wish to carry out high-quality research and get a start on a publication record that puts them on a solid footing for admission to quality PhD programs and a future research career. Papers written by former students have been accepted in well-known research conferences and journals.

The following are some of the published papers that arose out of work done in this course:

- Sheril Lawrence, Aishwarya Yandapalli, Shrisha Rao. *Matrix Multiplication by Neuromorphic Computing*. Neurocomputing, vol. 431, March 2021, pp. 179–187. doi:10.1016/j.neucom.2020.10.064.
- Aditya Hegde, Vibhav Agarwal, Shrisha Rao. *Ethics, Prosperity, and Society: Moral Evaluation Using Virtue Ethics and Utilitarianism.* 29th International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence, and the 17th Pacific Rim International Conference on Artificial Intelligence (IJCAI-PRICAI 2020). doi:10.24963/ijcai.2020/24.
- Gopalakrishnan Venkatesh, Aayush Grover, G. Srinivasaraghavan, Shrisha Rao. *MHCAttnNet: predicting MHC-peptide bindings for MHC alleles classes I & II using an attention-based deep neural model*. 28th Conference on Intelligent Systems for Molecular Biology (ISMB 2020). Bioinformatics (Oxford University Press), vol. 36 (Supplement 1), July 2020, pp. i399–i406. doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/btaa479.
- Ananth Shreekumar, Biswesh Mohapatra, Shrisha Rao Incorporating Autonomous Bargaining Capabilities into E-Commerce Systems. 20th ACM International Conference on Intelligent Virtual Agents (IVA 2020), October 2020. doi:10.1145/3383652.3423865.
- Ashutosh Trivedi, Shrisha Rao. *Agent-Based Modeling of Emergency Evacuations Considering Human Panic Behavior*. IEEE Transactions on Computational Social Systems, vol. 5 (1), March 2018, pp. 277–288. doi:10.1109/TCSS.2017.2783332.
- Akshay Jindal, Shrisha Rao. Agent-Based Modeling and Simulation of Mosquito-Borne Disease Transmission. Sixteenth International Conference on Autonomous



Agents and Multiagent Systems (AAMAS 2017), pp. 426–435, São Paulo, Brazil, May 2017.

- Sneha Singhania, Nigel Fernandez, Shrisha Rao. 3HAN: A Deep Neural Network for Fake News Detection. 24th International Conference on Neural Information Processing (ICONIP 2017), Guangzhou, China, November 2017, pp. 572– 581. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-70096-0_59.
- Abhinandan S. Prasad, Shrisha Rao. A Mechanism Design Approach to Resource Procurement in Cloud Computing. IEEE Transactions on Computers, vol. 63 (1), January 2014, pp. 17–30. doi:10.1109/TC.2013.106.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[*Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by* NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand and appreciate the theory and applications of artificial intelligence (broadly construed).	PO4	U	C,P	10	5
CO2	Mature professionally by interacting as independent, peer learners with good communications skills.	PO9	Ар	C,P	10	5
CO3	Gain hands-on experience with cutting-edge academic research on par with international standards, and have an opportunity to add to their research profiles.	PO13	Ар	C,P	10	5

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

This is an *indicative* list of some broad topics that students work on for their research:

- Neuromorphic computing
- Multi-agent systems and agent-based modeling
- Bioinformatics and computational biology
- Game theory and mechanism design
- Computational psychology
- Machine learning and deep learning

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

This is somewhat of a "flipped classroom" where the students learn and act outside, and bring their results to the classroom setting. There is no fixed instruction schedule or teaching, and



the instructor merely acts as a facilitator and mentor for student-led activities of study, presentation, research, and writing.

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Not applicable.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, midterm, end-term, project, etc.)]

Goal Statement: 10% Class Presentations and Interactions: 30% Final Paper: 60%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Goal statement	CO1
2	Weekly class presentations	CO2
3	Final research paper	CO3

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed Students are evaluated on the goal statement, class presentations and interactions, and on the quality of the final research paper that is produced.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Not applicable.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

Not applicable.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

In line with common academic standards in place worldwide.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name		CS 606/ Computer Graphics			
Course Instructor Name(s)		T. K. Srikanth (tk.srikanth@iiitb.ac.in)			
	Jaya Sreevalsan Nair (<u>inair@iiitb.ac.in</u>)				
		Hours		Component	
		4		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		0		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against					
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic			, r		
(Choose by placing X in box a		not more than	two areas from		
X Theory and Systems for Com and Data	iputing			Networking and Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Digital Society	
Learning					
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Programme / Branch				ogrammes / branch(es):	
	•		tely. More than		
	Progra	amme:	Bran	ch:	
		iMTech			
X		M.Tech			
		M.Sc.			
	Х	CSE			
		ECE			
		Digital Societ			
Course Category		one from the f			
	(Place	X appropriate			
		Basic Scienc	es		
		CSE Core			
	V	ECE Core			
	Х	CSE Branch Elective			
		ECE Branch Elective			
			Science and Skill	S	
			HSS/M		
	General				
Course Prerequisites	(Where	e applicable, si	tate exact course	code/name)	
		01 Programm			
	Mathe	matics cours	es		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Students learn programming using graphics library OpenGL, which is
Direct focus on employability		important for industrial opportunities
Focus on skill development	Yes	Use of Eclipse, VS Code development tools
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
	Yes	Students learn to read a top-tier conference
Provides value added / life skills		paper, write a technical report, and present
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		the same to the class

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course aims at introducing the theory and practice of computer graphics with an emphasis on applications programming. The following concepts shall be covered:

- Theory and practice of computer graphics
- Graphics programming using OpenGL API (v3.0)
- Introduction to shader programming
- Introduction to state-of-the-art applications, e.g. Virtual Reality, game engines, etc.

The outcome of this course is to bring up the knowledge and practice of graphics in students to the requirements of a graduate-level course. Hence while the first half of the course can be broadly seen as an advanced undergraduate level course, the second half of the course ramps up to the more advanced concepts. The lectures cover the architecture of a graphics pipeline in a modeling-rendering paradigm. Graphics pipeline embodies the processes involved in converting primitives to pixels and the algorithms required for the processes to generate photo-realistic images in real time.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



CO1	Understand the graphics processing pipeline (fixed functionality and programmable) and its implementation using OpenGL	PO1	U	С	10
CO2	Write graphics programs in C++ for 2- and 3- dimensional objects and OpenGL using MVC architecture	PO1	Ар	F, C, P, PC	10
CO3	Apply concepts of geometric transformations and mesh models in graphics programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	8
CO4	Apply concepts of lighting and shading in graphics programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	11
CO5	Apply concepts of textures and parametric mapping in graphics programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	5
CO6	Apply concepts of animation of rigid bodies and hierarchical models in graphics programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	12
CO7	Explain state-of-the-art methods from research papers in computer graphics with technical reports and in-class discussions	PO2	U	F, C, P	4
				Total	60

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]



Module 1: Introduction -	Module 2: Introduction to OpenGL -
History of computer graphics, applications,	OpenGL architecture (fixed functionality and
graphics pipeline, physical and synthetic	programmable pipelines), primitives and
images, synthetic camera, modeling,	attributes, simple modeling and rendering of
animation, rendering, relation to computer	two- and three-dimensional geometric
vision and image processing, review of basic	objects, RGB color models,
mathematical objects (points, vectors, matrix	frame buffer, double buffering, interaction,
methods).	events and callbacks, picking.
Module 3: Geometric transformations -	Module 4: Viewing -
Homogeneous coordinates, affine	Classical three dimensional viewing,
transformations (translation, rotation, scaling,	computer viewing, specifying views, parallel
shear), concatenation, matrix stacks and use	and perspective projective transformations;
of modelview matrix in OpenGL for these	Visibility- z-Buffer, BSP trees, Open-GL
operations.	culling, hidden-surface algorithms.
Module 5: Lighting & Shading - Light sources, illumination model, Gouraud and Phong shading for polygons. Rasterization - line segment and polygon clipping, 3D clipping, scan conversion, polygonal fill, Bresenham's algorithm, Vertex and fragment shaders.	Module 6: Discrete Techniques - Parametric mapping, texture mapping, compositing, textures in OpenGL, Ray Tracing- Recursive ray tracer, ray-sphere intersection.
Module 7: Animation & Kinematics - Hierarchical models (scene graph, hierarchy of transforms, rendering/integration with OpenGL), keyframe animation, forward kinematics, collision detection.	Module 8: Shader Programming and Introduction to Virtual Reality Applications.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

S.No.	Торіс	Hours	СО
1	Introduction to Computer Graphics and Graphics Systems	1	CO1
2	Graphics Processing Pipeline: Introduction and Overview	4	CO1
3	Introduction to Graphics Programming	5	CO2
4	Coordinate Systems	2	CO3
5	Affine Transformations of Vertices	6	CO3



6	Viewing		4	CO4
7	Lighting Models		5	CO4
8	Shading Models		3	CO4, CO5
9.	Textures and parametric mapping		4	CO5
10.	Vertex and Fragment Shaders		2	CO1, CO2
11.	Animation and Kinematics		4	CO6
12.	Hierarchical Models and Scene Graphs		4	CO6
13.	Data Structures for 3D models - Collision Detection		4	CO6
14.	Rasterization Algorithms		4	CO1, CO2
15.	Advanced graphics applications and Introduction to AR/VR		8	CO1, CO2, CO7
	(To	tal)	60	

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Lecture notes and reading materials provided in class.
- Text Books:
 - Edward Angel and Dave Shreiner, Interactive Computer Graphics. A Top-Down Approach with Shader-based OpenGL, 6E, Addison Wesley, 2012.
 - Peter Shirley and Steve Marschner, Computer Graphics (first edition), A.
 K. Peters, 2010.
- Additional References:
 - Donald Hearn and Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics with OpenGL (third edition), Prentice Hall, 2003
 - F. S. Hill Jr. and S. M. Kelley, Computer Graphics using OpenGL (third edition), Prentice Hall, 2006

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 4 programming assignment 60%
- Reading-writing-presenting assignment 10%
- Midterm 15%
- End Term 15%



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Programming assignment in 2-dimensional rendering to introduce students to OpenGL programming and widget/windowing system	CO1, CO2
2.	Programming assignment in 3-dimensional rendering to introduce students to mesh rendering, affine transformations, object-oriented programming for computer graphics application, basic lighting	CO1, CO2, CO3
3.	Programming assignment to include lighting, shading, texture mapping	CO1, CO2, CO4, CO5
4.	Programming assignment to include animation and optionally, virtual reality	CO1, CO2, CO6
5.	Reading-writing-presenting assignment to introduce students to comprehend research in computer graphics, and develop technical writing and presentation skills	CO1, CO7

- The assignment description with all logistics are provided to the students on LMS. "*Start early and finish on time*" is the guiding principle for all assignments in this course.
- All programming assignments and tests shall be submitted on LMS..

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of programming assignment code and demonstrations
- Plagiarism check using tools and manual evaluation

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

To incentivize early submissions and discourage late submissions the following bonus scheme will be used on the total for final grade:

 +1 for submission before the designated Sunday, -0.5 for submission on the subsequent Monday or Tuesday, -1 for submission before the next Sunday, -3 any later. +1 is applicable only if the early submission is the final submission for the assignment.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per Institute policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

As per Institute policy

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

This course has zero-tolerance for cheating and plagiarism. Any violation may result in an F grade and further disciplinary action may be initiated as per the Institute's policies. Ignorance of what constitutes cheating and plagiarism is not an excuse! If you have any doubts, contact the instructor. All material that will be used for the assessment of the student's performance shall be original work.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per Institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS 616 Foundations of Cryptography						
Course Instructor Name(s)		ASHISH CH	IOUDHUR	SRINIVAS VIV	EK			
		H	lours		Compo	onent		
Credits (L:T:P)				Lecture (1hr = 1	/			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practic	\				Tutorial (1hr = 1	credit)		
(Lecture : Tutonai : Fractic	aij				Practical (2hrs =	= 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0		Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme		X	4-point s	cale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/U	nsatisfactory (S /	' X)		
Area of Specialization (if a	pplica	ble)						
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from	the lis				
Theory and Systems for Com	puting					Networking and Communication		
and Data	hina			<u> </u>				
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	nine				Digital Society			
VLSI Systems				х	Cyber Security			
General Elective								
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):						
	•	X appropriate	ly. More th		•			
	Progra			Branc				
	X	iMTech		Х	CSE			
	Х	M.Tech			ECE			
		M.Sc.			Digital Society			
Course Category		ect <u>one</u> from the following: <i>ce X appropriately</i>)						
	(Fluce 1	Basic Scienc						
		CSE Core						
		ECE Core						
	Х	CSE Branch Elective						
		ECE Branch Elective						
		Engineering		d Skill	 S			
		HSS/M						
		General						
Course Pre-Requisites	CS20'	1 : Discrete M	lathematic	s				
		2 : Design and			porithms			
					<u> </u>			

Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The focus of this course is on definitions and constructions of various cryptographic objects, what security properties are desirable in such objects, how to formally define these properties, and how to design objects that satisfy the definitions.
Focus on skill development	No	
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

As the digitization of our lives continue with a rapid pace, so is the acute need for information security. We constantly hear about misuse of personal data for anti-social activities or commercial gains, purported state-sponsored hackers targeting vital infrastructure, etc. The number of such incidents reported has been increasing alarmingly. Also, in a software product development life cycle, the security measures are no longer considered as an afterthought. Instead, such measures need to be incorporated in the design phase itself. The above are still open challenges for researchers and system developers.

As a society and as a nation we need to deal with the above challenges with a highly skilled workforce. There has been a 350% increase in open cybersecurity positions from 2013 to 2021, and that there will be about 3.5 million unfilled cybersecurity positions globally by 2021. Further, with the advancement of the research frontier of cryptography and cybersecurity in general, these disciplines are becoming highly specialized. As a nation and eco-system we need a huge number of highly specialized persons with theoretical and systems level understanding. Because, advanced cyber physical systems becoming a norm of the future, such as autonomous vehicles, robots, smart city's various requirements etc., we can expect much higher proliferation of security and privacy protocols from tiny IoT devices to powerful cloud servers.

This course provides the basic paradigm and principles of modern cryptography. The focus of this course will be on definitions and constructions of various cryptographic objects. We will try to understand what security properties are desirable in such objects, how to formally define these properties, and how to design objects that satisfy the definitions. The aim is that at the end of this course, the students are able to understand a significant portion of current cryptography research papers and standards. The topics covered in the course will be also useful for the students who are willing to take Network Security course in the future semester, as knowledge of principles of cryptography is necessary for a better understanding of network security course. In a nutshell, this course will build the required foundation on top of which various complex and real-world cryptographic applications are built.

This course is offered every year during the Jan-April semester and it serves as a pre-requisite for the following elective courses:



• Computing on Private Data

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the limitations of perfect-security	PO1, PSO1, PSO4	U	С	5
CO2	Construct stream ciphers based on pseudo- random number generators	PO1, PSO1, PSO4	U	С, Р	8
CO3	Determine whether a given mode of encryption is chosen-plaintext-attack (CPA)-secure or not	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	Ар	С, Р	14
CO4	Determine whether a given message- authentication code (MAC) is secure or not	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	Ар	С, Р	9
CO5	Construct secure authenticated encryption schemes by generically combining secure MAC and CPA-secure encryptions	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	U	С	5
CO6	Determine whether a given hash function is secure or not	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	Ар	С, Р	6
C07	Understand the basic concepts from number theory and abstract algebra	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	U	С	9
CO8	Construct public-key cryptosystems and digital signature schemes	PO1, PSO4	Ар	С, Р	6
				Total	62

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- 1. Module 1
 - I. Introduction and Classical Cryptography
 - Cryptography and Modern Cryptography
 - Historical Ciphers and Their Cryptanalysis



• The Basic Principles of Modern Cryptography

II. Perfectly-secure Encryption

- Definition and properties
- The One-Time Pad (Vernam's Cipher)
- Limitations of Perfect Secrecy (Shannon's theorem)
- III. Private-key Encryption and Pseudorandomness
 - A Computational Approach to Cryptography
 - Defining Computationally-Secure Encryption
 - Pseudorandomness
 - Constructing Secure Encryption Schemes
 - Security Against Chosen-Plaintext Attacks (CPA)
 - Constructing CPA-Secure Encryption Schemes
 - Security Against Chosen-Ciphertext Attacks (CCA)

2. Module 2

I. Message Authentication Codes and Collision-Resistant Hash Functions

- Secure Communication and Message Integrity
- Encryption vs. Message Authentication
- Message Authentication Codes Definitions
- Constructing Secure Message Authentication Codes
- CBC-MAC
- Collision-Resistant Hash Functions
- II. Practical Construction of Pseudorandom Permutations (Block Ciphers)
 - Substitution-Permutation Networks
 - Feistel Networks
 - DES: The Data Encryption Standard
 - AES: The Advanced Encryption Standard

3. Module 3

I. Theoretical Constructions of Pseudorandom Objects

- One-way Functions
- From One-way Functions to Pseudorandomness
- A Hard-Core Predicate for Any One-Way Function
- Constructing Pseudorandom Generators
- Constructing Pseudorandom Functions
- II. Number Theory and Cryptographic Hardness Assumptions
 - Basic Group Theory
 - Primes, Factoring, and RSA
 - Assumptions in Cyclic Groups
 - Cryptographic Applications of Number-Theoretic Assumptions

III. Private-key Management and Public-key Revolution

• Limitations of Private-Key Cryptography



- A Partial Solution- Key Distribution Centers
- The Public-Key Revolution
- Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange

IV. Public-key Encryption

- Overview and Definition
- RSA Encryption
- The El Gamal Encryption Scheme
- Additional Public-key Encryption Schemes

4. Module 4

I. Digital Signature Schemes

- Definition and Overview
- RSA Signatures
- The "Hash-and-Sign" Paradigm
- Signatures from Collision-Resistant Hashing
- The Digital Signature Standard (DSS)
- Certificates and Public-Key Infrastructures

II. Public-Key Cryptosystems in the Random Oracle Model

- The Random Oracle Methodology
- Public-Key Encryption in the Random Oracle Model
- Signatures in the Random Oracle Model

Instruction Schedule

Week	Lessons/Topics
1	Course Overview, Symmetric-key Encryption, Historical Ciphers, Perfect Security and Its Limitations
2	Computational Security, Semantic Security and Pseudorandom Generators (PRGs)
3	Stream Ciphers, Provably-secure Instantiation of PRG, Practical Instantiation of PRG, CPA-security and Pseudo-random Functions (PRFs)
4	CPA-Secure Ciphers from PRF, Modes of Operations of Block Ciphers, Theoretical Constructions of Block Ciphers and Practical Constructions of Block Ciphers
5	DES, AES and Message Authentication Codes (MAC)
6	Information-theoretic Secure MAC, Cryptographic Hash Functions, Ideal-Cipher Model, Davies-Meyer construction and Merkle-Damgård Paradigm
7	Birthday Attacks on Cryptographic Hash Functions, Applications of Hash Functions, Random Oracle Model and Authenticated Encryption
8	Generic Constructions of Authenticated Encryption Schemes, Key-exchange Problem, One-way Trapdoor Functions and Cyclic Groups
9	Discrete-Logarithm Problem, Computational Diffie-Hellman Problem, Decisional Diffie-Hellman Problem, Elliptic-Curve Based Cryptography and Public-Key Encryption



10	El Gamal Encryption Scheme, RSA Assumption, RSA Public-key Cryptosystem,
	KEM-DEM Paradigm and CCA-security in the Public-key Domain
11	CCA-secure Public-key Hybrid Ciphers Based on Diffie-Hellman Problems and RSA-assumption, Digital Signatures, RSA Signatures and Schnorr Identification Scheme
12	Schnorr Signature, Overview of TLS/SSL, Number Theory, Interactive Protocols and Farewell

Learning Resources

- 1. Introduction to Modern Cryptography by Jonathan Katz and Yehuda Lindell.
- 2. Cryptography Theory and Practice by Douglas Stinson

Assessment Plan

• Take-home assignments 100%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable



Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	CS 716: Computing on Private Data					
Course Instructor Name(s)	ASHISH CHOUDHURY					
		Hours			Component	
	Lectu			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	Tu		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0		Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme	Х	4-point sca	le (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			•			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory	//Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	-					
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from the	e lis		
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and	
and Data	la line ne		-		Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	nine				Digital Society	
VLSI Systems				х	Cyber Security	
General Elective				~		
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted t	o the following	g pro	ogrammes / branch(es):	
· · · g	(Place	X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra	imme:	Br	ranc	ch:	
	Х	iMTech				
	Х	M.Tech				
		M.Sc.				
	Х	CSE				
		ECE				
		Digital Socie	ty			
Course Category	Select	one from the f	following:			
0,	(Place 2	X appropriately)				
		Basic Science	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
	CSE Branch Elective					
	ECE Branch	Elective				
			Science and S	Skill	s	
	HSS/M					
		General				
Course Dre Deguicites	0004	S · Foundatio	no of Cructor	aro-	aby .	
Course Pre-Requisites	03016	6 : Foundatio		yrap	אווע	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	This course discusses about how using various cryptographic primitives, one can do computation on distributed and sensitive data, also known as secure multi-party computation (MPC), which unarguably is one of the most fundamental problems in distributed computing
Focus on skill development	No	
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

The need for distributed computation on private data arises in several real-world applications that require computations involving sensitive data from two or more mutually distrusting entities. Consider the following example, which is one of the latest applications of secure computation investigated by DARPA: The Earth is orbited by thousands of man-made satellites and several thousands of orbital debris. The growing number of satellites and space debris orbiting the planet increases the danger of collisions. And this is not a hypothetical scenario, as several such "high profile" collisions have been reported in the recent past. Given the expensive cost of satellites, the host countries would like to avoid collision. A collision can only be predicted if the detailed orbit information of the individual satellites is known. However, such information can be highly sensitive and in fact, it can even be a national secret. So what is needed here is a way to determine whether two satellites are about to clash with each other based on the detailed locations of the satellites, but without the need of disclosing the locations of the satellites to other host countries.

Secure MPC models the above and several such applications that make simultaneous demands for the privacy and usability of sensitive data. Other examples include secure e-voting, secure e-auction, secure signal-processing, secure bioinformatics, secure biometrics, secure machine learning, secure outsourcing, privacy-preserving data-mining, to name a few. The problem of secure computation abstracts out the afore-mentioned applications and alike and goes beyond the capabilities of conventional cryptography to offer the dual demands of privacy and computation on secret data as required. The problem of secure computation was first formulated by the Turing award winner Andrew Yao in his seminal work published in Foundations of Computer Science (FOCS) 1982. The problem is as follows: we have a set of n mutually distrusting parties P_1, \dots, P_n with private inputs x_1, \dots, x_n respectively. Together they want to compute some publicly known function, say f, on their inputs, by keeping their inputs "as private as possible".

Due to its powerful abstraction, secure computation problem is also considered as the "holy-grail"



of cryptography. And this is a highly popular research topic both in the theoretical as well as in the applied cryptography community. This is one of the first courses of its kind to be offered in India, covering the formal details of this topic and promises to unfold the evolution of this topic since 1982 to till date.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the various dimensions to study the secure MPC problem	PO1, PSO1, PSO4	U	С	3
CO2	Understand secret-sharing protocols	PO1, PSO1, PSO4	U	С, Р	8
CO3	Compare perfectly secure MPC protocols	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	U	С, Р	14
CO4	Design protocols for oblivious transfer	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	С	C, P	9
CO5	Understand Yao's secure 2-party protocol	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	U	С	5
CO6	Compare MPC protocols for small number of parties	PO1, PSO2, PSO4	AU	C, P	6
				Total	45

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

The following is the tentative list of topics to be covered in this course.

- 1. Why Secure Computation?: Introduction, Motivation and History.
- 2. **Models for Secure Computation:** Honest vs dishonest- majority setting, Semihonest vs active(malicious) adversary, Static vs adaptive corruption, Computational vs information-theoretic security, Synchronous vs asynchronous network
- 3. **Defining Secure Computation:** Computational/statistical/perfect indistinguishability, Real-world/Ideal-world paradigm, Simulation based security notion.



- 4. Secure Computation with Semi-honest Security: Secret sharing, BenOr-Goldwasser-Wigderson (BGW) construction, Optimizations using Beaver's trick (secure computation in the preprocessing mode and circuit randomization)
- 5. **Dishonest-majority Setting:** Impossibility of the information-theoretic secure computation in the dis-honest majority setting,Oblivious transfer (OT), Two-party Goldreich-Micali-Wigderson (GMW) construction, Optimizations of GMW (Random input OT and OT extension), Yao's 2-party protocol, Optimizations of Yao's protocol (free XOR technique, point and permute technique), Beaver-Micali-Rogaway (BMR) construction and multi-party GMW construction

Instruction Schedule

Weeks		Topics Covered
Week 1	÷	Secure Computation: motivation and real-world examples, various dimensions, recalling relevant topics from abstract algebra (groups, rings, fields) and cryptography
Week 2	:	Secret sharing (motivation, definition and applications), Shamir secret-sharing, additive secret-sharing, replicated secret-sharing
Week 3	:	Linear secret-sharing, monotone span programs (MSP), secure message transmission (SMT)
Week 4	:	BenOr-Goldwasser-Wigderson (BGW) protocol: security proof and detailed analysis
Week 5	:	Degree-Reduction problem and various solutions, efficient protocols for evaluating multiplication gates
Week 6	:	Oblivious transfer (OT), OT protocols, OT extension
Week 7	:	Goldreich-Micali-Wigderson (GMW) protocol: security proof and detailed analysis
Week 8	:	Yao's protocol for secure 2-party computation, various optimizations of Yao's protocol
Week 9	:	MPC for small number of parties, various optimizations
Week 10	:	Mixed world MPC protocols
Week 11	:	MPC protocols against general adversaries
Week 12	:	Fail-stop corruptions: MPC and consensus protocols, asynchronous protocols

Learning Resources

This is an advanced level research course where the contents are based on research papers. There is as such no single textbook which contains all the proposed topics. However, for few of the topics, the following textbooks can be used for the reference purpose:



- 1. Efficient Two-party Protocols- Techniques and Constructions; by Carmit Hazay and Yehuda Lindell. Springer-Verlag, 2010.
- 2. Engineering Secure Two-party Computation Protocols, by Thomas Schneider. Springer Verlag, 2010.
- 3. Secure Multiparty Computation and Secret Sharing, by Ronald Cramer, Ivan Damgard and Jesper Buus Nielsen. Cambridge University Press, 2015.

Assessment Plan

- Take-home assignments 50%
- Research paper presentations 50%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	CS731/Software Testing				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Meenakshi D'Souza			
		F	lours	Component	
	3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	_	L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against				· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applicab	-	-			
(Choose by placing X in box agains		ore than two	areas from the lis		
X Theory and Systems for Compu	uting			Networking and	
And Data Artificial Intelligence and Machi	<u></u>			Communication Digital Society	
Learning	iie			Digital Society	
VLSI Systems	_			Cyber Security	
General Elective					
				1	
	Place X Progran X	X appropriate	ly. More than one Brand		
• •		one from the f	•		
	Place X	appropriately			
4		Basic Scienc	es		
4		CSE Core			
4	X	ECE Core			
X		CSE Branch			
		ECE Branch Elective			
			Science and Skill	S	
		HSS/M			
		General			
		<i>te exact course cod</i> hms/Design and A	e/name) nalysis of Algorithms		



Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course teaches all the algorithmic aspects of Software Testing, including test case design techniques, testing at different phases/levels of software development and testing of different applications.
Focus on skill development	Yes	This course will directly help the students to learn Software Testing and take up jobs as a test engineer in a IT or product firm.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

It is well known that software testing is the most time consuming phase of development. The importance of software testing is increasing steadily with emphasis on software being ubiquitous and controlling several safety critical systems. In addition, agile development methodologies focus on developers unit testing their code themselves, without help from a testing team. All of these make testing a very important activity in software development.

This course will cover the technical aspects of software testing, especially on techniques for test case design. We will cover techniques for both black-box and white-box testing, covering a broad range of languages, platforms and applications. The course will also teach novel testing research techniques that have matured in the past decade.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand all the basic definitions and terms used in Software Testing.	PO4	U	F, C	3	
CO2	Understand graphs based criteria for testing, both control flow and data flow based techniques.	PO4	U	F, P	4	1
CO3	Understand logic based criteria for testing.	PO4	U	F, P	4	1
CO4	Understand syntax-based testing along with the criteria.	PO4	U	F, P	4	1
CO5	Apply graphs-based, logic-based and syntax- based testing techniques to test source code, design elements and specifications.	PO3	U, Ap	C, P	6	2



CO6	Understand symbolic execution and its use in concolic testing.	PO4	U	F, P	2	1
C07	Understand testing techniques specific to object- oriented applications and web applications.	PO4	U	F, P	4	1
CO8	Understand black-box testing technique of input space partitioning.	PO4	U	F, P	2	1
CO9	Understand an overview of regression testing, non-functional testing and mobile applications testing.	PO4	U	С	2	0
CO10	Create a combination of testing techniques to apply for the project whose code is to be tested.	PO3	Ар	C, P	1	4

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Not applicable.

Course Content

- Introduction, software testing process levels, terminology
- Techniques and algorithms for test case design:
 - Graphs based testing: Structural coverage criteria, data flow coverage criteria,

graph coverage for source code, design elements and specifications

• Logic based testing: Predicates and clauses, coverage criteria based on logic

expressions.

- Symbolic testing, concolic testing.
- Specification-based logic coverage.
- Logic coverage for finite state machines.
- Input space partitioning: Input domain modeling, combination strategies criteria.
- Syntax based testing: Coverage criteria based on syntax, mutation testing
- Test case design (as learnt above) applied to
 - Testing OO-applications.
 - Testing web applications.
 - Testing embedded software.
 - Testing GUI.

Instruction Schedule

Week Lessons/Topics

Week 1	Motivation, testing terminologies, testing based on models and criteria, test automation (JUnit).
Week 2	Graphs, as used in testing, structural graph coverage criteria, data flow coverage criteria.



	ज्ञानम्त
Week 3	Graph coverage criteria applied to test source code,, classical source code testing criteria.
Week 4	Software design and integration testing, graph coverage applied to test for design integration (call graphs), graph coverage applied to test specifications.
Week 5	Basics of logic as needed for testing (propositional and predicate logic, decidability problems), logic coverage criteria.
Week 6	Logic coverage criteria applied to test code, specifications and finite state machines.
Week 7	Functional testing, input space partitioning and its various types used for black-box testing.
Week 8	Syntax-based testing, mutation testing, mutation testing for source code.
Week 9	Mutation testing for integration and inputs, comparison of mutation testing with graph and logic based criteria.
Week 10	Testing of object-oriented applications (OO-call coverage, Yo-Yo graphs for testing of OO features), testing of web applications.
Week 11	Symbolic testing, concolic testing, DART algorithm.
Week 12	Overview of regression testing, non-functional testing techniques, testing of mobile applications.

Learning Resources

- Paul Ammann and Jeff Offutt, Introduction to Software Testing, First South Asian Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2009.
- Paul C. Jorgensen, Software Testing: A Craftsman's Approach, Special Indian Edition, CRC Press, 2014.
- Research papers and survey articles on Software Testing, files made available to students.

Assessment Plan

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	Percentage of distribution
1	First quiz	15%
2	Mid-term examination	25%
3	Second quiz	15%
4	Project	20%
5	Final exam	25%

Assignments / Projects



S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	First quiz	CO1, CO2.
2	Mid-term examination	CO2, CO3, CO5.
3	Second quiz	CO4, CO8.
4	Project	All the COs.
5	Final exam	CO6, CO7, CO9.

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms.
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions.
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools.
- Manual code walk through and automatic evaluation through execution of projects.

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not applicable.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy.

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Name		CS825/Graph Theory			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Pradeesha Ashok and Meenakshi D'Souza			
		Hours		Component	
		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against	-				
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Ur	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applicat			с т н	,	
(Choose by placing X in box agains		ore than two	areas from the lis		
X Theory and Systems for Comp	outing			Networking and	
Artificial Intelligence and Machi	ino			Communication Digital Society	
Learning				Digital Society	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Course Category	(Place 2 Program X X X X Select <u>c</u>	X appropriate mme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie Digital Socie Digital Socie Digital Socie CSE Core CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than one Branc ty following:) ses Elective	h:	
	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name) CS 512: Discrete Mathematics and Computability (For M. Tech./M. S. (By Research and Ph. D. students) CS 511/CS202: Algorithms/Design and Analysis of Algorithms CS201: Discrete Mathematics (For iM. Tech. students)				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas are covered as part of the course. [NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course teaches fundamentals of graph theory. Graphs are widely used in several areas in Computer Science including algorithms, computer networks and web science. A thorough understanding of the fundamentals in this area will help students with taking up jobs in these areas.
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication,		
etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

This course is a beginner course on Graph Theory with focus on understanding the structure of graphs and techniques used in solving problems involving graphs. Specifically, this is a theoretical study of graphs that covers many combinatorial results and classical theorems in graph theory.

Graphs are considered to be one of the most important data structures in Computer Science and are also used in several adjacent areas including communication networks, Biology, Chemistry etc. Graphs are extensively used by current day social networks, for study of routes and maps and in web science. There are several interesting theoretical problems in Graph Theory that are induced by these applications and also by its use in Mathematics. A thorough study and understanding of concepts in Graph Theory will pave the way for understanding applications and theoretical foundations in this area.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Cla ss (Hr s)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand all the basic terminologies related to graphs, including trees and forests.	PO4	U	С, Р	8	



	ज्ञानमुरामम्					
CO2	Understand matchings on graphs and special classes of bipartite graphs and the basic results regarding them.	PO4	U, Ap	C, P	4	
CO3	Understand the min-max relations between the notions of matching, independent set, vertex covers and edge covers.	PO4	U, Ap	C, P	6	
CO4	Understand the notion of vertex and edge connectivity, specifically 2- and 3-connectedness in graphs.	PO4	U	C, P	6	
CO5	Understand the notion of graph vertex coloring and chromatic number, bounds of chromatic number with respect to other graph parameters.	PO4	U, Ap	C, P	8	
CO6	Understand the notion of graph edge coloring and chromatic index, bounds of chromatic index with respect to other graph parameters.	PO4	U, Ap	C, P	3	
C07	Understand the concept of planar graphs, properties of planar graphs and their connection to graph coloring and graph minors.	PO4	U, Ap	C, P	7	
CO8	Understand the basic concepts of Hamiltonian graphs and Ramsey theory.	PO4	U	С, Р	3	
	Total hours				45	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Not applicable.

Course Content

The following topics will be taught in the course. For each of the topics, all the definitions, basic and landmark results will be covered in the respective areas.

• Basics Graphs, the degree of a vertex, Paths and cycles, Connectivity, Trees

and Forests, Bipartite Graphs, Contraction and minors.

- Matching, Matching in Bipartite graphs- Konig's Theorem, Hall's Theorem, Matching in General graphs Tutte's theorem, Path Covers Gallai Milgram Theorem.
- Connectivity 2-connected and 3-connected graphs, Menger's Theorem.
- Graph Colouring Chromatic number, Brooks Theorem, Color-critical graphs, Hadwiger's conjecture, Perfect graphs. Edge Coloring -Chromatic index, Line graphs, Vizing's Theorem.
- Planar Graphs Euler's formula, Outerplanar graphs, Kuratowski's Theorem, Four colour theorem
- Advanced Topics: Hamiltonian Paths, Ramsey theory.



Instruction Schedule

Week Lessons/Topics

Week 1	Motivation, introduction to graphs and all elementary definitions and terms related to graphs.
Week 2	Paths, cycles, trails, bipartite graphs, Eulerian circuits, vertex degrees and counting, graphic sequences.
Week 3	Trees, their basic properties, distance in trees and graphs, spanning trees, enumeration of trees.
Week 4	Matchings, maximum and perfect matchines.
Week 5	Hall's matching condition.
Week 6	Independent sets, vertex and edge covers, min-max theorems.
Week 7	Cuts and connectivity (vertex and edge), 2-connected graphs
Week 8	3-connected graphs, Menger's theorem.
Week 9	Graph Colouring - Chromatic number, Brooks Theorem
Week 10	Color-critical graphs, Hadwiger's conjecture
Week 11	Perfect graphs
Week 12	Edge Coloring -Chromatic index, Line graphs, Vizing's Theorem.
Week 13	Planar Graphs - Euler's formula, Outerplanar graphs
Week 14	Kuratowski's Theorem, Four colour theorem
Week 15	Hamiltonian Paths, Ramsey theory

Learning Resources

- Douglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, 2nd edition, Pearson, 2018.
- Introduction to Graph Theory by Douglas B. West, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2001

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Quizzes - 30% Mid- term exam - 25% Final exam - 25%



Project - 20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	First quiz	CO1, CO2
2	Mid-term examination	CO2, CO3, CO4
3	Second quiz	CO5, CO6
4	Project (theory project)	All the COs.
5	Final exam	CO7, CO8

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not applicable.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	CS732/DS7	CS732/DS732 / Data Visualization				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Jaya Sreev	Jaya Sreevalsan Nair (<u>inair@iiitb.ac.in</u>)				
		Hours	Component			
	4		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
	L:T:P = 4:0):0	Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme	Х	4-noint scale (A	,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X against		• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Uns	satisfactory (S / X)			
Area of Specialization (if applicable)						
(Choose by placing X in box agains						
X Theory and Systems for Computing	9		Networking and			
and Data	-		Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning			Digital Society			
VLSI Systems	-		Cyber Security			
General Elective	-					
			grammes / branch(es):			
•		X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
Prog	iramme:	Brancl	n:			
	iMTech					
	M.Tech					
	M.Sc.					
	CSE					
	ECE Digital Sagia	417				
Course Category Sele	Digital Socie ct one from the					
	ce X appropriate					
	Basic Science					
	CSE Core					
	ECE Core					
X	CSE Branch	Elective				
	ECE Branch					
		Engineering Science and Skills				
	HSS/M					
	General					
	ro oppliaable a	toto ovoot oouroo o				
Course Prerequisites (Whe	ere applicable, s	tate exact course c	oue/name)			
ESS	201. Mathema	tics courses. Data	a structures and algorithms			



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Students learn programming in Visualization libraries in Python or graphics libraries in C++, either of which are important for industrial opportunities
Focus on skill development	Yes	Use of Eclipse, VS Code development tools
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Students learn to read a top-tier conference paper, write a technical report, and present the same to the class

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course is a graduate-level course for which the goal is "to provide students with concepts and a firm mathematical foundation, as well as technical aspects of algorithms. Practical skills in programming visualization algorithms, using commercial visualization tools, and applying methodologies and techniques to new problems are taught in accompanying exercises." – this is as stated in "Curriculum for a Course on Scientific Visualization," a peer-reviewed paper by Rotard et. al in Proceedings of Eurographics/ACM Siggraph Workshop on Computer Graphics Education, in 2004, and can be extended to information visualization as well.

In short, this course will cover techniques and evaluation of visualizations of scientific and information data. The outcome of this course is to bring up the knowledge and practice of visualization in students to requirements of a graduate level course. The lectures cover the areas of scientific and information visualization.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the definition of data visualization including its scope and limitations through theory and classical visualizations	PO1	U	С	4
CO2	Understand the basic building blocks of visualization data types, marks and channels, color theory	PO1	U	С	10



CO3	Write programs in C/C++ with OpenGL or Python using visualization libraries to implement visualization for given datasets	PO1	Ар	F, C, P, PC	12
CO4	Apply scientific visualization algorithms for gridded data of scalar and vector fields in executable programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	14
CO5	Apply information visualization algorithms for networks, trees, and multivariate datasets in executable programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	5
CO6	Apply visual analytics workflow for publicly available complex datasets and specific analytic tasks in executable programs	PO1, PO4	Ар	F, C, P, PC	9
C07	Explain state-of-the-art methods from research papers in information visualization with technical reports and in-class discussions	PO2	U	F, C, P	6
			Tota	l hours	60

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

 Module 1: Theory of Visualization Introduction to color theory, visualization design, perception. Visual channels and encoding. Dimensionality reduction. Best practices in visualization. 	 Module 2: Scientific Visualization 1. Data representation - grids, dimensionality. 2. Scalar, vector, second-order tensor field visualization techniques. 3. Interpolation and data handling.
 Module 3: Information Visualization 1. Visualization techniques for hierarchical data, network data, multivariate data. 2. Data transformations. 	Module 4: Visual Analytics1. Introduction.2. Case studies.



Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

S.No.	Торіс	Hours	со
1	Introduction to Visualization Definition, Classical Examples	4	CO1
2	Building blocks of visualization Marks and channels, Data types, Color theory, User interactions	10	CO2
3	Scalar field visualization for 2- and 3-dimensional grids	11	CO3, CO4
4	Vector field visualization for 2-dimensional grids	8	CO3, CO4
5	Information visualization	8	CO5, CO7
6	Network and tree visualization methods	4	CO3, CO5
7	Multivariate data visualization methods	3	CO3, CO6
8	Visualization models - focus+context	2	CO4, CO5
9.	Visual analytics	8	CO3, CO6
10.	Geospatial visualizations	2	CO6
	(Total)	60	

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Lecture notes and reading materials provided in class
- There is no single textbook for this course. The following are representative, but not exhaustive, reference textbooks:
 - Alexandru C. Telea, "Data Visualization: Principles and Practice," A. K. Peters Ltd, 2008.
 - Tamara Munzner, "Visualization Analysis and Design," CRC Press, December 2014.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

• 4 programming assignments -- 70%



- Reading-writing-presenting assignment -- 10%
- Midterm -- 10%
- End-term -- 10%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Programming assignment in visualization of 2- dimensional scalar and vector datasets, given the datasets	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
2.	Programming assignment in visualization of 3- dimensional scalar and vector datasets, given the datasets	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
3.	Programming assignment in visualization of hierarchical, network, and multivariate datasets, given the datasets	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO5
4.	Programming assignment to implement visual analytics workflow for chosen dataset and visualization tasks	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO6
5.	Reading-writing-presenting assignment to introduce students to comprehend research in information visualization, and develop technical writing and presentation skills	CO1, CO2, CO7

- The assignment description with all logistics are provided to the students on LMS. "*Start early and finish on time*" is the guiding principle for all assignments in this course.
- All programming assignments and tests shall be submitted on LMS.

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of programming assignment code and demonstrations
- Plagiarism check using tools and manual evaluation

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

To incentivize early submissions and discourage late submissions the following bonus scheme will be used on the total for final grade:

 +1 for submission before the designated Sunday, -0.5 for submission on the subsequent Monday or Tuesday, -1 for submission before the next Sunday, -3 any later. +1 is applicable only if the early submission is the final submission for the assignment.



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per Institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

As per Institute policy

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

This course has zero-tolerance for cheating and plagiarism. Any violation may result in an F grade and further disciplinary action may be initiated as per the Institute's policies. Ignorance of what constitutes cheating and plagiarism is not an excuse! If you have any doubts, contact the instructor. All material that will be used for the assessment of the student's performance shall be original work.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per Institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	ne	Topological Data Analysis (TDA)				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Dr. Amit Chattopadhyay				
			lours		Comp	oonent
Credits (L:T:P)		4			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	ool)	0			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture . Tutoriai . Fracti	calj	0	0		Practical (2hrs	
	L:T:P = 4:0	L:T:P = 4:0:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		X	X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,0			+,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfact	anu/Lin	acticfactory (S	()
appropriate box)			Salislacio	Jry/Un	satisfactory (S	/ ^)
Area of Specialization (if a						
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from	the list		
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	iputing				Networking and Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine				Digital Society	
Learning						
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch	Course is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):				ch(es):	
5	(Place X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra	umme:		Branci	h:	
	X	iMTech		X	CSE	
	X	M.Tech			ECE	
		M.Sc.			Digital Society	
Course Category		one from the f				
	(Place 2	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
	X	ECE Core CSE Branch	Electivo			
	$\frac{\Lambda}{X}$	ECE Branch				
	Λ					
		Engineering Science and Skills HSS/M			,	
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name)					
	Mathen	natics I, II, III, I	V			
		hms and Data-S				
	Ŭ					



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course. [NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	No	The course helps developing Skills for Data Analysis
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course helps developing Skills in TDA
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Topological Data Analysis (TDA) is an emerging area of data science where the goal is to understand the data by computing different topological features. The aim of the current course is to understand the techniques from computational algebraic topology for developing tools in TDA. In particular, at the end of this course one will expertise in computing Betting numbers, persistent homology, bottleneck distance, cohomology, Morse theory and important data-structures necessary for TDA.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the axioms and properties, e.g., continuity, compactness, connectedness of a topological space.	PO1	U	C, P	8	
CO2	Decide whether two topological spaces are equivalent or not by homeomorphism, homotopy, isotopy or topological invariants.	PO1	U, Ap	C, P	4	
CO3	Compute a topologically equivalent simplicial complex corresponding to a known surface.	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C, P	4	
CO4	Compute homology groups and Betti numbers of a given simplicial complex.	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C, P	12	
CO5	Compute topology of a surface using Morse theory	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C, P	12	
CO6	Compute persistence diagram by considering a filtration in a simplicial complex	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C, P	8	



CO7	Compute Bottleneck distance between two persistence diagrams	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C, P	8	
CO8	Understand how TDA improves ML algorithms	PO1, PSO4	U	C, P	4	
	Total				60	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- **Basic Topology:** Topological spaces, Invariants, Continuity, Compactness, Connectedness, Quotient Space, Surfaces, Homeomorphisms, Homotopy, Isotopy.
- **Simplicial Complex:** Simplices, Simplicial Complex, Euler characteristics, Simplicial Maps.
- **Simplicial Homology:** Chain complexes, Cycles and boundaries, Homology groups and Betti numbers, Reduced homology, Induced maps, Matrix reduction: Euler-Poincaré formula, Boundary matrices, Smith normal forms, Reduction algorithm; Relative homology groups; Excision, Maps between vector spaces, Exact sequences: Chain complexes and chain maps, Connecting homomorphism, Mayer-Vietoris sequence, Duality, Cohomology.
- **Morse Theory:** Generic smooth functions, Morse functions, Morse lemma, Gradient vector field on a manifold, Attaching cells, Transversality, Integral lines, Stable and unstable manifolds, Morse-Smale functions and complexes, Morse inequalities, Floer homology, Relation between Morse theory and Homology.
- **Persistent Homology:** The elder rule, Filtrations, Persistence diagrams, Matrix reduction, Pairing lemma, Sparse matrix representation, Extended persistence, Spectral sequence, Stability, Bottleneck distance, Tame functions, Wasserstein distance, Length and total curvature of a curve using stability, Bipartite graph matching for computing bottleneck distance.



• **TDA for Machine Learning:** Gaps in Machine Learning Algorithms, How TDA improves the ML algorithms, TDA approaches to Deep Learning: Utility of TDA to all parts of Deep Learning pipelines.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Section/Topic	Week	CO Mapping
Basic Topology	Week 1-3	CO1, CO2
Simplicial Complex	Week 4	CO3
Simplicial Homology	Week 5-7	CO4
Morse Theory	Week 8-10	CO5
Persistent Homology	Week 11-14	CO6, CO7
TDA for Machine Learning	Week-15	CO8

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

1. Computational Topology: An Introduction, Gunter Rote and Gert Vegter (Springer book chapter)

2. Computational Topology: An Introduction-Herbert Edelsbrunner, John Harer, American Mathematical Society, 2010.

3. Topology for Computing-Afra Zomorodian, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 1. Mid-term: 40%
- 2. Project: 40%
- 3. Presentation: 20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Final Project will be implementation of an algorithm on:	CO4, CO5, CO6,
	Simplicial Homology/Topology of Surfaces/	CO7
	Persistence Diagram/ Data-structure to capture Scalar Topology	



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

As per institute policy

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS/DS 704 / Multi-Agent Systems			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Srinath Srin	ivasa		
		H	lours	Component	
		40		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)		8		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 40:	8:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	IIITB scale (A,	A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			•	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	hla)		Satisfactory/O		
Area of Specialization (if applica (Choose by placing X in box again		more than two	areas from the lis	<i>t</i>)	
Theory and Systems for Com		nore man iwo	areas from the tis	Networking and	
A and Data	puting			Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	nine			Digital Society	
X Learning					
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to	o the following pro	ogrammes / branch(es):	
-	(Place X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra	imme:	Branc	ch:	
	Х	iMTech			
	Х	M.Tech			
		M.Sc.			
		CSE			
		ECE			
		Digital Societ	ty		
Course Category	Select	one from the f	ollowing:		
	(Place 2	X appropriately)		
		Basic Scienc	es		
		CSE Core			
		ECE Core			
	Х	CSE Branch	Elective		
		ECE Branch	Elective		
		Engineering	Science and Skill	S	
		HSS/M			
		General			
			D 1 1 111 ~		
-			•	atistics and Linear Algebra	
	First le	evel course of	n Discrete Math	ematics	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	No	Topics covered in this course is used in several application areas including Agent-
		based modeling, Autonomous Vehicles,
		Strategic Management, Policy Design, etc.
Direct focus on employability		However, the course itself is not modeled for any specific employability requirement.
	Yes	Develop skills in Agent based modeling
Focus on skill development		tools.
	No	Course focuses on technology and
Focus on entrepreneurship		concepts
Provides value added / life skills	Yes	Mandate system of evaluation requires
(language, writing, communication,		students to develop design, synthesis and
etc.)		presentation skills.

Course Context and Overview

Thinking about systems in terms of autonomous agents and their interactions, has elicited a number of advancements in AI and even insights into possible Artificial General Intelligence (AGI). At the core of this pursuit, is the question of autonomy and agency that individual agents are endowed with. The idea of agency itself has been proposed using different paradigms. Currently, models from rational choice theory, behavioural economics, and game theory are seen as most promising underpinnings for modeling multi-agent systems.

In this course, we will briefly introduce different models of computational agency, as well as essential elements of distributed computing, rational choice theory, game theory, extensive game modeling and reinforcement learning, negotiations, voting and auction theories.

Multi-agent simulations are also increasingly used to understand the implications of policy interventions in human societies, where autonomous agents represent human individuals or collectives. Human rationality is known to have important differences from classical rational choice theory. This course also addresses human rationality and its various traits like bounded rationality, risk aversion, rational empathy, common rational fallacies, etc.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand concepts of autonomy and agency, and model systems in terms of populations of agents	PSO3, PO4	U, An	F, C	10	0
CO2	Model situations as rational games and solve them according to multiple solution concepts	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, An	C, FDP	6	2
CO3	Understand different models of rationality and different implications of using any of these models	PO3, PO4	U, An	C, FDP	12	2
CO4	Understand extensive games and reinforcement based adaptive behaviour	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, An	C, FDP	8	2
CO5	Understand negotiation theory, auction theory, voting theory, and mechanism design	PO3, PO4	U, Ap, An	C, FDP	4	2

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Mandate - 1: Introductory concepts and fundamentals of distributed systems

Introductory concepts:

- Machines versus Societies
- Characteristics of multi-agent systems
- Definitions of autonomous behaviour
- Paradigms of Computational Autonomy

Essentials of distributed computing:

- Time, events and ordering in distributed systems
- Logical clocks, vector clocks, matrix clocks
- The consensus problem
- The many faces of consensus in distributed systems
- Global snapshot computation

Mandate - 2: Rational choice and Simultaneous games

Rational choice theory

- Classical model of rational choice (von Neumann and Morgenstern)
- Rational Empathy and welfare theory (Amartya Sen)
- Bounded rationality (Herbert Simon)



• Prospect theory (Kahnemann and Tversky) Simultaneous games

- Definition of a game, types of games
- Beliefs, Strategies and Payoffs
- Analysis of simultaneous games
 - Pure and mixed strategies
 - Dominant strategies
 - Game resilience to beliefs
 - Nash equilibrium
 - Pareto optimality
 - Minmax and iterated dominance
 - Collusion and subgames

Mandate - 3: Iterated and Evolutionary Games, Extensive Games and Reinforcement Learning

- Iterated simultaneous games
 - Incorporating memory into games
 - Stable strategies
 - Evolutionary games
 - Modeling evolution and demographics
 - Evolutionary stability and the evolution of cooperation
 - Robustness of ESS
- Extensive Games
 - Robotic sensing and planning
 - Markov Decision Process and Q learning
 - Other models of Reinforcement Learning
 - Multi-armed Bandit problem

Mandate - 4: Collective Choice, Negotiation, Auction and Voting Theory

- Definitions of social consensus
- Negotiation elements: equilibrium
- consistency, validation, fairness, increased utility
- Monotonic concession protocol;
- Zeuthen strategy;
- Multi-lateral negotiations
- Basic Auctions: English auction, Dutch auction, First-price sealed-bid, Vickrey auction, Allpay auction;
- Reverse auctions;
- Expected payoff;
- Collusions;
- Combinatorial auctions and the winner determination problem.

Instruction Schedule

- Mandate 1: 3 weeks
- Mandate 2: 2 weeks



- Mandate 3: 5 weeks
- Mandate 4: 3 weeks
- Mandate 5: 3 weeks

Learning Resources

- 1. Jose M Vidal. Fundamentals of Multi-agent Systems using NetLogo. Available online.
- 2. C.H. Papadimitriou. Algorithms, Games, and the Internet. Proc. STOC-2001, ACM Press, 2001. Invited talk write-up.
- M. Wooldridge and N.R. Jennings. Intelligent Agents: Theory and Practice. *Knowledge Engineering Review*, 10(2):115-152, 1995. (URL: http://www.csc.liv.ac.uk/~mjw/pubs/ker95.pdf)

Topics from Game Theory

1. M.J. Osborne. An Introduction to Game Theory. Oxford University Press, 2004. (Chapters: 1,2,9,13,14)

Negotiations

- 1. Eithan Ephrati and Jeffrey S. Rosenschein. Multi-Agent Planning as a Dynamic Search for Social Consensus. The Thirteenth International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence, Chambery, France, August 1993, pages 423-429.
- 2. Eithan Ephrati and Jeffrey S. Rosenschein. Journal of Artificial Intelligence. Deriving Consensus in Multi-agent Systems. Volume 87, Numbers 1-2, November 1996, pages 21-74.

Auctions

- 1. R.P. McAfee and J. McMillan. Auctions and Bidding. *Journal of Economic Literature*, 25:699-738, 1987.
- 2. T.W. Sandholm. Distributed Rational Decision Making. In G. Weiss (ed.), *Multiagent Systems*, MIT Press, 1999. (URL: http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~sandholm/rational.ps)
- T.W. Sandholm. Optimal Winner Determination Algorithms. In P. Cramton *et al.* (ed.), *Combinatorial Auctions*, MIT Press, 2006. (URL: http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~sandholm/windetalgs.pdf)
- L.M. Asubel and P. Milgrom. The Lovely but Lonely Vickrey Auction. In P. Cramton *et al.* (ed.), *Combinatorial Auctions*, MIT Press, 2006. (URL: http://www.stanford.edu/~milgrom/publishedarticles/Lovely%20but%20Lonely%20Vickrey %20Auction-072404a.pdf)
- H.R. Varian. Economic Mechanism Design for Computerized Agents. Proc. Usenix Workshop on Electronic Commerce, 1995. (URL: http://www.sims.berkeley.edu/~hal/Papers/mechanism-design.pdf)

Software Resources

- NetLogo. http://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/
- VisualBots. http://www.visualbots.com/index.htm
- MASON. http://www.cs.gmu.edu/~eclab/projects/mason/
- Repast. http://repast.sourceforge.net/

Other WWW links

• Multi-Agent Systems and Agent Based Modeling. http://multiagent.com/



- Course on Multi-agent Systems at the University of Amsterdam: http://staff.science.uva.nl/~ulle/teaching/mas/
- Multi-Agents Lab at UMASS. http://dis.cs.umass.edu/
- SwarmWiki. A Wiki for Agent and Swarm Computing. http://www.swarm.org/wiki/Main_Page
- MIT OCW course on Topics in Game Theory. http://ocw.mit.edu/OcwWeb/Economics/14-147Spring-2005/CourseHome/index.htm
- Agentlink: European Network for Agent-based Computing. http://www.agentlink.org/
- MIT Center for Collective Intelligence. http://cci.mit.edu/index.html

Assessment Plan

Mandate system of assessment is used in this course. Each learning mandate requires every student to make at least one primary (and any number of secondary) mandate contributions, which are graded directly with the IIITB letter grade. Each mandate also has an end-of-mandate quiz that is administered as a pass/fail requirement. Overall grade is the average of letter grades obtained over all mandate contributions.

For large classes (60+ students), the mandate system is modified as follows:

- 1. Students need to make just one primary mandate contribution relevant to any mandate of their choice, over the entire course-- and not one contribution per mandate
- 2. The end-of-mandate quiz will be graded towards the final grade
- 3. All quizzes and the mandate contributions will have equal weightage. Hence, if the course has 4 mandates, then each reflection quiz, and the course-wide mandate contribution, will have a weightage of 1/5 each.

More details about the Mandate-oriented classroom model may be found here: <u>https://docs.google.com/document/d/1suVvDnzqJkrFv1IywDiEdDaXihngMXh3cAPmoSR0DlE/edit?usp</u> <u>=sharing</u>

Assignments / Projects

None. Please see details about mandate contributions above.

Evaluation Procedures

Mandate system of assessment is used in this course. Each learning mandate requires every student to make at least one primary (and any number of secondary) mandate contributions, which are graded directly with the IIITB letter grade. Each mandate also has an end-of-mandate quiz that is administered as a pass/fail requirement. Overall grade is the average of letter grades obtained over all mandate contributions.

For large classes (60+ students), the mandate system is modified as follows:

- 1. Students need to make just one primary mandate contribution relevant to any mandate of their choice, over the entire course-- and not one contribution per mandate
- 2. The end-of-mandate quiz will be graded towards the final grade



3. All quizzes and the mandate contributions will have equal weightage. Hence, if the course has 4 mandates, then each reflection quiz, and the course-wide mandate contribution, will have a weightage of 1/5 each.

More details about the Mandate-oriented classroom model may be found here: <u>https://docs.google.com/document/d/1suVvDnzqJkrFv1IywDiEdDaXihngMXh3cAPmoSR0DlE/edit?usp</u> <u>=sharing</u>

Late Assignment Submission Policy

A mandate is closed only after every student contributes to the mandate. The entire course remains incomplete for all students, until all students have contributed. Late submissions will result in entire class lagging behind, which the students will be made to understand and appreciate at the outset.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Referenced literature have to be cited in mandate contributions.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		CS715 Computational Geometry				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Pradeesha Ashok				
		ŀ	lours	Component		
		4		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale ((A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against						
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applica	-					
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the li			
X Theory and Systems for Com	puting			Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Machine				Digital Society		
Learning				Cybor Socurity		
VLSI Systems General Elective				Cyber Security		
General Elective						
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X X X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie One from the f X appropriately Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch ENGINE	ely. More than on Bran Bran ty following:) ces Elective	ch:		
Course Pre-Requisites		General applicable, stat or an equivale	te exact course coa ent course	le/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course discusses problems and techniques that can be applied in many real world scenarios. The ideas and techniques can be applied in a variety of areas including robotics, data science, machine learning and visualization.
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course covers algorithms and techniques from the field of geometry. The problems are motivated by applications in areas like computer graphics, geographic information systems (GIS), robotics etc. The emphasis of the course will be on different classes of geometric problems and the concepts and techniques needed to solve it. These algorithms can be applied in a number of areas like data science, visualization and machine learning.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Clas s (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Compute the convex hull of a set of points in the planes using incremental algorithm and Jarvis March	PO4	Ар	С, Р	3	
CO2	Solve the Line Segment intersection problem and Map overlay problem using suitable data structures	PO4	Ар	С, Р	6	
CO3	Solve the orthogonal range searching problem using geometric data structures	PO4	Ар	С, Р	6	



	रागमुरामम्					
CO4	Solve the point location problem in the plane using randomized incremental algorithm and appropriate data structures	PO4	Ар	С, Р	6	
CO5	Compute the voronoi diagram and delaunay triangulation of a set of points in the plane.	PO4	Ар	С, Р	8	
CO6	Solve the Art Gallery problem using the algorithms for triangulation of a set of points in the plane	PO4	Ар	С, Р	8	
C07	Compute the VC Dimension of a geometric set system using basic theorems of Combinatorial Geometry	PO4	Ар	С, Р	4	
CO8	Understand the concept of Epsilon nets and Epsilon Net Theorem.	PO4	U	С	4	
	Total hours				45	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Convex Hulls : Definition and properties of convex hull, Jarvis March Algorithm, Incremental Algorithm

• Line Segment Intersection and Map Overlay problem : Doubly Connected Edge List, The incremental algorithm,

• Polygon triangulation : Art Gallery problem, Partitioning to monotone pieces, Triangulating a monotone polygon

- Range Searching : Kd- Trees, Range trees
- Point Location : Kirkpatrick's decomposition, Trapezoidal Maps

• Voronoi Diagrams and Delaunay Triangulation : Properties of Voronoi diagram and Delaunay triangulation, Fortune's Algorithm, Randomised algorithm for Delaunay triangulation

Combinatorial Geometry : Basic Theorems - Radon's lemma, Helly's theorem, Centerpoint theorem

• Epsilon nets : VC Dimension, definition of epsilon nets, Epsilon net theorem, Epsilon nets for basic geometric set systems



Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Text Book: Mark de Berg, Otfried Cheong, Marc van Kreveld, and Mark Overmars, Computational Geometry: Algorithms and Applications, third edition, Springer-Verlag, 2008.

References: Franco P Preparata and Michael Shamos, Computational Geometry: An Introduction, Springer-Verlag, 1985. J. R Sack & J. Urrutia, Handbook of Computational Geometry, Elsevier Science, 2000.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assignments - 30% Seminar - 30% Implementation Project - 30% Course Participation - 10 %

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Assignment 1	CO1, CO2, CO3
2	Assignment 2	CO4, CO5, CO6
3	Assignment 3	CO7, CO8
4	Project	CO1-8
5	Seminar	CO1-8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of oral presentations



Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DS / AI 608: Network Science for the Web					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Srinath Srin	Srinath Srinivasa, Sridhar Mandyam				
		F	lours	Component			
		40		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)		8		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)			
	L:T:P = 40:	8	Total Credits = 4				
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Ll	nsatisfactory (S / X)			
Area of Specialization (if applic	abla)		Calibration yr Ch				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from the lis	<i>(t</i>)			
Theory and Systems for Corr		nore man iwo	ureus from the tis	Networking and			
A and Data	iputing			Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Mag	hine	-		Digital Society			
X Learning				3			
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security			
General Elective							
Programme / Branch				ogrammes / branch(es):			
	•	X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra		Branc	ch:			
	Х	iMTech					
	Х	M.Tech					
		M.Sc.					
	Х	CSE					
		ECE					
		Digital Socie	ty				
Course Category	Select	one from the following:					
0,	(Place)	X appropriately)					
		Basic Sciences					
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
	Х	CSE Branch Elective					
		ECE Branch	Elective				
		Engineering	Science and Skill	s			
		HSS/M					
	General						
Course Pre-Requisites	applicable star	te exact course cod	e/name)				
Course Fre-Requisites	applicable, stat	c chuci course cou	(mane)				
	First le	evel courses o	on Probability &	Statistics. Discrete			
		evel courses on Probability & Statistics, Discrete ematics and Graph Theory.					
	mante	ind of and o	impli incory.				



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	No	Although Network Science is used in
		various jobs including strategic management, marketing, forensics, etc. the
		course is not targeted directly at
Direct focus on employability		employability in any specific domain.
	Yes	Develops Network Analytics skills using
Focus on skill development		igraph or an equivalent Network library.
	No	Course focuses on technology and
Focus on entrepreneurship		concepts
Provides value added / life skills	Yes	Mandate system of evaluation requires
(language, writing, communication,		students to develop design, synthesis and
etc.)		presentation skills.

Course Context and Overview

Network Science deals with models, methods, tools, and mathematical techniques to study and analyze the behaviour of networks. Networks comprise entities represented as nodes (also referred to as vertices), and the relationships among the nodes are denoted by edges (also referred to links).

Networks are everywhere – connecting 'agents' of different types by edges representing their interactions: phone networks connect people through voice, text, or video linkages; electrical networks capture the connectivity between sources of generation and loads which consume the power that flows in the network; biological networks are used to model the nature of interaction between agents representing biological entities such as proteins; social networks model online interactions between social agents – people; and so on.

Network Science today has rapidly emerged as a vast interdisciplinary field of investigation, with tools and techniques drawn from many disciplines, ranging from the basic sciences, such as physics and biology, to the engineering sciences such as electrical engineering, through graph theory and learning in computer science and mathematics, and the social sciences, drawing in topics from microeconomics and game theory.

One of the central goals of Network Science is the study of complex phenomena arising from the interaction of a large number of agents interconnected by a network of linkages. These studies attempt to model and characterize the behaviour of agents located at the nodes, the impact of network structure on such behaviour and their characterization, and the dynamics that may result from changes to the network structure and properties.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	C L	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand history of the web and 5 different models of the WWW	PO2, PSO3	R, U	F, C	7	2
CO2	Analyse network structures based on structural characteristics	PO2, PO4, PSO4	U, A p, A n	C, FDP	11	4
CO3	Build and simulate generative models for network related problems	PO2, PO4, PSO4	U, A p, A n	C, FDP	10	2
CO4	Build and simulate probabilistic reasoning models for network related problems	PO2, PO4, PSO4	U, A p, A n	FDP, C	10	2

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Mandate - 1: Network Science and Analytics Fundamentals

- Introduction to Network Science for the Web
- Models of the Web
- Analytics Fundamentals
 - Confirmatory Analytics
 - Exploratory Analytics
 - Generative Analytics
- Stochastic Processes

Mandate - 2: Structural Analytics of Networks

- Measures of Network Centrality
 - Facility location based centralities
 - Stress centralities
 - Vitality measures



- Web centralities
- Estimating centrality measures for very large graphs
- Groups and Densities
 - Cliques, Plexes, Cores
 - Community detection models

Mandate - 3: Reasoning on Network Structures

- Causal Networks and Bayesian Reasoning
- Markov Random Fields
- Network Learning and Graph Neural Networks
- Intervention and Counterfactual Analysis

Mandate - 4: Social Network Generative Models

- Erdos-Renyi model
- Watts-Strogatz model
- Barabasi-Albert model
- Kleinberg model
- Information diffusion models

Instruction Schedule

- 1. Mandate 1: 3 weeks (instruction + mandate contributions)
- 2. Mandate 2: 5 weeks (instruction + mandate contributions)
- 3. Mandate 3: 4 weeks (instruction + mandate contributions)
- 4. Mandate 4: 4 weeks (instruction + mandate contributions)

Learning Resources

Some mandate-specific reading materials, that are updated year on year, are made available through the LMS during the course.

Reference texts:

- 1. Albert-Laszlo Barabasi. Network Science. http://networksciencebook.com/
- 2. Filippo Menczer, Santo Fortunato, Clayton Davis. <u>A First Course in Network Science</u>. Cambridge University Press. Feb 2020.
- 3. Börner, Katy, Soma Sanyal, and Alessandro Vespignani. "Network science." ARIST 41, no. 1 (2007): 537-607.
- 4. Ulrik Brandes and Thomas Erlebach. 2005. Network Analysis: Methodological Foundations (Lecture Notes in Computer Science). Springer-Verlag New York, Inc., Secaucus, NJ, USA.
- Easley, D. Kleinberg, J. Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World. ISBN 9781139490306. http://books.google.co.in/books?id=atfCl2agdi8C 2010. Cambridge University Press
- Ben Gal I (2007). "Bayesian Networks" (PDF). In Ruggeri F, Kennett RS, Faltin FW (eds.). Support-Page. Encyclopedia of Statistics in Quality and Reliability. John Wiley & Sons. doi:10.1002/9780470061572.eqr089. ISBN 978-0-470-01861-3.



WWW links:

- 1. Cuttlefish: <u>https://github.com/dev-cuttlefish/cuttlefish</u>
- 2. Cytoscape: <u>https://cytoscape.org/</u>
- 3. Gephi: <u>https://gephi.org/</u>
- 4. igraph: <u>https://igraph.org/</u>
- 5. NodeXL: https://www.smrfoundation.org/nodexl/
- 6. Pajek: http://mrvar.fdv.uni-lj.si/pajek/
- 7. OpenBUGS (Bayesian Inference Using Gibbs Sampling) http://www.openbugs.net/
- 8. JAGS (Just Another Gibbs Sampler) http://mcmc-jags.sourceforge.net/
- 9. DAGitty (Draw and analyze causal diagrams) http://dagitty.net/

Network Datasets:

- 1. Network Science Book Datasets. http://networksciencebook.com/translations/en/resources/data.html
- 2. SNAP. Stanford Large Network Dataset Collection. https://snap.stanford.edu/data/
- 3. Network Repository. <u>http://networkrepository.com/networks.php</u>

Assessment Plan

Mandate system of assessment is used in this course. Each learning mandate requires every student to make at least one primary (and any number of secondary) mandate contributions, which are graded directly with the IIITB letter grade. Each mandate also has an end-of-mandate quiz that is administered as a pass/fail requirement. Overall grade is the average of letter grades obtained over all mandate contributions.

For large classes (60+ students), the mandate system is modified as follows:

- 1. Students need to make just one primary mandate contribution relevant to any mandate of their choice, over the entire course-- and not one contribution per mandate
- 2. The end-of-mandate quiz will be graded towards the final grade
- 3. All quizzes and the mandate contributions will have equal weightage. Hence, if the course has 4 mandates, then each reflection quiz, and the course-wide mandate contribution, will have a weightage of 1/5 each.

More details about the Mandate-oriented classroom model may be found here:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1suVvDnzqJkrFv1IywDiEdDaXihngMXh3cAPmoSR0DlE/edit?usp =sharing

Assignments / Projects

None. Please see details about mandate contributions above.

Evaluation Procedures

Mandate system of assessment is used in this course. Each learning mandate requires every student to make at least one primary (and any number of secondary) mandate contributions, which are graded directly with the IIITB letter grade. Each mandate also has an end-of-mandate quiz that is



administered as a pass/fail requirement. Overall grade is the average of letter grades obtained over all mandate contributions.

For large classes (60+ students), the mandate system is modified as follows:

- 4. Students need to make just one primary mandate contribution relevant to any mandate of their choice, over the entire course-- and not one contribution per mandate
- 5. The end-of-mandate quiz will be graded towards the final grade
- 6. All quizzes and the mandate contributions will have equal weightage. Hence, if the course has 4 mandates, then each reflection quiz, and the course-wide mandate contribution, will have a weightage of 1/5 each.

More details about the Mandate-oriented classroom model may be found here:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1suVvDnzqJkrFv1IywDiEdDaXihngMXh3cAPmoSR0DlE/edit?usp =sharing

Late Assignment Submission Policy

A mandate is closed only after every student contributes to the mandate. The entire course remains incomplete for all students, until all students have contributed. Late submissions will result in the entire class lagging behind, which the students will be made to understand and appreciate at the outset.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Referenced literature needs to be cited in mandate contributions.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		Human Computer Interaction				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Linus Kendall				
		Hours			Component	
		36			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)		9			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		30			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 2:1	:1		Total Credits = 60	
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		X	4-point sc	ale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ry/Ur	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if application						
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from t	he lis		
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and	
and Data					Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	hine			Х	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra	X appropriate	ly. More that I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	n one Branc	:h:	
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact course	e code	e/name)	



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Interaction Design is taught in the course which is commonly desired skills by employers
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course teaches skills of evaluating and designing technology
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	The course teaches how to identify opportunities for and consequently design innovative technologies, in a similar way to how start-ups create technology
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Presentation skills and communication of design research

Course Context and Overview

The course is intended as a basic introduction to human computer interaction (HCI) for students with interdisciplinary backgrounds. It teaches the basic concerns, practices and methods of HCI, placing them in relation to other parts of their curriculum. It should provide students with understanding of a variety of methods, practices and principles in HCI. It should equip them to participate or even run a design project. The intended learning outcomes are:

Human Computer Interaction (HCI) is a wide-ranging, interdisciplinary field drawing on a wide variety of other fields such as computer science, design, media studies, cognitive science, sociology and psychology. Having initially been concerned with how computing systems could be designed to be efficient and easy to use, the field now engages with a wide range of issues. These include, for example, ways in which interactive systems and their design can create enjoyment and pleasure or be part of social and political change. As computing has become ubiquitous, so has HCI and its practices. Therefore, HCI practitioners increasingly find themselves at the forefront of studying broader concerns about interactions between humans and technology, then applying these understandings by translating them into design.

Design is central to HCI and accordingly in this course the design process is in focus. It is through design – methods and approaches to creating new forms of technology – that HCI can transform, for example, social concerns or personal needs into new technologies and associated practices. During the course, students will broadly be following the structure of a design project. Throughout the design project's different phases, students will engage with a wide variety of theory and methods of HCI. The focus will lie on screen based interfaces – but students will also consider other interaction modalities such as wearables or voice based interfaces. The primary design approach students will take focuses on human centered and participatory approaches. Increasingly, these approaches have been recognized as crucial for technology interventions to be able to serve the needs of its users.



This course provides a foundation relevant to any student who will take part in technology design or implementation. While design is often thought of as part of specialized practice of consultancies or internal design teams, in this course students will consider how design is part of any project that involves digital technologies. The methods and approaches taught can be used regardless of whether as part of a formal design process, or informally used in a technology implementation project.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)	Pract ical(H rs)
CO1	Apply appropriate methods to study a specific user group or usage situation	PO1	Ap ply ing		6		6
CO2	Formulate and communicate design opportunities, constraints and requirements from such a study	PO2 ,PO 3, PO4	Ap ply ing		3	1.5	6
CO3	Design and critically evaluate different solutions to a design problem, drawing on HCI theory and practice, experience of the problem domain and user studies	PO1 ,PO 3, PO4	Ap ply ing		1.5	2	6
CO4	Manifest designs through appropriate use of low and high-fidelity prototypes	PO4	Ap ply ing		4.5	2	6
CO5	Evaluate prototypes and designs	PO3 ,PO 4,P O5	Ev alu ati ng		3	2	6
CO6	Discuss the theoretical underpinnings of human computer interaction and their relevance to a given design task		Cr eat ing		3		
CO7	Identify broadly applicable design principles to a given design task in relevant domains	PO3 ,PO 4	Ap ply ing		4.5		
CO8	Locate design activities in relation to other parts of software development and implementation practice		Un der sta ndi ng		3		
CO9	Appreciate how socioeconomic concerns can be translated into practice through HCI via choice of method as well as designs	PO3 ,PO 4,P O5	Ev alu ati ng		3	1.5	



0040		DOF	-	4 5		
CO10	Appreciate how HCI and design itself is a	PO5	Ev	1.5		
	political act, and engages with the broader		alu			
	political economy		ati			
			ng			
	Total			36	9	30
				•••	J	•••

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- 1. What is usability, interaction design and user research.
- 2. User research methods.
- 3. Analysis and presentation of user research findings.
- 4. Interaction paradigms, interaction styles, user interface types
- 5. Prototyping
- 6. Evaluation of user interfaces and prototypes.
- 7. Visual design & design toolkits
- 8. Sociotechnical system design.
- 9. Accessibility.
- 10. The organisational context of design.
- 11. Participatory design.
- 12. The political role of design.

Instruction Schedule

- 1. Introduction to the course, welcome
- 2. Structure of the course + Intro to Evaluation
- 3. Introduction to human centered design, user studies and user research methods. Difference between design research and design practice. Introduction to the project, forming project groups.
- 4. Methods for studying users and their context
- 5. Contextual Inquiry
- 6. Methods III
- 7. Analysing HCI data Coding, Themes, Affinity diagramming
- 8. Analysing HCI data Scenarios, personas, storyboards
- 9. Affinity diagramming workshop
- 10. From user research to design concepts, workshops and ideation
- 11. Inspirations Cards workshop
- 12. Theories of HCI Cognitive & Psychological aspects, Behavioural & Social aspects
- 13. Interface types and interaction paradigms, what kind of interfaces are we designing, modalities, affordances



- 14. Modalities 1: Desktop software, interaction styles
- 15. Modalities 2: Websites, information architecture, card sort
- 16. Modalities 3: Smartphone apps, touch screen interfaces, wire frames
- 17. What's prototyping? What's evaluation? Why do we prototype?
- 18. Prototyping Types of prototypes, high and low fidelity prototypes.
- 19. Design principles and heuristics, what is "good" design?
- 20. Evaluation methods Think aloud, cognitive walk-throughs
- 21. Evaluation methods Heuristic evaluation, Experimental evaluation, A+B testing
- 22. Visual Design & Design toolkits, Design software. Information Design
- 23. Accessibility
- 24. Social context of design theories of social systems, activity design
- 25. Design, designers and designing in an organisational context
- 26. Advanced approaches to design Participatory, Critical Design, Living Labs
- 27. Design as Inclusion / Exclusion / Design as as politics

Learning Resources

The primary textbook for the course will be the Encyclopedia of Human Computer Interaction, freely available https://www.interaction-design.org/literature/book/the-encyclopedia-of-human-computer-interaction-2nd-ed.

Other material will be articles for reading before each lecture, academic articles and excerpts from textbooks. Additionally, videos and other material will be assigned to lectures as required.

Assessment Plan

- 5% Class attendance
- 15% Mid-term written paper and presentation 1000 word hand in plus oral presentation on topic covered in the first half of the course.
- 45% Group activities and workshops participation in workshops and activities throughout each stage of the design process.
- 35% Project, presentation and written hand in final project assignment conducted throughout the course, completion of evaluated prototype, write-up and presentation of project. Each person needs to attend at least one of the other group's presentations.

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Midterm presentation & paper on a theoretical subject within HCI	CO6
2	HCI project conducted throughout the course	CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4,CO 5,CO7



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Manual evaluation of written design materials
- Manual evaluation of presentations by students

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

As per institute policy

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	DT 202 The Digital and its Discontents/ ITS 602						
Course Instructor Name(s)	Janaki Srinivasan						
		Hours			Component		
		3		Le	Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)		1			itorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Pr	actical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		otal Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme	Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B	+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X against				· · · · ·			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/L	Insatist	actory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if application	•						
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the				
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				working and		
and Data			_		mmunication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mach	hine			(Dig	ital Society		
					oor Coourity		
VLSI Systems			—	Cy	per Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch Course Category	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ One from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than o Bro bro ty following:) ees Elective	ne is o nch:	nmes / branch(es): <i>kay</i>)			
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	General	te exact course c	ode/nan	ne)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Teaches students how social divides shape the heterogeneous consequences of a technology initiative, and sensitises them to the importance of factoring this into the design, deployment and use of digital technologies for diverse populations
Focus on skill development	Yes	Teaches critical thinking and analytical skills
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Highlights cases of development-focussed entrepreneurial ventures; teaches how to analyse the challenges and promise of such ventures
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Trains students in reading, writing and skills of constructing an evidence-based argument about the working of a technology initiative

Course Context and Overview

This course explores how the digital space shapes a multiplicity of social, economic, political and cultural inequalities in contemporary society. It will focus on two dimensions of such divides in the digital era: first, how classical inequalities and debates about them are reproduced in the digital space and, second, how the digital space might open up opportunities to challenge these divides. We will use the example of development theory and practice to introduce students to such divides and to understand how they have been conceptualized and addressed over time in the context of 'developing' countries. An important goal of the course will be to offer students the opportunity to think more critically about the possibilities and limits of ICT for Development (ICTD) projects.

'Development' has come to stand in for a variety of social, economic and political transformations in the past century, with its meaning and goals being redefined many times in that period. Our first step in this course will be to distinguish between the various senses of 'development' that prevail. We will trace the interplay of these different histories and meanings of development to understand why trajectories of social change have diverged dramatically in different geographies and times. Throughout, our focus will be on the central role accorded to technology in these theories and processes of social change. Subsequent modules will focus more narrowly on the contemporary production, deployment and use of novel digital technologies against the backdrop of this relationship between distinct senses of development. They will draw on examples of digital technology use in the domains of health, education, agriculture, governance and political advocacy in parts of Asia, South America and Africa. Our examples help us understand how the many kinds of development we studied shape digital spaces and, in so doing, open up possibilities for that space to be leveraged both to reinforce and to challenge existing inequalities and divides in different geographies.

In keeping with the larger goals of the Digital Society and other Masters programmes at IIITB, the lectures and assignments of the course are structured so as to encourage students to understand the socioeconomic, cultural, and political factors that shape the implications of technology deployment in a development context and for various marginalised populations. They also encourage students to carry out



independent secondary research of significant depth on a given geography, sector and ICTD initiative. Throughout, the course provides opportunities to students to apply their understanding of social divides to the reproduction and contestation of social divides in the design, deployment and use of digital technologies.

This course will be a foundation for students planning to take courses on e-governance, AI ethics or Social Media that examine technology use in the context of marginalised communities.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the types of social and digital divides and their roots in gender, class, caste, race, and region.	PO3	R, U	С	7.5	
CO2	Understand the evolution of development theories and their critiques, including contemporary debates on development metrics and goals,	PO3, PO5	R, U, An	F, C	9	3
CO3	Understand the role of technology in achieving developmental goals	PO3, PO5	R, U, An	F, C	3	
CO4	Understand the vision, ICT infrastructure and ICT policy environment that were developed and deployed in different parts of the globe since the 2000s	PO3	U, Ap, An, E	F, C	4.5	2
CO5	Understand the innovations in ICT that were developed and deployed in different parts of the globe since 2000 in education, healthcare, agriculture, finance, and governance,	PO3	U, Ap, An, E	F, C	7.5	2



CO6	Understand the innovations in ICT that were developed and deployed in different parts of the globe since 2000 in livelihood-related activities,	PO3	U, Ap, An, E	F, C	8.5	2
CO7	Analyze how social divides are reproduced and contested in the design, deployment, and use of digital technologies	PO3, PO4	Ap, E	С	2.5	5
CO8	Conduct secondary research of significant depth on the development trajectory of a given low-income geography, a sector (such as education, agriculture, finance, governance) in that region and an ICTD initiative in that sector and geography	PO1, PO2	Ap, An, C	C, MC	2.5	5
					45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Module 1 (towards CO1, CO8): **Divides, Digital and Social** (4 lectures, 1 essay discussion session) • Theories of information society and digital divides

Introduction to studying divides using the example of development theory and practice

Module 2 (towards CO2, CO3, CO7, CO8): **Theories and critiques of Development** (8 lectures, 1 essay discussion session)

• Overview of the multiple meanings and goals of 'development' and how these have been contested by various actors at different points in history

- Differentiating between 'little d' and 'Big D' development, and how they shape each other
- Classical theories explaining capitalism (little d development) and the role of technology in each
- Outlining the eras of interventional Development since WWII (Big D development) and the role of technology in each: Modernization approach, Dependency Theory, Washington Consensus and the Neo-Liberal Turn, Post-Development Critiques
- Insights from history and a framework to study digital technologies in development: o identifying role of state vs. market
 - o understanding efficiency vs. equity implications of various development models and metrics o learning to see role of structures and agency in how technological initiatives work

Module 3 (towards CO4, CO5, CO6. CO7, CO8): **ICT for D** (9 lectures, 1 essay discussion session) • The role of devices, points of access and standards in ICTD interventions



· Cases of ICT deployment in education, finance, health, agriculture

• Analysing what is assumed and obscured, role of state and market, of structure and agency in each case

Module 4 (towards CO7, CO7, CO8): ICTs in 'little d' development (4 lectures, 1 essay discussion session)

• The commoditization of land, labour and knowledge as part of the capitalist development of ICT industries

• Dissent in the digital era

Module 5 (towards CO1): Wrap-up (1 lecture)

• Bring together threads from earlier modules to discuss alternative ways of thinking about the use of ICTs in the current conjecture of d/Development

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Module 1

Session 1 Introduction to class

Session 2 Is the World Flat in the Age of Information?

Session 3 Living in an Information Society

Session 4 Theories of Digital Divides

Session 5 Discussion of Essay Rationale in class

Module 2

Session 6 The Many Definitions of Development

Session 7 Theories of Capitalist development I

Session 8 Theories of Capitalist development II

Session 9 Modernization and Dependency Schools of Development

Session 10 Challenges to the modernization approach (1970s)

Submission of Essay 1

Session 11Structural Adjustment and the Washington Consensus (1980s)

Session 12 Discussion of Essay 2 plan in class

Session 13 Post Development: Participatory and Sustainable Development?

Session 14 Post Development (contd.): Development through Markets?

MID-TERM: Submission of Essay 2

Module 3

Session 15 The Vision for ICTD in the 2000s Session 16 ICT Infrastructures – Devices, Connectivity, Access and Algorithms Session 17 ICT Policy Environment – Standards, Regulation and Ethics Session 18 ICTs in Literacy, Education, and Learning Session 19 ICTs in Finance Session 20 Discussion of Essay 3 plan in class Session 21 ICTs in Agriculture Session 22 ICTs in Health, Nutrition and Disability Session 23 ICTs in Governance and Social Protection Session 24 What is Assumed and What is Obscured in ICTD interventions Module 4 Session 25 Discussing Essay 3 outline Session 26 Real Estate in a Virtual World? Session 27 Digital Labour Session 28 Knowledge in the Age of Information Session 29 Digital Counter Movements? Module 5



Session 30 Beyond Empowerment and Instrumental Use?

END TERM: Submission of Essay 3

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course] There is no single prescribed textbook for this course. Students will rely on lecture notes and assigned readings (excerpted from books or articles, a few of which are mentioned below). These will be made available on the institute LMS.

• Bhatia, A and Bhabha, J. 2017. "India's Aadhaar scheme and the promise of inclusive social protection." *Oxford Development Studies* Vol. 45 (1), pp. 64-79.

• Bonilla, Yarimar, and Jonathan Rosa. 2015. "# Ferguson: Digital protest, hashtag ethnography, and the racial politics of social media in the United States." *American Ethnologist* 42, no. 1: 4-17.

• Chan, Jenny, Ngai Pun, and Mark Selden. 2013. "The politics of global production: Apple, Foxconn and China's new working class." *New Technology, Work and Employment* 28, no. 2: 100-115.

• Easterly, William R. 2002. The Elusive Quest for Growth: Economists' Adventures and Misadventures in the Tropics. Reprint edition. Cambridge, Mass.: The MIT Press.

• Escobar, Arturo. 1995. "Imagining a Post-Development Era." In *Power of Development* edited by J. Crush. London: Routledge.

• Eubanks, Virginia. 2018. "A Child Abuse Prediction Model Fails Poor Families" *WIRED*, January 15. Evans, Peter. 2010. "Is it labor's turn to globalize? Twenty-first century opportunities and strategic responses." *Global Labour Journal* 1, no. 3.

• Francis, E., Blumenstock, J., & Robinson, J. (2017). "Digital Credit: A Snapshot of the Current Landscape and Open Research Questions." *Working Paper 516*, The Bureau for Research and Economic Analysis of Development.

• Frank, Andre Gunder. 1966 'The Development of Underdevelopment,' Monthly Review (18): pp. 17-31.

• Gandhi, Rikin; Rajesh Veeraraghavan; Kentaro Toyama, and Vanaja Ramprasad. 2007. "Digital Green: Participatory video for agricultural extension." In *IEEE Proceedings of Information and Communication Technologies and Development*, 2007: 1-10.

•Jensen, Robert. 2007. "The Digital Provide: Information (Technology), Market Performance, and Welfare in the South Indian Fisheries Sector." *The Quarterly Journal of Economics* 122 (3): 879–924.

• Jessop, Bob. 2007. Knowledge as a fictitious commodity: Insights and limits of a Polanyian perspective. In *Reading Karl Polanyi for the twenty-first century: Market economy as political project*. Palgrave, Basingstoke, pp. 115-134.

• Morawczynski, O. 2009. "Exploring the usage and impact of "transformational" mobile financial services: the case of M-PESA in Kenya." *Journal of Eastern African Studies* 3(3): 509-525

• Upadhya, Carol. 2007. "Employment, Exclusion and 'Merit' in the Indian IT Industry." *Economic and Political Weekly*, pp. 1863-1868.

• Vie, Stephanie. 2014. "In defense of "slacktivism": The Human Rights Campaign Facebook logo as digital activism." *First Monday* 19, no. 4.

• W. W. Rostow, 1960. *The Stages of Economic Growth: A Non-Communist Manifesto.* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

• Warschauer, Mark and Morgan Ames. 2010. "Can One Laptop Per Child Save the

• Webster, Frank. 2006. Theories of the Information Society. London; New York: Routledge. inclusive social protection." Oxford Development Studies Vol. 45 (1), pp. 64-79. World's Poor?" *Journal of International Affairs* 64(1)

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Assessment criteria:



- 1. Class participation 5%
- 2. Reading responses 10%
- 3. Leading class 10%
- 4. Essays (3) 75%
 - a. Examining a chosen country's development models 15%
 - b. Examining the development planning and priorities of a specific sector in that country- 25%
 - c. Examining an ICT initiative targeted at above sector in chosen country 35%

The evaluation criteria for each essay will be based on:

- Depth of country research
- Argument and linking to readings/concepts from class
- Clarity and structure in your writing

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
	Class participation : Throughout the semester, in lecture-based and discussion sessions. Your participation grade will be based on the extent to which you engage with the material and in our discussions in class - you will find it very hard to do either if you have not read the material for class.	CO1-CO6
	Leading class: Once or twice in the semester (depending on class size)	CO4, CO5, CO6
	You will be required to make a 15-minute presentation to the class at least once in the semester. Your presentation will be evaluated for its ability to summarize the main arguments of the readings assigned for that session and to raise questions.	
	Reading responses: 10 reading responses to be submitted through semester	CO3-CO6
	You are required to post your reading responses $(150 - 250 \text{ words})$ by midnight the day prior to the session whose readings you are responding to. Individual responses will not be graded (but if you don't submit, that will reflect in your grade). You will be graded overall for your ability to engage with, connect and challenge the concepts introduced in your readings.	
	Module 2: You will respond to the readings assigned for a class session and post responses for all 8 lecture-based sessions in the module. Module 3 and 4: Reading responses for these modules will be Module-level i.e., you will be expected to respond to one question that we pose in each module. You may use readings from any one class from that module to answer that question.	
	Essays: 3 essays in the semester	CO7, CO8
	You will be required to write a sequence of three essays for this course. The essays will build on each other, and you will engage with them through the semester. Closer	



to the submission date of the essays, there will be an in-class discussion session where you will be required to discuss your essay plan with your classmates in groups.

You will pick a country that the World Bank currently lists as low or low-middle income and that is of interest to you. In your first essay, you will trace the history of development in that country since the early 20th century, paralleling the theories and histories we will discuss in class. For the second essay, you will pick a domain that has been the target of Development activity in that country (eg., governance, health, education) and trace its history, again paralleling class discussions. For your final essay, you will build on your previous essays and once again leverage discussions in class to analyse an ICT-based project currently underway in the country and domain you picked. In each case, you will use your essay to engage with the arguments of a relevant reading from class.

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided an opportunity to view their graded essays over email or in person. They will also have an opportunity to view other components of their score and enquire about them.

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students will not be allowed to submit their essays or other assignments later than the deadline other than for valid medical reasons.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Students may follow any recognized citation standard such as APA, or Chicago, as long as they do so consistently.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



This class has a zero-tolerance policy towards plagiarism. Every time you plagiarize (even if you argue that it is merely quoting someone without citing them), and starting from the first such instance, you will receive a zero for that assignment. Please clear any citation queries you may have ahead of time

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

All readings and grading comments are made available in a digital format that is accessible for visually challenged students. Other accommodations will be as per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Na	ne	DT211 Dynamics of the Information Technology Industry				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Balaji Parth	asarathy			
		ŀ	lours		Comp	onent
Credite (L.T.D)	3			Lecture (1hr = 2	1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)	1				Tutorial (1hr = 2	1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutorial : Praction				Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credits =	= 4	
Grading Scheme		x	x 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,			,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/Uı	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)
Area of Specialization (if a	pplica	ble)				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		•	areas from	the lis	t)	
Theory and Systems for Com	nputing				Networking and	
and Data		-			Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	chine			Х	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to	o the follow	ing pro	ogrammes / branc	h(es):
	(Place	X appropriate	ly. More th	an one	e is okay)	
	Progra	umme:		Branc	ch:	
	х	iMTech		Х	CSE	
		M.Tech		Х	ECE	
	Х	M.Sc.		Х	Digital Society	
Course Category		one from the f				
	(Place .	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch				
		ECE Branch				
	x	Engineering HSS/M	Science an		<u>5</u>	
	^	General				
		•				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	te exact cour	se code	e/name)	
	NONE	(although e	kposure to	DT38	5 will be useful)	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		The course provides analytical insights into how changes in technology, public policies, and business strategies have provided an opportunity for new entrepreneurs in various parts of the world.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	×	The readings for the class, the discussions around the readings, and the term papers force students to articulate their ideas about how opportunities for entrepreneurship emerge with the forces that shape new technologies.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Overview: This course is designed to analytically comprehend the institutional forces that have shaped the changes to the technical, social and spatial divisions of labour in the information technology (IT) industry. Such comprehension will help participants think about how changing social and economic conditions determine what technologies are developed in the industry and how they are produced, who produces them and where they are produced.

Format: All participants will be expected to read the assigned material and come prepared to discuss it in class. Since the course will follow a seminar format, active participation in class discussion will enhance the value of the class for everyone. One or two participants will be asked to take charge of the readings in every class and make a twenty-minute presentation. The presentations are not to be descriptive summaries; instead, they must synthesize the key ideas and concepts in the readings and raise issues for discussion.

Duration: 3 hours, once a week, 15 weeks

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO CL	КС	Class Tut (Hrs) (Hrs)
----	----------------	------------	----	--------------------------



	जानमु					
CO1	Understand the historical evolution of computing (from the mainframe to the PC era), and networking (from local networks to the global internet).	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	9	
CO2	Identify economic characteristics of IT and how they distinguish it from other industrial sectors.	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	3	
CO3	Understand the organisation of production in the global hardware industry, especially semiconductor segment in Silcon Valley	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	3	
CO4	Understand the reasons behind the divergent trajectories of the Taiwanese and Indian hardware industries	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze, Evaluate	Conceptual	6	
CO5	Identify the quality/productivity problems and the "software bottleneck" that have plagued software development.	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	3	
CO6	Understand the organizational and institutional responses to the bottleneck, in the form of software services, packaged software and open source software.	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	6	
CO7	Understand the forces behind rise of the IT industry in emerging markets – Brazil, China, India, Ireland, Israel, Russia	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze, Evaluate	Conceptual	12	
CO8	Understand the emerging international division of labour in the global IT industry	PO3, PO5 (MSc) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze, Evaluate	Conceptual	3	
			Total num	per of hours	45	
Legend: 1	P <u>O/PSO</u> : Programme Outcomes / Programme S	Specific Outco	omes; <u>CL</u> : Cogniti	ve Level (from R	evised	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

See below in Instruction Schedule

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week 1: Introduction and Course Survey Week 2: An Overview of the Computing Industry Week 3: Laying the Foundations for a Networked World Week 4: The Road to Convergence: The Digitization of Communications Week 5: The Network Economy: Old or New? Week 6: The Geography of the Computer/Semiconductor Industry in the US Week 7: The Global Hardware Industry I: The Taiwanese Success Story Week 8: The Global Hardware Industry II: India's Insignificance Week 9: The Software Bottleneck and its Resolution I: Software Engineering Week 10: The Limits to Software Engineering: Japan in the PC era Week 11: The Software Bottleneck and its Resolution II: Software Products Week 12: The Software Bottleneck and its Resolution III: Open Source Software Week 13: The Globalization of the Software Industry I: Software Services in India and Russia Week 14: Globalization of the Software Industry II: From Services to Products in Ireland and Israel Week 15: Towards a Global Division of Labour in the ICT Industry; Wrapping up

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

John A.N. Lee. 1996. Those who forget the lessons of history are doomed to repeat it. *IEEE Annals of the History of Computing.* 18(2):54-62.

Martin Campbell-Kelly and William Aspray. 2004 (2nd ed.). *Computer: A History of the Information Machine.* Westview Press.

Janet Abate. 1999. Inventing the Internet. MIT Press.

Carl Shapiro and Hal Varian. 1999. *Information Rules: A Strategic Guide to the Network Economy.* Harvard Business School Press.

Annalee Saxenian. 1994. *Regional Advantage: Culture and Competition in Silicon Valley and Route 128.* Harvard University Press.



John Mathews and Dong-Sung Cho. 2000. *Tiger Technology: The Creation of a Semiconductor Industry in East Asia.* Cambridge University Press.

Dan Breznitz. 2007. Innovation and the State: Political Choice and Strategies for Growth in Israel, Taiwan and Ireland. Yale University Press.

Eswaran Sridharan. 1995. The Political Economy of Industrial Promotion: Indian, Brazilian, and Korean Electronics in Comparative Perspective 1969-1994. Praeger.

Frederick P. Brooks. 1995 (2nd edition). *The Mythical Man-Month: Essays on Software Engineering.* Addison Wesley Longman.

Steve McConnell. 1999. *After the Gold Rush: Creating a True Profession of Software Engineering.* Microsoft Press. pp.1-97

Michael Cusumano. 1992. Shifting economies: From craft production to flexible systems and software factories. *Research Policy.* 21(5):453-480.

Marie Anchordoguy. 2000. Japan's software industry: A failure of institutions? *Research Policy*. 29(3):391-408.

Edmund A. Egan. 1997. *The Spatial Dynamics of the US Computer Software Industry.* Ph.D. Dissertation. University of California, Berkeley.

Yuko Aoyama and Hiro Izushi. 2003. Hardware gimmick or cultural innovation? Technological, cultural and social foundations of Japan's video-game Industry. *Research Policy*. 32(3):423-444.

Steven Weber. 2004. The Success of Open Source. Harvard University Press.

Josh Lerner and Mark Schankerman. 2010. *The Comingled Code: Open Source and Economic Development*. MIT Press.

Balaji Parthasarathy. 2004. India's Silicon Valley or Silicon Valley's India? Socially embedding the computer software industry. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research*. 28(3):664-685.

Balaji Parthasarathy. 2010. The computer software industry as a vehicle of late industrialization: Lessons from the Indian case. *Journal of the Asia Pacific Economy*. 15(3):247-270.

Melanie Feakins. 2007. Off and out: The spaces of certification - offshore outsourcing in St. Petersburg, Russia. *Environment and Planning A.* 39(8):1889-1907.

Sean O'Riain. 2004. *The Politics of High-Tech Growth: Developmental Network States in the Global Economy.* Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences 23. Cambridge University Press.

Yuri Takhteyev. 2012. Coding Places: Software Practice in a South American City. MIT Press.



Dan Breznitz and Michal Murphree. 2010. *Run of the Red Queen: Government, Innovation, Globalization and Economic Development in China.* Yale University Press.

Balaji Parthasarathy and Bharath M Palavalli. 2011. The role of standards in technology-driven commodity chains: The information and communication technology services industry in Dalian, China, and Bangalore, India. In Morki Ohara, Manimegalai Vijayabaskar and Hong Lin (eds.). *Industrial Dynamics in India and China: Firms, Clusters and Different Growth Paths.* Palgrave Macmillan.

Annalee Saxenian. 2006. The New Argonauts: Regional Development in a Global Economy. Harvard University Press.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Class Participation: 25% Class Presentation: 15% Essay 1: 15% Essay 2: 20% Essay 3: 25%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

~	[List exact number of assignments of projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]							
S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping						
1.	Active participation in class discussions	All COs						
2.		Potentially						
	In-class presentation of reading material (a few times a semester)	any CO						
3	An essay (limit 2000 words) on the importance of standards in the	CO2						
	information economy.							
4	An essay (limit 2000 words) comparing the evolutionary trajectories	CO3						
	of the Indian and the Taiwanese hardware industries.	CO4						
5								
		CO5,						
	An essay (limit 5000 words) on the software bottleneck and its							
	transformation across the world.	CO8						

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

• Manual evaluation of essays (for assignments listed above)

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or onlin



Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

No late submission of essays without prior instructor permission.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Please refer <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/purdue_owl.html</u> and follow any of the formats (eg. APA, MLA) described there.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DT 304 Digital Product Development			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Janaki Srini	vasan		
		H	lours		Component
		4			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
Credits (L:T:P)					Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scal	e (A,	A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			Catiofactory	//	etisfactory (C / X)
appropriate box)			Salisfactory	/Uns	atisfactory (S / X)
Area of Specialization (if applic	-	,	<u> </u>		<u>`</u>
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from th	ie lis	
Theory and Systems for Com	nputing				Networking and
and Data	hina		-		Communication
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	, illite			Х	Digital Society
VLSI Systems			-		Cyber Security
General Elective			-		
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X X X Select	X appropriate	ly. More than B by collowing:) es Elective Elective		h:
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact course	code	e/name)



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Teaches students how social divides shape the heterogeneous consequences of a technology initiative, and sensitises them to the importance of factoring this into the design, deployment and use of digital technologies for diverse populations
Focus on skill development	Yes	Teaches critical thinking and analytical skills
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Highlights cases of development-focussed entrepreneurial ventures; teaches how to analyse the challenges and promise of such ventures
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Trains students in reading, writing and skills of constructing an evidence-based argument about the working of a technology initiative

Course Context and Overview

The objective of this course is to give the students a hands-on experience of various aspects of digital product development. The course will be conducted as a series of exercises and projects. In keeping with the larger goals of the Digital Society and other Masters programmes at IIITB, the readings and exercises would be designed to make the participants aware of the challenges involved and also help them experience what often goes wrong.

We will have a few reading exercises and presentations on digital product development and processes. However, the primary focus would be the actual exercises.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the basic elements of digital product management	PO3	R, U	С	4	



	गौनमुत्तमम्					
CO2	Define and fine-tune framework to evaluate digital products	PO4, PO5	R, U	С	4	4
CO3	Evaluate the working of public-facing websites in real time	PO3, PO4	Ap, E	F, C	7	5
CO4	Conceptualize digital solutions for a social cause.	PO3, PO4	U, An	F, C	10	2
CO5	Build digital solutions for a social cause.	PO3, PO4	U, Ap,	н, С, Р	10	2
CO6	Understand SDLC, HDLC, Design for Six Sigma and Agile processeses	PO3	R, U	F, C	4	
CO7	Conceptualize and develop a metric to measure the effectiveness of a working system	PO3, PO4	U, Ap	F, C, P	6	2
					45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

The course will be conducted as a series of exercises and projects. The exercises would be designed to make the participants aware of the challenges involved and also help them experience what often goes wrong. We will have a few reading exercises and presentations on digital product development and processes. However, the primary focus would be the actual exercises, which could include:

- Analysis of web based solutions used by people who don't understand the underlying technology, such as a) The railways reservation site b) Passport application and processing c) Income tax d) Flipkart e) GOI sites f) PF g) e-learning sites
- 2. Analysis of a social media based solution to serve a public cause like a) Driving disciplineb) Better Queuing etiquette c) Public participation in road management.
- 3. Analysis and use of a method to gather and analyze data on the effectiveness of Ayurveda or Yoga, such that it can compare with the drug approval process followed by big pharma.
- 4. Examining a solution which includes a hardware component to help increase literacy.

For exercises similar to #2, #3 and #4, the students will have to go through the whole development life cycle. Implementation will have very minimal (or none) importance and thus the engineering knowledge expected is minimal. If teams can be formed with sufficient engineering strength, then one or more exercises (like say #2) will be implemented.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule] Week 1:

Introduction

Week 2:

Define an evaluation framework. Fine tune the evaluation framework each week.

Week 3:

Analyze IRCTC and IIIT Website

Week 4:

Analyze and compare Amazon and Flipkart.

Week 5:

Analyze IPTO and the PSK service.

Week 6 to 9:

Conceptualize and build a social network based solution for a social cause.

Week 10:

Student seminars on SDLC, HDLC, Design for Six Sigma and Agile processes

Week 11:

Discuss how the Month 2 exercise could have been done better. Analyze an Indian e-learning site.

Week 12, 13:



Conceptualize and develop (building a working prototype is not mandatory) a solution to measure the effectiveness of Yoga or Ayurveda. The aim is to make the measure comparable to the drug approval process followed by big pharma.

Week 14, 15:

Conceptualize and develop a solution using digital technologies to eliminate illiteracy in a geography.

Week 16:

Recap

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Assessment criteria:

Presentation:	15%
Discussions and ideas:	15%
Workshops on analysis and evaluation:	20%
Workshops on conceptualization and product building:	50%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
	Presentation:	CO1-CO6
	Discussions and ideas:	CO4, CO5, CO6
	Workshops on analysis and evaluation:	CO3-CO6
	Workshops on conceptualization and product building:	CO7, CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided an opportunity to view their graded essays over email or in person. They will also have an opportunity to view other components of their score and enquire about them.



Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students will not be allowed to submit their essays or other assignments later than the deadline other than for valid medical reasons.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Students may follow any recognized citation standard such as APA, or Chicago, as long as they do so consistently.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

Accommodations will be as per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Na	me	DT 305 From Territorial Place to Cyberspace: The				
		Political Economy of Location				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Balaji Parth				
			lours		Component	
Credits (L:T:P)		4			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit	,
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit	,
				Practical (2hrs = 1 cre	dit)	
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0		Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		x	4-point se	cale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F	-)
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ory/Ur	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if a	soilag	ble)	1			
(Choose by placing X in box agai		•	areas from	the lis	t)	
Theory and Systems for Con			5		Networking and	
and Data					Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine			x	Digital Society	
Learning VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective				-	Cyber Cecurity	
	Course	io restricted t	o tho follow		grammes / branch(es):	
Programme / Branch		X appropriate				
	Progra		•	Branc	• •	
	x	iMTech		X	CSE	
		M.Tech		x	ECE	
	x	M.Sc.		х	Digital Society	
Course Category	Select	one from the f	following:			
	(Place	X appropriately)			
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch	Elective			
		ECE Branch				
		Engineering	Science and	d Skills	;	
	X	HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name)				
		- (1		0400		
		= (but expos	sure to HS	5102	is encouraged)	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	×	Engages students to critically think about how/why social and political factors continue to influence the location of economic activity despite certain activities taking place in the "cloud" or in cyberspace.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
	×	The readings for the class, the discussions around the readings, and the term paper force students to articulate their ideas about
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		the relationship between technology, globalization and location,

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Overview: Economic globalization in recent decades, and advances in IT, has greatly increased international flows of ideas, capital, goods, and, to a lesser extent, people. Certain activities, such as retailing, can indeed be carried out effectively online. However, flows from one location to another, i.e., the spatial separation of, say, production from consumption, does not reduce the significance of the locations themselves. Further, a considerable proportion of socio-economic activity is not so footloose as to be able to flow across the globe. For instance, government activities, or the provision of services such as education or healthcare, are primarily local, as their social characteristics, and the regulatory demands they are subject to, vary across political jurisdictions. Similarly, visiting a tourist site, or going on pilgrimage, is experiential and not merely transactional. As a result, many activities demand physical proximity, the need for which cannot be wished away by technology.

Yet, locational determinants keep changing. As technological change makes possible the production of new goods and services, it opens up new "windows of locational opportunity". Where those goods can be produced - either because of the cost and availability of inputs like specific skills, or because of politically negotiated policies governing intellectual property rights, or access to venture capital – opens up new locational possibilities which, in turn, is accompanied by shifts in the direction and volume of global flows.

The course will draw on theoretical frameworks from economic geography and development geography to unravel the complexity of locational decisions with examples. The course will begin with static theories of comparative advantage that explain how individual firms in specific sectors chose optimal locations based on access to raw materials and final markets. It will then move to explain how firm location is also determined by proximity to other firms, many of whom may be competitors. This is because of access to shared institutions, such as universities supplying skilled labor, or inputs such as new ideas, which are intangible. The short term costs of locating



in such agglomerations are outweighed by the long term benefits of being in a place where, as the British economist Alfred Marshall, pointed out, "the secrets of the trade are in the air".

The course will also examine how globalization opens up opportunities beyond national boundaries as firms and their activities are spread across the world. Countries and regions that have the infrastructure, the technology and the skills are in the best position to benefit. However, when such conditions are not met, development geography describes and explains the cases of countries like Korea or Taiwan, where political consensus to achieve economic goals has made it possible to "catch-up" with industrialized countries. Even in countries like India, where consensus and catch-up are less evident, improvement in economic prospects requires greater connections with the global economy. Such connections are being made easier by technological improvements, especially in IT. A happy outcome, at least for India, is the rise of Bangalore as a prominent agglomeration of the global software industry.

But contemporary globalization can be a double-edged sword especially since IT is a basket of general purpose technologies which transform all domains of socio-economic activity. The new combination of inputs required for the incorporation of IT to improve the reliability and efficiency of products and services in long-standing sectors might mean more opportunity in a place like Bangalore. On the other hand, when locations do not have the institutions to meet the demand for new inputs, their economic base can be devastated and turn into what sociologist Manuel Castells terms the "black holes of information capitalism". The economic decline and social devastation in a city like Detroit, with the changes to the technologies underlying manufacturing and the globalization of manufacturing, is a poignant reminder. Similarly, there is enough evidence showing how globalization and IT can also lead to global networks of criminality and socially unwelcome behavior. Thus, this course will bring together the tensions between the local and global, and the role of cyberspace and territorial place in our lives.

Format: All participants will be expected to read the assigned material and come prepared to discuss it in class. Since the course will follow a seminar format, active participation in class discussion will enhance the value of the class for everyone. One or two participants will be asked to take charge of the readings in every class and make a twenty-minute presentation. The presentations are not to be descriptive summaries; instead, they must synthesize the key ideas and concepts in the readings and raise issues for discussion.

Duration: Two hours, twice a week,14 weeks

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand classical location theory	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	6	
CO2	Understand (inter)national development theories	PO2, PO5,	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	6	



		17 A.				
		(M,Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)				
CO3	Understand developmental impacts/outcomes of regional policies	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	6	
CO4	Conceptualize globalization	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	4	
CO5	Understand new institutional approaches to socio-spatial relationships	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	12	
CO6	Understand critiques of development theories and the possibility of late industrialization	PO2, PO3 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	8	
CO7	Understand technology-enabled globalization, global commodity and production chains	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	6	
CO8	Understand the transformation brought about by IT to the relationship between space and location	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	6	
CO9	Understand the promises and perils of globalization	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	4	
Total number of hours			mae: CI : Cooniti		58	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)



Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

See Instruction Schedule below

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

- 1: Introduction
- 2: The Germanic Origins of Location Theory
- 3. From Location to Agglomeration
- 4: Thinking about International Development
- 5: Import-Substitution-led Industrialization and Dependency in Latin America
- 6: Import-Substitution led Industrialization in India
- 7. The Role of Cities in Development
- 8. Urban and Regional Policies
- 9. Urban Bias
- 10: Conceptualizing Globalization with the Product Cycle Hypothesis
- 11: The New International Division of Labor
- 12: The Critical turn in Geography I
- 13: The Critical turn in Geography II
- 14: Transactions Costs Analysis and the Black Box of the Firm
- 15: Trusted Transactions, Flexible Organization and the Industrial District
- 16: Tacit Knowledge and Regional Advantage in Silicon Valley
- 17: From Post-Fordism to Post-industrial Manufacturing
- 18: The Washington Consensus and Development
- 19: Late Industrialization
- 20. The Developmental State
- 21. Late-late Industrialization in China and India
- 22. Global Commodity Chains and Global Value Chains
- 23. Fixing Global Commodity Chains I: World Cities and Global Cities
- 24. Fixing Global Commodity Chains: The Internationalization of Industrial Districts
- 25. The Spatial Logic of New Network Technologies
- 26. New and Old Networks for e-Commerce and m-Commerce I
- 27. New and Old Networks for e-Commerce and m-Commerce II
- 28. The Black Holes of Information Capitalism
- 29. The Promise and the Perils of Globalization

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Richard Peet. 1970. <u>Von Thünen theory and the dynamics of agricultural expansion</u>. *Explorations in Economic History*. 8(2):181-201.

C J Friedrich (ed.) 1929. *Alfred Weber's Theory of Location of Industries.* University of Chicago Press. Pp.1-34.



August Lösch. 1938. The nature of economic regions. Southern Economic Journal. 5(1):71-78.

Harold Hotelling. 1929. Stability in competition. The Economic Journal. 39(153):41-57.

Walt Whitman Rostow. 1991 [1960] 3rd ed. *The Stages of Economic Growth: A Non-Communist Manifesto.* Cambridge University Press. Pp.1-16.

P N Rosenstein-Rodan. 1957. Notes on the theory of the "Big Push". Typescript. Center for International Studies, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Haripriya Rangan. 2008. "Development" in question. Pp.563-578 in Kevin R Cox, Murray Low, and Jennifer Robinson. *The SAGE Handbook of Political Geography*. SAGE Publications.

Bert F Hoselitz.1953. The role of cities in the economic growth of underdeveloped countries. *Journal of Political Economy*. 61(3):195-208.

John Friedmann. 1969. The role of cities in national development. *American Behavioral Scientist.* 12(5):13-21.

N.V.Sovani. 1962. The analysis of "over-urbanization". *Economic Development and Cultural Change*. 12(2):113-122.

Harry W Richardson. 1972. Optimality in city size, systems of cities and urban policy: A sceptic's view. *Urban Studies*. 9(1):29-48.

D.F. Darwent. 1969. Growth poles and growth centers in regional planning – A Review. *Environment and Planning.* 1:5-32.

Albert O Hirschman. 1968. The political economy of import substituting industrialization in Latin America. *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 82(1):1-32.

Andre Gunder Frank. 1976. The development of underdevelopment. *Monthly Review.* 18(4):17-31.

Fernando Henrique Cardoso. 1972. Dependency and development in Latin America. *New Left Review.* 74:83-95.

Isher Judge Ahluwalia. 1991. *Productivity and Growth in Indian Manufacturing.* Oxford University Press. Pp.1-31.

Pranab Bardhan. 1984. The Political Economy of Development in India. Oxford University Press.

Michael Lipton. 1975. Urban bias and food policy in developing countries. *Food Policy.* 1(1):41-52.

Robert H Bates. 1993. 'Urban Bias': A Fresh Look. *Journal of Development Studies*. 29(4):219-228.



Ashutosh Varshney. 1993. Urban Bias in Perspective. *Journal of Development Studies*. 29(4):3-22.

Raymond Vernon. 1966. International Investment and International Trade in the Product Cycle. *Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 80(2):190-207.

Raymond Vernon. 1979. The Product Cycle Hypothesis in a New International Environment. *Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics.* 41(4):255-267.

Michael Storper. 1985. Oligopoly and the Product Cycle: Essentialism in Economic Geography. *Economic Geography*. 61(3):260-282.

Folker <u>Fröbel</u>, <u>Jürgen Heinrichs</u> and <u>Otto Kreye</u>. 1978. The World Market for Labour and the World Market for Industrial Sites. *Journal of Economic Issues*. 12(4):843-858.

Alain Lipietz. 1982. Towards Global Fordism? New Left Review. 132:33-47.

Rhys Jenkins. 1984. Divisions Over the International Division of Labour. *Capital and Class*. 22:28-57.

Erica Schoenberger. 1988. Multinational Corporations and the New International Division of Labor: A Critical Appraisal. *International Regional Science Review*. 11(2): 105-119.

Richard A Walker. 1981. Industrial Location Policy: False Premises, Wrong Conclusions. *Built Environment.* 6(2):105-113.

Ricard A Walker and Michael Storper. 1981. Capital and Industrial Location. *Progress in Human Geography*. 5(4):473-509.

Doreen B Massey. 1973. Towards a Critique of Industrial Location Theory. Antipode. 5(3):33-39.

Michael Storper and Richard A Walker. 1983. The Theory of Labour and Theory of Location. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research.* 7(1):1-44.

David Harvey. 1975. The Geography of Capitalist Accumulation: A Reconstruction of the Marxian Theory. *Antipode*. 7(2):9-21.

Allen J Scott. 1983. Industrial Organization and the Logic of Intra-Metropolitan Location I: Theoretical Considerations. *Economic Geography*. 59:233-250.

Allen J Scott. 1983. Industrial Organization and the Logic of Intra-Metropolitan Location II: A Case Study of the Printed Circuits Industry in the Greater Los Angeles Region. *Economic Geography*. 59:343-367.

Allen J Scott. 1984. Industrial Organization and the Logic of Intra-Metropolitan Location III: A Case Study of the Women's Dress Industry in the Greater Los Angeles Region. *Economic Geography*. 60:2-37.



Charles F Sabel and Jonathan Zeitlin. 1985. Historical Alternatives to Mass Production: Politics, Markets and Technology in Nineteenth Century Industrialization. *Past and Present.* 108:133-176.

Sebastiano Brusco. The Emilian model: Productive decentralisation and social integration. *Cambridge Journal of Economics.* 6:167-184.

Annalee Saxenian. 1991. The Origins and Dynamics of Production Networks in Silicon Valley. *Research Policy.* 20:423-437.

Annalee Saxenian. 1996. Inside-Out: Regional Networks and Industrial Adaptation in Silicon Valley and Route 128. *Cityscape*. 2(2):41-60.

Matthew A Zook. 2004. The Knowledge Brokers: Venture Capitalists, Tacit Knowledge and Regional Development. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research*. 28(3):621-641.

Jaikumar Ramachandran. 1986. Post-industrial manufacturing. *Harvard Business Review.* November-December: 69-76.

Andrew Sayer. 1986. New developments in manufacturing: The just-in-time system. *Capital & Class.* 10(3):43-72.

Andrew Sayer. 1989. Post-fordism in question. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research.* 13(4):666-695.

Deepak Lal. 2002 (3rd ed.). *The Poverty of 'Development Economics'*. Institute of Economic Affairs. pp.35-97, 125-149 (Introduction, Chapters 1, 2 and 4)

Michael Porter. 1990. The Competitive Advantage of Nations. *Harvard Business Review*. 90(2):73-91.

Alexander Gerschenkron. 1962. Economic Backwardness in Historical Perspective. Pp.5-30 (Chapter 1) in *Economic Backwardness in Historical Perspective: A Book of Essays*. Praeger.

Chalmers A Johnson. 1999. The Developmental State: Odyssey of a Concept. Pp.32-60 (Chapter 2) in Meredith Woo-Cummings (ed.). *The Developmental State.* Cornell University Press.

Alice H Amsden. 1987. The Paradigm of Late Industrialization. *Political Economy: Studies in the Surplus Approach*.3(2):133-159.

Manuel Castells. 1992. Four Asian Tigers with a Dragon Head: A Comparative Analysis of the State, Economy and Society in the Asian Pacific Rim. Pp. 33-70 (Chapter 2) in Richard P Applebaum and Jeffrey Henderson (eds.). *States and Development in the Asian Pacific Rim.* Sage.

Peter B Evans. 1989. Predatory, Developmental and other Apparatuses: A Comparative Political Economy Perspective on the Third World State. *Sociological Forum.* 4(4):561-587.



Pranab Bardhan. 2010. Awakening Giants, Feet of Clay: Assessing the Economic Rise of China and India. Princeton University Press.

Gary Gereffi. 1996. Global Commodity Chains: New Forms of Coordination and Control among Nations and Firms in International Industries. *Competition & Change* 1(4):427-439.

Gary Gereffi, John Humphrey, Timothy J Sturgeon. 2005. <u>The Governance of Global Value</u> <u>Chains</u>. *Review of International Political Economy*. 12(1):78-104.

John Friedmann. 1986. The World City Hypothesis. *Development and Change*. 17:69-83.

Saskia Sassen. 2005. The Global City: Introducing a Concept. *Brown Journal of World Affairs.* 11(2):27-43.

Ed Brown et al. 2010. World City Networks and Global Commodity Chains: towards a worldsystems integration. *Global Networks.* 10(1):12-34.

Marco Bellandi and Lisa De Propris. 2015. The Generation of Industrial districts. *Journal of Regional Research*. 32:75-87.

Dan Breznitz and Michael Murphree. 2011. Shenzehn and the Pearl River Delta. Chapter 5 (pp.160-194) in *Run of the Red Queen: Government, Innovation, Globalization and Economic Growth in China.* Yale University Press.

Annalee Saxenian and Jinn-Yuh Hsu. 2001. The Silicon Valley-Hsinchu Connection: Technical Communities and Industrial Upgrading. *Industrial and Corporate Change*.10(4):893-920.

Anthony M Townsend. 2001. The Internet and the rise of new network cities 1969-1999. *Environment and Planning B: Planning and Design.* 28:39-58.

Anthony M Townsend. 2007. Seoul: birth of a broadband metropolis. *Environment and Planning B: Planning and Design.* 34:396-413.

Mathew A Zook and Stanley A Brunn. 2006. From Podes to Antipodes: Positionality and Global Airline Geographies. *Annals of the Association of American Geographers*. 96(3):471-490.

Yuko Aoyama. 2003. Sociospatial dimensions of technology adoption: recent M-commerce and E-commerce developments. *Environment and Planning A.* 35:1201-1221.

Janaki Srinivasan and Jenna Burrell. 2015. On the Importance of Price Information to Fishers and to Economists: Revisiting Mobile Use Among Fishers in Kerala. *Information Technologies and International Development*. 11(1):57-70.

Matthew A Zook. 2003. Underground globalization: mapping the space of flows of the Internet adult industry. *Environment and Planning A*. 35:1261-1286.

Gary Fields. 2003. Communications, innovation and territory: The production network of Swift Meat Packing and the creation of a national US market. *Journal of Historical Geography.* 29(3):599-617.



Gary Fields. 2006. Innovation, time, and territory: Space and the business organization of Dell Computer. *Economic Geography.* 82(2):119-146.

Alan Blinder. 2006. Offshoring: The next industrial revolution? Foreign Affairs. 85(2):113-128.

Manuel Castells. 2010 (2nd edition). The rise of the Fourth World: Informational capitalism, poverty, and social exclusion. Chapter 2 (pp.69-170) in *Volume III: The End of Millennium. The Information Age: Economy, Society, and Culture.* Blackwell.

Manuel Castells. 2010 (2nd edition). The perverse connection: The global criminal economy. Chapter 3 (pp.171-214) in *Volume III: The End of Millennium. The Information Age: Economy, Society, and Culture.* Blackwell.

Balaji Parthasarathy and Yuko Aoyama. 2016. Beyond ICTs and developmental domains: The historical specificity of ICTD. *Proceedings of the 8th IEEE Information and Communications Technologies and Development Conference*, Ann Arbor, USA, 3-6 June.

Jagdish Bhagwati. 2004. Anti-globalization: Why? Journal of Policy Modeling. 26:439-463.

Dani Rodrik. 2012. Globalization dilemmas & the way out. *Indian Journal of Industrial Relations*. 47(3):393-404.

Amartya Sen. 2002. Globalization, Inequality and Global Protest. Development. 45(2):11-16.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Class participation 15% Class presentation 10% Mid-term examination 20% Final examination 20% Final essay 35%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Active participation in class discussions based on assigned readings	All COs
2.		Potentially
	In-class presentation of reading material (a few times a semester)	any CO
3.	For the term paper, a student is expected to write an essay (6000-8000 words) that draws on the theoretical frameworks in the course to	Potentially any CO
	explain why an industry or economic sector has come to play a dominant role in a region. The choice of region, industry/sector is left to the student.	



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

No late submission of essays without prior instructor permission.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Please refer <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/purdue_owl.html</u> and follow any of the formats (eg. APA, MLA) described there.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DT 307 / The Web and the Mind			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Srinath Srinivasa			
		F	lours	Component	
	40		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)		8		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 40:	8	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	IIITB scale (A,	A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			•		
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	-				
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the lis		
Theory and Systems for Com	puting			Networking and	
and Data				Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	nine		Х	Digital Society	
Learning VLSI Systems			_	Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Oeneral Liective					
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socier one from the f X appropriately Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than one Brand	ch:	
Course Pre-Requisites	None				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	No	The course addresses a number of issues of web use that are of interest to employers like advertisers, strategic management, etc. But the course is not designed for any specific employability criteria.
Focus on skill development	No	Mostly conceptual
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	Mostly conceptual
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	In addition to mandate contributions that require students to write and present, this course addresses cognition and challenges to mental wellbeing as a consequence of Internet and web usage.

Course Context and Overview

This course is an introduction to the cognitive and psychological dimension of human participation in the World Wide Web. The web is a global, participatory social space where human cognition is continuously moulded. This course provides the student a brief introduction to essential elements of cognitive science, and looks at how the web affects our cognition.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the history of the web and the way it has impacted several aspects of human society	PSO 3, PO3	R, U	F, C	6	30
CO2	Understand building blocks of human cognition, its memory processes, attention, cognitive heuristics, emotion, and models of sense of self.	PSO 3, PO3	U	С	10	0
CO3	Understand models of social cognition: territoriality and herding, transaction theory, acquaintance, trust, novelty, persuasion, conformity, affinity, and social identity	PSO 3, PO3	U	С	10	0
CO4	Understand how algorithms that power content on the web is based on and affects individual and social cognition	PSO 3, PO3	U	С	10	0



CO5	Apply models of cognitive and social psychology to elements of web usage	PSO 3, PO3	An, Ap	C, MC	2	4
CO6	Apply models of cognitive and social psychology to explain social media dynamics and its impact on business, governance, and personal well-being	PSO 3, PO3	An, Ap	C, MC	2	4

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Mandate - 1: Models of the web

- History of the web
- Models of the web
 - Web as a database
 - Web as a digital library
 - Web as a cognitive extension of ourselves
 - Web as a socio-cognitive space rather than as a tool
- Introduction to social machines
- Introduction to Persuasive Computing

Mandate - 2: Essential Cognitive Science

- Organization of long-term memory and working memory
- Procedural and Declarative memory
- Semantic and Episodic memory
- Attention and its characteristics
- *Priming, Anchoring and the Availability heuristic*
- Modeling Emotions: Arity and Intensity
- Self, Persona and Identity
- Prospect theory and the handling of risk

Mandate - 3: Essential Social Psychology

- Acquaintance, FOAF and Triadic closure
- Entrenchment, Trust and Novelty
- Entrenchment and the Bystander Effect
- The strength of weak ties
- Affinty, Disaffinity and Network stability
- Social conformity
- Emotional contagion



• Social identity and branding

Mandate - 4: Attention, Engagement and Persuasion on the web

- PageRank and the dynamics of online attention flow
- Personalization and Attention traps
- Sustained versus cursory online attention
- Measuring Online Engagement
- Persuasive computing

Mandate - 5: Privacy and online identity

- The triad of social data utility
- Evolution of privacy concerns on the web
- Online disinhibition effect
- Informed consent models for the web
- Self, identity and online projection of identity
- Online avatars and the Proteus Effect
- Jung's collective subconscious and the web

Instruction Schedule

- Mandate 1: 3 weeks
- Mandate 2: 4 weeks
- Mandate 3: 5 weeks
- Mandate 4: 2 weeks
- Mandate 5: 2 weeks

Learning Resources

Suggested Reading:

Berners-Lee, Tim, Mark Fischetti, and Michael L. Dertouzos. *Weaving the Web: The original design and ultimate destiny of the World Wide Web by its inventor*. Harper Information, 2000.

Meira, Silvio RL, Vanilson AA Buregio, Leandro M. Nascimento, Elaine Figueiredo, Misael Neto, Bruno Encarnacao, and Vinicius Cardoso Garcia. "The emerging web of social machines." In *Computer Software and Applications Conference (COMPSAC), 2011 IEEE 35th Annual*, pp. 26-27. IEEE, 2011.

Fogg, Brian J. "Persuasive technology: using computers to change what we think and do." *Ubiquity* 2002, no. December (2002): 5.

M. Granovetter. <u>The strength of weak ties.</u> American Journal of Sociology, 78(6):1360-1380, 1973.



Easley, D. Kleinberg, J. Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World. ISBN 9781139490306. <u>http://books.google.co.in/books?id=atfCl2agdi8C</u> 2010. Cambridge University Press

Suler, John. "The online disinhibition effect." Cyberpsychology & behavior 7, no. 3 (2004): 321-326.

Kahneman, Daniel, and Amos Tversky. "Prospect theory: An analysis of decision under risk." In Handbook of the fundamentals of financial decision making: Part I, pp. 99-127. 2013.

Sheehan, Kim Bartel. "Toward a typology of Internet users and online privacy concerns." The Information Society 18, no. 1 (2002): 21-32.

Yee, Nick, and Jeremy Bailenson. "The Proteus effect: The effect of transformed self-representation on behavior." Human communication research 33, no. 3 (2007): 271-290.

Kramer, Adam DI, Jamie E. Guillory, and Jeffrey T. Hancock. "Experimental evidence of massive-scale emotional contagion through social networks." Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 111, no. 24 (2014): 8788-8790.

Ribbink, Dina, Allard CR Van Riel, Veronica Liljander, and Sandra Streukens. "Comfort your online customer: quality, trust and loyalty on the internet." Managing Service Quality: An International Journal 14, no. 6 (2004): 446-456.

Gedi, Noa, and Yigal Elam. "Collective Memory—what is it?." History and memory 8, no. 1 (1996): 30-50.

Relevant WWW links

The Center for Humane Technologies

Future of Humanity Institute

Assessment Plan

Mandate system of assessment is used in this course. Each learning mandate requires every student to make at least one primary (and any number of secondary) mandate contributions, which are graded directly with the IIITB letter grade. Each mandate also has an end-of-mandate quiz that is administered as a pass/fail requirement. Overall grade is the average of letter grades obtained over all mandate contributions.

For large classes (60+ students), the mandate system is modified as follows:

- 1. Students need to make just one primary mandate contribution relevant to any mandate of their choice, over the entire course-- and not one contribution per mandate
- 2. The end-of-mandate quiz will be graded towards the final grade
- 3. All quizzes and the mandate contributions will have equal weightage. Hence, if the course has 4 mandates, then each reflection quiz, and the course-wide mandate contribution, will have a weightage of 1/5 each.



More details about the Mandate-oriented classroom model may be found here:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1suVvDnzqJkrFv1IywDiEdDaXihngMXh3cAPmoSR0DlE/edit?usp =sharing

Assignments / Projects

None. Please see details about the mandate contributions model above.

Evaluation Procedures

Mandate system of assessment is used in this course. Each learning mandate requires every student to make at least one primary (and any number of secondary) mandate contributions, which are graded directly with the IIITB letter grade. Each mandate also has an end-of-mandate quiz that is administered as a pass/fail requirement. Overall grade is the average of letter grades obtained over all mandate contributions.

For large classes (60+ students), the mandate system is modified as follows:

- 1. Students need to make just one primary mandate contribution relevant to any mandate of their choice, over the entire course-- and not one contribution per mandate
- 2. The end-of-mandate quiz will be graded towards the final grade
- 3. All quizzes and the mandate contributions will have equal weightage. Hence, if the course has 4 mandates, then each reflection quiz, and the course-wide mandate contribution, will have a weightage of 1/5 each.

More details about the Mandate-oriented classroom model may be found here:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1suVvDnzqJkrFv1IywDiEdDaXihngMXh3cAPmoSR0DlE/edit?usp =sharing

Late Assignment Submission Policy

A mandate is closed only after every student contributes to the mandate. The entire course remains incomplete for all students, until all students have contributed. Late submissions will result in the entire class lagging behind, which the students will be made to understand and appreciate at the outset.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Referenced literature needs to be cited in mandate contributions.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		Digital Platforms: Technology & Business Components			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Ramesh Su	ndararaman a	& V	' Sridhar
		Hours			Component
		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)
Credits (L:T:P)	1			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		0			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		Х	4-point scale	e (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/	/Un	satisfactory (S / X)
Area of Specialization (if application	able)				
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from the	list	
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and
and Data			_		Communication
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	hine		>	x	Digital Society
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security
General Elective					
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X X X X X Select	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Societ One from the f X appropriately Basic Scienc CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch	ly. More than o Bra bra ty ollowing:) es Elective		h:
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, stat	e exact course c	code,	/name)



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Given that many of the recruitment organizations (commercial & social organizations) visiting campus are engaged in Platform business models, students could leverage their learning from this course for securing jobs during the interview and subsequently while working as part of those firms
Focus on skill development	No	However, students can understand the role & impact of platform technologies & business model on enterprises & social organizations
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Students are encouraged to do market research, understand societal opportunities & challenges, competitive landscape, teardown potential role-models and launch prototypes
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	This course focuses on multiple writing assignments including teardown and pitch deck

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This 4 credit course is being offered as one of the electives for MTech, IMTech, MSc (DS) and MS students.

In this course, you will learn about the fundamentals of digital platforms, understand why platforms are superior to products and how you can create your impact / business as a platform.

The course is open to students & researchers who want to learn the latest about platforms; gain an opportunity to build platforms and think of strategies to achieve the requisite social / business impact.

This course provides an opportunity to work on real-life platform-related business ideas and case studies.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	• Define & Recognize platform businesses	IMTech (CSE) PO6, PO13	U, An , E	F, C	15	
		MTech (CSE) PO1				
		MSc (DS) PO1				
CO2	• Design & Develop Interaction-First Platforms	IMTech (CSE) PO6, PO13	Ар , С	F, C, P, M	15	
		MTech (CSE) PO1				
		MSc (DS) PO1				
CO3	Create Virality / Network Effects	IMTech (CSE) PO6, PO13	Ap , C	С	6	3
		MTech (CSE) PO1				
		MSc (DS) PO1				
CO4	Monetization approaches	IMTech (CSE) PO6, PO13	U	С	3	3

At the end of this course, participants will learn to:



	जानमुत्तमम्					
		MTech (CSE) PO1				
		MSc (DS) PO1				
CO5	• Launch & Scale Platforms	IMTech (CSE) PO6, PO13 MTech (CSE) PO1 MSc (DS) PO1	U, Ap	С	3	9
CO6	Governance & Regulatory challenges & compliance	IMTech (CSE) PO6, PO13 MTech (CSE) PO1 MSc (DS) PO1	U	F	3	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- [Provide list-wise topics]
- 1. Digital Platforms
- 2. Platform Business Model
- 3. Design & Development of Platforms
- 4. Platform Ventures

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]



Wk 1 (Jan 01-03): Digital Platforms - Course Overview

Readings: None

Wk 2 (Jan 06-10): Platform Business Model - Motivation

Primary Readings:

• Nokia, Our Platform is Burning

Optional Readings:

- <u>RIM: Research, No Motion</u>
- Interbrand Best Global Brands 2019
- <u>Why Software is Eating the World</u>

Activities:

- A few students to present (5 minutes) on their favourite platforms on 9th Jan -Upgrad, Aadhar, Wikipedia, HackerEarth, Github, Twitter, Instagram, Vimeo, LinkedIn, Airbnb, Gojek, ...
- Form Groups of 2 members (one with Customer / Revenue focus, another with Product / Design focus) and be ready with your team details Submit the team details by 14th Jan
- Choose a platform startup / app of your choice and submit the name of the startup / app by 21st Jan you need to conduct an analysis / teardown of the platform using relevant business & technology frameworks
- As a team, start working towards identifying a commercial / social challenge that you would want to address using a platform. Submit details of your challenge by 23rd Jan

Wk3 (Jan 13-17): Platform Business Model - Pipes vs Platforms

Primary Readings:



- <u>Platform Stack</u>
- Platforms vs. Pipes

Optional Readings:

- India Stack
- Pipes, Platforms and the New Rules of Strategy
- <u>Alibaba: Crocodile in the Yangtze</u>
- <u>Google is Defragging Android</u>
- <u>HBS on Platforms-Crowds</u>
- <u>Visa Acquires Plaid</u>

Activities:

• Submit your 2 member team details by 14th Jan

Wk4 (Jan 20-24): Platform Business Model - Strategy

Primary Readings:

• <u>Platform Canvas</u>

Optional Readings:

- <u>The Five Competitive Forces that Shape Strategy"</u>
- <u>The Art of Standards War</u>
- Business Model Canvas
- <u>Platform Business Canvas</u>
- <u>Platform Innovation Toolkit</u>
- Platform Thinking Labs

Activities:

• Before 23rd Jan, 8:00am: Submit through email, the name of the Platform (startup / app). You could choose any Platform Startup / app of your choice. Kindly note this



is an individual activity. You need to conduct an analysis / teardown of the platform - using the relevant business & technology concepts that we learnt during this course

• On the 23rd: Introduce your team and each member's focus first. Then as a team, present an elevator pitch of the commercial / social challenge that you would want to address using a platform

Wk5 (Jan 27-31): Platform Business Model - Virality & Network Effects

Primary Readings:

- What are Network Effects?
- <u>Network Effects Manual?</u>

Optional Readings:

- Demystifying Network Effects
- <u>Virality vs Network Effects</u>
- <u>What are Network Effects?</u>
- Big Tech & Network Effects

Wk6 (Feb 3-7): Platform Business Model - Monetization

Activities:

• This Week's Classes will be taken by Prof. Sridhar

Wk7 (Feb 10-14): Platform Business Model - Monetization

Readings:

Activities:

• 11th Feb class will be taken by Prof. Sridhar - In this class, the students will be presenting their thoughts on Monetization, as detailed out by Prof. Sridhar



• External Talk by <u>Mr. Salil</u>, founder of <u>QueryHome</u> | <u>AnswerCart</u> on 13th Feb - Here is an opportunity for you to understand directly from the founder of a platform - their thoughts, strategies - and relate to the concepts learnt in class

Wk8 (Feb 17-21): Design & Develop Interaction-First Platforms

Optional Readings:

• The Stadium as a Platform

Reference Websites:

- Tech Stacks of Global Platform Players
- Popular Tech Stacks
- Free Marketplace Software <u>MarketPlace Kit</u> and <u>Open Cart</u>

Activities:

• *Quiz 1 will be held on Feb 18. This would revolve around all topics discussed in class during the past weeks. The duration of the quiz would be 60 minutes*

Wk9 (Feb 24-28): Design & Develop Interaction-First Platforms

Primary Readings:

- <u>The Strategic Value of APIs</u>
- Corporate Alliances Matter Less Thanks to APIs

Optional Readings:

- The Secret to Amazon's Success
- <u>Decoding the API Economy</u>



• External Talk by <u>Mr. Saurabh Saha</u>, founder of TalentPegs and GaliJobs on 25th Feb - Here is an opportunity for you to understand directly from the founder of a platform - his thoughts, strategies - and relate to the concepts learnt in class

Wk10 (Mar 2-7): Mid-Term Project Presentation Week

Activities:

• On 5th March, 2:00 - 5:00pm - Each of the 10 teams will present in detail (10 min + 5 min feedback) the progress made over the past 1 month on the project. The other teams will provide feedback to the presenting team. Please load all your presentation in advance on the classroom laptop

Wk11 (Mar 9-13): Design & Develop Interaction-First Platforms

Primary Readings:

- When AI is the Product
- What if There is no Middleman

Optional Readings:

- The Future of Platforms
- <u>Countries & Platforms</u>
- <u>Blockchain and Decentralization</u>
- <u>A Platform Strategy won't work Unless you are good at Machine Learning</u>
- What Blockchain means for the Sharing Economy
- <u>The TikTok Strategy</u>

Wk12 (Mar 30-Apr 3): Platform Ventures - Launch Planning

Readings:

• *Regulatory Awareness and Adherence*

Activities:



• This Week's Classes will be taken by Prof. Sridhar

Wk13 (Apr 6-Apr 10): Platform Ventures - Launch Planning

Readings:

• Regulatory Awareness and Adherence

Activities:

• This Week's Classes will be taken by Prof. Sridhar

Wk14 (Apr 13-17): Platform Ventures - Governance

Primary Readings:

- <u>Ethical Platforms</u>
- <u>Platform Cooperativism</u>

Optional Readings:

- The Five Pillars of Fairwork
- Platforms post COVID
- <u>Societal Platforms</u>

Reference Websites: Platforms & Pandemics

- Johns Hopkins University
- **US Digital Response**
- <u>Arogya Setu Mobile App</u>
- <u>SORMAS</u>
- <u>Kaggle COVID Challenge</u>
- <u>COVID19 India</u>
- <u>COVID19 GoK</u>



Activities:

Wk15 (Apr 20-24): Plaform Ventures - Metrics

Readings: Primary Reading:

• Metrics that Matter - Network Effects

Optional Readings:

- <u>The Key Marketplace Metrics</u>
- <u>Platform Metrics</u>
- <u>Metrics for Platform Products</u>

Wk16 (Apr 27-May 1): Platform Ventures - Summing Up

Primary Reading:

• *Evolving your offering into a platform*

Optional Readings:

- For Marketplace Entrepreneurs
- Accenture on Platform Product Management
- **Open Innovation**

Activities:

• On 30th April, we will a talk by Mr. <u>Varad Krishnan</u>, Co-Founder <u>100 Open</u> <u>Startups</u> - Here is an opportunity for you to understand his thoughts, strategies and relate to the concepts learnt in class

Wk17 (May 4-8): 2nd Interim Project Presentation Week

Activities:



- This week, each of the 10 teams will make their 2nd interim presentation (10 min + 5min feedback) detailing the progress made over the past 2 months on the project. The other teams will provide feedback to the presenting team
- Kindly prepare a slide deck listing all the frameworks / concepts that you have learnt relating to platforms which you are currently using to perform the teardown analysis as part of your individual paper submission
- Please submit this slide deck via email by 6th May
- Quiz 2 will be held on May 7th. This would revolve around all topics discussed in class during the past weeks (beginning Feb 24th till May 1st)

Wk18 (May 11-15): External Talk Week

Activities:

- External Talks by leaders of <u>Sonata</u> Here is an opportunity for you to understand directly their thoughts, strategies and relate to the concepts learnt in class
- All individual paper submissions are due before 18th May 8:00am
- All team project submissions (slide deck and audio presentation) are due before 22nd May 8:00am

Wk19 (mid-July): Exam Week

Activities:

- This week, each of the 10 teams will present in detail (10 min + 5min feedback) the progress made over the past 1 month on the project. The teams could ideally show their platform's website / mobile app (or) presentation deck. The other teams will evaluate and score each of the presenting teams. This is the final presentation for the team project.
- This week, we will also have the final examination for this course

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

The following are the reference books:

1. <u>Platform Revolution</u>



- 2. <u>Modern Monopolies</u>
- 3. <u>Platform Scale</u>

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Class Participation: 20% Quiz: 20% Case Study / Platform Teardown: 20% End Exam: 20% Group Project: 20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	• Choose a platform startup / app of your choice and submit the name of the startup / app by 21st Jan - you need to conduct an analysis / teardown of the platform - using relevant business & technology frameworks	CO1-6
	 As a team, start working towards identifying a commercial / social challenge that you would want to address using a platform. Submit details of your challenge by 23rd Jan On Jan 23rd: Introduce your team and each member's focus first. Then as a team, present an elevator pitch of the commercial / social challenge that you would want to address using a platform On 5th March, 2:00 - 5:00pm - Each of the 10 teams will present in detail (10 min + 5 min feedback) the progress made over the 	CO1-3



past 1 month on the project. The other teams will provide feedback to the presenting team. Please load all your presentation in advance on the classroom laptop

• At the end of the course, each of the 10 teams will present in detail (10 min + 5min feedback) the progress made over the past 1 month on the project. The teams could ideally show their platform's website / mobile app (or) presentation deck. The other teams will evaluate and score each of the presenting teams. This is the final presentation for the team project.

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

The participants of this course will be evaluated as per the following:

- Class Participation (Discussion on Pre-readings, 2 Member Team assessment, Jan-Apr): 5% each month, totaling 20% - Students to come prepared to the class (read through the pre-readings for each class)
- Best 2 of 3 Quizzes (Individual assessment, Conducted after every 6 weeks -Wk7, Wk13 and Wk19): 20%
- End Exam (Individual assessment): 20%
- Case Analysis / Platform Teardown (Critical review of a Platform using relevant business and technology frameworks, Individual assessment, Midterm - Mar end): 20%
- Group Project Platform Business (2 Member Team Midterm & End term Presentations): 20%

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission



As per institute policy

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Nan	DT385 Cyberspace, Globalization and Location					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Balaji Parthasarathy				
		Hours			Comp	onent
Credits (L:T:P)		4 Le			Lecture (1hr =	1 credit)
					Tutorial (1hr =	1 credit)
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)					Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)
	L:T:P = 4:0	:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (/	4,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			Catiofaat	~~	acticfactory /C	()
appropriate box)			Salislaci	ory/Or	nsatisfactory (S	/
Area of Specialization (if a						
(Choose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from	the lis		
Theory and Systems for Com	puting				Networking and	
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hino			Х	Communication Digital Society	
Learning				Â	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective					, ,	
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to	o the follow	ina pro	grammes / branc	:h(es):
r rogramme / Branen		X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra					
	Х	iMTech		Х	CSE]
		M.Tech		Х	ECE	
	Х	M.Sc.		Х	Digital Society	
Course Category		one from the f				
	(Place 2	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch				
		ECE Branch				
		Engineering	Science an	d Skills	6	
X		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	e exact cour	se code	e/name)	
-						
		(but exposu	ra ta UCC	102 ic	encouraged)	
		E (but exposure to HSS102 is encouraged)				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	×	Engages students to critically think about how/why social and political factors continue to influence the location of economic activity despite certain activities taking place in the "cloud" or in cyberspace.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
	×	The readings for the class, the discussions around the readings, and the term paper force students to articulate their ideas about
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		the relationship between technology, globalization and location,

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Overview: Economic globalization in recent decades, and advances in IT, has greatly increased international flows of ideas, capital, goods, and, to a lesser extent, people. Certain activities, such as retailing, can indeed be carried out effectively online. However, flows from one location to another, i.e., the spatial separation of, say, production from consumption, does not reduce the significance of the locations themselves. Further, a considerable proportion of socio-economic activity is not so footloose as to be able to flow across the globe. For instance, government activities, or the provision of services such as education or healthcare, are primarily local, as their social characteristics, and the regulatory demands they are subject to, vary across political jurisdictions. Similarly, visiting a tourist site, or going on pilgrimage, is experiential and not merely transactional. As a result, many activities demand physical proximity, the need for which cannot be wished away by technology.

Yet, locational determinants keep changing. As technological change makes possible the production of new goods and services, it opens up new "windows of locational opportunity". Where those goods can be produced - either because of the cost and availability of inputs like specific skills, or because of politically negotiated policies governing intellectual property rights, or access to venture capital – opens up new locational possibilities which, in turn, is accompanied by shifts in the direction and volume of global flows.

The course will draw on theoretical frameworks from economic geography and development geography to unravel the complexity of locational decisions with examples. The course will begin with static theories of comparative advantage that explain how individual firms in specific sectors chose optimal locations based on access to raw materials and final markets. It will then move to explain how firm location is also determined by proximity to other firms, many of whom may be competitors. This is because of access to shared institutions, such as universities supplying



skilled labor, or inputs such as new ideas, which are intangible. The short term costs of locating in such agglomerations are outweighed by the long term benefits of being in a place where, as the British economist Alfred Marshall, pointed out, "the secrets of the trade are in the air".

The course will also examine how globalization opens up opportunities beyond national boundaries as firms and their activities are spread across the world. Countries and regions that have the infrastructure, the technology and the skills are in the best position to benefit. However, when such conditions are not met, development geography describes and explains the cases of countries like Korea or Taiwan, where political consensus to achieve economic goals has made it possible to "catch-up" with industrialized countries. Even in countries like India, where consensus and catch-up are less evident, improvement in economic prospects requires greater connections with the global economy. Such connections are being made easier by technological improvements, especially in IT. A happy outcome, at least for India, is the rise of Bangalore as a prominent agglomeration of the global software industry.

But contemporary globalization can be a double-edged sword especially since IT is a basket of general purpose technologies which transform all domains of socio-economic activity. The new combination of inputs required for the incorporation of IT to improve the reliability and efficiency of products and services in long-standing sectors might mean more opportunity in a place like Bangalore. On the other hand, when locations do not have the institutions to meet the demand for new inputs, their economic base can be devastated and turn into what sociologist Manuel Castells terms the "black holes of information capitalism". The economic decline and social devastation in a city like Detroit, with the changes to the technologies underlying manufacturing and the globalization of manufacturing, is a poignant reminder. Similarly, there is enough evidence showing how globalization and IT can also lead to global networks of criminality and socially unwelcome behavior. Thus, this course will bring together the tensions between the local and global, and the role of cyberspace and territorial place in our lives.

Format: All participants will be expected to read the assigned material and come prepared to discuss it in class. Since the course will follow a seminar format, active participation in class discussion will enhance the value of the class for everyone. One or two participants will be asked to take charge of the readings in every class and make a twenty-minute presentation. The presentations are not to be descriptive summaries; instead, they must synthesize the key ideas and concepts in the readings and raise issues for discussion.

Duration: Two hours, twice a week,14 weeks

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand classical location theory	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	6	



CO2	Understand (inter)national development theories	त्तमम् PO2, PO5, (M,Sc.) PSO3	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	8	
CO3	Conceptualize globabalization	(iMTech) PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	4	
CO4	Understand new institutional approaches to socio-spatial relationships	(iMTech) PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	10	
CO5	Understand critiques of development theories and the possibility of late industrialization	PO2, PO3 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	8	
CO6	Understand technology-enabled globalization, global commodity and production chains	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand	Conceptual	4	
CO7	Understand the transformation brought about by IT to the relationship between space and location	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	8	
CO8	Understand the promises and perils of globalization	PO2, PO5 (M.Sc.) PSO3 (iMTech)	Understand, Analyze	Conceptual	6	
	·		Total num	per of hours	54	

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

See below in Instruction Schedule



Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

- 1: Introduction
- 2: The Germanic Origins of Location Theory
- 3. From Location to Agglomeration
- 4: Thinking about International Development I
- 5. Thinking about International Development II
- 6: Import-Substitution-led Industrialization and Dependency in Latin America
- 7: Import-Substitution led Industrialization in India
- 8: Conceptualizing Globalization with the Product Cycle Hypothesis
- 9: The New International Division of Labor
- 10: The Critical turn in Geography
- 11: Transactions Costs Analysis and the Black Box of the Firm
- 12: Trusted Transaction Networks and Economic Organization
- 13: Increasing Returns to Scale, Tacit Knowledge and Industrial Districts
- 14: Tacit Knowledge and Regional Advantage in Silicon Valley
- 15: The Washington Consensus and Development
- 16: Late Industrialization and the Developmental State
- 17. Late-late Industrialization in India
- 18. Late-late Industrialization in China
- 19. Global Commodity Chains and Global Cities
- 20. Anchoring Global Commodity Chains: The Internationalization of Industrial Districts
- 21. The Offshoring "Revolution" and the Informational Economy
- 23. The Newest International Division of Labour?: The Rise of the Platform Economy
- 24. The Platform Economy and "Gig" Work in India
- 25. The Global Criminal Economy in the Information Age
- 26. Globalization and Environmental Consequences
- 27. The Promise and the Perils of Globalization

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Richard Peet. 1970. <u>Von Thünen theory and the dynamics of agricultural expansion</u>. *Explorations in Economic History*. 8(2):181-201.



C J Friedrich (ed.) 1929. *Alfred Weber's Theory of Location of Industries*. University of Chicago Press. pp.1-34.

Harold Hotelling. 1929. Stability in competition. *The Economic Journal*. 39(153):41-57.

August Lösch. 1938. The nature of economic regions. Southern Economic Journal. 5(1):71-78.

D F Darwent. 1969. Growth poles and growth centers in regional planning: A review. *Environment and Planning B.* 1:5-32.

Marx's theory of History. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mmeUYLntZx4</u>

Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels. 1848. *The Communist Manifesto*. <u>https://www.marxists.org/archive/marx/works/download/pdf/Manifesto.pdf pp.14-21</u>.

Walt Whitman Rostow. 1991 [1960] 3rd ed. *The Stages of Economic Growth: A Non-Communist Manifesto.* Cambridge University Press. Pp.1-16.

Haripriya Rangan. 2008. "Development" in question. Pp.563-578 in Kevin R Cox, Murray Low, and Jennifer Robinson. *The SAGE Handbook of Political Geography*. SAGE Publications.

Albert O Hirschman. 1968. The political economy of import substituting industrialization in Latin America. *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 82(1):1-32.

Andre Gunder Frank. 1976. The development of underdevelopment. *Monthly Review.* 18(4):17-31.

Fernando Henrique Cardoso. 1972. Dependency and development in Latin America. *New Left Review.* 74:83-95.

Rakesh Mohan and Vandana Aggarwal. 1990. Commands and controls: Planning for Indian industrial development, 1951-1990. *Journal of Comparative Economics*. 14:681-712.

Ashutosh Varshney. 1990. Ideas, interest and institutions in policy change: Transformation of India's agricultural strategy in the mid-1960s. *Policy Sciences*. 22:289-323.

Keshabananda Das. 1997. Politics of Industrial Location: Indian Federalism and Development Decisions. *Economic and Political Weekly*. 32(51):3268-3274.

Raymond Vernon. 1966. International investment and international trade in the product cycle. *Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 80(2):190-207.

Raymond Vernon. 1979. The product cycle hypothesis in a new international environment. *Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics*. 41(4):255-267.

Michael Storper. 1985. Oligopoly and the product cycle: Essentialism in economic geography. *Economic Geography*. 61(3):260-282.

Folker <u>Fröbel</u>, <u>Jürgen Heinrichs</u> and <u>Otto Kreye</u>. 1978. The world market for labour and the world market for industrial sites. *Journal of Economic Issues*. 12(4):843-858.



Alain Lipietz. 1982. Towards global fordism? New Left Review. 132:33-47.

Rhys Jenkins. 1984. Divisions over the international division of labour. *Capital and Class*. 22:28-57.

Erica Schoenberger. 1988. Multinational corporations and the new international division of labor: A critical appraisal. *International Regional Science Review*. 11(2):105-119.

Richard A Walker. 1981. Industrial location policy: False premises, wrong conclusions. *Built Environment*. 6(2):105-113.

Ricard A Walker and Michael Storper. 1981. Capital and industrial location. *Progress in Human Geography.* 5(4):473-510.

Oliver E Williamson. 1981. The economics of organization: The transaction cost approach. *American Journal of Sociology.* 87(3):548-577.

Allen J Scott. 1983. Industrial organization and the logic of intra-metropolitan location I: Theoretical considerations. *Economic Geography*. 59:233-250.

Mark Granovetter. 1985. Economic action and social structure: The problem of embeddedness. *American Journal of Sociology.* 91(3):481-510.

Andrew Sayer. 1989. Post-fordism in question. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research*. 13(4):666-695.

W Brian Arthur. 1990. Positive Feedbacks in the Economy. Scientific American. 262(2):92-99.

Meric S Gertler. 2003. Tacit knowledge and the economic geography of context, or The undeniable tacitness of being (there). *Journal of Economic Geography*. 3:75-99.

Sebastiano Brusco. The Emilian model: Productive decentralisation and social integration. *Cambridge Journal of Economics.* 6:167-184.

Annalee Saxenian. 1991. The Origins and Dynamics of Production Networks in Silicon Valley. *Research Policy*. 20:423-437.

Annalee Saxenian. 1996. Inside-Out: Regional Networks and Industrial Adaptation in Silicon Valley and Route 128. *Cityscape*. 2(2):41-60.

Matthew A Zook. 2004. The knowledge brokers: Venture capitalists, tacit knowledge and regional development. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research.* 28(3):621-641.

Deepak Lal. 2002 (3rd ed.). *The Poverty of 'Development Economics'*. Institute of Economic Affairs. pp.35-97, 125-149 (Introduction, Chapters 1, 2 and 4)

Michael Porter. 1990. The Competitive Advantage of Nations. *Harvard Business Review*. 90(2):73-91.



Alice H Amsden. 1987. The paradigm of late industrialization. *Political Economy: Studies in the Surplus Approach.* 3(2):133-159.

Chalmers A Johnson. 1999. The developmental state: Odyssey of a concept. Pp.32-60 (Chapter 2) in Meredith Woo-Cummings (ed.). *The Developmental State.* Cornell University Press.

Peter B Evans. 1989. Predatory, developmental and other apparatuses: A comparative political economy perspective on the Third World state. *Sociological Forum.* 4(4):561-587.

Sabyasachi Kar and Kunal Sen. 2016. *The Political Economy of India's Growth Episodes.* Cham, CH: Palgrave Macmillan.

Dic Lo and Mei Wu. 2014. The state and industrial policy in Chinese economic development. Pp.307-326 (Chapter 11) in José M. Salazar-Xirinachs, Irmgard Nübler, and Richard Kozul-Wright (eds.). *Transforming Economies: Making Industrial Policy Work for Growth, Jobs and Development.* Geneva, CH: International Labour Organization.

Yasheng Huang. 2012. How did China take off? *Journal of Economic Perspectives*. 26(4):147-170.

Nirmal Kumar Chandra. 2009. China and India: Convergence in economic growth and social tensions? *Economic and Political Weekly.* 44(4):41-53.

Gary Gereffi. 1996. Global commodity chains: New forms of coordination and control among nations and firms in international industries. *Competition and Change.* 4:427-439.

Gary Gereffi. 2013. Global value chains in a post-Washington consensus world. *Review of International Political Economy.* 21(1):9-37.

Marco Bellandi and Lisa De Propris. 2015. Three generations of industrial districts. *Journal of Regional Research*. 32:75-87.

Annalee Saxenian and Charles Sabel. 2008. Venture capital in the "periphery": The new argonauts, global search and local institution building. (The Roepke Lectures in Economic Geography) *Economic Geography*. 84(4):379-394.

Alan Blinder. 2006. Offshoring: The next industrial revolution? *Foreign Affairs*. 85(2):113-128.

Balaji Parthasarathy. 2010. The computer software industry as a vehicle of late industrialization: Lessons from the Indian case. *Journal of the Asia Pacific Economy.* 15(3):247-270.

Balaji Parthasarathy and Yuko Aoyama. 2016. Deploying ICTs for development: An evolutionary perspective. *Information Technologies and International Development.* 13:157-170.

Gary Fields. 2003. Communications, innovation and territory: the production network of Swift Meat Packing and the creation of a national US market. *Journal of Historical Geography.* 29(3):599-617.

Janaki Srinivasan and Jenna Burrell. 2015. On the importance of price information to fishers and to economists: Revisiting mobile use among fishers in Kerala. *Information Technologies and International Development*. 11(1):57-70.



Jamie Woodcock and Mark Graham. 2020. *The Gig Economy: A Critical Introduction.* Polity Press.

Balaji Parthasarathy and Oindrila Matilal. 2019. *The Platform Economy and Digital Work: A Developmental State Perspective*. Developmental Impacts of Digital Economies Working Paper no. 9, Centre for Development Informatics, Global Development Institute, University of Manchester.

Pradyumna Taduri. 2019. *Delivering Consent: Work Games in On-Demand Food Delivery Platforms.* Unpublished MSc. (Digital Society) thesis, International Institute of Information Technology Bangalore.

Matthew A. Zook. 2007. Your urgent assistance is requested: The intersection of 419 spam and new networks of imagination. *Ethics, Place & Environment: A Journal of Philosophy & Geography.* 10(1):65-88.

Manuel Castells. 2010 (2nd edition). The perverse connection: The global criminal economy. Chapter 3 (pp.171-214) in Volume III: *The End of Millennium. The Information Age: Economy, Society, and Culture.* Blackwell.

Adil Najam, David Runnalls and Mark Halle. 2007. *Environment and Globalization: Five Propositions.* International Institute for Sustainable Development.

Ana Beatriz Hernandez and Gerard Ryan. 2011. Coping with climate change in the tourism industry: A review and agenda for future research. *Tourism and Hospitality Management*. 17(1):79-90.

Manuel Castells. 2010 (2nd edition). The Rise of the Fourth World: Informational Capitalism, Poverty, and Social Exclusion. Chapter 2 (pp.69-170) in Volume III: *The End of Millennium. The Information Age: Economy, Society, and Culture.* Blackwell.

Jagdish Bhagwati. 2004. Anti-globalization: Why? Journal of Policy Modeling. 26:439-463.

Amartya Sen. 2002. Globalization, Inequality and Global Protest. Development. 45(2):11-16.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Class participation 15% Class presentation 10% Mid-semester examination: 20% Final examination: 20% Term paper: 35%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]



S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Active participation in class discussions based on assigned readings	All COs
2.		Potentially
	In-class presentation of reading material (a few times a semester)	any CO
3.	For the term paper, a student is expected to write an essay (6000-8000 words) that draws on the theoretical frameworks in the course to explain why an industry or economic sector has come to play a dominant role in a region. The choice of region, industry/sector is left to the student.	Potentially any CO

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

• Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

No late submission of essays without prior instructor permission.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Please refer <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/purdue_owl.html</u> and follow any of the formats (eg. APA, MLA) described there.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		DT204 Social Complexity and Systems Thinking			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Amit Prakash			
		F	lours	Component	
		3 Lect		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture . Tutonal . Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory/L	Insatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applica	able)		,		
(Choose by placing X in box again	nst not n	nore than two	areas from the li	(st)	
Theory and Systems for Com	puting			Networking and	
and Data				Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac Learning	hine		X	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Programme / Branch	(Place Progra X X X	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie	ly. More than on Bran		
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately	following:		
		Basic Science CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch ECE Branch Engineering HSS/M General	Elective Elective Elective Science and Ski		
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, star	te exact course cod	le/name)	



Additional Focus Areas

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Trains students to model complex social contexts; useful in drafting RFPs and high-
Direct focus on employability		level design documents
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills		
(language, writing, communication,		
etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Inconsistencies in managing the design and deployment processes in many social projects, especially those that seek to leverage the potential of digital technologies, lead to various issues not only with respect to time and cost overruns but also in terms of their missing critical considerations and viewpoints while setting desired objectives. Projects that deploy digital technologies for addressing the needs of large and diverse population groups are often found to exhibit properties of complex systems and, using their examples, this course introduces the students to different elements of complexity inherent in social and socio-technical systems.

Students will be introduced to different systems thinking methodologies that have been found useful in resolving various aspects of the aforesaid complexity. This will then be used to provide insights into a few relevant methodologies considered useful to model and manage such systems. Conceptual frameworks and practices involved in the engineering and management of IT projects drawn largely from theoretical positions developed in the discipline of systems engineering, related largely to requirements specification, system architecture and design processes are also introduced to students to enable them to work on a high-level design specifications/Request for Proposal (RFP) document for initiatives that seek to bring a desired set of changes in complex social situations using digital technologies.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	PO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
C01	Understand constituents of complexity in social and socio-technical contexts, including heterogeneity, hierarchy, near-decomposability, redundancy, self-adaptation and emergence.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO2	Understand the nature of complex social problems, especially wicked problems and messy situations as opposed to tame and benign problems.	PO3	U	С	6	2
CO3	Understand the significance of diverse perspectives while framing engineering and management	PO3	U	С	6	2



Total Number of Hours						15	
C07	Draft requirement specifications and high-level system design documents that can lead into RFPs in case of external procurement.	PO1, PO2, PO4	С	P,M	9 3		
CO6	Apply systems thinking concepts, in general, and soft systems methodology, in particular, to model social/socio-technical complexity.	dology, in particular, to model			6	2	
CO5	Identify different components of a social/ socio- technical system and their inter-relationships.	PO3	Ар	Р	6	2	
CO4	Understand fundamentals of systems thinking approaches and their applications.	PO3	U	С	6	2	
	challenges and approaches, particularly those related to requirements engineering and project management in large/complex IT projects.						

Course Content

I. Background: Revisiting (traditional) software engineering and project management approaches

- II. Complexity, social problems and the nature of inquiry
- III. Systems approaches; socio-technical systems
- IV. Soft systems methodology

V. Group Project; Drafting of an RFP/high-level design document for a social change process involving digital technologies

Instruction Schedule

<u>Week 1 & 2</u>

- Introduction and Overview of the Course
- Bergman, M., King, J. L., & Lyytinen, K. (2002). Large-scale requirements analysis revisited: the need for understanding the political ecology of requirements engineering. *Requirements Engineering*, 7(3), 152-171.
- Boehm, B.W. and Ross, R. (1989). Theory-W software project management: principles and examples. *IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering*, 15(7), 902-916.
- Atkinson, R. (1999). Project management: cost, time and quality, two best guesses and a phenomenon, it's time to accept other success criteria. *International journal of project management*, *17*(6), 337-342.

Week 3 & 4

- Koskela, L. J., & Howell, G. (2002). The underlying theory of project management is obsolete. In *Proceedings of the PMI Research Conference* (pp. 293-302). PMI.
- PMI (2017). Agile Practice Guide. Project Management Institute, Inc. USA.
- Boehm, B. (2006, May). A view of 20th and 21st century software engineering. In *Proceedings* of the 28th International Conference on Software Engineering (pp. 12-29). ACM.
- Boehm, B. (2006). Some future trends and implications for systems and software engineering processes. *Systems Engineering*, *9*(1), 1-19.



Week 5

- Simon, H. A. (1962). The architecture of complexity, *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society*, Vol. 106, No. 6. (Dec. 12, 1962), pp. 467-482.
- Tan, J., Wen, H.J. & Awad, N. (2005). Healthcare and services delivery systems as complex adaptive systems. *Communications of the ACM*, Vol. 48 No. 5, pp. 36-44.

Week 6

- Dent, E. B. (1999). Complexity science: A worldview shift. *Emergence*, 1(4), 5-19.
- Heylighen, F., Cilliers, P., & Gershenson, C. (2006). Complexity and philosophy. arXiv preprint cs/0604072.
- Vincent, R. (2012). Insights from complexity theory for the evaluation of development action: Recognizing the two faces of complexity. *IKM Working Paper No. 14*, IKM Emergent Research Programme, European Association of Development Research and Training Institutes (EADI), Germany. <u>www.eadi.org</u>

<u>Week 7 & 8</u>

- Rittel, H. & Webber. M.(1984). Planning problems are wicked problems. *Developments in Design Methodology. New York: John Wiley & Sons*, 135-144.
- Head, B. W. (2008). Wicked problems in public policy. *Public Policy*, Vol. 3 No. 2, pp. 101-118
- livari, J., Hirschheim, R., & Klein, H. K. (1998). A paradigmatic analysis contrasting information systems development approaches and methodologies. *Information Systems Research*, *9*(2), 164-193.
- Hirschheim, R., & Klein, H. K. (1989). Four paradigms of information systems development. *Communications of the ACM*, *32*(10), 1199-1216.

<u>Week 9</u>

- Mingers, J., & White, L. (2010). A review of the recent contribution of systems thinking to operational research and management science. *European Journal of Operational Research*, *207*(3), 1147-1161.
- Mumford, E. (2000). A socio-technical approach to systems design. *Requirements Engineering, 5:* 125-133
- Mumford, E. (2006). The story of socio-technical design: reflections on its successes, failures and potential. *Information Systems Journal, 16: 317-342*

Week 10 &11

- Reynolds, M (2011). Bells that still can ring: systems thinking in practice. In: Tait, Andrew and Richardson, Kurt eds. *Moving Forward with Complexity: Proceedings of the 1st International Workshop on Complex Systems Thinking and Real World Applications.* Litchfield Park, AZ: Emergent Publications, 327–349.
- Reynolds, M., & Holwell, S. (2010). Introducing systems approaches. In Systems approaches to managing change: A practical guide (pp. 1-23). Springer London.
- Pisano, U. (2012). Resilience and Sustainable Development: Theory of resilience, systems thinking and adaptive governance. *European Sustainable Development Network (ESDN)*, *26*, 50.

Week 12 & 13



- Checkland, P. (1985). Achieving'desirable and feasible'change: an application of soft systems methodology. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 821-831.
- Checkland, P., & Poulter, J. (2010). Soft systems methodology. In Systems approaches to managing change: A practical guide (pp. 191-242). Springer London.
- Checkland, P. (2000). Soft systems methodology: a thirty year retrospective. *Systems Research and Behavioral Science*, *17*, S11-S58.
- Rose, J., & Haynes, M. (1999). A soft systems approach to the evaluation of complex interventions in the public sector. *Journal of Applied Management Studies*, *8*(2), 1-19.

Week 14 & 15

Project activities; fieldwork; review; drafting of a RFP/high-level design document

Learning Resources

Please see the Instruction Schedule section above

Assessment Plan

Students will be assessed based on their participation in class discussions, submission of written assignments and class presentations and performance in mid-term and end-term assessments. The proposed weightage for various components is as follows:

- Class participation: 10%
- Class presentations: 20%
- Assignments (includes mid-term/end-term assessments): 40%
- Group Project (drafting a design specifications/RFP document for a social change using digital technologies): 30%

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Assignment 1	CO1, CO2
2	Assignment 2 (mid-term)	CO1, CO2, CO3
3	Assignment 3 (end-term)	CO4, CO5
4	Group Project	CO2, CO5, CO6, CO7

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online



Late Assignment Submission Policy

Late submission will generally not be entertained unless with prior approval of the Course Instructor.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per Institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

As per APA Citation Format (see <u>https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/ref</u> <u>erence_list_electronic_sources.html</u> for more details)

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per Institute policy

Accommodation of Persons with Disabilities

As per Institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	Digital Sociology						
Course Instructor Name(s)	Bidisha Chaudhuri					
` `	Hours			Comp	onent		
Cradita (L.T.D)					Lecture (1hr =	1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)	ool)				Tutorial (1hr =	1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi				Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits :	= 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	orv/U	nsatisfactory (S	/ X)	
	nnliga	hla)		j		,	
Area of Specialization (if a (<i>Choose by placing X in box agai</i>			aroos from	the lie	· +)		
Theory and Systems for Con		nore man two	areas from		Networking and		
and Data	iputing				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine			X	Digital Society		
Learning				^			
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch					ogrammes / brand	ch(es):	
	•	e X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra			Brand		-	
	X			X	CSE		
	X	M.Tech X		X	ECE		
Course Cotomorry		M.Sc. one from the f		^	Digital Society		
Course Category		<u>X appropriately</u>					
		Basic Scienc					
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch	Elective				
		ECE Branch	Elective				
		Engineering	Science an	d Skill	S		
X		HSS/M					
		General					
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	e exact cour	se cod	e/name)		
	,				· · · · /		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Students can assess the impact of digital technologies on social institutions and diverse groups
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Train students to explore social impact of technologies and help them understand key areas where technology innovation is required
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	This course focuses on multiple writing assignments

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Sociology as a discipline concerns itself with the intricate and infinite ways in which the relationships between individual and society unfold. Thus, there is hardly any sphere of our existence that sociologists are not interested in, starting from intimate personal relationships to large scale circulation of ideas, institutions, practices, goods and people (Warwick, Department of Sociology, n.d.). While the scope of the discipline is limitless, its uniqueness in dealing with this wide variety of subjects lies in what C.W. Mills called the "sociological imagination" (1959), the ability to connect all social events and human actions to specific historical and social contexts. Being fundamental pillar of the discipline, changing historical and social context considerably shape the scope of Sociology.

In this course, we will focus on the historical and social context of digital society – an increasingly digitized world that permeates everyday existence of our lives, from self to interpersonal relationships, from institutions to practices, from knowledge to ways of knowing. The term digital Sociology is meant to capture human relationships and events in connection to the larger context of digital society.

The work of digital sociologists is broadly categorised into four categories (Lupton 2015): a) Professional digital practice - using digital media tools for professional purposes of Sociological work; b) Digital data analysis -using digital data for social research; c) Sociological analyses of digital use - researching the ways in which people's use of digital media configures their sense of selves, their embodiment and their social relations; d) Critical digital sociology : undertaking reflexive and critical analysis of digital media informed by social and cultural theory. In this course we will take on a combination of the last two categories. In doing so, we will draw on research in Internet studies, information and communication studies, media and cultural studies, the sociology of science and technology, surveillance studies, and computer science to cultivate a "sociological imagination" that connects us to the contemporary digital society.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Sociological Approach to Formulate Social Problem	PO6 (iMTech) PO 2, 5 (MSc)	Un	С	3	1
CO2	Understand the significance of sociological analysis of technology impact	PO6 (iMTech) PO 2, 5 (MSc)	Un	С	3	2
CO3	Analyse the impact of digital technologies on social institutions	PO6,7, 10 (iMTech) PO 2,3, 5 (MSc)	An	F, C	12	4
CO4	Analyse the impact of digital technologies on diverse social group, specifically the marginalised	PO 6, 7, 8, 10 (iMTech) PO 2,3, 4, 5 (MSc)	An	F, C	15	4
CO5	Analyse the emergence and workings of new social spaces due to digital technologies	PO 6,7, 10 (iMTech) PO 2,3, 5	An	F, C	12	4
CO6						
C07						
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

[*Provide list-wise topics*] 1. Introduction – What is to be a Sociologist in a Digital Society? Sociological Imagination Sociological Consciousness Critical Digital Sociology 2. Social Institutions in a Digital Society Diverse Technology, Diverse Use Digital Culture Sharing Economy E-health **Digital Politics** 3. Social Relationships in a Digital Society Self and the Intimate Caste Gender Race Labour 4. Digital Spaces Moving beyond the Private and Public Social Media Smart Cities Apps and Platforms

Bodies as Digital Spaces: Of Surveillance and Identities

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Торіс
1	Introduction to the course
	Sociological Imagination & Sociological Consciousness
2	Critical Digital Sociology
3	Diverse Technology, Diverse Use
4	Digital Culture
5	Sharing Economy
6	E-health
7	Digital Politics
8	Self and the Intimate and the Digital
9	Digital Race
10	Digital Caste
11	Gender and the Digital
12	Digital Labour
13, 14, 15	Digital Spaces: Moving beyond the Private and Public
	Social Media
	Smart Cities
	Apps and Platforms
	Bodies as Digital Spaces: Of Surveillance and Identities



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Mills, C.W (1959). "The Promise" in Sociological Imagination. Oxford University Press Berger, P.L. (1963). "Sociology as a Form of Consciousness" in Invitation to Sociology, Anchor B
- 2. Lupton. D. (2015). Digital Sociology. Routledge (Selected Chapters)
- 3. Castells, M. (1996). The Rise of the Network Society. The Information Age: Economy, Society, and Culture Volume I (Information Age Series). London: Blackwell. (Selected Chapters)
- 4. Kate Orton-Johnson and Nick Prior (ed.) (2013). *Digital Sociology: Critical Perspectives*. Palgrave Macmillan, London. (Selected Chapters)
- 5. Deuze, M. (2006). Participation, remediation, bricolage: Considering principal components of a digital culture. The information society, 22(2), 63-75.
- 6. Sassen, S. (2016). "Digital Cultures of Use and their Infrastructures" (Chapter 5) in *The Sociology of Speed: Digital, Organizational, and Social Temporalitinv es*, 72
- Hardey, M. (2001). 'E-health': the internet and the transformation of patients into consumers and producers of health knowledge. Information, Communication & Society, 4(3), 388-405.
- 8. Lupton, D. (2014). Apps as artefacts: Towards a critical perspective on mobile health and medical apps. Societies, 4(4), 606-622.
- 9. Couldry, N. (2015). The myth of 'us': digital networks, political change and the production of collectivity. Information, Communication & Society, 18(6), 608-626.
- 10. Milan, S.(2015). When algorithms shape collective action: Social media and the dynamics of cloud protesting. Social Media+Society, 1(2)
- 11. Morozov, Evgeny. "The Internet, Politics and the Politics of Internet Debate." In Ch@nge: 19 Key Essays on How the Internet Is Changing Our Lives. Madrid: BBVA, 2013.
- 12. Pal, J., & Gonawela, A. (2016, September). Political social media in the global South. In *Conference on e-Business, e-Services and e-Society* (pp. 587-593). Springer, Cham.
- 13. "Serial Selfies" (Chapter 3) in Rettberg, J. W. (2014). Seeing ourselves through technology: How we use selfies, blogs and wearable devices to see and shape ourselves. Springer.
- 14. Lupton, D. (2016). The diverse domains of quantified selves: self-tracking modes and dataveillance. Economy and Society, 45(1), 101-122.
- 15. Nouwens, M., Griggio, C. F., & Mackay, W. E. (2017, May). WhatsApp is for family; Messenger is for friends: Communication Places in App Ecosystems. In Proceedings of the 2017 CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (pp. 727-735). ACM.
- 16. McKay, D. (2010). On the face of Facebook: historical images and personhood in Filipino social networking. History and Anthropology, 21(4), 479-498
- 17. Boyd, D. (2013). White flight in networked publics. How race and class shaped American teen engagement with MySpace and Facebook. In L. Nakamura & PA Chow-White (Eds.), *Race after the Internet*, 203-222.
- 18. Gandy, O. H. (2013). "Matrix multiplication and the digital divide" (Chapter 6) in *Race after the Internet* (pp. 134-151). Routledge.
- 19. Wilson, E. J., & Costanza-Chock, S. (2011). New voices on the net? The digital journalism divide and the costs of network exclusion. Race after the internet.



- 20. Pramod K. Nayyar (2011) The Digital Dalit: Subalternity and Cyberspace, The Sri Lanka Journal of Humanities XXXVII (1&2)
- 21. Thirumal, P and Gary Michael Tartakov (2011) "India's Dalits Search for a Democratic Opening in the Digital Divide" (Chapter 2) in *International Exploration of Technology Equity and the Digital Divide: Critical. Historical and Social Perspectives*. Ed. Patricia Randolph Leigh. Hershey, New York: Information Science Reference, 2011. (20-39)
- 22. Chopra, Rohit. 'Global Primordialities': Virtual Identity Politics in Online Hindutva and Online Dalit Discourse', New Media and Society 8.2 (2006):187-206.
- 23. Kamath, A. (2018). "Untouchable" cellphones? Old caste exclusions and new digital divides in peri-urban Bangalore. Critical Asian Studies, 1-20.
- 24. Duffy, B. E., & Pruchniewska, U. (2017). Gender and self-enterprise in the social media age: A digital double bind. Information, Communication & Society, 20(6), 843–859
- 25. Tacchi, J., Kitner, K., & Crawford, K. (2012). Meaningful mobility: Gender, development and mobile phones. Feminist Media Studies, 12(4), 528–537
- 26. Schoemaker, E. (2015). "Digital purdah": How gender segregation persists over social media. Dawn. Retrieved from https://www.dawn.com/news/1197345
- 27. The Silicon Valley of Dreams and Nightmares of Exploitation: The Google Labour Aristocracy and Its Context (Chapter 9) in Fuchs, C. (2014). Digital Labour and Karl Marx. Routledge. pp. 213-232
- 28. Zuboff, S. (1985). Automate/informate: The two faces of intelligent technology. Organizational dynamics, 14(2), 5-18.
- 29. Fuchs, C., & Sevignani, S. (2013). What is Digital Labour? What is Digital Work? What's their Difference? And why do these Questions Matter for Understanding Social Media?. TripleC (Cognition, Communication, Co-Operation): Open Access Journal for a Global Sustainable Information Society, 11(2). Graham, M., Hjorth, I., & Lehdonvirta, V. (2017). Digital labour and development: impacts of global digital labour platforms and the gig economy on worker livelihoods. Transfer: European Review of Labour and Research, 23(2), 135-162.
- 30. Arcy, J. (2016). Emotion work: considering gender in digital labor. Feminist Media Studies, 16(2), 365-368.
- 31. Boyd, D. M., & Ellison, N. B. (2007). Social network sites: Definition, history, and scholarship. Journal of computer-mediated Communication, 13(1), 210-230
- 32. Juris, J. S. (2012). Reflections on# Occupy Everywhere: Social media, public space, and emerging logics of aggregation. American Ethnologist, 39(2), 259-279.
- 33. Boyd, D. (2008). Facebook's privacy trainwreck: Exposure, invasion, and social convergence. Convergence, 14(1), 13-20.
- 34. Lange, P. G. (2007). Publicly private and privately public: Social networking on YouTube. Journal of computer-mediated communication, 13(1), 361-380.
- 35. Gerlitz, C., & Helmond, A. (2013). The like economy: social buttons and the dataintensive web. New Media & Society, 15.
- 36. Townsend, Anthony M. Chapter 10, *Smart Cities: Big Data, Civic Hackers, and the Quest for a New Utopia.* W.W. Norton & Company, 2014.
- 37. Cardullo, Paolo, and Rob Kitchin. 2018. "Smart Urbanism and Smart Citizenship: The Neoliberal Logic of 'citizen-focused' Smart Cities in Europe." SocArXiv. March 9
- 38. Datta, A. (2015). New urban utopias of postcolonial India: 'Entrepreneurial urbanization' in Dholera smart city, Gujarat. Dialogues in Human Geography, 5(1), 3-22.
- 39. Kitchin, R. (2014). The real-time city? Big data and smart urbanism. GeoJournal, 79(1), 1-14.



- 40. Vanolo, A. (2014). Smartmentality: The smart city as disciplinary strategy. Urban Studies, 51(5), 883-898. Bennett, C., Raab, C., & Regan, P. (2005). "People and place: Patterns of individual identification within intelligent transportation systems" (Chapter 8) in *Surveillance as Social Sorting*, Routledge
- 41. Gillespie, T. (2010). The politics of 'platforms'. New media & society, 12(3), 347-364.
- 42. Helmond, A. (2015). The platformization of the web: Making web data platform ready. Social Media+ Society, 1(2),
- 43. Nieborg, D. B. (2015). Crushing candy: The free-to-play game in its connective commodity form. Social Media+ Society, 1(2)
- 44. Singh, R. (2019). Give Me a Database and I Will Raise the Nation-State. South Asia: Journal of South Asian Studies, 1-18.
- 45. Weltevrede, E., Helmond, A., & Gerlitz, C. (2014). The politics of real-time: A device perspective on social media platforms and search engines. Theory, Culture & Society, 31(6), 125-150.
- 46. Hayles, N. K. (1999). Toward embodied virtuality (Chapter 1). How we became posthuman: virtual bodies in cybernetics, literature, and informatics, University of Chicago Press
- 47. Dubbeld, L. (2003). Observing bodies. Camera surveillance and the significance of the body. Ethics and Information Technology, 5(3), 151-162.
- 48. Van der Ploeg, I. (2012). The body as data in the age of information. Ball, K., Haggerty, KD, and Lyon, D.: Routledge Handbook of Surveillance Studies, London/New York: Routledge, 176-184.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Class attendance: 5% Individual Reading Response: 20% Group activities: 30% Writing Assignments: (45%):

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Classroom learning will include attendance and students' engagement in the classroom discussion	CO 1-5
2	Two Individual Reading Response to asses students' understanding of the text and its connection to classroom discussion	CO1 -5
3.	This will take the form of storyboard-based group assignments conducted at the end of each of the three modules of instruction. Student groups will be	CO 3, 4, 5



	presented storyboards ahead of time and asked to present their ideas in class on the designated activity day. These storyboards may include texts as well as audio visual mediums	
4	Writing Assignments: This will include 4 write ups, one after each module. The last one will be considered as an end term essay will be graded with higher value.	CO 3, 4, 5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	me	EC503 Digital CMOS VLSI Design					
Course Instructor Name(s)						
		Hours			Component		
Credits (L:T:P)		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
	calj				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:0:0			Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point se	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)			
(Choose by placing X against		• • •			(S / Y)		
appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (
Area of Specialization (if a							
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from	the lis			
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	nputing				Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine				Digital Society		
Learning							
X VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch	e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):						
-	•	X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra	mme: Branch:					
		iMTech			CSE		
	X	M.Tech		Х	ECE		
		M.Sc.			Digital Society		
Course Category		one from the f X appropriately					
	(Truce 2	Basic Scienc					
		CSE Core	03				
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch	Elective				
X		ECE Branch Elective					
		Engineering Science and Skills					
		HSS/M					
	General						
Course Bre Beguisites	(Whore	applicable, state exact course code/name)					
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	ε εχάζι σομή	se code	(nume)		
		al Design, Basic Electronics Theory and Lab, Electronic de			y and Lab, Electronic devices		
	and Cl	rcuit lab					



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The basic CMOS transistor working and design techniques towards improving performance is highly useful for todays SoC Design employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The design techniques, and layout understanding are the skills developed in the course.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This is the first graduate level course in VLSI design. This course introduces students to CMOS circuits, develops first-order current-voltage and capacitance-voltage models for transistors, transfer characteristics of CMOS inverter, performance estimation for circuits through logical effort, combinational circuit design, and circuit families.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand NMOS and PMOS current equations and determine the relation with respect to size of transistors.	PO3	U	F	3	
CO2	Apply and observe CMOS Inverter transfer characteristics and Noise margin using current equations and compare the same using LTSpice tool.	PO3, PO1	Ар	F,C	4	4
CO3	Evaluate the propagation delay for a unit inverter and compare the same using LTSpice tool.	PO3, PO2, PO1	E	C,P	7	4
CO4	Understand the Elmore delay model and apply the same for higher order NAND and NOR gates.	PO3	U	РС, Р, F	6	
CO5	Understand the design methodology for multi stage digital circuits.	PO3, PO1	U	PC, C&S, D-I	6	



CO6	Understand different combinatorial logic families, and compare them in terms of logical effort and parasitic delay.	PO3	U	F, C	8	
C07	Apply stick diagram for higher order digital compound gates and determine the footprint.	PO3, PO2, PO1	Ар	P, PC	4	4
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

NA

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Course contents includes CMOS logic, pass transistors, Transfer characteristics of Inverter, Noise Margin, Long channel current model, short channel current model, Design of Inverter, gate capacitances, parasitic capacitances, C-V characteristics for a MOS transistor, CMOS stick diagram, and layout, CMOS Delay Estimation, Delay optimization, Elmore delay model, Linear delay model, logical effort, Design for multi-stage and compound circuits, Decoder gate level design, Combinational CMOS Logic Styles, Dynamic Combination CMOS Logic styles, Pseud NMOS, Asymmetric gates, and Domino logic. The course also includes Schematic and layout of Digital circuits using Electric tool.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]	
NMOS Transistor	2 hours
MOS Capacitor Model, Short-Channel	3 hours
Short Channel, and DC Characteristics	3 hours
Skewed Inverter, Transistor Dimensions	4 hours
CMOS Buffer, Noise Margin	5 hours
Delay	5 hours
Parasitic delay	2 hours
Logical Effort	3 hours
Electrical effort and branching	3 hours
Decoder design	2 hours
Combinational circuit families	5 hours
Stick Diagram	3 hours
Ratioed circuit	3 hours



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Neil H. E. Weste and David Harris, CMOS VLSI Design: A circuits and systems perspective, 4th edition, 2011.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Midterm exam-30% Final exam-30% Quizzes-20% Assignments-20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappi ng
1	I-V and C-V characteristics using Long channel current equations and verify the	CO1
	same in LTSpice tool.	
2	Transfer characteristics of Inverter and Transmission gate and verify the same	CO2
	in LTSpice.	
3	Optimize the performance of a digital circuit by identifying critical paths and	CO4,C
	determine the gate and transistor size.	O5
4	Draw stick diagram and layout in Electric Tool for a compound logic gate.	CO7

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission Unless medically approved excuse, all late submissions are not considered for grading.



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	me	EG 102/Data Structures and Algorithms						
Course Instructor Name(s)	Dr. Muralidh	nara V N					
		Hours			Comp	onent		
Credits (L:T:P)		3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	ool)	1			Tutorial (1hr =	,		
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fracti	2			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)				
	L:T:P = 3:1	:2		Total Credits :	= 5			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A	A-,B+,B,B-,C+	-,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/Un	satisfactory (S	/ X)		
Area of Specialization (if a	pplica	ble)						
(Choose by placing X in box agai			areas from	the list)			
Theory and Systems for Con	nputing		-		Networking and			
and Data					Communication			
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine				Digital Society			
Learning VLSI Systems					Cyber Security			
General Elective					Cyber Occurry			
	Couro	ia restricted t	o the fellow	ing pro	grammes / brand	b(aa)		
Programme / Branch						n(es).		
	Progra	X appropriately. More than one is okay) mme: Branch:						
	X	iMTech		X	CSE	7		
		M.Tech		Х	ECE	-		
		M.Sc.			Digital Society			
Course Category	Select	one from the f	ollowing:		<u> </u>			
		X appropriately			<u> </u>			
		Basic Scienc	es					
		CSE Core						
		ECE Core						
		CSE Branch						
		ECE Branch						
	X	X Engineering Science and Skills						
		HSS/M						
		General						
Course Pre-Requisites		applicable, stat		rse code	/name)			
	Progra	mming in C and	Python.					



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
	Yes	Most of the interviews during
Direct focus on employability		placements will have questions on DSA.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Programming
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills	Yes	Problem Solving Skills
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

Data Structures and Algorithms are often considered as the foundation of computer science. With advancements in the computer science field, more and more data is generated, this course provides basic tools and techniques to design efficient algorithms to process this data.

This is a core course to the iM.Tech second semester students. The aim of the course is to provide students with a grasp of the principles of the many data structures used in modern software.

The students also learn to use the concepts of DSA in any programming language of their choice to solve computing problems.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)	Lab (Hrs)
CO1	Determine the efficiency of algorithms.	PO1, PSO4	Ар	C,P	8	3	
CO2	Understand the characteristics of data structures including arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees,	PO1, PSO4	U	C,P	10	3	



	ज्ञानमुत्तमम् 						
	Heaps, Binary Search trees , hashing, graphs .						
CO3	Understand algorithms for sorting and searching.	PO1, PSO4	U	C,P	7	3	
CO4	Understand the graph traversal algorithms DFS and BFS, algorithms for Shortest path problem and minimum spanning trees.	PO1, PSO4	U	C,P	10	3	
CO5	Choose appropriate data structures to design efficient algorithms to solve computing problems.	PO1, PSO4	E	C,P	10	3	
CO6	Design and implement efficient algorithms in any programming language.	PO1, PSO4	С	C,P			30
	Total				45	15	30

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

- 1. Introduction to algorithms and complexity.
- 2. Sorting: Merge, quick, radix, selection, bubble sort, insertion sort and heap sort.Lower bound for sorting.
- 3. Randomized Algorithms: Las Vegas and Monte Carlo paradigms, some example randomized algorithms
- 4. Arrays, stacks, queues and linked lists .
- 5. Dictionaries: Skip-lists, hashing, analysis of collision resolution techniques.
- 6. Binary Trees: Traversals, binary search trees, balanced binary search trees AVL and Red Black Trees.
- 7. Priority queues: binary heaps, binomial heaps and Fibonacci heaps.



8. Graphs:Breadth-_first search and connected components, Depth-_first search in directed and undirected graphs. Single course shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree - prim's and kruskal's algorithms.

Instruction Schedule

- 1. Introduction to algorithms and complexity. (2 weeks)
- 2. Sorting: Merge, quick, radix, selection, bubble sort, insertion sort and heap sort.Lower bound for sorting. (2 weeks)
- 3. Randomized Algorithms: Las Vegas and Monte Carlo paradigms, some example randomized algorithms (1 Week)
- 4. Arrays, stacks, queues and linked lists . (1 week)
- Dictionaries: Skip-lists, hashing, analysis of collision resolution techniques. (1 week)
- 6. Binary Trees: Traversals, binary search trees, balanced binary search trees AVL and Red Black Trees. (3 weeks)
- 7. Priority queues: binary heaps, binomial heaps and Fibonacci heaps. (2 weeks)
- Graphs:Breadth-_first search and connected components, Depth-_first search in directed and undirected graphs. Single course shortest path problem and minimum spanning tree - prim's and kruskal's algorithms. (3 week)

Learning Resources

Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Leiserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, MIT Press, 3rd Edition 2009.

Assessment Plan

Theory : Mid Term - 25% End Term- 25% Test 1- 10 % Test 2 - 10% MCQ 1- 15 % MCQ 2- 15 %

Lab

Mid Term - 25% End Term- 25%



Test 1- 10 % Test 2 - 10% Assignments - 30 %

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Applications of Sorting and Searching	CO1,CO3,CO6
2	Applications of Stacks, Queues and Heaps	CO1,CO2,CO5,CO6
3	Applications of Binary Trees and BBST	CO1,CO2,CO5,CO6
4	Applications of Graph Algorithms	CO1,CO4,CO5,CO6

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

No Penalty for one week late, 100% penalty after that.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		HSS 101: Economics					
Course Instructor Name(s)		V Sridhar					
		Hours			Component		
		45		Lecture $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$			
Credits (L:T:P)		15		Tutorial $(1hr = 1 \text{ credit})$			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
	L:T:P = 45:1	15:0		Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme		Х					
(Choose by placing X against			-				
appropriate box)			Satisfactory	/Uns	satisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applicabl							
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from th	e lis			
Theory and Systems for Compu and Data	ting				Networking and Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	ine			X	Digital Society		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective					- ;		
Programme / Branch Course Category	(Place Progra X Select <u>(Place)</u> X	X appropriate imme: iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Society Digital Society Basic Sciences CSE Core ECE Core ECE Core ECE Branch E ECE Branch E Engineering S HSS/M General	ly. More than Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br	lls	h:		
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where None	applicable, stat	e exact course	code	e/name)		



Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development		
Focus on entrepreneurship		
	Yes	Provides students an appreciation of the rational
Provides value added / life skills		economic behavior of individuals, firms and
(language, writing, communication, etc.)		governments.

Course Context and Overview

This course provides an introduction to economics – both micro and macro- to engineering and computer science students. The objective of the course is to enable the students to appreciate and understand the concepts of Economics and how they are related to our daily lives. Using a calculus and graphical approach, the course explains the theoretical principles of economics so that the students are able to understand the working of individuals, firms and government in our society. After taking the course, the students will be able to apply the principles learnt in the course to the working of the Information and Communications Technology (ICT) industry.

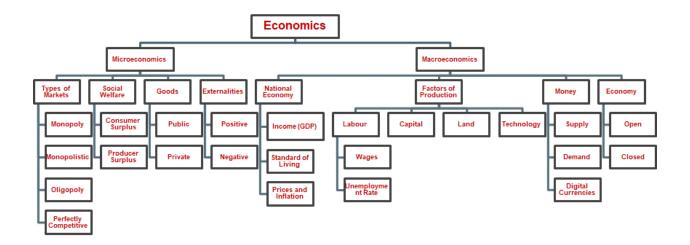
Course Outcomes and Competencies

	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Analyze the functioning of different types of markets including Monopoly, Monopolistic competition, Oligopoly, and Perfect Competition and the corresponding equilibrium conditions in each market.	PO6	An	C,P	9	3
CO2	Analyze market efficiencies, consumer surplus, producer surplus and social welfare in economic markets.	PO7, PO8	An	C,P	6	2
CO3	Analyze theory of public and private goods and its implications on pricing of such goods with applications in the ICT industry	PO6	An	F, C, P	3	1
CO4	Understand theory of labour markets and associated equilibrium wages, employment and unemployment rates with applications in the ICT industry	PO6	Ар	F, C, P	9	3
CO5	Apply macroeconomics principles to estimate the welfare of countries including the determination of GDP, standard of living and unemployment rates.	PO6	An	C, P	6	2
CO6	Understand theories of money including digital currencies and the associated monetary policies on the economies of countries.	PO6	An	F, C, P	6	2
CO7	Analyze factors of production including capital, land, labour and technology and their effect on productivity and standard of living with applications in the ICT industry	PO6	An	F, C, P	6	2
	Total				45	15



Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

The **first part** of the HSS 101: Economics course, will cover **Microeconomics** in detail during the pre-midterm and early part of post-midterm session. The course will cover the following topics in depth:

- 1. How does the market work: supply, demand and equilibrium;
- 2. Consumer and producer choices: elasticities of supply and demand;
- 3. Competitive, monopolistic and oligopolistic markets and strategic behavior of firms;
- 4. Public versus private goods; common resources; externalities
- 5. Labour markets and wage determination
- 6. The theory of consumer choice
- 7. Frontiers in Microeconomics research

The **second part** of the course, will cover **Macroeconomics** during part of the post-midterm session. The course will cover the following topics in depth:

- 1. Measurement of national economy, GDP calculations;
- 2. Cost of living comparisons; measurements; price and GDP adjustors;
- 3. Productivity and growth; productivity models;
- 4. Money and Inflation
- 5. Unemployment and its impact on national economy; trade-offs between inflation and unemployment
- 6. International trade
- 7. Open economy

Instruction Schedule



Week	Topics
	Overview of Microeconomics: [Ch: 1]
1	
1	Ten principles of economics; how people make decisions; how firms behave; how the economy as a whole works; economist as a scientist and as a policy adviser; illustrations through day-to-day examples.
	Supply, Demand and Equilibrium: [Ch: 4] What is a market? What is competition; Demand curve - relationship between price and quantity demanded; Supply curve - relationship between price and quantity supplied
	Shifting along the curves and of the curves and their meaning; definition of market equilibrium
	Determination of market equilibrium; analyzing changes in equilibrium; shifts in supply/demand curves and the corresponding effects on equilibrium
2	Elasticity and its applications: [Ch:5]
	Price elasticity of demand and its determination; variety of demand curves; total revenue and the price elasticity of demand; other demand elasticities
	Price elasticity of supply and its determination; variety of supply curves; applications of supply, discussion of demand and elasticities in practice
	Consumers, producers and efficiency of markets: [Ch: 7]
	Calculation of consumer surplus, and producers surplus; effect of price on these surpluses
	evaluating market efficiency and reasons for market failures; discussion of cases
3	Firms in competitive markets: [Ch: 14]
3	r ins in competitive markets, [Cir. 14]
	What is a competitive market, profit maximization principles of firms
	marginal cost curve and firm's supply decisions, measuring profit of competitive firm, firm's short and long run decisions, shifts in demand and its impact, examples
15	Managalar (Ch. 15)
4-5	Monopoly: [Ch: 15]
	Why monopolies arise, monopoly vs. competition, monopoly's profit maximization decisions, deadweight loss, social costs of monopoly, x-inefficiency
	Price discrimination in monopoly markets, public policy towards monopolies, examples
	Monopolistic Competition: [Ch: 16]
	Competition with differentiated products, long run equilibrium, monopolistic vs. perfect competition, advertising to differentiate
6-7	Oligopoly: [Ch: 17]
	Duopoly and oligopoly markets, measure of market concentration, equilibrium for an oligopoly, prisoner's dilemma in oligopoly, cartels and collusion, Nash equilibrium
	Public policies towards oligopolies, restraints of trade and antitrust laws, controversies of antitrust policies, discussion with examples
8-9	Externalities: [Ch: 10]
	Externalities and market inefficiency, positive and negative externalities, discussion of examples
	Public goods and common resources:
	Public policies towards externalities, private solutions to externalities



	Private versus public goods, free rider problem, tragedy of the commons, positive and negative externalities, internalizing externalities, Pigovian taxes and subsidies
9-10	Factors of production: [Ch: 18]
	Production functions and marginal product of labour, shift of labour demand curve
	trade between work and leisure, equilibrium in the labour market, the other factors of production – land and capital
	Theory of consumer choice: [Ch: 21]
	Consumer preferences, indifferent curve analysis, utility theory, examples
	Frontiers in Microeconomics Research [Ch: 22]
11	Information asymmetry, Moral hazard and adverse selection problems, network effects National Economy:
11	National income, expenditure, consumption, investment, GDP calculations, real and nominal GDP
	Cost of Living:
	Cost of living calculations, Consumer Price Index, price deflators, real and nominal Interest rates
12	Productivity and Growth:
	Productivity and growth, factors of production, productivity models, government policies for improving productivity, productivity across different countries
13	Money Growth and Inflation:
	Supply and demand of money, Fisher effect, inflation, central bank policies on supply and demand for money
14	Unemployment:
	Relationship between employment and wage, reasons for unemployment, trade-off between inflation and unemployment, minimum wages, trade unions and bargaining, Philips curve, sticky price and sticky wage models Make-up Quiz
15	Open Economy:
	International trade, relationship between currency values, exchange rates, imports and exports

Learning Resources

- 1. Mankiw, G. (2012) Principles of Microeconomics (6th Edition). Cengage Learning.
- 2. Mankiw, G. (2012) Principles of Macroeconomics (6th Edition). Cengage Learning.

Assessment Plan

Component	Marks
Microeconomics Quizzes (5×5)	25%
Macroeconomics Quizzes (5×5)	25%

जानमुत्तमम्	
Mid Term Exam in Microeconomic	25%
End Term Exam in Macroeconomics	25%
Total	100%

Assignments / Projects

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
	Not Applicable	

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- 1. Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- 2. Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Not Applicable

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

One make-up quiz is given to accommodate anyone who missed one of the quizzes due to unavoidable circumstances. There are no make-ups for mid or end term exams.

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

Not Applicable

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		HSS 102: A History of Ideas				
Course Instructor Name(s)			Bidisha Chaudhuri			
			Hours	Component		
				Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L	T:P = 3:1:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		X 4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)				
(Choose by placing X against ap	propriate box)		•	Insatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applic	cable)		,	, , ,		
(Choose by placing X in box aga	•	wo i	areas from the li	st)		
Theory and Systems for Cor				Networking and		
				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Ma	chine Learning			Digital Society		
VLSI Systems		_		Cyber Security		
General Elective						
(Place X appropring Programme: X iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. X CSE X ECE Digital So Select one from the (Place X appropriate)			Bran Bran			
	Basic Scie		es			
	ECE Core					
	CSE Branch Elective					
	ECE Bran					
Engineerii X HSS/M			Science and Skil	ls		
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable,	stat	e exact course coc	le/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Introduces students to the idea of technology as part of complex social problems
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Trains students with critical thinking, analytical thinking and writing

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

History of Ideas or Intellectual History is an interdisciplinary field of studies traversing the disciplinary boundaries of philosophy, history, natural science, art and literature, political and social thought and so on. As a field it focuses on how ideas about the world, either natural or social, have originated, evolved and transformed over time. The motive for studying such a wide field is to understand how knowledge is produced and disseminated and how epistemological lenses shape the way we perceive and conceptualize the world around us. There is no single way of talking about the history of ideas. Rather, there are many ways in which this field can be approached depending on the area of focus, historical time frame, and spatial dimensions and so on.

This course is in no way an exhaustive account of history of ideas. Rather, it is a selection of intellectual trajectories and their proponents on the basis of the relevance and impact of their ideas across time and space, and their ability to permeate disciplinary boundaries and influence the overall pursuit of knowledge in the social sciences. Thus, the focus of the course remains on the economic, political and social ideas growing out of different temporal and intellectual contexts that represent different organizing principles of state and society.

The course starts with a focus on modern political, economic and sociological thought. It starts with a brief introduction to early liberal political philosophy on the nature of the modern state, society and sovereignty through the works of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau. It also examines the ideas of Adam Smith and Karl Marx and Karl Polanyi to trace the emergence of modern economic thought. It then proceeds to major epistemological traditions in classical sociological thought developed by Weber, Durkheim and Gramsci while exploring a range of ideas on the state and economy, power and domination, the division of labour and social control, religion and society.

Then we move on to focusing on the relationship between individual, society and system of knowledge. We explore social psychological ideas by Sigmund Freud and G.H. Mead through their works on the relationship between individual and society. These ideas lead to the



relationship between society and knowledge through the works of Karl Mannheim (Sociology of Knowledge), Berger and Luckmann (Social Construction of Reality).

The following section presents a critical understanding of modernity and modern thought through the works of Michel Foucault and Anthony Giddens.

The course also touches upon modern Indian social and political thought through the writings of Indian thinkers such as Gandhi, Tagore, Ambedkar, Nehru and their ideas of nation, community, state, democracy and development. In each module, we will touch upon contemporary issues facing India and the relevance of modern social thought in assessing these issues.

The objective of the course is to provide students with a cursory yet critical understanding of some of the major philosophical traditions of 19th and 20th century and the contexts in which they originated and evolved. This basic understanding will help them firstly to comprehend how social sciences perceive and analyze the world around us and secondly how such analytical lenses influence and inform our understanding of the contemporary society in general.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the contemporary political, economic and social systems through the historical lens of modernity	PSO6	U	F, C	12	4
CO2	Understand the role of science and technology in modern societies	PSO6	U	F,C	6	1
CO3	Critically evaluate modern institutions on individual freedom, relations of power and social structures	PSO 7, 8	R,U, Ap	F, C,MC	6	2
CO4	Understand the influence of modernity on Indian state and society	PSO6	U	F,C	9	3
CO5	Analyse the impact of modern economy and polity on challenges of development and environment	PSO6, 7, 8	U,An	F, C, MC	6	2
CO6	Examine the relationship between modernity, technology and social issues in contemporary India	PSO6, 7,8	U, An	C, MC	6	3
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)



Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction to the Modernity and Enlightenment
- Introduction to Modern Political Thought
- Introduction to Modern Economic Thought
- Modernity and Culture, Society and Economy
- Introduction to Modern Sociological Thought
- Modernity and Mind
- Knowledge and Modernity
- Critiques of Modernity
- Modernity and Indian Thinkers
- Modernity and Indian Politics
- Modernity and Development in India
- Technology and Indian Modernity

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Topics
1, 2	Introduction to the Course and Introduction to the Modernity and Enlightenment
3	Introduction to Modern Political Thought: Hobbes, Locke, Montesquieu, Rousseau
4	Introduction to Modern Economic Thought: Smith and Marx
5	Culture, Society and Economy: Gramsci and Polanyi
7	Introduction to Modern Sociological Thought: Durkheim and Weber
8	Modernity and Mind: Freud and Mead
9	Knowledge and Modernity: Sociology of Knowledge: Mannheim, Social Construction of
	Reality: Berger and Luckman
10	Critique of Modernity: Power/Knowledge: Foucault and Reflexive Modernity: Giddens
11,12	Modernity and Indian Thinkers: Gandhi, Tagore, Ambedkar, Nehru
13	Modernity in India Politics: State, Caste and Religion
14	Modernity and Development in India: Urbanization, Employment, Environmental
	Challenges
15	Technology and Indian Modernity

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Bertrand Russell, History of Western Philosophy, George Allen and Unwin Ltd, 1947: 568-579, 642-665,711-727, 568-579, 642-665,711-727

Adam Smith, "Of the Division of Labour" (Chapter I, Book I) in The Wealth of Nations-1776 edited by Edwin Cannan, Bantam Books, 2003: 9-21



Karl Marx and Frederick Engels, "The Communist Manifesto-1848" in Marx/Engels Selected Works, Vol. One, Progress Publishers, 1969: Excerpts

Femia, J. V. (1987). Gramsci's political thought: hegemony, consciousness, and the revolutionary process.

Polanyi, K. The Great Transformation. New York: Farrar & Rinehart, 1944, selected pages George Ritzer, Classical Sociological Theory, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill Companies, 1996: 217-263; 183-216; 362-385

Daniel K. Lapsley and Paul C. Stey, "Id, Ego and Superego" in Encyclopedia of Human Behavior, Second Edition edited by V.S. Ramachandran, Elsevier, 2011: 1-9

Lewis Coser, Masters of Sociological Thought, Indian Edition, Rawat Publications, 1996: 429-464 Peter Berger and Thomas Luckmann, "The Foundation of Knowledge" in Everyday Life in Social Construction of Reality: A Treatise in the Sociology of Knowledge, Penguin Books, 1966: 31-62 Michael Foucault, "Introduction" in The Foucault Reader edited by Paul Rabinow, Pantheon Books, 1984: 31-75

Anthony Giddens, Chapter 1 in The Consequences of Modernity, Polity Press, 1990, 1-53 Ramachandra Guha, Makers of Modern India, Penguin Books, 2010: Excerpts

Ahmad, N. (2006). A note on Gandhi, Nation and Modernity. Social Scientist, 50-69

Jodhka, S. S. (2002). Nation and village: Images of rural India in Gandhi, Nehru and Ambedkar. Economic and Political Weekly, 3343-3353.

Gail Omvedt, "Ambedkarism: The Theory of Dalit Liberation" in Dalits and the Democratic Revolution: Dr Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India, SAGE Publications, 1994: Excerpts

Parekh, B. (1991). Nehru and the national philosophy of India. Economic and Political Weekly, 35-48. Kaviraj, S. (2005). On the enchantment of the state: Indian thought on the role of the state in the narrative of modernity. European Journal of Sociology/Archives Européennes de Sociologie, 46(2), 263-296.

Jayal, N. G. (1994). The gentle leviathan: Welfare and the Indian state. Social Scientist, 18-26. \Box Rudolph, L. I. (1965). The modernity of tradition: The democratic incarnation of caste in India. American Political Science Review, 59(4), 975-989)

Dirks, N. B. (1992). Castes of Mind. Representations, (37), 56-78.

Mitra, S. K. (1991). Desecularising the State: religion and politics in India after independence. Comparative Studies in Society and History, 33(4), 755-777.

Pantham, T. (1997). Indian secularism and its critics: Some reflections. The Review of Politics, 59(3), 523-540.

Escobar, A. (2011). Development and the Anthropology of Modernity. The postcolonial science and technology studies reader, 269

Sen, A. (2001). "Introduction" in Development as Freedom. Oxford Paperbacks.

Basole, A. (2005). The Economics of Ahimsa: Gandhi, Kumarappa, and the Non-Modern Challenge to Economics

Bhaduri, A. (2017). A study in development by dispossession. Cambridge Journal of Economics, 42(1), 19-31.

Ramachandra Guha and Joan Martinez Aller, Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North and South, Routledge, 1997: 3-45

Baviskar, A. (1997). Ecology and development in India: A field and its future. Sociological bulletin, 46(2), 193-207.

Gandy, M. (2008). Landscapes of disaster: water, modernity, and urban fragmentation in Mumbai. Environment and planning A, 40(1), 108-130

and Indian Modernity

Arnold, D. (2013). Everyday Technology: Machines and the Making of India's Modernity. University of Chicago Press. [Selected Chapters]



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- Classroom Learning: 10%
- *Group Activity* (4*15= 60%)
- End-Term Examination: 30%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Classroom learning will include attendance and students' engagement in the classroom discussion	CO1-6
2.	This will take the form of storyboard-based group assignments. Groups will be fixed throughout the semester. There will be 2 components for scoring: Presentation (10): 10 minutes to present for each group. Student groups will be presented storyboards ahead of time and asked to present their ideas in class on the designated activity day. These storyboards may include texts as well as audio visual materials. All group members will be uniformly marked. Peer review Score (5): Each member of the group will give a score to their team members on the basis of their engagement and contribution to the group activity.	CO-3, 5, 6
3.	End-Term Exam	CO 3, 5, 6

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- · Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given



[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name	Technology and Society					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Bidisha Chaudhuri					
		Hours			Component	
	45			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	15			Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme (Choose by placing X against		X	4-point so	cale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ory/U	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applied	-					
(Choose by placing X in box aga		nore than two	areas from	the lis		
Theory and Systems for Cor	nputing				Networking and	
and Data					Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Ma Learning	cnine			Х	Digital Society	
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
Progra		iMTech M.Tech M.Sc. CSE ECE Digital Socie	ty	Brand	ch:	
Course Category		one from the f				
	(Place)	X appropriately)				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core	Ele etino			
		CSE Branch Elective				
		ECE Branch Elective				
	Engineering Science and Skills					
	HSS/M General					
	General					
Course Pre-Requisites	applicable, stat	te exact cour.	se cod	e/name)		



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Equips students with technology assessment frameworks to better design and implement solutions
Focus on skill development	Yes	Teaches students to map user needs and social and political context to technological properties
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Expose students to ideas that highlight the potential and impact of digital technologies, particularly for the underserved communities
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Teaches critical thinking and analytical writing

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

The objective of this course is to understand the complex and multi-dimensional nature of the technology-society relationship. Using a variety of examples and analyses, this course shows how technology and society co-constitute each other in a historically contingent manner.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand how science and technology are organized as social activities	PO3, PO2	U	С	4.5	1
CO2	Problematise technology determinism	PO3, 5	An, Ap	F,C	3	1
CO3	Analyse how social, cultural and political factors shape technology design	PO3, 5	An	F,C	9	3
CO4	Analyse how specific technological properties are enacted differently in use contexts	PO3, 5	An	F, C	6	2
CO5	Analyse processes of technology transfer	PO3, 5	An	F, C	1.5	1



CO6	Analyse how technologies can reproduce existing power relations in society	PO3, 5	An	F,C	6	2
CO7	Evaluate impact of design and implementation of technology on public services, governance and social development	PO3, 5	Ev	F,C	6	2
CO8	Assess potential of contemporary digital technologies in a given social context	PO3, 5	Εv	F,C	6	2
CO9	Understand how technology and society mutually shape each other	PO 2	Ар	F,C	3	1
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction to the course
- History of Technology
- Overview of Science and Technology Studies
- The Myth of Technology Determinism
- Social Construction of Technology
- Idea of Materiality: Actor-Network Theory
- Idea of Materiality: Sociomateriality
- Politics of Technology
- Data, Privacy and Surveillance
- Digital Labour
- Postcolonial Computing
- Repair and Non-Use of Technology
- Technology and Ethics

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week 1	Introduction to the course and History of Technology			
Week 2	Science and Technology Studies: Overview			
Week 3	The Myth of Technology Determinism			
Week 4, 5	Social Construction of Technology			



Week 6	Social shaping of Technology Transfer		
Week 7	Idea of Materiality: Actor-Network		
Week 8	Idea of Materiality: Sociomateriality		
Week 9, 10	Politics of Technology		
Week 11	Data, Privacy and Surveillance		
Week 12	Digital Labour and Work		
Week 13	Postcolonial Computing		
Week 14	Repair and Non-Use of Technology		
Week 15	Technology and Ethics		

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]



Module 1: Introduction

Week 1- Week 2

Introduction to the concept of technology, History of Technology and Overview to the field of Science and Technology Studies:

Li-Hua, R. (2012). "Definitions of technology" in Olsen, J. K. B., Pedersen, S. A., & Hendricks, V. F. A Companion to the Philosophy of Technology. John Wiley & Sons. (pp. 18-22).

"Can we define 'Technology'?" in Nye, D. E. (2007). Technology matters: Questions to live with. MIT Press. (pp. 1-16)

Week 2

Feenberg, A. (2010). Ten paradoxes of technology. Techné: Research in Philosophy and Technology, 14(1), 3-15.

Marx, L. (1997). "Technology": The Emergence of a Hazardous Concept. Social Research, (pp. 965-988)

Kuhn, T. S. (1962). The Structure of Scientific Revolutions. Chicago (University of Chicago Press) 1962. Chapters 2 and 4 (pp. 10-22 and 35-42)

Merton, R.K. (1942). Sociology of Science: Theoretical and Empirical Investigations. University of Chicago press. Chapter 13: Normative Structure of Science, pp. 267-27

Sismondo, S. (2008). Science and Technology Studies and an Engaged Programme in Hackett, E.J. et al. (ed.) (2008) The Handbook of Science and Technology Studies, Third Edition. MIT Press (pp.13-32)

Roosth S. & Silbey S. (2009). "Science and technology studies: From controversies to posthumanist social theory" in Turner, B. S. (Ed.) The new Blackwell companion to social theory. John Wiley & Sons. (pp. 451- 474)

Module 2: Approaches to study the relationship between technology and society Week 3

The Myth of Technology Determinism

"Does Technology Control us" and "Is Technology Predictable?" in Nye, D. E. (2007).

Technology matters: Questions to live with. MIT Press. (pp. 17-32)

Heilbroner, R. L. (1967). Do machines make history? Technology and culture, (pp.335-345)

Bimber, B. 1990. Karl Marx and Three Faces of Technological Determinism in Social Studies of Science, Vol. 20, No. 2 (May, 1990), pp. 333-351

Williams, R. (2003). The technology and the society. Television: Critical concepts and cultural studies, 2, (pp.42-57)

Adas, M. (1990). Machines as the measure of men: Science, technology, and ideologies of Western dominance. Cornell University Press

Ceruzzi, P. E. (2005). Moore's law and technological determinism: Reflections on the history of technology. Technology and Culture, 46(3), (pp.584-593)

Harvey, D. (2003). The fetish of technology: Causes and consequences. Macalester International, 13(1), 7.

Week 4-Week 6

Social Construction of Technology

Bijker, W.E. (2001) "Social Construction of Technology" in Smesler, N. J., & Baltes, P. B.(Ed.) International encyclopedia of social and behavioural sciences. Elsevier Science. (pp 15522-15527)

MacKenzie D. & Wacjman J. (2011). "Introductory essay: The Social Shaping of technology" in The Social Shaping of Technology (2nd edition). Open University Press, (pp. 3-27)



MacKenzie, D. A. (1998). "Introduction" and "Social and Economic Explanations of Technological Change" Knowing machines: Essays on technical change. MIT Press. (pp. 1-22, and 49-66)

Noble, D. (2011). "Social choice in machine design: The case of automatically controlled machine tools" in MacKenzie D. & Wacjman J. (Eds.) The Social Shaping of Technology (2nd edition). Open University Press, (pp 161-176)

David, P. A. (1985). Clio and the Economics of QWERTY. The American economic review, (pp. 332-337)

Dyer. R. (2011). "Making 'white' people white" in MacKenzie D. & Wacjman J. (Eds.) The Social Shaping of Technology (2nd edition). Open University Press, (134-137)

Abbate, J. (2011). "Cold war and white heat: The origins and meanings of packet switching" in MacKenzie D. & Wacjman J. (Eds.) The Social Shaping of Technology (2nd edition). Open University



Press (pp.351-371) Headrick, D. R. (1990). "Imperialism, Technology and Tropical Economies" and



The Railways of India" in The tentacles of progress: technology transfer in the age of imperialism, 1850-1940. OUP Catalogue. (pp 3- 13; 49-81)

Sivamalai, L. (2013, June). Using the Lens of "Social Construction of Technology" to Understand the Design and Implementation of Aadhaar (UID) Project. In International Working Conference on Transfer and Diffusion of IT (pp. 633-638). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.

Ames, M. G. (2014). "Translating Magic: The Charisma of One Laptop per Child's XO Laptop in Paraguay" in Medina, E., da Costa Marques, I., Holmes, C., & Cueto, M. (Eds.). Beyond Imported Magic: Essays on Science, Technology, and Society in Latin America. MIT Press (pp. 369-407)

Oreglia, E. (2014). ICT and (Personal) Development in Rural China. Information Technologies & International Development, 10(3), (pp. 19- 30)

"Introduction" in Gitelman, L. (2013). Raw data is an oxymoron. MIT Press. (pp. 1-14)

Crawford K (2013) The hidden biases in Big Data. Harvard Business Review. 1 April. Available at: https://hbr.org/ 2013/04/the-hidden-biases-in-big-data

Bowker, G., & Star, S. L. (1999). "The ICD as Information Structure" Sorting things out. Classification and its consequences. MIT Press (pp. 107-134)

Week 7

Idea of Materiality: Actor-Network Theory

Johnson, J. (1988). Mixing humans and nonhumans together: The sociology of a door-closer. Social problems, 35(3), (pp.298-310)

Akrich, M, (1992). The de-scription of technical objects in Shaping technology / building society: studies in sociotechnical change. Bijker. W.J.and J.Law (ed.), MIT press, Cambridge, MA (pp. 205-224)

Walsham, G., & Sahay, S. (1999). GIS for district-level administration in India: problems and opportunities. MIS quarterly, (pp.39-65)

Chaudhuri, B., Dasgupta, P., Hoysala, O., Kendall, L., & Srinivasan, J. (2017, May). Actor-networks and "practices" of development: impact of a weather information system in West Bengal. In International Conference on Social Implications of Computers in Developing Countries (pp. 809-815). Springer, Cham.

Week 8

Idea of Materiality: Sociomateriality

Blanchette, J. F. (2011). A material history of bits. Journal of the American Society for Information Science and Technology, 62(6), 1042-1057.

Orlikowski, W. J. (2007). Sociomaterial practices: Exploring technology at work. Organization studies, 28(9), (pp.1435-1448)

Leonardi, P. M. (2011). When flexible routines meet flexible technologies: Affordance, constraint, and the imbrication of human and material agencies. MIS quarterly, 35(1), 147-167.

Scott, S. V., & Orlikowski, W. J. (2014). Entanglements in Practice. MIS Quarterly, 38(3), 873-894. Willson, M. (2017). Algorithms (and the) everyday. Information, Communication & Society, 20(1), 137-150.

Dourish, P. (2016). Algorithms and their others: Algorithmic culture in context. Big Data & Society, 3(2), 2053951716665128.

Week 9-10

Politics of Technology

Winner, L. (1980). Do artifacts have politics? Daedalus, (pp.121-136)



Berg, A. & M.Lie (1995). Feminism and Constructivism: Do Artifacts Have Gender? In Science, Technology, & Human Values, Vol. 20, No. 3, Special Issue: Feminist and Constructivist Perspectives on New Technology (Summer, 1995), pp. 332-351

Standage, T. (2014). "The Rise of Mass Media: The Centralization Begins" Bloomsbury Publishing USA. pp. 170 -188;

Trouiller, P., Torreele, E., Olliaro, P., White, N., Foster, S., Wirth, D., & Pécoul, B. (2001). Drugs for neglected diseases: a failure of the market and a public health failure?. Tropical Medicine & International Health, 6(11), 945-951.

Sadowski, J., & Bendor, R. (2019). Selling smartness: Corporate narratives and the smart city as a sociotechnical imaginary. Science, Technology, & Human Values, 44(3), 540-563.

De Filippi, P., & Loveluck, B. (2016). The invisible politics of bitcoin: governance crisis of a decentralized infrastructure

Ruppert, E., Isin, E. and Bigo, D. (2017). Data Politics. Big Data and Society. July–December 2017: 1–7

Burrell, J. (2016). How the machine 'thinks': Understanding opacity in machine learning algorithms. Big Data & Society, 3(1), 2053951715622512.

Rosenblat, A., & Stark, L. (2016). Algorithmic labor and information asymmetries: A case study of Uber's drivers. International Journal of Communication, 10, 27.

Module 3: Contemporary Issues within Science and Technology Studies Week 11

Data, Privacy and Surveillance

Iliadis, A., & Russo, F. (2016). Critical data studies: An introduction. Big Data & Society, 3(2), 2053951716674238.

Van Dijck, J. (2014). Datafication, dataism and dataveillance: Big Data between scientific paradigm and ideology. Surveillance & Society, 12(2), 197-208.

David, L. (2003). Surveillance as social sorting: Computer codes and mobile bodies. Surveillance as social sorting: Privacy, risk, and digital discrimination, Londres, Routledge, (pp.13-30) Esposito, E. (2017). Algorithmic memory and the right to be forgotten on the web. Big Data and Society. January–June 2017: 1–11

Week 12: Digital Labour and Work

Zia, Sarah (2019). Not knowing as pedagogy: Ride-hailing drivers in Delhi

http://blog.castac.org/2019/07/not-knowing-as-pedagogy-ride-hailing-drivers-in-delhi/

Graham, M., Hjorth, I., & Lehdonvirta, V. (2017). Digital labour and development: impacts of global digital labour platforms and the gig economy on worker livelihoods. Transfer: European Review of Labour and Research, 23(2), 135-162.

Irani, L. (2015). Difference and dependence among digital workers: The case of Amazon Mechanical Turk. South Atlantic Quarterly, 114(1), 225-234.

Drahokoupil, J., & Fabo, B. (2016). The platform economy and the disruption of the employment relationship. ETUI Research Paper-Policy Brief, 5.

Week 13 Postcolonial Computing



Philip, K., Irani, L., & Dourish, P. (2012). Postcolonial computing: A tactical survey. Science, Technology, & Human Values, 37(1), 3-29.

Sultana, S., & Ahmed, S. I. (2019, May). Witchcraft and HCI: Morality, modernity, and postcolonial computing in rural bangladesh. In Proceedings of the 2019 CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (pp. 1-15).

Mainsah, H., & Morrison, A. (2014, October). Participatory design through a cultural lens: insights from postcolonial theory. In Proceedings of the 13th Participatory Design Conference: Short Papers, Industry Cases, Workshop Descriptions, Doctoral Consortium papers, and Keynote abstracts-Volume 2 (pp. 83-86).

Wyche, S., Dillahunt, T. R., Simiyu, N., & Alaka, S. (2015, September). "If god gives me the chance i will design my own phone" exploring mobile phone repair and postcolonial approaches to design in rural Kenya. In Proceedings of the 2015 ACM International Joint Conference on Pervasive and Ubiquitous Computing (pp. 463-473).

<u>Week 14</u>

Repair and Non-Use of Technology

Jackson, S. J. (2014). Rethinking repair. Media technologies: Essays on communication, materiality, and society. (pp. 221- 240)

Jackson, S. J., Ahmed, S. I., & Rifat, M. R. (2014, June). Learning, innovation, and sustainability among mobile phone repairers in Dhaka, Bangladesh. In Proceedings of the 2014 conference on Designing interactive systems (pp. 905-914).

Satchell, C., & Dourish, P. (2009, November). Beyond the user: use and non-use in HCI. In Proceedings of the 21st Annual Conference of the Australian Computer-Human Interaction Special Interest Group: Design: Open 24/7 (pp. 9-16).

Baumer, E. P., Burrell, J., Ames, M. G., Brubaker, J. R., & Dourish, P. (2015). On the importance and implications of studying technology non-use. interactions, 22(2), (pp.52-56)

<u>Week 15</u>

Technology and Ethics

Mitcham, C. & Waelbers, K. (2012), "Technology and Ethics: Overview" in Olsen, J. K. B., Pedersen, S. A., & Hendricks, V. F. (Eds). A Companion to the Philosophy of Technology. John Wiley & Sons. (pp. 367 – 383)

Ananny, M. (2016). Toward an ethics of algorithms: Convening, observation, probability, and timeliness. Science, Technology, & Human Values, 41(1), 93-117.

Taylor, L. (2017). What is data justice? The case for connecting digital rights and freedoms globally. Big Data & Society, 4(2), 2053951717736335.

Floridi, L., Cowls, J., Beltrametti, M., Chatila, R., Chazerand, P., Dignum, V., ... & Schafer, B. (2018). AI4People—An ethical framework for a good AI society: opportunities, risks, principles, and recommendations. Minds and Machines, 28(4), 689-707.



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 1. Class Participation: 10%
- 2. Individual Reading Presentation: 10%
- 3. Group Activities: 30%
- 4. Writing:50%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Class participation: students to have read assigned reading material and come to class prepared to discuss this material.	CO 1-9
2.	<u>Individual Reading Response</u> : Students will be required to present at 1 sessions of reading responses (out of 5 pre- designated sessions). These will be short responses to questions that test whether students have read assigned material and made an effort to engage with it in preparing for class.	CO 9
3	Participation in <u>two group activities</u> (2x15%): This will take the form of storyboard-based group assignments conducted at the end of each of the three modules of instruction. Student groups will be presented storyboards ahead of time and asked to present their ideas in class on the designated activity day. These storyboards may include texts as well as audio visual mediums.	CO1,2, 3, 7,9
4	Writing (50%): <u>Two Term Papers</u> - one 750 words paper (20%) before mid-term break and one 3000 words paper (30%) before end-term break will have to be submitted. Topics for these papers will be discussed in the class well in advance.	CO 3-8



Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students will not be allowed to submit their essays or other assignments later than the deadline other than for valid medical or other emergencies.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Students may follow any recognized citation standard such as APA, or Chicago, as long as they do so consistently.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

This course has a zero-tolerance policy towards plagiarism. Every time you plagiarize (even if you argue that it is merely quoting someone without citing them), and starting from the first such instance, you will receive a zero for that assignment. Please clear any citation queries you may have ahead of time.

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

All readings and grading comments are made available in a digital format that is accessible for visually challenged students. Other accommodations will be as per institute policy.



Course Code / Course Na	ne	Digital Sociology					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Bidisha Chaudhuri					
		Hours			Component		
Credite (L.T.D)		l			Lecture (1hr =	1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)	ool)				Tutorial (1hr =	1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	cal)				Practical (2hrs	= 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0		Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)				
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)			/ X)		
Area of Specialization (if a	nnlica	blo)			, (,	
(Choose by placing X in box agai			areas from	the lie	• +)		
Theory and Systems for Con		nore man iwo	areas from		Networking and		
and Data	ipanig				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine			Х	Digital Society		
Learning							
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch					ogrammes / brand	ch(es):	
	•	X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
	Progra					-	
		iMTech X M.Tech X		CSE	-		
	X	M.Tech X M.Sc. X		ECE	-		
Course Cotomony		one from the following:			Digital Society		
Course Category		t one from the following: <i>X appropriately</i>)					
	(1 1000 1	Basic Sciences					
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core					
		CSE Branch Elective					
	ECE Branch Elective						
	Engineering Science and Skills						
X		HSS/M					
		General					
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	e exact cour	se cod	e/name)		
oourse i re nequisites		Tr r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r		20 000			



Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Students can assess the impact of digital technologies on social institutions and diverse groups
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Train students to explore social impact of technologies and help them understand key areas where technology innovation is required
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	This course focuses on multiple writing assignments

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Sociology as a discipline concerns itself with the intricate and infinite ways in which the relationships between individual and society unfold. Thus, there is hardly any sphere of our existence that sociologists are not interested in, starting from intimate personal relationships to large scale circulation of ideas, institutions, practices, goods and people (Warwick, Department of Sociology, n.d.). While the scope of the discipline is limitless, its uniqueness in dealing with this wide variety of subjects lies in what C.W. Mills called the "sociological imagination" (1959), the ability to connect all social events and human actions to specific historical and social contexts. Being fundamental pillar of the discipline, changing historical and social context considerably shape the scope of Sociology.

In this course, we will focus on the historical and social context of digital society – an increasingly digitized world that permeates everyday existence of our lives, from self to interpersonal relationships, from institutions to practices, from knowledge to ways of knowing. The term digital Sociology is meant to capture human relationships and events in connection to the larger context of digital society.

The work of digital sociologists is broadly categorised into four categories (Lupton 2015): a) Professional digital practice - using digital media tools for professional purposes of Sociological work; b) Digital data analysis -using digital data for social research; c) Sociological analyses of digital use - researching the ways in which people's use of digital media configures their sense of selves, their embodiment and their social relations; d) Critical digital sociology : undertaking reflexive and critical analysis of digital media informed by social and cultural theory. In this course we will take on a combination of the last two categories. In doing so, we will draw on research in Internet studies, information and communication studies, media and cultural studies, the sociology of science and technology, surveillance studies, and computer science to cultivate a "sociological imagination" that connects us to the contemporary digital society.



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Sociological Approach to Formulate Social Problem	PO6 (iMTech) PO 2, 5 (MSc)	Un	С	3	1
CO2	Understand the significance of sociological analysis of technology impact	PO6 (iMTech) PO 2, 5 (MSc)	Un	С	3	2
CO3	Analyse the impact of digital technologies on social institutions	PO6,7, 10 (iMTech) PO 2,3, 5 (MSc)	An	F, C	12	4
CO4	Analyse the impact of digital technologies on diverse social group, specifically the marginalised	PO 6, 7, 8, 10 (iMTech) PO 2,3, 4, 5 (MSc)	An	F, C	15	4
CO5	Analyse the emergence and workings of new social spaces due to digital technologies	PO 6,7, 10 (iMTech) PO 2,3, 5	An	F, C	12	4
CO6						
C07						
CO8						
CO9						
CO10						

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

[*Provide list-wise topics*] 1. Introduction – What is to be a Sociologist in a Digital Society? Sociological Imagination Sociological Consciousness Critical Digital Sociology 2. Social Institutions in a Digital Society Diverse Technology, Diverse Use Digital Culture Sharing Economy E-health **Digital Politics** 3. Social Relationships in a Digital Society Self and the Intimate Caste Gender Race Labour 4. Digital Spaces Moving beyond the Private and Public Social Media Smart Cities Apps and Platforms

Bodies as Digital Spaces: Of Surveillance and Identities

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Week	Торіс
1	Introduction to the course
	Sociological Imagination & Sociological Consciousness
2	Critical Digital Sociology
3	Diverse Technology, Diverse Use
4	Digital Culture
5	Sharing Economy
6	E-health
7	Digital Politics
8	Self and the Intimate and the Digital
9	Digital Race
10	Digital Caste
11	Gender and the Digital
12	Digital Labour
13, 14, 15	Digital Spaces: Moving beyond the Private and Public
	Social Media
	Smart Cities
	Apps and Platforms
	Bodies as Digital Spaces: Of Surveillance and Identities



Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Mills, C.W (1959). "The Promise" in Sociological Imagination. Oxford University Press Berger, P.L. (1963). "Sociology as a Form of Consciousness" in Invitation to Sociology, Anchor B
- 2. Lupton. D. (2015). Digital Sociology. Routledge (Selected Chapters)
- 3. Castells, M. (1996). The Rise of the Network Society. The Information Age: Economy, Society, and Culture Volume I (Information Age Series). London: Blackwell. (Selected Chapters)
- 4. Kate Orton-Johnson and Nick Prior (ed.) (2013). *Digital Sociology: Critical Perspectives*. Palgrave Macmillan, London. (Selected Chapters)
- 5. Deuze, M. (2006). Participation, remediation, bricolage: Considering principal components of a digital culture. The information society, 22(2), 63-75.
- 6. Sassen, S. (2016). "Digital Cultures of Use and their Infrastructures" (Chapter 5) in *The Sociology of Speed: Digital, Organizational, and Social Temporalitinv es*, 72
- Hardey, M. (2001). 'E-health': the internet and the transformation of patients into consumers and producers of health knowledge. Information, Communication & Society, 4(3), 388-405.
- 8. Lupton, D. (2014). Apps as artefacts: Towards a critical perspective on mobile health and medical apps. Societies, 4(4), 606-622.
- 9. Couldry, N. (2015). The myth of 'us': digital networks, political change and the production of collectivity. Information, Communication & Society, 18(6), 608-626.
- 10. Milan, S.(2015). When algorithms shape collective action: Social media and the dynamics of cloud protesting. Social Media+Society, 1(2)
- 11. Morozov, Evgeny. "The Internet, Politics and the Politics of Internet Debate." In Ch@nge: 19 Key Essays on How the Internet Is Changing Our Lives. Madrid: BBVA, 2013.
- 12. Pal, J., & Gonawela, A. (2016, September). Political social media in the global South. In *Conference on e-Business, e-Services and e-Society* (pp. 587-593). Springer, Cham.
- 13. "Serial Selfies" (Chapter 3) in Rettberg, J. W. (2014). Seeing ourselves through technology: How we use selfies, blogs and wearable devices to see and shape ourselves. Springer.
- 14. Lupton, D. (2016). The diverse domains of quantified selves: self-tracking modes and dataveillance. Economy and Society, 45(1), 101-122.
- 15. Nouwens, M., Griggio, C. F., & Mackay, W. E. (2017, May). WhatsApp is for family; Messenger is for friends: Communication Places in App Ecosystems. In Proceedings of the 2017 CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (pp. 727-735). ACM.
- 16. McKay, D. (2010). On the face of Facebook: historical images and personhood in Filipino social networking. History and Anthropology, 21(4), 479-498
- 17. Boyd, D. (2013). White flight in networked publics. How race and class shaped American teen engagement with MySpace and Facebook. In L. Nakamura & PA Chow-White (Eds.), *Race after the Internet*, 203-222.
- 18. Gandy, O. H. (2013). "Matrix multiplication and the digital divide" (Chapter 6) in *Race after the Internet* (pp. 134-151). Routledge.
- 19. Wilson, E. J., & Costanza-Chock, S. (2011). New voices on the net? The digital journalism divide and the costs of network exclusion. Race after the internet.



- 20. Pramod K. Nayyar (2011) The Digital Dalit: Subalternity and Cyberspace, The Sri Lanka Journal of Humanities XXXVII (1&2)
- 21. Thirumal, P and Gary Michael Tartakov (2011) "India's Dalits Search for a Democratic Opening in the Digital Divide" (Chapter 2) in *International Exploration of Technology Equity and the Digital Divide: Critical. Historical and Social Perspectives*. Ed. Patricia Randolph Leigh. Hershey, New York: Information Science Reference, 2011. (20-39)
- 22. Chopra, Rohit. 'Global Primordialities': Virtual Identity Politics in Online Hindutva and Online Dalit Discourse', New Media and Society 8.2 (2006):187-206.
- 23. Kamath, A. (2018). "Untouchable" cellphones? Old caste exclusions and new digital divides in peri-urban Bangalore. Critical Asian Studies, 1-20.
- 24. Duffy, B. E., & Pruchniewska, U. (2017). Gender and self-enterprise in the social media age: A digital double bind. Information, Communication & Society, 20(6), 843–859
- 25. Tacchi, J., Kitner, K., & Crawford, K. (2012). Meaningful mobility: Gender, development and mobile phones. Feminist Media Studies, 12(4), 528–537
- 26. Schoemaker, E. (2015). "Digital purdah": How gender segregation persists over social media. Dawn. Retrieved from https://www.dawn.com/news/1197345
- 27. The Silicon Valley of Dreams and Nightmares of Exploitation: The Google Labour Aristocracy and Its Context (Chapter 9) in Fuchs, C. (2014). Digital Labour and Karl Marx. Routledge. pp. 213-232
- 28. Zuboff, S. (1985). Automate/informate: The two faces of intelligent technology. Organizational dynamics, 14(2), 5-18.
- 29. Fuchs, C., & Sevignani, S. (2013). What is Digital Labour? What is Digital Work? What's their Difference? And why do these Questions Matter for Understanding Social Media?. TripleC (Cognition, Communication, Co-Operation): Open Access Journal for a Global Sustainable Information Society, 11(2). Graham, M., Hjorth, I., & Lehdonvirta, V. (2017). Digital labour and development: impacts of global digital labour platforms and the gig economy on worker livelihoods. Transfer: European Review of Labour and Research, 23(2), 135-162.
- 30. Arcy, J. (2016). Emotion work: considering gender in digital labor. Feminist Media Studies, 16(2), 365-368.
- 31. Boyd, D. M., & Ellison, N. B. (2007). Social network sites: Definition, history, and scholarship. Journal of computer-mediated Communication, 13(1), 210-230
- 32. Juris, J. S. (2012). Reflections on# Occupy Everywhere: Social media, public space, and emerging logics of aggregation. American Ethnologist, 39(2), 259-279.
- 33. Boyd, D. (2008). Facebook's privacy trainwreck: Exposure, invasion, and social convergence. Convergence, 14(1), 13-20.
- 34. Lange, P. G. (2007). Publicly private and privately public: Social networking on YouTube. Journal of computer-mediated communication, 13(1), 361-380.
- 35. Gerlitz, C., & Helmond, A. (2013). The like economy: social buttons and the dataintensive web. New Media & Society, 15.
- 36. Townsend, Anthony M. Chapter 10, *Smart Cities: Big Data, Civic Hackers, and the Quest for a New Utopia.* W.W. Norton & Company, 2014.
- 37. Cardullo, Paolo, and Rob Kitchin. 2018. "Smart Urbanism and Smart Citizenship: The Neoliberal Logic of 'citizen-focused' Smart Cities in Europe." SocArXiv. March 9
- 38. Datta, A. (2015). New urban utopias of postcolonial India: 'Entrepreneurial urbanization' in Dholera smart city, Gujarat. Dialogues in Human Geography, 5(1), 3-22.
- 39. Kitchin, R. (2014). The real-time city? Big data and smart urbanism. GeoJournal, 79(1), 1-14.



- 40. Vanolo, A. (2014). Smartmentality: The smart city as disciplinary strategy. Urban Studies, 51(5), 883-898. Bennett, C., Raab, C., & Regan, P. (2005). "People and place: Patterns of individual identification within intelligent transportation systems" (Chapter 8) in *Surveillance as Social Sorting*, Routledge
- 41. Gillespie, T. (2010). The politics of 'platforms'. New media & society, 12(3), 347-364.
- 42. Helmond, A. (2015). The platformization of the web: Making web data platform ready. Social Media+ Society, 1(2),
- 43. Nieborg, D. B. (2015). Crushing candy: The free-to-play game in its connective commodity form. Social Media+ Society, 1(2)
- 44. Singh, R. (2019). Give Me a Database and I Will Raise the Nation-State. South Asia: Journal of South Asian Studies, 1-18.
- 45. Weltevrede, E., Helmond, A., & Gerlitz, C. (2014). The politics of real-time: A device perspective on social media platforms and search engines. Theory, Culture & Society, 31(6), 125-150.
- 46. Hayles, N. K. (1999). Toward embodied virtuality (Chapter 1). How we became posthuman: virtual bodies in cybernetics, literature, and informatics, University of Chicago Press
- 47. Dubbeld, L. (2003). Observing bodies. Camera surveillance and the significance of the body. Ethics and Information Technology, 5(3), 151-162.
- 48. Van der Ploeg, I. (2012). The body as data in the age of information. Ball, K., Haggerty, KD, and Lyon, D.: Routledge Handbook of Surveillance Studies, London/New York: Routledge, 176-184.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Class attendance: 5% Individual Reading Response: 20% Group activities: 30% Writing Assignments: (45%):

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Classroom learning will include attendance and students' engagement in the classroom discussion	CO 1-5
2	Two Individual Reading Response to asses students' understanding of the text and its connection to classroom discussion	CO1 -5
3.	This will take the form of storyboard-based group assignments conducted at the end of each of the three modules of instruction. Student groups will be	CO 3, 4, 5



	presented storyboards ahead of time and asked to present their ideas in class on the designated activity day. These storyboards may include texts as well as audio visual mediums	
4	Writing Assignments: This will include 4 write ups, one after each module. The last one will be considered as an end term essay will be graded with higher value.	CO 3, 4, 5

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]



Course Code / Course Na	me	Wireless Access Network / NC 601				
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. Debabrata Das				
、	/	Hours			Component	
Credite (L.T.D)		4			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P)	ool)				Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Praction	cal)				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 4			Total Credits =	
Grading Scheme	X	4-point sc	ale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfacto	ry/Ui	nsatisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if a	silaa	able)				
(Choose by placing X in box agai		•	o areas fro	m the	e list)	
Theory and Systems for Com			<u> </u>		Networking and	
and Data		_			Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine				Digital Society	
Learning VLSI Systems		-			Cyber Security	
General Elective		-				
	Courso	is restricted	to the follow	vina	programmes / branch(es):	
Programme / Branch		X appropriat				
	•	mme: Branch	•			
	v	iMTech				
	N/	M.Tech				
	× /	M.Sc.				
	X	CSE				
	^	ECE				
		Digital Societ	у			
Course Category	Select	one from the	following.			
Course Category	-	X appropriatel	-			
		Basic Science	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
	V	CSE Branch	Flaativa			
	V					
		ECE Branch				
		Engineering S	Science and	d Skil	lls	
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where	applicable, sta	te exact con	rse ci	ode/name)	
oouise i re-ivequisites	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	appricable, su		. 50 01	suc, nume j	
	Comput	ter Network an	d Communic	cation	n (NC-501)	



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
		This course teaches student how to propose innovative ideas in technology with use-cases of Wireless Access Network protocols. This being a niche area, many students have gotten job due to background
Direct focus on employability		from this course.
Focus on skill development	Yes	Course assignments require the students to simulate Wireless Access Networks using simulation tools such as, NS2, NS3, Matlab and NetSim.
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Innovation is the first step towards developing new products and/or services in R&D.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This course mainly teaches, to understand the medium access control (MAC) protocols of broadband wireless network. In addition to above, it also teaches, as how to be an innovator or tune your brain to be an innovator in your technical area of interest. It will mainly cover the broadband wireless access networks protocols. In particular evolution of innovation in medium access control protocol in broadband access network \rightarrow why to understand the concepts and why-not to think a new idea in this process of innovative idea evolution. It emphasizes on Random Access Medium Access Control Protocols and make the student feel, why one after the other innovation happened with respect to the open research challenges and requirement in the space of wireless access network. The use case used is WiFi. Another major aim of this course to make the student think logically for innovation and the use case used to teach this course is broad areas of WAN MAC. It is a highly interactive course in class. During the course, students allowed to select a technical area of their interest, read research papers in that area, and present to all in class at least one open research problem and a new idea to solve it.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Create a solution to an existing wireless networking problem	PO4	Ev, C	FDP, PC	20
CO2	Understand the concepts of MAC protocols	PO4	U	F, C	10



	Analyze the existing MAC protocols and select one for given requirements	PO4	An,	F, C, P	10
	Understand CSMA/CA protocol as applied to WiFi networks	PO4	U	F, C	5
CO5	Apply the QoS concepts for MAC in WiFi	PO4	Ар	F, C, P	5
	Analyze existing wireless networking problems from literature survey	PO4	Ар	FDP, PC	10

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction to broadband wireless access network (WAN)
- Taxonomy of Medium Access Control (MAC) Protocol
- Centrally controlled MAC
- Distributed MAC
- Concept of Pure Aloha and Slotted Aloha
- Why CSMA was invented and technical concepts
- Why CSMA/CD was invented and technical concepts
- Why Wireless access network MAC is different from wired MAC?
- Concepts of CSMA/CA
- Why Virtual Sensing MAC was invented and its concepts
- PCF MAC
- Why CSMA/CA, Virtual Sensing cannot support QoS?
- EDCA, HCCA MAC
- Modifications in EDCA to improve QoS
- Literature survey for research problem identification and new idea.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Lecture 1: Introduction to wireless access network and its importance;

Lecture 2: what is the role of medium access control (MAC) protocol;

Lecture 3: Impact of MAC in network performance and why it is important from performance point of view.

Lecture 4: Taxonomy of MAC evolution

Lecture 5: Understand TDMA/FDMA and advantages and disadvantages

Lecture 6: Polling and Token based MAC protocols

Lecture 7: Why Distributed MAC was innovated from centrally controlled MAC.

Lecture 8: Understand the Pure-Aloha to Slotted-Aloha, what concept of MAC helped for the improvement of performance from Pure to Slotted?

Lecture 9: Understand the drawback of Pure and Slotted Aloha;

Lecture 10: Why Carrier Sensing and Multiple Access Concept (CSMA) was invented?

Lectures 11-13: How CSMA concept helped to improve the performance of Slotted Aloha? 1-persistant, p-persistent and non-persistent CSMA.

Lecture 14: Analysis of CSMA and apply for design of new MAC;

Lecture 15: What is the major limitation of CSMA



Lecture 16: What new innovations we need to come out of CSMA drawbacks?

Lecture 17-19: Carrier Sensing Multiple Access and Collision Detection (CSMA/CD);

Lecture 20: CSMA/CD MAC frame structure;

Lecture 21: Analysis of CSMA/CD

Lecture 22-25: What are the challenges one faces in Wireless LAN (WLAN): what is hidden terminal, why collision detection is not possible in WLAN; Types of MAC proposed in IEEE 802.11 (brief introduction to DCF); Frame structure of 802.11;

Lecture 26-29: Distributed coordination Function (DCF) MAC for wireless \rightarrow concepts of CSMA/CA

Lecture 30-31: Request of send/Clear to send (RTS/CTS) MAC; Point coordination function (PCF)

Lecture 32: Analysis of CSMA/CA

Lecture 33-34: Simulation of distributed MAC

Lecture 35-37: Limitations of DCF, RTS/CTS and PCF to support quality of service (QoS) Lecture 37-39: QoS in WLAN \rightarrow 802.11e/n (EDCF)

Lecture 40: HCCF MAC protocol for QoS

Lecture 41-42: DLP, Block Acknowledgement to support better QoS

Lecture 43: AEDCF

Lecture 43-60: Research papers study, discussion, define of open problem, and innovative idea presentation;

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Local Area Network, by G. Keiser
- High Speed Wireless ATM and LAN, by Benny Bing
- G. Bianchi, "Performance Analysis of the IEEE 802.11DistributedCoordination
 - Function", IEEE JSAC, V.18, No. 3, March, 2000
 - Qiang Ni. "Performance Analysis and Enhancements for IEEE 802.11e Wireless Networks", IEEE Network, Vol. 19, No. 4, July/August 2005.
 - Multiple peer reviewed very good IEEE/ACM/Elsevier Journals and international conferences papers read by students for their course and innovative idea presentation;

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, midterm, end-term, project, etc.)]

- Class Tests 10%
- Midterm Exams 25%
- Final exams 30%
- Innovative Idea Presentation and report submission 25%
- Assignments 10%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Simulation of MAC protocols	CO2, CO3
2	Analysis of exponential distribution for Internet packet arrivals	CO5
3	CSMA/CA MAC limitations and QoS MAC EDCA	CO4
	Literature survey and New research problems and a novel idea presentation	CO1, CO6

Evaluation Procedures



Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- **Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions:** The class test, midterm and final exams will be a written test. All the answer scripts examined and shown to the students. The research problem identification and novel idea to solve it is presented by student presented in front of all the students in class and faculty.
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission A per institute policy.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. *Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course*]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Со	urse Code / Course Name		NC-812 / Internet of Things					
Со	urse Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Jyotsna	Bapat and	Prof. I	Debabrata Das		
			ŀ	lours		Compone	ent	
Cro	dite (1.T.D)		4			Lecture (3 hr = 3 credit)		
	dits (L:T:P)		0			Tutorial (1hr = 1 cre	edit)	
(Le	cture : Tutorial : Practical)		0			Practical (0 hrs = 0c	redit)	
			L:T:P = 4:0:0			Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme			Х	4-point sc	ale (A	,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
-	oose by placing X against			Satisfacto	rv/Un	satisfactory (S / X)		
	propriate box)			Jatislacio	19701			
	ea of Specialization (if appli	-		<i>.</i>				
(Ch	oose by placing X in box again		nore than two	areas from	the lis			
	Theory and Systems for Computand Data	ting			Х	Networking and Corr	nmunication	
	Artificial Intelligence and Machi	ne				Digital Society		
	Learning							
	VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective								
Programme / Branch Course			is restricted to t	the following	g progr	ammes / branch(es):		
	-	(Place	ce X appropriately. More than one is okay)					
		Progra			Branc	h:		
			iMTech		Х	CSE		
		Х	M.Tech		Х	ECE		
			M.Sc.			Digital Society		
Со	urse Category		ect <u>one</u> from the following: ace X appropriately)					
		(Place)	Basic Sciences					
			CSE Core					
			ECE Core					
		x	CSE Branch Ele	ective				
		x	ECE Branch Elective					
			Engineering So	cience and Sl	kills			
			HSS/M					
			General					
Course Pre-Requisites (Whe		(Where	applicable, stat	e exact cour	se cod	e/name)		
coulde i le nequisites			., , , , ,			. ,		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course. [NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The course prepares students in three ways, broad background in IoT, Hands on project using hardware/software, deep knowledge in
Direct focus on employability Focus on skill development	Yes	specific areas such as security, privacy The course assignments focus on utilization of IoT systems as well as analyzing big data using Python, Matlab and ML libraries
Focus on entrepreneurship	Yes	Several projects from the course have won awards in hackathons and patents have been applied.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Course involves writing project report, paper review as well as presentation by the students.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Internet of Things has been of great interest to research community since last 25 years. Connecting various "things" over internet would change the way we expect our world to function. After few hiccups, the IoT paradigm has caught interest of the industry as well and there are several industrial players working on different aspect of IoT. At a consumer level, IoT devices have been omnipresent, from our cars, phones, appliances, medical equipment, wristbands, livestock and more. At an industrial level, these devices can be in machinery, shipping equipment, vehicles, robots, warehouses and more.

The presence of the devices everywhere means, there are several different aspects that must be studied to understand IoT. The topics include, environmental sensing, short and long range communication specifically designed for Machine to Machine (M2M) communication, Big data analytics, Machine Learning, Decision Engine, Privacy and security of the data collected as well as IoT platforms. The range of topics covered in the course can be seen in the picture below.

While IoT is a multidisciplinary topic, a course is a linear entity. The course will cover range of topics; some in more detail than others. The course project and paper review will allow you investigate the areas that are of most interest to you.



Smart environment: Dimensions



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

Id	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Understand different aspects of IoT and the applications	PO4	U	F, C	4
CO2	Analyze the sensory requirements of a smart environment with help of a case study	PO4	An	F, C, P	5
CO3	Analyze the reliability issues associated with the sensors	PO4	An	F, C, P	8
CO4	Determine the sensor fusion technique that will give optimum results for given conditions	PO4	Ар	F, C, P	6
CO5	Understand role of machine learning and big data in IoT.	PO4	U	F, C, P	4
CO6	Understand the communication requirements for IoT systems and existing solutions.	PO4	U	F, P	10
C07	Analyze the security and privacy issues associated with IoT systems and the possible solutions	PO4	Ар	F, C, P	8
CO8	Design and implement an IoT system using hardware (or software) to solve a selected problem	PO4	Ev, C	C&S, DP, PC	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)



Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction IoT Systems and the building blocks.
- Sensory requirements of a smart environment.
- Processing the sensor data to improve reliability
- Decision making and Rule Engine
- Communication and Networking for IoT
- Privacy and Security in Smart IoT based systems.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule] Lectures 1-4: What is Internet of Things (IoT) and why IoT is needed? Role of IoT in the smart environment. Case Study 1 & 2. Lecture 5-9: Sensors: For a smart environment, we must determine the parameters to be sensed. In addition, placement of sensors, frequency of sensing play an important role. Questions what to sense, how to sense it, where to sense and when to sense will be looked into. Lectures 10-17 Deriving information from the sensor data: Noise filtering, Signal level/Feature level/Decision level data fusion of the sensor data Lecture 18-23 Probabilistic sensor data fusion. Bayesian filtering, Kalman Filter Lecture 24-27 Decision making and Rule Engine. Machine learning in IoT Lecture 28-37 Communication and Networking: Local communication channel requirements and options available. Role of MAC layer in making IoT a reality. 5G and IoT: Classification of IoT traffic based on QoS requirements and current advances for supporting IoT traffic. Lecture 38-45 Privacy and security in IoT systems Lecture 45-60 Paper reviews and Project discussions, demonstration.

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

[1] The Internet of Things (The MIT Press Essential Knowledge series), by Samuel Greengard.

[2] Various research papers in the area



Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- 1. Mid Term Exam: 20%
- 2. Assignments: 15%
- 3. Project: 30%
- 4. Paper Review: 15%
- 5. Final Exam: 20%

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Human Activity Detection using Accelerometer and	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
	Gyroscope Data (assignment)	
2	Occupancy Prediction in an Indoor Space (assignment)	CO3, CO4, CO7
3	Outdoor Air Quality Monitoring for Smart City (assignment)	CO4, CO5, CO6, CO7
4	Design and implement a complete IoT system (Project)	CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

• Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Student is allowed to submit within 1 day after deadline. Exceptions are made if prior permission is taken.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course] Not Applicable



Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Na	Wireless Communication (NC-827)					
Course Instructor Name(s)	Prof. Priyanka Das and Prof. Jyotsna Bapat				
			lours		Comp	onent
Credits (L:T:P)		45			Lecture (3hrs = 3 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi				Tutorial (0hr =	,	
	calj				Practical (2hrs	,
		L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credits = 3	
Grading Scheme		x	4-point sc	ale (/	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)
(Choose by placing X against			Satisfacto	ny/Lir	satisfactory (S	/ X)
appropriate box)		<u> </u>	Jalislacio	// y/ 01		(\)
Area of Specialization (if a		•	C		`	
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from t	the lis	<i>t)</i> Networking and	
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	iputing			Х	Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine				Digital Society	
Learning						
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security	
General Elective						
					ogrammes / brand	:h(es):
	•	X appropriate	•		• ·	
	Progra			Branc	h:	-
	X	iMTech		Х	CSE	_
	X	M.Tech		Х	ECE	_
		M.Sc.			Digital Society	
Course Category		one from the following:				
	(Flace 2	X appropriately Basic Scienc				
		CSE Core	63			
		ECE Core				
	x	CSE Branch Elective				
	x	ECE Branch Elective				
		Engineering		Skills	3	
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable, stat	te exact cours	e code	p/name)	
Course i re-rrequisites		approcess, star	e ender cours	2 2040		
•		Digital Communication (EC-306)				
		Probability, Random Variables, and Random Processes				n Processes
	_	- 100uonity,				1100000000



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The conceptual understanding of this course helps the students to get jobs in information technology and communication system design industry
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course content, assignments, and project develop the student skills in applications of advanced wireless communication systems
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

- Course category: Engineering Science
- Offered in: Fall semester
- Aim of the course: The primary goal of this advanced research course is to introduce students to the underlying theory, design techniques, and analytical tools for understanding and improving the performance of modern wireless communication systems. This course intends to cover the fundamentals of wireless channel models, impact of fading, various channel coding schemes for error control, multi-carrier modulation techniques, and the multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) systems, which are several key 4G/5G wireless technologies. It also includes Matlab coding assignments and a mini project.
- **Course Overview**: Wireless communication has witnessed revolutionary developments in the last decade. These advances have led to implementation of 3G, 4G, and 5G wireless technologies, which can support data rate in excess of 100 Gbps. Most of the future data-intensive applications handling a massive number of connected devices will demand high data rates with low latency. To deliver these demands and customer expectations, current 5G technologies must be further developed in line with the 6G concepts. The 6G system will increase the performance and maximize the user quality of service (QoS) several folds more than 5G along with some additional benefits. Major 6G use cases include enhanced mobile broadband (eMBB), ultra-reliable low latency communication (URLLC), and massive machine type communications (MMTC).

The course is designed to help students get an in-depth grasp of the fundamentals of wireless technologies, and gain a better understanding of modern 5G wireless communication systems from physical layer perspective, and its extension towards 6G. While the potential benefits of such technologies are promising, there are numerous challenges in the design and implementation of



such wireless systems. The course will address the following topics: wireless channel modeling, fading and its countermeasures, diversity techniques, channel coding schemes, orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM), space-time coding, and MIMO systems. This will also lay the foundation for advanced wireless communication techniques such as Cooperative Communication, Massive MIMO, and Millimeter Wave Communication. Finally, students are expected to prepare a mini project that will focus on an in-depth study and analysis of any cutting-edge wireless technology of their choice.

- The importance of the course to the profession: The field of digital communication has evolved rapidly in the past few decades, with commercial applications proliferating in wireline communication networks (e.g., digital subscriber loop, cable, fiber optics), wireless communication (e.g., cell phones and wireless local area networks), and storage media (e.g., compact discs, hard drives). After course completion, the students should be well equipped for research or cutting-edge development in communication systems in either industry or academia. Specifically,
 - There are myriads of job opportunities in the manufacturing industry and service establishments such as broadcasting, data communication, entertainment, consulting, research and development including system support.
 - The students might get a chance to work in multimedia service organizations that are engaged in real-time information transfer via video conferencing/internet broadcasting.
 - Scope to work in different sectors such as Defence, DRDO, ISRO, Civil Aviation, Indian Telephone Industries, Development Centers in various states, NPL, A.I.R, Post and Telegraph Department, Railways, Software Engineering/IT, Hardware Manufacturing, VLSI Design, Telecommunication, Power Sector, Television Industry, Research & Development, and Home Appliances.

Related Courses

- Next Generation Wireless Systems: Design and Performance Analysis
- Recent advances in 5G and Beyond

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

	Course Outcome	PO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Model wireless time-varying channel and its impact on received signal quality through simulations using Matlab	PO1	Ар	C, F, P	9
CO2	Analyze the BER performance under frequency-flat Rayleigh fading channel with verification using Matlab	PO1	Ар	C, F, P	3
CO3	Understand the principles of diversity techniques including time, frequency, and antenna diversity through simulations using Matlab	PO1	U	C, F, P	3
CO4	Determine the appropriate transceiver design of multi-antenna systems and evaluate the data rate, diversity order, and coding gain performance metrics	PO1	Ар	C, F, P	9

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:



CO5	Understand the impact of channel encoding/decoding schemes including linear block codes, cyclic, and convolutional codes on output bit error probability through simulations using Matlab	PO1	U	C, F, P	9
CO6	Design wireless communication system with key 4G (OFDM) technology through simulations using Matlab	PO1	Ар	C, F, P	9
CO7	Describe and differentiate four generations (2G/3G/4G/5G) of wireless standards for cellular network with more emphasis on 5G through a Mini Project implementation	PO1	Ар	C, F, P	3

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Lab (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of Lab session (where applicable)

Course Competencies:

- Understand the challenges in wireless communication system design.
- Model wireless fading channel and understand its impact on received signal-to-noise ratio.
- Compute cell coverage area and outage probability under combined pathloss and shadowing.
- Calculate coherence time and coherence bandwidth and classify the type of small-scale fading for given system parameters.
- Analyze BER performance under Rayleigh fading with coherent and non-coherent detection.
- Analyze BER vs SNR for repetition coding with L time-diversity branches.
- Understand the effect of various multi-antenna schemes including MRC and MRT on improving error performance and the requirement for receiver and transmitter-side channel state information.
- Determine the criteria for designing good space-time codes of MIMO transmissions.
- Compare the diversity order, coding gain, and data rate for Alamouti, Repetition coding, and V-BLAST space-time coding schemes.
- Determine capacity-optimal power allocation policy for MIMO channel through its singular value decomposition.
- Understand channel encoding/decoding schemes including linear block codes, cyclic codes, and convolutional codes, and demonstrate their impact on system performance.
- Study the Orthogonal Frequency Modulation techniques and their advantages/disadvantages.
- Understand key technologies used in 2G-5G wireless standards and the roadmap towards 6G.
- Conduct a mini project which can be a literature survey, in-depth study and analysis, simulations, or experiment from the cutting-edge wireless research topics as discussed in Module-6 of Course Content.

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Module 1 – Physical modeling of wireless channels and challenges

- Transmit and receive signal models
- Free-space and simplified path loss models
- Shadowing effect



- Small scale fading
- Coherence time vs coherence bandwidth
- Statistical multipath channel modeling
- Rayleigh, Rician, and Nakagami-m fading models
- Higher frequency channel modeling (> 60 GHz)

Module 2 – Point-to-point communication: detection, diversity and channel uncertainty

- Bit error rate performance for Rayleigh fading channel
- Realization of independent fading paths- Diversity techniques
- Time diversity
- Antenna diversity
- Frequency diversity
- Channel estimation

Module 3 – MIMO

- Narrowband MIMO system model
- MIMO receivers
- Parallel decomposition of MIMO model
- Diversity gain, spatial multiplexing of MIMO
- Rank and determinant criteria
- MIMO channel capacity
- Alamouti code and its BER performance
- Nonlinear MIMO receiver: V-BLAST
- MIMO beamforming

Module 4 – Coding for wireless channel

- Linear block codes, Generator matrix
- Parity check matrix and syndrome testing
- Convolutional code
- The Viterbi algorithm

Module 5 – Multicarrier modulation

- Data transmission using multiple carriers
- Mitigation of subcarrier fading
- OFDM, its FFT/IFFT implementation, cyclic prefix
- Challenges in OFDM: PAPR
- OFDMA

Module 6 – Recent trends in wireless communications (Project Topic Discussion)

- Millimeter wave wireless communication
- Massive MIMO
- Non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA)
- Full-duplex wireless technology
- Cooperative communication
- Cognitive radio systems
- Intelligent Reflecting Surface (IRS)



٦

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Schedule	Торіс	Exam
Week 1	Introduction to the course: Evolution of wireless communication technology	
Week 2	Wireless channel models, Ray tracing, Delay and Doppler spread, Coherence time and bandwidth, Jakes Model	
Week 3	Linear time-varying wireless channel, Fading channel distribution	
Week 4	BER performance for AWGN and Rayleigh fading wireless channels, Deep Fade Phenomenon	Quiz-1
Week 5	Principle of Diversity: Time and Antenna diversity, MRC technique	
Week 6	Introduction to MIMO, System Model	
Week 7	MIMO Receivers, Introduction to Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) and MIMO Channel Capacity	
Week 8	MIMO Diversity-Alamouti, Orthogonal Space-Time Block Codes (OSTBC), MIMO Beamforming-Maximal Ratio Transmission (MRT) technique	Mid-term
Week 9	Channel Codes: Linear block codes	
Week 10	Cyclic codes	
Week 11	Convolution codes and Viterbi Algorithm	Quiz-2
Week 12	Introduction to Multicarrier Modulation (MCM) and OFDM	
Week 13	OFDM System Model, IFFT/ FFT Transceiver Model	
Week 14	OFDM PAPR, Multi user OFDM	
Week 15	Introduction to 5G Wireless Technologies – Massive MIMO, mmWave, NOMA, Full Duplex technology, Cooperative Communication, Cognitive radio, IRS	End-term, Mini Projec

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]



• Text Books

- 1. David Tse and P. Viswanath, "Fundamentals of Wireless Communication", Cambridge University Press
- 2. Andrea Goldsmith, "Wireless Communication", Cambridge University Press
- 3. Aditya K. Jagannatham, "Principles of Modern Wireless Communications Systems: Theory and Practice", Mc Graw Hill Education
- Reference Books
 - 1. Theodore Rappaport, "Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice", Prentice Hall
 - 2. Other research papers for state-of-the-art wireless technologies for 5G and beyond

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Two Quizzes (15%), Mid-term (25%), End-term (25%), Matlab Programming Assignments (10%), Mini Project (20%), and Class Activity (5%)

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Simulate a wireless channel considering simplified path loss and log-normal shadowing model and find the outage probability using Matlab.	CO1
2	Plot BER vs SNR for (i) AWGN channel without fading and (ii) Rayleigh fading under coherent detection through simulations using Matlab.	CO2
3	Plot BER vs SNR for (i) Repetition Coding with L-diversity branches and (ii) SIMO system with N receive antennas under Rayleigh fading, and obtain diversity order in each case through simulations using Matlab.	CO3
4	Understand the impact of channel coding on system performance, specifically BER using simulations.	CO5
5	Understand the principle of multicarrier modulation using simulation.	CO6
6	Conduct a mini project which can be a literature survey, in-depth study and analysis, simulations, or experiment from the cutting-edge wireless research areas focusing on the depth and clarity in your description with a system model and performance analysis.	CO7

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed



- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools
- Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Student is allowed to submit within 1 day after deadline. Exceptions are made if prior permission is taken.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Appropriate citation of references as per the standard IEEE format is mandatory in assignments and course project.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

[State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given]

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]



Course Code / Course Na	SM 602 / Introduction to nonlinear dynamical systems					
Course Instructor Name(s	B. Ashok					
		Hours		Component		
Cradite (L.T.D)	4		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)			
Credits (L:T:P)	-		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)			
(Lecture : Tutorial : Praction	cal)	-		Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 4:0	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory/L	Jnsatisfactory (S / X)		
			Area of S	pecialization (if applicable)		
(Choose by placing X in box agai	nst not r	nore than two				
Theory and Systems for Com				Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	chine			Digital Society		
Learning VLSI Systems				Cyber Security		
~	0		the fellowing a			
Programme / Branch		e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):				
	Progra	X appropriately. More than one is okay) amme: Branch:				
	TTOgra	unnie.	X CSE	Drunen.		
			X ECE			
			Digital	Society		
			2.9.00			
	х	iMTech				
	х	iM.Tech				
		M.Sc.				
Course Category	Select	one from the following:				
		X appropriately)				
	Х	Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch Elective				
		ECE Branch	Elective			
		<u> </u>	Science and Ski	lls		
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites (Where		applicable. stat	e exact course co	de/name)		
Course i re-rrequisites		1 F				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		
Focus on skill development	Yes	Enables application of analytical tools to practical engineering as well as scientific problems
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Problem solving skills, logical reasoning

Course Context and Overview

Dynamical systems theory seeks to explain the behaviour of systems evolving in time. Though deterministic in nature, classical systems can often show behaviour that can be very unpredictable or chaotic.

The course introduces the language and basic tools of nonlinear dynamics through a mixture of lectures, computer-lab work, assignments, self-reading and project-work. Everyday examples and applications showing nonlinear behaviour are discussed, and analysis of the same is undertaken.

The subject has applications over diverse fields, ranging from the behaviour of various physical, mechanical and biological systems, chemical reactions and fluid systems to climate systems, ecological systems & economics, etc.

The course begins with a discussion of nonlinear ordinary differential equations (flows) and their structure. The concept of linear stability analysis is then introduced, starting with a stability matrix and the Jacobian, finding eigenvalues and eigenvectors for one, two or more dimensions, and the direction of flow of the dynamical system. Geometrical concepts of fixed points, sources & sinks, saddle, etc. explained. Classification of fixed points is learnt.

This is followed by explanation and analysis of limit cycles, when these can exist and the conditions required to be satisfied for these. The Poincare-Bendixson theorem is introduced, showing how a trajectory must approach a closed orbit if confined to a closed, bounded region in a two-dimensional phase-space, in the absence of fixed points. The concept of nullclines are introduced and used in analysis of limit cycles. Lienard systems and Lienard's equation for the the existence of stable limit cycles are introduced.

Potential functions, Lyapunov functions and Dulac's criterion are introduced as tools for investigating stability and absence of closed orbits.



Relaxation oscillations are then discussed with examples, and analysis of relaxation oscillators is done. Physical examples of relaxation oscillations and multiple time-scales are also introduced to enhance comprehension. The van der Pol oscillator is discussed in detail, and slow and fast manifolds discussed.

Bifurcations are then introduced, explaining the concept of local and global bifurcations. Various local bifurcations, in particular: saddle-node, transcritical, pitchfork and Andronov-Hopf bifurcations are discussed and analyzed and their normal-form equations understood. Plotting of and understanding bifurcation diagrams is done concurrently.

Integrable and Hamiltonian systems are discussed and the equations defining such systems are introduced. Gradient systems are investigated.

KAM theorem is introduced. Concepts of Poincare section are explained. Liouville's theorem and implications are discussed.

Dissipative systems are then introduced. The Lorenz equations are discussed in detail, along with the Lorenz attractor. Volume contraction of the phase space, related bifurcations and stable and unstable manifolds are discussed in detail.

The concept of chaos is introduced and means of detecting it explained. Lyapunov exponents are defined and studied. Strange attractors are discussed.

Discrete nonlinear dynamical systems are then introduced, starting with simple maps. The logistic map is discussed in detail, as an example of a unimodal map. Cycles are discussed. Cobweb diagrams are introduced as a graphical method for investigating stability of fixed points, and used for various examples of maps.

Period-doubling is introduced, and investigated in simple maps like the logistic and sine maps. Calculation of Feigenbaum constants is done and the concepts of qualitative and quantitative universality are discussed.

Lastly, fractals are introduced with examples of simple fractals and the measures of fractal dimension discussed. Self-similar fractals are discussed. Box, similarity, pointwise, correlation dimensions are studied.

All of the above content in the course are accompanied with assignment problems that students have to solve.

An end-term project is assigned individually that is aimed to allow each student to apply what they have learnt to a particular problem. Students are encouraged to show originality in working on their project problem, in extending it and using concepts learnt in class.

The aim of the course is to give the fundamental background necessary for students to apply the methods of dynamical systems to areas of their interest in future, and is open to all students (iMTech / MTech / MS / PhD).



Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	РО	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)
CO1	Apply linear stability analysis & geometrical concepts to to nonlinear differential equations to classify fixed points into spirals, centers, nodes, stars & saddle points based on eigenvalues & eigenvectors.	PO1	Ар	F, C, P	5
CO2	Construct and use potential functions, Lyapunov functions, Dulac's criterion to show the absence of closed orbits for a system	PO1	Ар	F, C, P	3
CO3	Apply Poincare-Bendixson theorem & Lienard's equation to determine existence of limit cycles	PO1	Ap	F,C,P	3
CO4	Understand the concept of relaxation oscillations, multiple time- scales and slow and fast manifolds, using the van der Pol oscillator as an example	PO1	U	F,C,P	5
CO5	Use normal form-equations to classify local bifurcations as saddle-node, transcritical, pitchfork and Adronov-Hopf and plot bifurcation diagrams of such systems.	PO2	Ар	F,C,P	5
CO6	Understand the concepts of integrable and Hamiltonian systems, and their conservation of phase space volume as formulated through Liouville's theorem	PO1	U	F,C,P	2
CO7	Analyze the Lorenz equations and its bifurcations and stable and unstable manifolds in detail, as an example of a dissipative system.	PO1	U	F,C,P	5
CO8	Understand the concept of chaos and how it is detected and quantified by means of Lyapunov exponents	PO1	U	F,C, P	4
CO9	Perform stability analysis and plot bifurcation diagrams for discrete dynamical systems showing existence of cycles and period-doubling.	PO1	Ар	F,C,P	6
CO10	Understand concepts of qualitative and quantitative universality and obtaining Feigenbaum constants	PO1	U	F,C,P	2
CO11	Understand the concepts of self-similarity, fractals and measures of fractal-dimensions	PO1	U	F,C,P	2
					Total hours: 42

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Course Content



Structure of nonlinear ODEs, linear stability analysis.

Zero & one dimensional attractors- limit cycles, higher dimensional attractors, Poincare-Bendixson theorem.

Null-cline method for the analysis of limit cycles, relaxation oscillations, slow and fast manifolds, introduction to local bifurcations: saddle-node, transcritical, pitchfork, Andronov-Hopf; bifurcation diagrams.

Integrable systems: KAM theorem, Poincare surface of section, Hamiltonian systems, Lyapunov functions & direct method for stability.

Dissipative systems: Lorenz equations, chaos, Lyapunov exponents, strange attractors.

Fractals & their dimensions.

Discrete dynamical systems: simple maps, cycles, cobweb diagrams, logistic map, period doubling, Feigenbaum constants, universality.

Instruction Schedule

Pre Mid sem: CO1 to CO6 Post Mid sem: CO7 to CO12 Weekly 2 classes of 1.5 hours each.

Learning Resources

1. Steven Strogatz, "Nonlinear Dynamics & Chaos", Westview Press / Levant Books (2007).

2. Robert Hilborn, "Chaos & nonlinear dynamics: an introduction for scientists & engineers", Oxford University Press (2001).

3. K. Alligood, T. Sauer & James A. Yorke, "Chaos: an introduction to dynamical systems", Springer-Verlag (1996).

4. Various pedagogical papers from, e.g., The American Journal of Physics.

Assessment Plan

3 to 4 Assignments: 30% weightage Mid term Assessment : 30%,



End-term project Assessment: 40%

Grading :

For an A grade, an absolute score of 75%-80% is expected.

Other grades are set relatively based on the highest mark obtained by any student in the class and the lowest pass mark that instructor decides. In this band of marks, all the grades starting from A to D are typically spread equidistantly. Students who get lower than the set pass marks are given F grade.

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide <u>generic</u> description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1.	Stability analysis, fixed point classification, closed orbits	CO1, CO2, CO3
2.	Relaxation oscillations, Limit cycles, Bifurcation	CO3, CO4, CO5
	diagrams: generation and analysis	
3.	Hamiltonian and dissipative systems	CO6,CO7
4.	Chaos, discrete dynamical systems (maps)	CO8, CO9, CO10, CO11
5.	Project covering use of concepts taught throughout the	CO1-CO10
	semester	

Evaluation Procedures

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of numerical & analytical problems in assignments to be solved based on topics covered in class.
- Evaluation through midterm-assessment based on an exam or progress in project.
- Evaluation based on end-semester evaluation based on a written exam or project assigned individually to students.

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

For papers allotted for presentation or project-work, students are expected to cite that and other supporting papers they may refer to. Citation format expected is: Author names, Title of paper, Journal name, Journal Volume, pages (Year of publication).

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs



Course Code / Course Name	AI 825 / Visual Recognition					
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Dinesh Jayagopi, Prof. G. Viswanath				
		H	lours	Component		
		3		Lecture (3hr = 3 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Practical)						
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against			• •			
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Un	satisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applical						
(Choose by placing X in box agains		nore than two	areas from the list			
Theory and Systems for Comp	outing			Networking and		
and Data	ine			Communication		
X Artificial Intelligence and Mach Learning	line			Digital Society		
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security		
General Elective						
				grammes / branch(es):		
	•	X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Progra	imme:	Branci	h:		
	Х	iMTech				
	Х	M.Tech				
		M.Sc.				
	Х	CSE				
	Х	ECE				
		Digital Societ				
		one from the f				
	(Place 2	X appropriately				
		Basic Scienc	es			
		CSE Core				
	X	ECE Core				
	Х	CSE Branch				
	ECE Branch					
		Science and Skills	;			
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	Mather	natics for Mac	hine Learning, Ma	chine Learning		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Practical knowledge in training vision based machine learning models is handled
Focus on skill development	Yes	Focus on pytorch based ML model training skills.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

This course involves methods to automate human visual recognition capabilities using computational techniques. The course focuses on design of systems performing fundamental visual recognition tasks like Image Classification, Object Recognition, Image captioning and Image Segmentation, primarily using deep-learning methods. The course will introduce both theory and practice of various visual recognition techniques covering both the mathematical foundations as well as various practice level considerations.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand Edge detection and basic image segmentation	PO4	U	F, C	8	0
CO2	Apply edge detection and basic image segmentation on real problems	PO4	Ар	С, Р	8	0
CO3	Understand CNN and apply for object recognition and detection	PO4	U	F, C	8	0
CO4	Apply object recognition and detection on real problems	PO4	Ар	C, P	8	0
CO5	Understand theory of Recurrent Neural Networks and LSTMs	PO4	U	F, C	4	2



CO6	Solve sequence modeling problems using RNNs and LSTMs	PO4	Ар	С, Р	6	2
C07	Understand un-supervised, semi- supervised and supervised segmentation techniques	PO4	U	F, C	4	2
CO8	Solve image segmentation problem using combination of un-supervised, semi-supervised and supervised methods	PO4	Ар	C, P	6	2

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Module 1 (Traditional Visual Recognition)

Edges, Segmentation, Interest points, Bag-of-visual words, VLAD

Module 2 (Convolutional Neural Networks)

CNN as a special case of NN, Object recognition using several CNN architectures, Object detection using CNN

Module 3 (Sequence Modeling)

Recurrent Neural Networks and Applications, LSTMs & GRUs, Word Embeddings, Image Captioning Using LSTMs

Module 4 (Segmentation)

Graph Cut Based semi-supervised segmentation - Unsupervised Segmentation (SLIC, Graph method, Spectral Clustering)- Semantic Segmentation using CNNs- Mask RCNN based Instance Segmentation.

Instruction Schedule

Learning Resources



Assessment Plan

Module 1 & Module 2: Assignment 1 : 10 Marks Assignment 2 : 10 Marks Assignment 3 : 10 Marks Mini Project 1 : 20 Marks

Module3 & Module 4:

Assignment 4 : 15 Marks Mini Project 2 : 15 Marks Assignment 5 : 15 Marks

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Assignment 1	CO1, CO2
2	Assignment 2	CO1, CO2
3	Assignment 3	CO3, CO4
4	Mini project 1	CO3, CO4
5	Assignment 4	CO5
6	Mini Project 2	CO6
7	Assignment 5	CO7, CO8

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission



Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Name		AI 836 / Advanced Visual Recognition			
Course Instructor Name(s)		Prof. Dinesh Jayagopi, Prof. G. Viswanath			
		F	lours	Component	
Credite (L.T.D)		3		Lecture (3hr = 3 credit)	
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			•		
appropriate box)			Satisfactory/Ur	satisfactory (S / X)	
Area of Specialization (if applic	-	_			
(Choose by placing X in box agai		nore than two	areas from the list		
Theory and Systems for Con and Data	nputing			Networking and	
Artificial Intelligence and Mag	hino			Communication Digital Society	
X Learning				Digital Obciety	
VLSI Systems				Cyber Security	
General Elective					
Programme / Branch		is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):			
_	•		ly. More than one		
	Progra		Branc	h:	
	X	iMTech			
	X	M.Tech			
		M.Sc.			
	X	CSE			
	X	ECE			
		Digital Socie			
Course Category		one from the f	•		
	(Place)	X appropriately			
		Basic Scienc	es		
		CSE Core ECE Core			
	X		Flactive		
	CSE Branch ECE Branch				
		Science and Skills	<u></u>		
		HSS/M		<u> </u>	
		General			
		General			
	Vieuel	Decognition			
Course Pre-Requisites	visual	Recognition			



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	Paper presentations help in progressing for a research career in industry or academia
Focus on skill development	Yes	Reading research papers in depth and being able to present the main ideas, helps in innovating in the future
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	Yes	Paper presentations helps improve communication skills

Course Context and Overview

This course is an advanced version of the visual recognition course (AI 825). In this course, students are expected to learn advanced topics – Generative Adversarial Networks (which can help generate images), specialize recognition to human centered problems – Face, Body and Hand analysis, sequence modeling problems – Object tracking and scene text recognition, transformer models for language and vision, deeper visual understanding beyond object detection - Scene graph modeling and visual question answering.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the theory of Generative Adversarial Networks	PO4	U	F, C	6	0
CO2	Understand visual recognition for human centered problems	PO4	U	F, C	8	0
CO3	Understand visual recognition for sequence modeling problems	PO4	U	F, C	8	0
CO4	Present research papers in human centered and sequence modeling domains	PO4	Ар	F, C	8	0
CO5	Understand theory of Transformers and Language Modeling	PO4	U	F, C	6	2



CO6	Understand Scene Graph Modeling and Visual Grounding	PO4	U	F, C	6	2
C07	Apply Transformers and Language Modeling techniques to Visual Question Answering	PO4	Ар	C,P	5	1
CO8	Analyze the Image-Language modality fusion techniques	PO4	Ар	С, Р	6	2

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

Part-1

Generative Adversarial Networks, Human centered visual recognition (Face, Body and Hand modeling), Sequence Modeling (Object tracking in video and Scene Text recognition)

Part-2

Transformers- Language Modeling – Scene Graph Prediction – Visual Grounding- Visual Question Answering – Techniques for Image Language Fusion

Instruction Schedule

Learning Resources

Assessment Plan

Part 1: Assignment 1: 10 marks Paper presentation 1: 20 marks Paper presentation 2: 20 marks

Part 2:

Assignment 2 : 10 Marks



Assignment 3 : 15 Marks Assignment 4 : 10 Marks Assignment 5 : 15 Marks

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Part 1: Assignment 1	CO1
2	Part 1: Paper presentation 1	CO2, CO4
3	Part 1: Paper presentation 2	CO3, CO4
4	Part2 : Assignment 2	CO5
5	Part2 : Assignment 3	CO6
6	Part2 : Assignment 4	CO7, CO8
7	Part2 : Assignment 5	CO5, CO6

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[REMOVE THIS LINE: You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

As per institute policy



Course Syllabus

Course Code / Course Name	VL 601: Testing and Design For Testability			
Course Instructor Name(s)	Subir Kumar Roy			
	H	lours	Component	
Credits (L:T:P)	3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)	1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)	
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractical)			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4	
Grading Scheme	Х	4-point scale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)		Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if applica	ble)			
(Choose by placing X in box against r	not more than	two areas from	the list)	
Theory and Systems for Computing			Networking and	
and Data	-		Communication	
Artificial Intelligence and Machine			Digital Society	
VLSI Systems X			Cyber Security	
General Elective				

Programme / Branch	Course is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):				
	(Place X appropriately. More than one is okay)				
	Programme: Branch:CS and ECE				
	X iMTech				
	X M.Tech				
	M.Sc.				
	CSE				
	X ECE				
	Digital Society				
Course Category	Select one from the following: (Place X appropriately) Basic Sciences CSE Core ECE Core CSE Branch Elective X ECE Branch Elective Engineering Science and Skills HSS/M General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name) None – only basic knowledge of digital design assumed				



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Yes / No	Details
Yes	In the area of Si chip fabrication to enhance yield and reliability where a complex digital system design is realized physically on a Silicon IC chip.
Yes	The course has very high focus on using test automation tools from leading EDA vendors properly to result in high yielding fabricated Silicon chips.
	No Yes

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Course overview:

Fabrication of Silicon chips with current generation sub-nanometer technologies is an extremely complex and expensive process. Even though a design to be implemented on Silicon is fully verified the manufacturing process introduces it own set of errors during the fabrication of the chip. To be able to improve yield of Silicon chips it is necessary to understand the manufacturing related defects introduced in a chip and identify them post fabrication to not only sort out the good chips from the bad chips but also to reduce the number of bad chips by improving the design. This is made possible by defining abstract electrical and logical fault models and detecting them in fabricated chips.

This course aims to provide an understanding of such fault models and design of algorithms to detect them through specially designed test vectors applied to the input output pins of chips through specialized Automated Test Equipments (ATE) to distinguish bad chips from good chips and also to improve yield.

Why is it important?

VLSI integrated circuits have revolutionized the industrial world. They are ubiquitous and are being deployed in every conceivable engineering systems – from the simplest to the most complex. It is imperative to have the right skill sets amongst our graduating students to render these extremely complex chips efficiently and with minimum number of re-spins as the Silicon processing steps to realize them have very high cost.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]



ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand VLSI Testing Process and Automated Test Equipment, Test Economics and Silicon chip quality.	PO1, PSO1	U	F	3	1
CO2	Understand different Silicon fabrication related fault models.	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	6	2
CO3	Understand different approaches to testing methods based on logic and fault simulation.	PO1, PSO1	U	C, P	6	2
CO4	Understand testability measures to metric the effectiveness of designed test vectors	PO1, PSO1	U, An	C, P	6	1
CO5	Understand and use different combinational circuit automated test pattern generation algorithms and tools implementing them in different digital circuit designs for test vector generation	PO1, PO5, PSO1	U, Ap	C, P	8	3
CO6	Understand and use different memory system automated test pattern generation algorithms and tools implementing them in different digital memory circuit designs for memory test vector generation	PO1, PO5, PSO1	U, Ap	C, P	8	3
CO7	Understand and use different built in self test (BIST) structures for integration with implemented digital circuit design so that testing can be done in- situ in Silicon using automated tools for creating and integrating BIST structures in different digital circuit designs	PO1, PO5, PSO1	U, Ap	C, P	8	3
	Total hours				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Topic 1 VLSI Testing Process and Automated Test Equipment, Test Economics and Silicon chip quality.

Topic 2 - Silicon fabrication related fault models.



- Topic 3 Logic simulation and Fault simulation..
- **Topic 4 -** Testability measures
- Topic 5 Combinational circuit automated test pattern generation (ATPG) algorithms
- **Topic 6 -** Memory Testing
- Topic 7 Built In Self -Test and Design For Testability

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Topic 1 (3 hours) - VLSI Testing Process and Automated Test Equipment, Test Economics and Silicon chip quality.

- Testing Philosophy / Role Of Testing / VLSI technology trends & their effects on testing / Types of Testing
- ATE LTX Fusion / Advantest T6682 ATE / Multisite Testing
- Defining costs / Production / Benefit-Cost Analysis / Economics of Testable Design / Yield / Defect Level as a Quality Measure – Test data analysis & defect level estimation

Topic 2 (6 hours) - Silicon fabrication related fault models.

- Defects / Faults / Error
- Functional versus Structural Testing
- Levels of Fault Models & their glossary
- Single Stuck-at Fault (SSAF) Fault Equivalence for SSAF / Fault Collapsing / Fault Dominance / Checkpoint Theorem

Topic 3 (6 hours) - Logic simulation and Fault simulation

- Difference between Simulation for Design Verification and Simulation for Test Evaluation
- Modeling circuits for simulation
- True Value Event Driven Simulation
- Algorithms for Fault Simulation Serial / Parallel / Deductive / Concurrent
- Statistical methods for fault simulation fault sampling

Topic 4 (6 hours) - Testability Measures

• SCOAP controllability and observability – Combinational SCOAP measures / Sequential SCOAP measures / High Level Testability Measures

Topic 5 (8 hours) - Combinational circuit automated test pattern generation (ATPG) algorithms

- ATPG algebras
- Testing as a global problem
- Different Test Generation Approaches Random / Deterministic / Algebraic / Fault oriented / Fault Independent / Single Path / Multiple Path
- D-Calculus and D-Algorithm
- 9-Valued Algorithm
- Path Oriented Decision Making (PODEM) Algorithm
- Fanout Oriented (FAN) Test Generation algorithm

Topic 6 (8 hours) - Memory Testing

- Memory Faults and failure mechanisms
- Memory Test Levels



- March Test Notations
- Functional RAM testing with March Tests
- Testing for Neighbourhood Pattern Sensitive Faults
- RAM Layout related faults Inductive Fault Testing
- RAM Fault Hierarchy
- Cache RAM Testing
- Functional ROM Testing
- Electrical Parametric Testing

Topic 7 (8 hours) - Built In Self - Test and Design For Testability

- Digital DFT and Scan Design
- Random Logic BIST
- Theory and Operation of Linear Feedback Shift Registers using Galois Fields LFSRs as Random Test Pattern Generators / LFSRs as Signature Analyzers / Multiple Input Signature Registers
- Memory BIST
- Design For Testability Sub-Systems Hierarchy in System On Chips

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

1. M. Abramovici, M. Breuer and A. Friedman, "Digital Systems Testing and Testable Designs", Jaico Publishing House, 2013.

2. V. D. Agrawal and M. Bushnell, "Essentials of Electronic Testing For Digital, Memory and Mixed Signal VLSI Circuits", Springer, 2000.

3. H. Fujiwara, "Logic Testing and Design For Testability", Computer Systems Series, The MIT Press, 1990.

Assessment Plan

% of Total Grade Mid Term 25% Assignments 20% Presentations 20% End Term 35%

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1		CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5, CO6 and CO7



2.	
3.	

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools
- Demo for assignments/projects

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission: 10% penalty for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

- All assignments/codes/reports will be run through a plagiarism check tool
- Cheating 0 marks for the assignments
- Repeat offense/Cheating in exam Zero marks + Grade penalty

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Nar	ne	VL701/ Functional Verification of SOCs				
Course Instructor Name(s)		Subir Kumar Roy				
		Hours		Component		
Cradita (L.T.D)		3		Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
Credits (L:T:P) (Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)		1		Tutorial (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractio	saij			Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)		
		L:T:P = 3:1	:0	Total Credits = 4		
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point scale	(A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfactory/L	Jnsatisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if a	nnlica	hle)	,			
(Choose by placing X in box ag		•	two areas fror	n the list)		
Theory and Systems for Com				Networking and		
and Data				Communication		
Artificial Intelligence and Mac	hine			Digital Society		
Learning			_			
VLSI Systems X			_	Cyber Security		
General Elective						
Programme / Branch	(Place	e X appropriat	tely. More than			
		amme:	Bran	ch:CS and ECE		
	X	iMTech				
	Х	M.Tech				
		M.Sc.				
	V	CSE				
	X	ECE				
	Calaat	Digital Societ				
Course Category			one from the following: X appropriately)			
	(1 1400	Basic Sciences				
		CSE Core				
		ECE Core				
		CSE Branch Elective				
	Х	ECE Branch Elective				
			Science and Skil	ls		
		HSS/M				
		General				
Course Pre-Requisites	(Where applicable, state exact course code/name)					
oouise i re-nequisites						
	None – only basic knowledge of digital design assumed			al design assumed		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	In the area of Functional Verification and Validation of complex VLSI systems and System on Chips to enable Si chip fabrication to enhance yield and reliability when they are realized physically on Silicon.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The course has very high focus on using System Level Verification automation tools from leading EDA vendors properly to result in high yielding fabricated Silicon chips.
Focus on entrepreneurship		
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		

Course Context and Overview

[*Provide introduction to the course*] Course overview:

System on Chip (SoC) designs inherit all the well known verification and validation difficulties associated with complex ASIC designs, besides adding their own set of newer problems. These arise because SoCs are primarily implemented by re-using Intellectual Property (IP) cores. It is well known that verification today constitutes about 70% to 80% of the total design effort, thereby, making it the most expensive component in terms of cost and time, in the entire design flow. It is expected to get even worse for SoC designs. In a complex SoC design flow functional verification is very important; any behavioral or functional bug escaping this phase will not be detected in the subsequent implementation phases and will surface only after the first silicon is integrated into the target system, resulting in costly design and silicon iterations. Many of the issues relate to intrinsic limitations of some of the verification approaches taken; while others have to do with the quality of the design information, by way of, design descriptions, design documentations and design specifications, from which the overall verification objectives are derived. SoCs have brought to focus the need to carry out design and verification concurrently. For the design and verification task to proceed concurrently there is a need to capture formally, design information and implementation details at various levels of abstraction. Another reason for the need to formalize is that, as designs become more complex, functional verification will have to be carried out using the divide and conquer approach. For these approaches to succeed, specifications of either, the individual modules, or individual IPs, if any are used, have to be stated formally. The



proposed course will address the state of the art in the area of functional verification. It will focus on existing methodologies, tools, and practical approaches based on universal simulation, emulation, formal verification, and semi-formal verification that can be employed to overcome the SoC verification problem. A number of case studies based on real life verification projects will be presented describing the various techniques used and the effectiveness of these techniques.

Why is it important?

System on Chip and VLSI integrated circuits have revolutionized the industrial world. They are ubiquitous and are being deployed in every conceivable engineering systems – from the simplest to the most complex. It is imperative to have the right skill sets amongst our graduating students to render these extremely complex chips efficiently with quick turnaround times and with minimum number of re-spins as the Silicon processing steps to realize them have an extremely high cost.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	кс	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the need for high level verification. Simulation/Emulation, Formal/Semi-formal, Design Representation.	PO1, PSO1	U	F,C	2	1
CO2	Understand the issues that arises in verification from the perspective of high level design flows employed in the design of complex digital systems, such as a SOC.	PO1, PSO1	U	F, C	2	1
CO3	Understand the different methodologies and algorithms employed in Simulation based verification approaches and apply them in the verification of digital systems	PO1, PO5, PSO1	U, An, Ap	C, P	16	5
CO4	Understand the different methodologies and algorithms employed in Formal verification approaches and apply them in the verification of digital systems	PO1, PO5 PSO1	U, An, Ap	F	17	5
CO5	Understand the different methodologies and algorithms employed in Semi-Formal verification approaches which combines both simulation and static formal verification and apply them in the verification of digital systems	PO1, PO5, PSO1	U, Ap	C, P	6	2



CO6	Understand the different methodologies and algorithms employed in Emulation based validation approaches and apply them in the verification and validation of digital systems	PO1, PO5, PSO1	U, Ap	C, P	2	1
	Total hours				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Topic 1 Introduction to High Level Verification
- Topic 2 High Level Design Flow and Verification Issues
- Topic 3 Simulation Based Verification
- Topic 4 Formal Verification Techniques based on Symbolic Model Checking
- Topic 5 Semi-Formal Verification Techniques
- Topic 6 Emulation based validation approaches

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Topic 1 (2 hours) – Introduction to High Level Verification

- Need for high level verification.
- Simulation/Emulation,
- Formal/Semi-formal,
- Design Representation.

Topic 2 (2 hours) - High Level Design Flow and Verification Issues

- System Design Requirements, Specifications
- Functional Descriptions, Implementation
- Verification Problems
- Verification Techniques

Topic 3 (16 hours) - Simulation Based Verification

- Introduction,
- Types of Simulation Event Driven Simulation, Cycle Accurate Simulation, Compiled Code Simulation
- Quality of Verification and Coverage Analysis, Test Bench Automation
- Coverage and Constraint Driven Verification
- System Verilog as a HDVL for Coverage and Constraint Driven Verification
- System Verilog language details for creation of test bench automation through layered test bench approaches OVM and UVM
- Dynamic Assertion Based Verification



Topic 4 (17 hours) - Formal Verification Techniques based on Symbolic Model Checking

- Formal Verification Techniques for FSM Models :
- Computation Tree, Temporal Logic operators and their semantics, Linear temporal logic (LTL), Computation Tree Logic (CTL), Formal properties, assertions, assumptions, covers.
- Model Checking and Formal Engines,
- SAT Solvers,
- BDDs,
- Symbolic Model Checking with BDDs,
- Model Checking using SAT,
- Model Checking in Practice,
- Academic and Industrial Model Checker,
- Equivalence Checking.
- Case studies in the application of FV in real life designs

Topic 5 (6 hours) – Semi-Formal Verification Techniques

- Symbolic Simulation
- Symbolic Trajectory Evaluation
- Generalized Symbolic Trajectory Evaluation
- Bounded Model Checking
- Guided Search
- Smart Simulation.

Topic 6 (2 hours) – Emulation based validation approaches

- Emulation : Systems, Flows
- FPGAs as Logic Emulators,
- Drawbacks of Emulation
- Commercial Emulators

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- 1. Michael Huth & Mark Ryan, Logic in Computer Science : Modeling and Reasoning about Systems (Cambridge University Press), 2004
- 2. Kenneth L. McMillan, Symbolic Model Checking (Kluwer Academic Publishers)
- 3. Thomas Kropf, Introduction to Formal Hardware Verification (Springer-Verlag).

Assessment Plan

% of Total Grade Assignments 20% Presentations 20% Course Project 40% End Term 20%



[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. No.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Take home theory assignments (Two) to solve high level	CO3, CO4
	synthesis and logic optimization problems	
2.	Course Project involves a verification project carried out on a complex digital system design using EDA vendor and Academic tools. On completing the project students will make a presentation describing their verification approach and the results at the end of the semester.	CO3, CO4 and CO6
3.		

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools
- Demo for assignments/projects

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission: 10% penalty for late submission

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]



Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

- All assignments/codes/reports will be run through a plagiarism check tool
- Cheating 0 marks for the assignments
- Repeat offense/Cheating in exam Zero marks + Grade penalty

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Nar	ne	VL801 Analysis and design of VLSI subsystem						
Course Instructor Name(s)							
			lours		Cor	nponent		
Credits (L:T:P)	3			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)				
	(Lecture : Tutorial : Practical)				Tutorial (1hr	= 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutoriai : Fractio				Practical (2hrs = 1 credit)				
	L:T:P = 3:0	:0		Total Credit	s = 4			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point s	cale (A	A,A-,B+,B,B-,	C+,C,D,F)		
(Choose by placing X against appropriate box)			Satisfact	ory/Un	satisfactory (S / X)		
Area of Specialization (if a	pplica	cable)						
(Choose by placing X in box again	nst not r		areas from	the list				
Theory and Systems for Com				Networking a				
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Mac				Communication Digital Society				
Learning	mine		Digital			ital Society		
X VLSI Systems		Cyber			Cyber Securit	er Security		
General Elective								
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to the following programmes / branch(es):						
3	(Place	X appropriately. More than one is okay)						
	Progra			h:				
		iMTech			CSE			
	Х	M.Tech		Х	ECE			
		M.Sc.			Digital Societ	.y		
Course Category		one from the f						
	(Place)	X appropriately)						
		Basic Sciences CSE Core						
		ECE Core						
		CSE Branch	Elective					
	Х	ECE Branch						
		Engineering		d Skills	;			
		HSS/M						
		General						
Course Dre Beguieites	(Whore	applicable, stat	to avaat agus	se ende	(n ama)			
Course Pre-Requisites		/ EC503 Digital						
	1 1505	, LOSOS Digital		01 D 0018				

Additional Focus Areas-

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].



Focus Area	्यानमुत्तमम् Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability	Yes	The design techniques of VLSI system in terms of Power, performance improvement, and timing analysis is highly useful for today's SoC Design and a direct focus on today's VLSI employability.
Focus on skill development	Yes	The design implementation and understanding of VLSI subsystem in Cadence software is an important tool skill developed in the course.
Focus on entrepreneurship	No	Mostly the students taking this course are interested in getting recruitment in multinational VLSI companies such as INTEL, Qualcomm, Samsung.
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)	No	The group project presentation ensures that student develops the necessary communication skills and value added team working skills.

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

This is the second graduate level course in VLSI design. The course introduces students to subsystem level design techniques and estimate power, performance and area of the circuit in detail. Timing parameters for designing sequential circuit designs followed by different adder architecture will also be explained. Interconnect analysis is also included in this course.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/ PSO	CL	KC	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand the most evolved and robust Latch and flipflop designs in VLSI and demonstrate the understanding to the Instructor.	PO2, PO3	U, Ap	С, Р	4	5
CO2	Apply the static timing constraints to design sequential datapath without any timing violations for higher order adder circuit in a sequential flow using CADENCE tool.	PO2, PO3	Ар	F,C, P	6	6
CO3	Evaluate the dynamic and static power for higher order and multistage designed circuit using CADENCE tool.	PO2	E, Ap	C,P	6	6
CO4	Design approximate computing / flip flop/ SRAM for higher order bits using state of art literature design.	PO1, PO2, PO3	Ар	C&Sp, P	6	6



Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)

Concept Map of the Course (Optional) $_{\rm NA}$

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

Course contents includes interconnect engineering, static timing analysis, sequential circuit design, circuit design using latches and flipflops, datapath subsystems includes adders, and multiplier designs, power estimation including static and dynamic power estimations. The course also requires students to design circuits and layout in Cadence software.

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]	
Design of Latches and Flipflops	4 hours
Control signals for latch and flipflop designs	2 hours
Static timing analysis for latches, pulsed latches and flipflops	6 hours
Introduction Power estimation	2 hours
Switching Probability	2 hours
Driving factor to estimate power	2 hours
Level converters	2 hours
DVFS technique	3 hours
Leakage currents	5 hours
Adder design	3 hours
Carry Ripple, Carry Skip, Carry Look ahead adders	6 hours
Interconnects	3 hours
Repeaters	5 hours

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

Neil H. E. Weste and David Harris, CMOS VLSI Design: A circuits and systems perspective, 4th edition, 2011.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)] Exam#1-20% Exam#2-20% Project-35% Assignments-25%



Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S N 0	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mappi ng
1	Draw the layout of Klass Semidynamic flipflop in Cadence and determine the setup and hold time for the flipflop. Use 45 nm technology node.	CO1
2	Demonstrate Power and Energy of parasitic load capacitance and Vdd power supply connected to unit inverter with respect to time domain for three different ramp input (3 different slope) in Cadence. Use 45 nm technology node. Verify the delay of both level converter circuits in Cadence tool. Use 45 nm technology node	CO3
3	Design the layout of a sequential circuits involving flipflops with a computation for 8 bit adder circuit. Make sure that the adder circuit is designed in a view that maximum and minimum delay constraints are satisfied for the flipflops designed. Use 45 nm technology node.	C02
4	Project on Approximate Computing/ Memory design / Flipflop design	CO4

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

[You can use / modify the sample given below]

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Automatic evaluation of MCQ quizzes on Moodle or other online platforms
- · Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic evaluation of programming questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission Unless medically approved excuse, all late submissions are not considered for grading.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

[You can use / modify the sample given below] As per institute policy



Course Code / Course Na	me	Smart Cities: Urban Labelling and Beyond				yond	
Course Instructor Name(s		Anjali Karo	l Mohan				
		H	lours		Comp		
Credits (L:T:P)		I			Lecture (1hr = 1 credit)		
(Lecture : Tutorial : Practi	ool)			Tutorial (1hr = 2	I credit)		
(Lecture . Tutoriai . Practi	Cal)				Practical (2hrs :	= 1 credit)	
	L:T:P = 3:0	:1		Total Credits = 4			
Grading Scheme		Х	4-point sc	ale (A,A-,B+,B,B-,C+	,C,D,F)	
(Choose by placing X against			-	-			
appropriate box)			Salislacio	iry/U	nsatisfactory (S	^)	
Area of Specialization (if a		•					
(Choose by placing X in box a		not more than	two areas	from			
Theory and Systems for Con				Networking and			
and Data Artificial Intelligence and Mac				Communication Digital Society			
Learning				X	Digital Society		
VLSI Systems					Cyber Security		
General Elective							
Programme / Branch	Course	e is restricted to	o the followir	ng pro	ogrammes / branc	h(es):	
		X appropriat				· · ·	
	Progra	amme:		Bran	ch:		
		iMTech	ch CSI		CSE		
		M.Tech			ECE		
	X	M.Sc.		Х	Digital Society		
Course Category		one from the following:					
	(Place	X appropriatel					
		Basic Scienc	es				
		CSE Core					
		ECE Core CSE Branch	Flooting				
		ECE Branch					
		Engineering		Skill	<u> </u>		
	X	HSS/M		SKIII	5		
		General					
					I		
Course Pre-Requisites (Whe		e applicable, st	tate exact co	ourse	code/name)		



Additional Focus Areas

Select zero or more from the following and write one sentence explaining the how the focus areas covered as part of the course.[NAAC criteria 1.1.3, 1.3.2].

Focus Area	Yes / No	Details
Direct focus on employability		Equips students to design and develop digital technologies within the frame of urban governance
Focus on skill development		Allows students to grasp sectoral, institutional and digital dimensions of what constitutes smart cities and train students to assess the impact of digital technologies on diverse urban population
Focus on entrepreneurship		NA
Provides value added / life skills (language, writing, communication, etc.)		Teaches critical thinking and analytical writing

Course Context and Overview

[Provide introduction to the course]

Globally, urbanization, urban development and management debates are increasingly influenced by the "smart city" idea – an idea that has emerged fashionable both in policy and practice. Its main focus appears to be on the role of Information and communication technology (ICT) infrastructure, although related socio-economic as well as political factors have also been discussed. In November, 2011, the trademark 'smarter cities' was officially registered as belonging to IBM. This constitutes an important milestone not just for IT companies attempting to gain visibility and legitimacy in the smart city market, but also for the 'other' stakeholders that have historically been a part of the debates on cities, namely planners, architects, policy makers, governments, politicians and citizens. Proponents of the smart city idea are of the view that smart cities are a way forward in making cities truly the 'engines of national growth'. ICT driven reforms, projects and programmes envisaged as part of the smart cities idea are envisaged as effective tools to steer and manage the ongoing urban development and management processes.

Critiques on the other hand, believe that the smart city is nothing but a phase in the 'urban labelling' phenomenon, (much like the livable city, techno-city, sustainable city, ubiquitous city or the intelligent city) and, is largely about rendering hitherto unconcerned stakeholders and technologies key to the development and implementation of specific forms of urban management solutions. This labelling, while acknowledged (albeit often with skepticism) a part of the 'contemporary language games' around urban management, however makes a difference in the manner in which cities and related urbanization policies are understood, framed, conceptualized and planned. Yet, semantics of a smart city are not clear. Rather, definitional impreciseness has led to numerous assumptions of what constitutes a smart city or what makes a city smart.



Furthermore, while debates around the smart cities idea are fast evolving, these emerge as fragmented and call for further exploration. This elective aims to unpack the smart cities discourse to understand the 'smart' in context of the 'city'. It doing so, the course covers definitional components, critical insights, and sectoral, institutional and digital dimensions of what constitutes smart cities.

The elective is divided into four broad sections. Section I (classes 2-7) starts with the ideation of the city to then understand how cities are imagined/viewed in the 21st century. In particular, this section focuses on the impact of globalization on the urban. Section II (classes 8-18) focuses on the origins of the smart city conceptualization and the debates around the semantics of smart city. In particular, this section the emergence of the smart cities discourse as a case of "corporate story telling". Section III (Classes 19-22) provides an overview of the smart cities debate in India with a focus on definitions, features, strategy, challenges, financing and implementation mechanisms. In particular, this section aims to provide an understanding of the Smart City as a political construct in India. The concluding section (classes 23-30) focuses on various elements of the smart city debate: e-governance; mobility and intelligent transport systems; big data; participatory planning; smart communities; control and surveillance.

Course Outcomes and Competencies

[Course Outcomes are to be stated using appropriate terminology and taxonomy as required by NAAC and/or NBA. For every course credit, about 2-3 outcomes are recommended.]

ld	Course Outcome	PO/	CL	КС	Class (Hrs)	Tut (Hrs)
CO1	Understand theories of urbanization and discourses on cities	PO1, PO4	Un	C,F	9	
CO2	Understand role of technology in urban planning and infrastructure	PO1, PO5	Un	С	6	2
CO3	Understand the semantics of smart cities	PO5	Un	F,C	6	2
CO4	Understand what constitutes smart cities	PO4, PO5	Un	F,C	9	4
CO5	Apply concepts of Smart Cities in the Indian contexts	PO1, PO3, PO5	Ар	F, C	9	4
CO6	Assess the impact of Smart Cities on urban communities and institutions	PO1,PO5	An	F, C	6	3
	Total				45	15

Legend: <u>PO/PSO</u>: Programme Outcomes / Programme Specific Outcomes; <u>CL</u>: Cognitive Level (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>KC</u>: Knowledge Category (from Revised Bloom's Taxonomy); <u>Class (Hrs</u>): Number of hours of instruction; <u>Tut (Hrs)</u>: Number of hours of tutorial session (where applicable)



Concept Map of the Course (Optional)

Course Content

[Provide list-wise topics]

- Introduction and discussion on the course outline and anticipated outcomes
- Popular imaginations of the city: An exercise in interpretation of ideation of a city
- Urbanization, Urban Theory and Cities
- Cities in the Global South: Past imaginations of the Future
- Globalization and cities: Emerging Perspectives
- Globalization and speculative urbanization
- The emergence of the Smart City Discourse
- Cities: Efficiency Versus Sufficiency
- Semantics of a Smart City
- Critical Perspectives on Smart Cities
- Intelligent cities and smart cities
- Planning for (Smart) Cities
- Smart to Smarter Cities A case of Corporate Story telling
- Smart Cities: Case Studies
- From Global to National: The Urban in India
- Smart Cities in India: From Corporate storytelling to political narratives
- Smart Cities in India: Debating Centralization and Decentralization
- India's experiments with Smart Cities: Critical Insights
- Smart Cities and Provincial Visions in India
- From Policy to Action: Democratisation and/or Corporatisation
- Smart Cities and e-Governance
- Smart Cities: Planning for Intelligent Transport Systems
- Smart Cities: Importance of Big Data
- Smart Cities: Participatory Planning
- Smart Cities: Smart Citizens and communities
- Smart Cities: Urban Control and surveillance

Instruction Schedule

[Provide session-wise schedule]

Class1: Introduction and discussion on the course outline and anticipated outcomes What is a city?

- Class 2: Popular imaginations of the city: An exercise in interpretation of ideation of a city.
- Class 3: Urbanization, Urban Theory and Cities
- Class 4: Urbanization, Urban Theory and Cities

Class 5: Cities in the Global South: Past imaginations of the Future

Class 6: Globalization and cities: Emerging Perspectives.

Class 7: Globalization and speculative urbanization

Class 8: The emergence of the Smart City Discourse

Class 9: Cities: Efficiency Versus Sufficiency

Class 10: Semantics of a Smart City



Class 11: Semantics of a Smart City **Class 12: Critical Perspectives on Smart Cities** Class 13: Intelligent cities and smart cities Class 14: Planning for (Smart) Cities Class 15: Smart to Smarter Cities - A case of Corporate Story telling Class 16: Smart to Smarter Cities – A case of Corporate Story telling (Contd). Class 17 : Smart Cities: Case Studies Class 18: From Global to National: The Urban in India Class 19: Smart Cities in India: From Corporate storytelling to political narratives Class 20: Smart Cities in India: Debating Centralization and Decentralization Class 21: Smart Cities in India: Debating Centralization and Decentralization Class 22: India's experiments with Smart Cities: Critical Insights Class 23: Smart Cities and Provincial Visions in India Class 24: From Policy to Action: Democratisation and/or Corporatisation Class 25: Smart Cities and e-Governance Class 26: Smart Cities: Planning for Intelligent Transport Systems Class 27: Smart Cities: Importance of Big Data Class 28: Smart Cities: Participatory Planning Class 29: Smart Cities: Smart Citizens and communities Class 30: Smart Cities: Urban Control and surveillance

Learning Resources

[Mention text books, reference books and other learning resources required as part of the course]

- Film: http://www.theatlantic.com/video/index/380650/what-isa-city/
- Hollis, L. (2013). Cities are Good for You: The Genius of the Metropolis. A&C Black. (8-30)
- Cities and Urbanism. Heroic Urbanism: 13 Ultra-Cool Comic
- Book Cities: http://weburbanist.com/2010/09/20/heroic-urbanism-13-coolcomic-
- book-cities/
- The Story Behind DC Comics' Famous Gotham City Map: http://www.eliotrbrown.com/wp/gotham-city-map.html
- The Cartographer Who Mapped Out Gotham City: http://www.smithsonianmag.com/arts-culture/cartographergotham-city-180951594/?no-ist
- The Architecture of Superman: A Brief History of The Daily Planet: http://www.smithsonianmag.com/arts-culture/the-architectureof-superman-a-briefhistory-of-the-daily-planet-22037/?no-ist
- City Lab: World's Largest Urban Simulator Spans 26 Square Miles: http://weburbanist.com/2015/08/27/city-lab-worlds-largesturban-simulator-spans-26square-miles/
- The Capital: Egypt Plans Largest From-Scratch City in History: http://weburbanist.com/2015/03/19/the-capital-egypt-planslargest-from-scratch-city-inhistory/



- Dubai to Build New 50 Million Sq Ft Climate-Controlled City: http://weburbanist.com/2014/07/12/dubai-to-build-new-50-million-sq-ft-climatecontrolled-city/
- Film: Metropolis by Fitz Lang
- Parker, S. (2015). Urban theory and the urban experience: Encountering the city. Routledge.
- Soja, E. W. Putting Cities First: Remapping the Origins of Urbanism. A Companion to the City, 26-34.
- Peattie, L. (1990). Planning: Rethinking Ciudad Guayana. In Planning: rethinking Ciudad Guayana. Ann Arbor (selected pages)
- Scott, J. C. (1998). Seeing like a state: How certain schemes to improve the human condition have failed. Yale University Press. Pp. 103-146
- Bharne, V. (2012). Anointed Cities. The Emerging Asian City: Concomitant Urbanities & Urbanisms, 17-26
- The Emerging Asian City: An Interview with Vinayak Bharne | Planetizen: The Urban Planning, Design, and Development Network.
- Harvey, D. (1989). The urban experience (p. 312). Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press. Pp. 165-199
- Amin, A. (2000). The economic base of contemporary cities. A Companion to the City, 115-129.
- Goldman, M (2011), "Speculative urbanism and the making of the next world city", International Journal of Urban and Regional Research, Vol 35(3), 555–581.
- Lees, L., & Demeritt, D. (1998). Envisioning the Livable City: The Interplay of "Sin City" and "Sim City" in Vancouver's Planning Discourse. Urban Geography, 19(4), 332-359.
- Lambertz, K.A. There's A Lesson in Spain's Surreal, Unfinished Cities.: <u>http://www.huffingtonpost.com/entry/spain-</u> <u>emptycities us 56ba6221e4b0b40245c47dff?section=india</u>
- Townsend, A. M. (2013). Smart cities: Big data, civic hackers, and the quest for a new utopia. WW Norton & Company (1-18)
- Greenfield, A. (2006). No Boundaries: The challenge of ubiquitous design. Adobe Design Center, 1-5: http://uwforum.org/upload/board/No_Boundaries.pdf
- Vezzoli, C. A., & Manzini, E. (2008). Design for environmental sustainability. Springer Science & Business Media. (Chapters 1&2)
- Lein, J. K. (2008). Integrated Environmental Planning: A Landscape Synthesis. John Wiley & Sons (Chapter 4)
- 'A monster crawls into the city' an urban fairytale by Saskia
- Sassen: http://www.theguardian.com/cities/2015/dec/23/monster-cityurban-
- fairytale-saskia-sassen
- Cstep (2015): Reconceptualising Smart Cities: A Reference Framework for India. Compendium of Resources. (1-39)
- Vanolo, A. 2014. Smartmentality: The smart city as disciplinary strategy. Urban Studies 51, no 5: 883-898
- Hollands, R. G. (2008). Will the real smart city please stand up? Intelligent, progressive or entrepreneurial?. City, 12(3), 303-320
- Wolfram, M. (2012). Deconstructing smart cities: an intertextual reading of concepts and practices for integrated urban and ICT development. na.
- Kukka, H., Ylipulli, J., Luusua, A., & Dey, A. K. (2014,October). Urban computing in theory and practice: towards a transdisciplinary approach. In Proceedings of the 8th



Nordic Conference on Human-Computer Interaction: Fun, Fast, Foundational (pp. 658-667). ACM.

- The stupefying smart city. Richard Sennett LSE Cities, LondonSchool of Economics, Eds.: Burdett Ricky, Rode Philipp. London, 16-17, 2012. https://lsecities.net/media/objects/articles/the-stupefying-smartcity/en-gb/
- Nissenbaum, H. F., & Varnelis, K. (2012).Modulated cities: Networked spaces, reconstituted subjects. Architectural League of New York.
- Komninos, N. (2009). Intelligent cities: towards interactive and global innovation environments. International Journal of Innovation and Regional Development, 1(4), 337-355.
- Kirkland, A. (2015). The Terrifying "Smart" City of the Future http://www.alternet.org/civil-liberties/terrifying-smart-cityfuture
- Throgmorton, J.A. 2003. Planning as persuasive storytelling in a global-scale web of relationships. Planning Theory 2, no 2: 125-51
- Van Hulst, M. 2012. Storytelling, a model of and a model for planning. Planning Theory 11, no 3: 299-318
- Healey, P. (2000). Planning in relational space and time: responding to new urban realities. A Companion to the City, 517-530.
- Söderström, O., Paasche, T., & Klauser, F. (2014). Smart cities as corporate storytelling. City, 18(3), 307-320.
- Townsend, A., & Norton, W. W. (2013). Smart cities. Places Journal https://placesjournal.org/article/smart-cities/
- Robinson Rick (2015). From Concrete to Telepathy: Building Cities as if People Mattered. TEDxBrum https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o_yRJOg8yY8
- Halpern, O., LeCavalier, J., Calvillo, N., & Pietsch, W. (2013). Test-bed urbanism. Public Culture, 25(2 70), 272-306.
- Falconer, G. & Mitchell, S. (2012). Smart City Framework: A Systematic Process for Enabling Smart+Connected Communities: (http://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en_us/about/ac79/docs/ps/motm/Smart-City-Framework.pdf)
- Shwayri, S. T. (2013). A model Korean ubiquitous eco-city? The politics of making Songdo. Journal of Urban Technology, 20(1), 39-55.
- Cugurullo, F. (2013). How to build a sandcastle: An analysis of the genesis and development of Masdar City. Journal of Urban Technology, 20(1), 23-37
- Sennett, R. (2012). No one likes a city that's too smart. The guardian
- http://www.theguardian.com/commentisfree/2012/dec/04/smart-city-rio-songdomasdar
- Parker, P. (1998). The Multi-Function Polis 1987-97: An International Failure or Innovative Local Project?. Australia-Japan Research Centre, Crawford School of Public Policy, The Australian National University.
- Mohan, A.K (2014). From Hierarchy to Heterarchy in the Information Age: The State and the Municipal Reforms Programme in Karnataka, India. Unpublished Dissertation, International Institute of Information Technology, Bangalore (65-73, 78-95)
- Mahadevia, D. (2011). Branded and renewed? Policies, politics and processes of urban development in the reform era. Economic and Political Weekly, 46(31), 56-64.
- Government of India (2014): Sivaramakrishna Committee Report on Study of Alternatives for the New Capital of Andhra Pradesh http://www.cprindia.org/sites/default/files/policybriefs/



- ExpertCommittee_CapitalAP_Final.pdf: Chattaraj, S. (2015). Are 100 New Smart Cities Smart Policy?http://www.outlookindia.com/website/story/are-100-newsmartcities-smart-policy/293100
- Smart Cities: Mission Statement and Guidelines. 2015. Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India.
- Cstep (2015). Reconceptualizing Smart Cities: A Reference Framework for India.
- Dutta, A. (2016): Will India's experiment with smart cities tackle poverty or make it worse?: <u>https://theconversation.com/will-indias-experiment-withsmart-cities-tackle-poverty-or-make-it-worse-53678</u>
- Sinha, D. (2015) Is Amravati really a 'capital' choice? In India Together http://indiatogether.org/articles/amravati-as-thecapital-of-andhra-states
- Amravati: Proposed Smart Capital for Andhra Pradesh <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-RahriAP3vg</u>
- Datta, A. (2012). India's ecocity? Environment, urbanisation, and mobility in the making of Lavasa. Environment and Planning C: Government and Policy, 30(6), 982-996
- Datta, A. (2015). New urban utopias of postcolonial India 'Entrepreneurial urbanization'in Dholera smart city, Gujarat. Dialogues in Human Geography, 5(1), 3-22
- Studying the selected 20 Smart City Proposals in India: <u>https://secure.mygov.in/home/35421/discuss/</u>
- Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India. http://smartcities.gov.in (strategy; selection process; implementation and monitoring and financing modalities)
- Odendaal, N. (2003). Information and communication technology and local governance: understanding the difference between cities in developed and emerging economies. Computers, Environment and Urban Systems, 27(6), 585-607.
- Mohan, A. K., Cutrell, E., & Parthasarathy, B. (2013, December). Instituting credibility, accountability and transparency in local service delivery?: helpline and Aasthi in Karnataka, India. In Proceedings of the Sixth International Conference on Information and Communication Technologies and Development: Full Papers-Volume 1 (pp. 238-247). ACM
- Government of India (2006). National urban transport policy 2006: <u>http://www.indiaenvironmentportal.org.in/files/TransportPolicy.pdf</u>
- Suzuki, H., Dastur, A., Moffat, S., Yabuki, N., & Maruyama, H. (2010). Ecological Cities as Economic Cities. Eco2 Cities: Ecological Cities as Economic Cities, 13-28 (169-182)
- Vinay Venkatraman (2014). Mobility beyond transport in smart cities. TEDx CopenhagenSalon <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z504YI6ZB4k</u>
- Kitchin, R. (2014). The real-time city? Big data and smart urbanism. GeoJournal, 79(1), 1-14.
- Mischa Dohler (2013). Smart Cities The Untold Story: TEDx London City 2.0
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xUFUp-ylfC4
- Choi, J. H. J., & Greenfield, A. (2009). To connect and flow in Seoul: Ubiquitous technologies, urban infrastructure and everyday life in the contemporary Korean city. Handbook of research on urban informatics: The practice and promise of the real-time city, 21-36.
- Bunnell, T. (2003). Malaysia's high-tech cities and the construction of intelligent citizenship. Theorizing the southeast Asian city as text, 109-133.



- Saunders, T., & Baeck, P. (2015). Rethinking Smart Cities from the Ground Up. London: Nesta. (selected pages)
- Crang, M., & Graham, S. (2007). Sentient cities ambient intelligence and the politics of urban space. Information, Communication & Society, 10(6), 789-817.

Assessment Plan

[List grade distribution in terms of % across multiple assessment types (assignments, quizzes, mid-term, end-term, project, etc.)]

- Class Participation--- 20%
- Group Activities and Presentations 40%
- Writing Assignments (Mid-term and End-term) 20%
- •

Assignments / Projects

[List exact number of assignments or projects included (provide generic description)]

S. N o.	Focus of Assignment / Project	CO Mapping
1	Class Participation	CO 1-6
2.	Group Activities and Presentations	CO 1-6
3	Writing Assignments	CO 1-6

Evaluation Procedures

Provide details of how evaluations will be done, how students can look at the evaluations. Generic evaluation procedures included below. Add additional evaluation procedures / criteria as needed

The course uses one or more of the following evaluation procedures as part of the course:

- Manual evaluation of essay type / descriptive questions
- Automatic plagiarism check using tools

Students will be provided opportunity to view the evaluations done where possible either in person or online

Late Assignment Submission Policy

State any penalty policy for late submission

Students will not be allowed to submit their essays or other assignments later than the deadline other than for valid medical or other emergencies.

Make-up Exam/Submission Policy

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy



Citation Policy for Papers (if applicable)

[If course includes reading papers and citing them as part of activities, state the citation policy. Mention "Not applicable" if section is not applicable to the course]

Students may follow any recognized citation standard such as APA, or Chicago, as long as they do so consistently.

Academic Dishonesty/Plagiarism

State if any specific policy derived from institute policy is applicable. Otherwise leave it as given

As per institute policy

Accommodation of Divyangs

[State any enabling mechanisms for accommodating learners with special needs]

All readings and grading comments are made available in a digital format that is accessible for visually challenged students. Other accommodations will be as per institute policy.